

## KHANDELWAL PRAKASH MURARI BHANDARI & CO.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO
THE MEMBERS OF
EDEL LAND LIMITED

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements **Edel Land Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016, Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical the standards and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standards transcial statements are free from material misstatement.

Gorgann (Fast), Mumbai - 400063

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2016, its Profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matter specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
- 2) As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as applicable.



- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors of the company as on 31st March, 2016 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2016 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our Report in "Annexure B".
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
  - ii. The company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which any provision required for material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Khandelwal Prakash Murari Bhandari & Co.

MUMBAI

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 102454W)

Pawan Kumar Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 051713

Place: Mumbai

Date: 11th May 2016

## M/S EDEL LAND LIMITED

## Annexure "A" to Independent Auditor's Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016, we report that:

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) The Company has a regular prgramme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which fixed assets are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets;
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and records examined by us, the Company does not own any immovable properties as at balance sheet date.
- (ii) Based on our examination of documents and records, the Company did not own any physical inventory at any time during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanation given to us, during the year the Company has not granted any loan, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (iii) of the order is not applicable.
- (iv) The Company has not granted any loans, guarantees, security or has not made any investment which attracts the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, paragraph 3(iv) of the order is not applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from public.
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of Cost records under section 148 (1) of Act, for the Company.
- (vii)(a) According to the information and explanation given to us and records examined by us, the Company is generally regular in deposit of undisputed statutory dues including income tax, Provident fund, service tax and any other material statutory dues applicable to the company. As explained to us the Company does not have any dues on account of Employees' State Insurance, Value Added Tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, duty of custom and duty of excise.

According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no undisputed statutory dues payable in respect of Provident fund, income tax, service Tax and any other material statutory dues applicable to the company which are outstanding as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b)According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income tax, service tax and other material statutory dues applicable to the company which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.



- (viii) Based on the information available and explanations given by the management, the company has not taken any loan from financial institutions, banks, government or debenture holders. Accordingly, paragraph 3(viii) of the order is not applicable.
- (ix) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (xi) The Company has not paid/provided for managerial remuneration. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and records examined by us, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations give to us and records examined by us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and records examined by us, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For Khandelwal Prakash Murari Bhandari & Co.

MUMBAI

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 102454W)

Pawan Kumar Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 051713

Place: Mumbai

Date: 11th May 2016

## Annexure-B to the Independent Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Edel Land Limited** ("the Company") as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2016 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended and as on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('the Guidance Note'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Guidance Note, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Khandelwal Prakash Murari Bhandari & Co.

MUMBAL

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 102454W)

Pawan Kumar Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 051713

Place: Mumbai

Date: 11th May 2016

## Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016

(currency: Indian Rupees)

As at
31, 201
600,000
378,844
978,844
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
_
118,000
118,000
,
127,646
,
-
032,926
893,902
292,523
346,997
443,841
591,966
218,265
_
409,681
225,400
445,312
79,257
779,365
911,122
228,785
998,529
443,841
,

As per our report of even date attached.

For Khandelwal Prakash Murari Bhandari & Co.

Prakash Murari 8

**MUMBAI** 

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 102454W

Pawan Kumar Gupta

Membership No: 051713

Mumbai 11 May 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjeev Chandiramani

Director

DIN:01674794

Sanjeev Rastogi Director DIN:00254303

## Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2016

(currency: Indian Rupees)

INCOME	Note	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015
Revenue from operations			
Fee and commission income	2.16	5,718,019	508,379
Income from treasury operations and investments	2.17	27,454,617	(45,868,156)
Sale of commodities	2.17	2,067,896,063	694,124,919
Other operating revenue	2.18	646,060	17,406,090
	_	2,101,714,759	666,171,232
EXPENSES			
Purchases of commodities		2,010,427,392	626,858,744
Employee benefit expenses	2.19	25,165,053	10,206,818
Finance costs	2.20	21,062,521	25,115,074
Depreciation and amortization expenses	2.9	2,912,647	815,772
Other expenses	2.21	12,037,194	6,964,921
	<del></del>	2,071,604,807	669,961,329
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		30,109,952	(3,790,097)
Tax expense:			
(1) Income tax (includes excess provision for earlier year written back Rs. 273,523/-; previous year Rs. Nil)		5,797,084	-
(2) MAT credit entitlement		(6,070,607)	-
(3) Deferred tax (net)	•	3,284,192	-
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	=	27,099,283	(3,790,097)
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Face Value Rs. 10)	2.24		
(1) Basic (in Rupees)	2.24	200.74	(20.02)
(2) Diluted (in Rupees)		200.74 200.74	(28.07) (28.07)
		200.17	(20.07)

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements

Charlered Account

1 & 2

As per our report of even date attached.

For Khandelwal Prakash Murari Bhandari & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 102454W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pawan Kumar Gupta

Partner

Membership No: 051713

Mumbai

11 May 2016

Sanjeev Chandiramani Director

DIN:01674794

Mumbai 11 May 2016 Sanjeev Rastogi

Director DIN:00254303

## Laei Lana Limitea

## Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2016

(currency: Indian Rupees)

(	Tolloy : Malai Rupcesy	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015
A	Cash flow from operating activities	•	•
	Profit / (Loss) before taxation	30,109,952	(3,790,097)
	Adjustments for		
	Depreciation and amortisation	2,912,647	815,772
	Interest expense	20,520,041_	17,290,726
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes	53,542,640	14,316,401
	Add / (Less): Adjustments for working capital changes		
	Decrease/ (increase) in trade receivables	(1,426,700)	(79,257)
	Decrease/ (increase) in long term loans and advances	1,346,560	(1,200,000)
	Decrease/ (increase) in short term loans and advances	(108,183)	(15,040,287)
	Decrease/ (increase) in other current assets	(592,579)	(55,228,785)
	(Decrease)/ increase in Trade payables	7,477,169	6,163,044
	(Decrease)/ increase in Long term liabilities	-	121,616
	(Decrease)/ increase in provisions	6,526,558	2,237,490
	Cash used in operations	66,765,465	(48,709,779)
	Income taxes paid	(7,143,640)	(2,991,552)
	Net cash used in operating activities - A	59,621,825	(51,701,331)
В	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Purchase of fixed assets	(1,517,202)	(8,626,003)
	Net cash used in investing activities - B	(1,517,202)	(8,626,003)
C	Cash flow from financing activities		
	(Repayment)/Proceeds from unsecured loan	(32,064,635)	76,762,157
	Interest paid	(20,520,041)	(16,983,912)
	Net cash generated from financing activities - C	(52,584,676)	59,778,245
	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	5,519,947	(549,089)
	Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year	1,779,365	2,328,453
	Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year (Refer note 2.13)	7,299,312	1,779,365

As per our report of even date attached.

For Khandelwal Prakash Murari Bhandari & Co.

MUMBAI

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 102454W

Pawan Kumar Gupta

Partner

Membership No: 051713

Mumbai 11 May 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjeev Chandiramani

Director

DIN:01674794

Sanjeev Rastogi

Director

DIN:00254303

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2016

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 1. Significant accounting policies

## 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The accompanying financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting, unless otherwise stated, and comply with the Accounting Standards as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) rules, 2014. The provision of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified) (hereinafter referred to as 'the Act') and the Schedule III to the Act. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees.

## 1.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities on date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from the estimates. Any revision to the accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

## 1.3 Current-non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

### Assets

An asset is classified as current when it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle or it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded or it is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date or it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or expected to be used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Current assets include the current portion of non-current assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

## Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle or it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded or it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date or the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification. Current liabilities include current portion of non-current liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2016

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 1.4 Revenue recognition

- i) Interest income is recognised on accrual basis.
- ii) Income from treasury operations comprises of profit/loss on sale of securities and commodities and profit/loss on commodity and currency derivative instruments.
  - a) Profit/loss on sale of securities and commodities is determined based on the weighted average cost of the securities/commodities sold.
  - b) Realised profit/ loss on closed positions of derivative instruments is recognised on final settlement on squaring-up of the contracts. Outstanding derivative contracts in the nature of forwards / futures / options are measured at fair value as at the balance sheet date. Fair value is determined using quoted market prices in an actively traded market, for the instrument, wherever available, as the best evidence of fair value. In the absence of quoted market prices in an actively traded market, a valuation technique is used to determine the fair value. In most cases the valuation techniques use observable market data as input parameters in order to ensure reliability of the fair value measure.
- iii) Fee income including advisory fees is accounted for on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms and contracts entered into between the Company and the counterparty.
- iv) Delayed Payment charges/Warehouse charges are charged on accrual basis in accordance with the terms and contracts entered into between the Company and the counterparty.
- v) In case of franchise agreement entered by the company, one time franchisee fee received is recognised as income at the time of signing of franchise agreement and annual recurring fees are recognised on accrual basis as per the terms and conditions of franchise agreement. Referral revenue is recognised when the services have been substantially performed or satisfied.

## 1.5 Investments

Investments are classified into non-current investments and current investments. Investments which are intended to be held for one year or more are classified as non-current investments and investments which are intended to be held for less than one year are classified as current investments.

Non-current investments are carried at cost less diminution in value which is other than temporary, determined separately for each investment.

Current investments are carried at lower of cost or fair value. The comparison of cost and fair value is done separately in respect of each category of investment. In case of investments in mutual funds, the net asset value of units declared by the mutual fund is considered as the fair value.



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2016

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 1.6 Fixed assets and depreciation

## Tangible fixed assets and Capital work in progress

Tangible fixed assets acquired by the Company are reported at acquisition cost, with deductions for accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of fixed assets comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Capital work in progress comprises the cost of fixed assets that are not ready for its intended use at the reporting date.

Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided upto the date of disposal.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule for calculating the depreciation. The useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Nature of assets	Useful
	Life
Motor Vehicles	8 years
Office Equipment	5 years
Computers and data processing units - Servers and networks	6 years
Computers and data processing units - End user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.	3 years

Intangibles such as software are amortised over a period of 3 years based on its estimated useful life.

## 1.7 Employee benefits

The accounting policy followed by the Company in respect of its employee benefit schemes in accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (revised 2005) is set out below:

## Provident fund

The Company contributes to a recognized provident fund which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognized in the profit and loss account.

## Gratuity

The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefits scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. This benefit is discounted to determine its present value and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted.

The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation carried out by an independent actuary using the Projected Unit Credit Method which recognizes each period of service that give rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at present values of estimated future cash flows. The discounted rates used for determining the present value are based on the market yields on Government Securities as at the balance sheet date.

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2016

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 1.7 Employee benefits (Continued)

## Compensated Absences

The eligible employees of the Company are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Company recognises the charge to the Profit & Loss account and corresponding liability on account of such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary.

## 1.8 Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

## 1.9 Tax

Tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the Income-Tax Act, 1961), deferred tax charge or benefit (reflecting the tax effect of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the year).

## Current tax

Provision for income tax is recognised based on estimated tax liability computed after adjusting for allowances, disallowances and exemptions in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961.

## Deferred taxation:

The deferred tax charge or benefit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted as at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the asset can be realised in future, however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of the assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised. No deferred tax assets have been recognised during the year.

## Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT)

MAT credit asset is recognized where there is convincing evidence that the asset can be realized in future. MAT credit assets are reviewed at balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably certain to be realised.



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2016

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 1.10 Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 - Earnings Per Share. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding during the year.

## 1.11 Provisions and contingencies

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an economic benefit will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

## 1.12 Inventories

Inventories are measured at weighted average cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. Cost of inventories comprises of cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs including manufacturing overheads incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition. Cost of raw materials, process chemicals, stores and spares, packing materials, trading and other products are determined on weighted average basis.

## 1.13 Operating leases

Lease payments for assets taken on operating lease are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

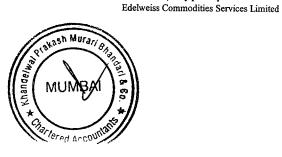
responsed Indian Russes				
rrency : Indian Rupees)		As at	As at	
CWI DD C I DD I		March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
SHARE CAPITAL				
AUTHORISED:				
1,750,000 (previous year: 1,750,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each 125,000 (previous year: 125,000) Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each	<b>l</b> -	17,500,000	17,500,000	
1,250,000 (previous year : 1,250,000) Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each	ı ach	1,250,000	1,250,000	
- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1,250,000	1,250,000	
		20,000,000	20,000,000	
Icclied cynecolines a name yn				
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED & PAID UP 135,000 (previous year:135,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each, ful	ly naid-un	1,350,000	1,350,000	
125,000 (previous year :125,000) 0.01% Non-cumulative Redeema	_	. ,	1,550,000	
of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up	ole Treference Shares	1,250,000	1,250,000	
		2,600,000	2,600,000	
Movement in the share capital:				
		s at	As	
	March Number of	31, 2016	March 3	1, 2015
	shares	Amount	shares	Amount
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	135,000	1,350,000	135,000	1,350,000
Issued during the year	<del>_</del>	-		
Outstanding at the end of the year	135,000	1,350,000	135,000	1,350,000
0.01% Non-cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of				
Rs. 10 each, fully paid up				
Outstanding at the beginning of the year Outstanding at the end of the year	125,000	1,250,000	125,000	1,250,000
Odistanding at the end of the year	125,000	1,250,000	125,000	1,250,000
Charge held has held as followed held				
Shares held by holding / ultimate holding company and / or the		s at	As	at
		31, 2016	March 3	
	Number of	Amount	Number of	Amount
	shares		shares	
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	135,000	1,350,000	135,000	1,350,000
(Including shares held by Nominee)				
0.01% Non-cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of				
Rs. 10 each, fully paid up				
Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	125,000	1,250,000	125,000	1,250,000
Della Charles				
Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of		the Company: s at	As	<u> </u>
		31, 2016	March 3	
	Number of	Percentage	Number of	Percentage
	shares	Shareholding	shares	Shareholding
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	135,000	100%	135,000	100%
(Including shares held by Nominee)				
0.01% Non-cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of				
Rs. 10 each, fully paid up				
Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited				

125,000

100%

125,000

100%



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(currency: Indian Rupees)

## 2.1 SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

## Terms/rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs 10. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders

## Terms of repayment of 0.01 % Non-cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares:

The Preference Shares of the face value of Rs. 10 each were issued at the rate of Rs. 1,000 per share. The Preference Shares carry a Non-cumulative dividend of 0.01%. The Preference Shares will be redeemed at Rs. 1,000 per share at the end of 5 years from the date of allotment but before 10 years from the date of allotment.

80,000 Preference Shares were alloted on October 22, 2009.

45,000 Preference Shares were alloted on January 19, 2010

2.2	RESERVES AND SURPLUS		As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015
	Securities Premium Account - Opening balance Add: Additions during the year Closing balance	A	123,750,000 - 123,750,000	123,750,000
	Opening Balance in Statement of Profit and loss Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year Closing Balance in Statement of Profit and Loss	В	(11,371,152) 27,099,283 15,728,131	(7,581,059) (3,790,097) (11,371,156)
		A + B	139,478,131	112,378,844



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

		As at	As at
2.3	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
	DEL LACED THE DIVIDIDITIES		
	Deferred tax liabilities on account of :-		
	Difference between book and tax depreciation	766,397	-
	Unrealised Gain	2,663,503	-
	Total (A)	3,429,900	-
	Deferred tax assets on account of:-		
	Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	145,708	_
	Total (B)	145,708	_
	Net Deferred tax Liabilities (A-B)	3,284,192	
2.4	LONG-TERM PROVISIONS		
	Provision for employee benefits (Refer Note 2.25):		
	Gratuity	195,000	39,000
	Compensated leave absences	189,000	79,000
		384,000	118,000
2.5	SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS		
	Loans and advances from related parties	140,063,011	172,127,646
		140,063,011	172,127,646



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(curre	ncy : Indian Rupees)		
		As at	As at
		March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
2.6	TRADE PAYABLES		
	- To others (Refer Note 2.29)	3,044,817	2,879,459
	(includes sundry creditors and provision for expenses)		
	- To related parties (Refer Note 2.22)	4,046,648	5,153,466
		7,091,465	8,032,925
2.7	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
	Interest accrued and due on borrowings	2,043,706	605,991
	Income received in advance	1,104,163	, <u>-</u>
	Other Payables:	• •	
	Accrued salaries and benefits	5,063,122	89,411
	Withholding taxes and other taxes payable	2,879,925	2,076,884
	Others	221,616	121,616
		11,312,532	2,893,902
2.8	SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS		
	Provision for employee benefits (Refer Note 2.25):		
	Gratuity	1,000	-
	Compensated leave absences	37,000	19,000
	Provison for Capex	64,112	-
	Provision for taxation (net of advance tax and tax deducted at source Rs. 99159/-; Previous Year Rs. 5,202,767/-)	6,450,969	273,523
	No. 22.227 , 11041043 1041 No. 3,202,1077-1	6,553,081	292,523
		0,000,001	272,323



# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(currency: Indian Rupees)

## 2.9 FIXED ASSETS

		Gro	Gross Block			Den	Depreciation		toN	Not Dicel.
Description of Assets	April 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	As at	As at	Additions	Deductions	Asat	Asat	As at
Tangible assets				0107 (10 1101111		uuring the year	ouring the year	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Vehicles	608,078	1	•	808,078	32,261	179,853	1	212,115	395,963	575,816
Office equipment	17,925	47,402	•	65,327	1,775	26,385	1	28,160	37,167	16,150
Computers	•	008'69	•	008'69		39,742	1	39,742	30,028	-
Total: A	626,003	117,202		743,205	34,037	245,980	1	280,017	463,188	591,966
Intangible assets										
Computer software	8,000,000	1	1	8,000,000	781,735	2,666,667	•	3,448,402	4,551,598	7,218,265
Total: B	8,000,000			8,000,000	781,735	2,666,667	1	3,448,402	4,551,598	7,218,265
Grand Total [A+B]	8,626,003	117,202	,	8,743,205	815,772	2,912,647	1	3,728,419	5,014,786	7,810,231
Previous Year		8,626,003	1	8,626,003	,	815,772	1	815,772	7,810,231	
Note										

As per the requirement of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has evaluated the useful lives of its fixed assets and has computed depreciation according to the provisions of Schedule II of the Act.



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(currency: Indian Rupees)

## 2.10 NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS

As at

As at

March 31, 2016

March 31, 2015

Investment in Land

228,349,681

213,409,681

228,349,681

213,409,681



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

2.11	LONG-TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015
2.11	LONG-TERM LOAMS AND ADVANCES		
	<u>Unsecured</u>		
	Rental deposits	1,200,000	1,200,000
	Other loans and advances		
	Advance income taxes (net of provision for taxation Rs.1,085,000;	678,840	2,025,400
	previous year Rs.1,085,000)  MAT credit entitlement	6,070,607	
	Mari violit officionom	0,070,007	-
	- -	7,949,447	3,225,400
2.12	TRADE RECEIVABLES		
	- Other debts		
	Unsecured, considered good	534,548	-
	- From related parties	971,409	79,257
	- -	1,505,957	79,257
2.13	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
	Cash in hand	4,380	5,000
	Balances with banks		
	- in Current accounts	7,294,932	1,774,365
	- -	7,299,312	1,779,365
2.14	SHORT-TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES		
	Prepaid expenses	133,950	37,609
	Loans and advances to employees	109,799	43,400
	Advance towards property	55,273	14,997,273
	Cenvat Assets	39,673	1,438,790
	Advance income tax (net of provision for taxation Rs.Nil; previous year Rs. Nil)	1,740,610	394,050
	- -	2,079,305	16,911,122
2.15	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
	Accrued interest on margin	26,431	97,305
	Margin placed with broker	57,141,493	55,131,480
	Stari By	57,167,924	55,228,785



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

2.16	FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015
	Advisory and other fees	5,718,019	508,379
		5,718,019	508,379
2.17	INCOME FROM TREASURY OPERATIONS AND INVESTMENTS		
	Profit / (loss) on trading in commodity derivative instruments (net)	4,005,000	_
	Profit/ (loss) on trading in currency derivative instruments (net)	23,449,617	(45,868,156)
		27,454,617	(45,868,156)
2.18	OTHER OPERATING REVENUE		
	Interest income on margin with brokers	646,060	2 166 054
	Delayed payment charges	040,000	2,166,954 12,727,386
	Warehouse charges	-	2,511,750
		646,060	17,406,090
2.19	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES		
	Salaries and wages (Refer note 2.28)	23,956,628	9,964,947
	Contribution to provident and other funds (Refer note 2.25)	975,194	241,871
	Staff welfare expenses	233,231	-
	•	25,165,053	10,206,818
2.20	FINANCE COSTS		
	Interest on loan from holding company	20,520,041	17,290,726
	Interest on loan from related parties	62,842	-
	Interest - others	479,521	7,824,348
	Financial and bank charges	117	-
		21,062,521	25,115,074



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

		For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015
2.21	OTHER EXPENSES		
	Advertisement and business promotion	324,991	<del>-</del>
	Auditors' remuneration (refer note below)	77,900	64,000
	Commission and brokerage	1,155,602	100,000
	Communication	449,741	24,400
	Computer expenses	46,755	- -
	Clearing and custodian charges	187,825	160,000
	Electricity charges (refer note 2.28)	386,196	182,270
	Insurance	- -	8,407
	Legal and professional fees	442,460	735,252
	Office expenses	474,509	29,548
	Postage and courier	8,645	870
	Printing and stationery	283,372	4,069
	Rates and taxes	5,000	2,500
	Rent (refer note 2.28)	3,212,762	1,000,544
	Repairs and maintenance	205,044	53,500
	Service tax expenses	2,141,373	82,536
	Stamp duty	813,988	1,228,254
	Travelling and conveyance	484,279	128,263
	Warehousing charges	10,000	2,300,846
	Miscellaneous expenses	17,224	91,662
	Housekeeping and security charges	1,309,528	768,000
		12,037,194	6,964,921
Note:	Auditors' Remuneration:		
	As auditor	72,000	59,400
	For reimbursement of expenses	5,900	4,600
		77,900	64,000



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 2.22 Related Parties

In accordance with Accounting Standard 18 on Related party transactions notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

## i. List of related parties and relationship:

## Name of related parties by whom control is exercised:

Holding Company

**Edelweiss Financial Services Limited** 

Fellow Subsidiaries:

Edelweiss Securities Ltd

(with whom transactions have taken place)

Edelweiss Web Services Limited

Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited Edelweiss Agri Value Chain Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Integrated Commodity

Management Limited)
Edel Investments Limited



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 2.22 Related Parties (Continued)

<u>ii.</u>					
Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
	Current account transactions				
1	Short term loans taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (Note 1) Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	2,054,287,262 100,000,000	147,066,533	
2	Short term loan repaid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (Note 1)	2,186,351,897	70,304,376	
3	Margin placed with	Edelweiss Securities Limited (Note 1)	42,527,864	87,949,730	
4	Margin withdrawn from	Edelweiss Securities Limited (Note 1)	39,546,443	32,818,250	
5	Interest expense on loan from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	20,520,041 62,842	17,290,726 -	
6	Interest received on margin placed with	Edelweiss Securities Limited	646,060	2,166,954	
7	Cost Reimbursement	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Web Services Limited	5,050,670 1,940,256	- -	
8	Reimbursement paid to	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	911,359	944,537	
9	Cost Sharing Expense	Edelweiss Securities Limited	500,000	500,000	
10	Processing Fees paid to	Edelweiss Web Services Limited	17,790	1,460	
11	Clearing charges Paid	Edelweiss Securities Limited	45,000	160,000	
12	Warehousing Charges paid	Edelweiss Agri Value Chain Limited	-	248,096	
13	Income from Trading in Commodity forward contracts (net)	Edel Investments Limited	4,005,000	-	
	Balances with related parties				
14	Short term borrowings	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	40,063,011 100,000,000	172,127,646 -	
15	Trade Payables	Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	559,750	511,800 8,407	
		Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited Edelweiss Agri Value Chain Limited	3,363,307	4,408,478 223,286	
		Edelweiss Web Services Limited	123,591	1,495	
16	Trade Receivables	Edelweiss Securities Limited	971,409	79,257	
17	Margin Money receivable	Edelweiss Securities Limited	57,141,493	55,131,480	
18	Nomination deposits - Payables	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	100,000	-	
19	Interest accrued and due on borrowings	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	1,987,148 56,558	605,991	
20	Accrued interest on margin	Edelweiss Securities Limited	26,431	97,305	

given/taken to/from parties and margin money placed / refund received with/ from related parties are disclosed based on the um incremental amount given/taken and placed / refund received during the reporting period.

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

## 2.23 Segment reporting

The Company's business is organised and management reviews the performance based on the business segments as mentioned below:

Segment	Activities Covered
Capital based business	Income from treasury operations and investments
Agency Business	Real Estate Brokerage and Franchise Income

Income for each segment has been specifically identified. Expenditure, assets and liabilities are either specifically identified with individual segments or have been allocated to segments on a systematic basis. Based on such allocations, segment disclosures relating to revenue, results, assets and liabilities have been prepared.

Since the business operations of the Company are primarily concentrated in India, the Company is considered to operate only in the domestic segment and therefore there is no reportable geographic segment.

The following table gives information as required under the Accounting Standard -17 on Segment Reporting

	Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2016	For the Year Ended March 31, 2015
I	Segment Revenue		
	a) Capital based business	2,095,996,740	665,662,853
	b) Agency Business	5,718,019	508,379
	c) Unallocated		· -
	Total	2,101,714,759	666,171,232
	Less: Inter Segment Revenue	-	
	Total Income	2,101,714,759	666,171,232
Π	Segment Results		
	a) Capital based business	32,160,476	(2,157,917)
	b) Agency Business	(1,967,624)	(1,565,680)
	c) Unallocated	(82,900)	(66,500)
	Total	30,109,952	(3,790,097)
	Profit before taxation	30,109,952	(3,790,097)
	Less: Provision for taxation	(5,797,084)	-
	Add: MAT availed	6,070,607	-
	Less: Deffered Tax Liability	(3,284,192)	-
	Profit after taxation	27,099,283	(3,790,097)



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

## 2.23 Segment reporting (Continued)

	Particulars	As at   March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015
Ш	Segment Assets		
	a) Capital based business	285,572,878	268,638,466
	b) Agency Business	9,294,366	22,845,113
	c) Unallocated	15,899,168	6,960,262
	Total	310,766,412	298,443,841
$\mathbf{IV}$	Segment Liabilities		
	a) Capital based business	148,406,205	173,245,437
	b) Agency Business	4,166,165	2,879,459
	c) Unallocated	16,115,910	7,340,095
	Total	168,688,280	183,464,991
V	Capital Expenditure (Including Capital Work-In-Progress)		
	a) Capital based business	-	-
	b) Agency Business	1,517,202	8,626,003
	c) Unallocated	-	-
	Total	1,517,202	8,626,003
VI	Depreciation and Amortisation		
	a) Capital based business	-	_
	b) Agency Business	2,912,647	815,773
	c) Unallocated	-	-
	Total	2,912,647	815,773
VII	Significant Non-Cash Expenses Other than Depreciation and Amortisation	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	a) Capital based business	284,225	135,233
	b) Agency Business	775	1,767
	c) Unallocated	-	, -
	Total	285,000	137,000



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

## 2.24 Earnings per share

In accordance with AS 20 as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

	Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended	
		March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
a)	Shareholders earnings (as per statement of profit and loss)	27,099,283	(3,790,097)	
b)	Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares of Rs 10 each:			
	<ul><li>Number of equity shares at the beginning of the year</li><li>Equity Shares issued during the year</li></ul>	135,000	135,000	
	Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year.	135,000	135,000	
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (based on the date of issue of shares)	135,000	135,000	
c)	Basic and diluted earnings per share (in rupees) (a/b)	200.74	(28.07)	

The basic and diluted earnings per share are the same as there are no dilutive potential equity shares.

## 2.25 Disclosure pursuant to Accounting Standard 15 (Revised) - Employee Benefits

## A) Defined contribution plan (Provident fund):

Amount of Rs. 974,258/- (Previous year: Rs. 241,871/-) is recognised as expenses and included in "Employee benefit expenses" – *note 2.19* in the statement of profit and loss.

## B) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity

The following tables summarize the components of the net benefit expenses recognized in the profit and loss account and the funded status and amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the Gratuity benefit plan.

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

## 2.25 Disclosure pursuant to Accounting Standard 15 (Revised) - Employee Benefits (Continued) Statement of Profit and Loss

## Net employee benefits expenses:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015
Current service cost Interest on defined benefit obligation Actuarial (gains) / losses	156,000 3,000 (2,000)	39,000
Total included in 'Employee Benefit Expense'	157,000	39,000

## **Balance Sheet**

## Details of provision for gratuity:

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Liability at the end of the year Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	196,000	39,000
Net Liability/(Asset)	196,000	39,000
Amount in Balance Sheet	196,000	39,000
Of which, Short term Provision	1,000	-

Reconciliation of the defined benefit obligation (DBO) are as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at
1 at ticulars	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Liability at the beginning of the year	39,000	_
Current service cost	156,000	39,000
Interest Cost	3,000	, <u>-</u>
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations	(2,000)	_
Liability at the end of the year	196,000	39,000

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

## 2.25 Disclosure pursuant to Accounting Standard 15 (Revised) - Employee Benefits (Continued)

## **Experience Adjustment:**

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
1 at ticulary	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Defined Benefit Obligation	196,000	39,000
Surplus / (Deficit)	(196,000)	(39,000)
On Plan Liabilities: (Gain)/ Loss	(9,000)	-
On Plan Assets: Gain/ (Loss)	-	_
Estimated Contribution for next year	-	

## Principle actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date:

Particulars	As at	As at March 31, 2015	
	March 31, 2016		
Discount rate current	7.4%	7.8%	
Salary escalation current	7.0%	7.0%	
Employees attrition rate (based on categories):			
Senior	13.0%	13.0%	
Mid	18.0%	18.0%	
Junior	25.0%	25.0%	
Expected Average remaining working lives of			
employees	5 years	4 years	

## 2.26 Earnings and expenditure in foreign currency

The Company did not have any earnings or expenditure in foreign currency during the year (previous year Rs. Nil).

## 2.27 Capital commitments and contingent liabilities

The Company has Rs. 518,000/- capital commitments (previous year Rs. Nil) and contingent liabilities as at the balance sheet date Rs. Nil (previous year Rs. Nil).

## 2.28 Cost sharing

Priered Account

Edelweiss Securities Limited (ESL) and Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited (ECSL) ("The fellow subsidiaries") incurs expenditure like common senior management compensation cost, electricity and rent which is for the benefit of the Company. These costs so expended are reimbursed by the Company on the basis of number of employees, area occupied and time spent by employees of ESL and ECSL for the company, actual identifications etc. Accordingly, and as wash Murar, then tified appropriately, the expenditure heads in note 2.19 and 2.21 are gross of the reimbursement.

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

## 2.29 Details of dues to micro, small and medium enterprises

Trade Payables includes Rs. Nil (previous year: Rs. Nil) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. No interest has been paid / is payable by the Company during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this act. The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Company to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said act.

## 2.30 Operating leases

The Company has taken a premise on operating lease. Gross rental expenses for the year ended March 31, 2016 aggregated to Rs. 2,407,420/- (Previous Year Rs. 148,387/-) which has been included under the head Other expenses – Rent in the statement of profit and loss.

Details of future minimum lease payments for the non-cancellable operating lease are as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Minimum lease payments for non cancellable		
lease		
- not later than one year		1,053,334
- later than one year and not later than five years	-	-
- later than five year	-	-
Total	-	-

## 2.31 Details of purchase, sales and change in stock in trade of physical commodities:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015
Opening Stock	-	-
Purchase	2,010,427,392	626,858,744
Sales	2,067,896,063	694,124,919
Closing Stock	-	_
Profit on trading of Securities/Commodities	57,468,671	67,266,175



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

## 2.32 The following currency futures have open interest as on the balance sheet date

	As at		As at	
	March	31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
Name of currency future	Number of contracts	Number of units involved	Number of contracts	Number of units involved
Short position – USDINR	6,000	6,000,000	-	-

## 2.33 Previous year comparatives

Previous year's figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary to confirm to current year's presentation/classification.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Khandelwal Prakash Murari Bhandari & Co.

MUMBAI

Charlered Account

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm's Registration No. 102454W

Pawan Kumar Gupta

Partner

Membership No: 051713

Sanjeev Chandiramani

Director

DIN:01674794

Sanjeev Rastogi

Director

DIN:00254303

Mumbai 11 May 2016