Financial Statements together with Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2017

Financial Statements together with Auditors' Report

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Independent Auditors' Report

To The Members of EFSL Comtrade Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of EFSL Comtrade Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2017, and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b. in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statement comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.;
 - e. on the basis of written representations received from the Directors as on 31 March 2017, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2017, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f. with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"; and
 - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. the Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. the Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts;
 - iii. there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
 - iv. the Company did not have any holdings or dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from 8 November 2016 to 30 December 2016 Refer Note 2.38.

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For NGS & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 119850W

R. P. Soni Partner

Membership No.:104796

Place: Mumbai Date: 15 May 2017



Annexure A to the Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of EFSL Comtrade Limited ('the Company') on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, we report that:

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) As explained to us, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which all the fixed assets are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In our opinion this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not own immovable properties, accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) The Company has conducted physical verification of inventory on the basis of statement received from depository participants in respect of securities and warehouse receipts in respect of commodities held as inventory, at reasonable intervals during the year. No material discrepancies have been noticed on such physical verification.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans to directors including entities in which they are interested in respect of which the provisions of section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable and hence not commented upon. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans and advances given and investments made.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for any activities conducted and services rendered by the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, services tax, sales tax, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, applicable to it, have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities. As explained to us, Company did not have any dues on account of employees' state insurance, duty of excise and duty of custom.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income-tax, services tax, sales tax, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.





- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, value added tax, service tax, and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) The Company does not have any loans or borrowings from any financial institution, bank, government and debenture holders. Accordingly, paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (ix) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, during the year, the Company has not paid/provided for managerial remuneration. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given by the management, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the Company and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xiii) insofar as it relates to section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.

(xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For NGS & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 119850W

R. P. Son Partner

Membership No.:104796

Place: Mumbai Date: 15 May 2017



Annexure B to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **EFSL Comtrade Limited** ("the Company") as of 31 March 2017 in conjunction with our audit of financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.





Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For NGS & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

Place: Mumbai Date: 15 May 2017

Balance Sheet

(Currency: Indian rupees)		As at	As at
	Note	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	2.1	1,700,000	1,700,000
Reserves and surplus	2.2	(128,579,249)	(344,650,553)
	•	(126,879,249)	(342,950,553)
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term provisions	2.3	173,000	184,000
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	2.4	2,793,581,879	2,317,434,396
Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	2.35		
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises		1,248,944	141,103,709
and small enterprises	2.5	, ,	
Other current liabilities	2.6	37,038,704	18,732,182
Short-term provisions	2.7	3,467,783	1,677,016
TOTAL		2,708,631,061	2,136,180,750
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2.8	5,231	9,523
Non-current investments	2.9	2,364,286,493	672,704,794
Deferred tax assets	2.10	94,335,414	1,399,715
Long-term loans and advances	2.11	2,833,474	804,704
		2,461,460,612	674,918,736
Current assets			
Current Investments	2.12	17,102,697	- 0.042.600
Trade receivables	2.13	82,786,289	9,363,528
Cash and cash equivalent	2.14	2,820,511	22,799,262
Short-term loans and advances	2.15	22,877,628	6,396,434
Other current assets	2.16	121,583,324	1,422,702,790
		247,170,449	1,461,262,014
TOTAL		2,708,631,061	2,136,180,750

Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements.

1 & 2

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 119850W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

R. P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

Mumbai 15 May 2017

Shailendra Maru

Director

DIN 03290024

Jatin Shukla Director DIN 07442534

Mumbai 15 May 2017

Statement of Profit and Loss

(Currency: Indian rupees)		For the year ended	For the year ended
	Note	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Revenue from operations			
Fee and commission income	2.17	188,840,142	4,537,204
Income from treasury operations	2.18	108,054,269	(191,080,937)
Sale of commodities		149,938,466	2,233,837,337
Other operating revenue	2.19	138,221,316	8,029,179
Other income	2.20	(1,411,495)	4,359
Total revenue	=	583,642,698	2,055,327,142
Expenses			
Purchases of commodities		149,936,382	2,172,981,184
Employee benefit expenses	2.21	2,508,502	4,350,433
Finance costs	2.22	269,619,876	177,321,232
Depreciation and amortization expenses	2.8	4,292	4,873
Other expenses	2.23	40,105,057	77,564,922
Total expenses	-	462,174,109	2,432,222,644
Profit / (loss) before tax		121,468,589	(376,895,502)
Tax expense:			
Current tax (Including excess provision for earlier year Rs. 1,667,016; Previous year: Rs. Nil)		20,608,526	417,724
MAT credit entitlement		(22,275,542)	-
Deferred tax charge		(92,935,699)	(1,357,822)
Profit / (loss) for the year	-	216,071,304	(375,955,404)
Earnings per equity share: (Face value of Rs. 10 each)			
Basic and diluted	2.32	1,271.01	(2,211.50)
Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements.	1 & 2		

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 119850W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

R. P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

Mumbai 15 May 2017 MUMBAI *

Shailendra Maru

Director OIN 03290024

Jatin Shukla

Director

Director DIN 07442534

Mumbai

15 May 2017

Cash Flow Statement

	rrency: Indian rupees)	For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
A	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit/(loss) before tax	121,468,589	(376,895,502)
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation	4,292	4,873
	Provision for compensated leave absences and gratuity	15,157	70,000
	Share of profit from partnership firm	17,102,697	-
	Interest income	-	(26,238)
	Interest expense	265,436,647	175,035,447
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes	404,027,382	(201,811,420)
	Adjustments for:		
	Decrease/(increase) in trade receivable, loans and advances	1,228,180,273	(1,345,745,404)
	and other current assets		
	(Decrease)/increase in current liabilities and provisions	(136,663,146)	131,344,790
	Cash generated from / (used in) operations	1,495,544,509	(1,416,212,034)
	Income taxes paid	(18,885,761)	(370,578)
	Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities - A	1,476,658,748	(1,416,582,612)
_			
В	Cash flow from investing activities	_	(7,900)
	Purchase of fixed assets	(1,725,787,093)	(55,741,872)
	Proceeds from sale of investments	3,323,855	(33,741,072)
	Repayment of loan given (net) (refer note 2)	3,323,033	279,918
	Interest received	(1,722,463,238)	(55,469,854)
	Net cash used in investing activities - B	(1,722,403,230)	(55,407,051)
C	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Proceeds from unsecured loans borrowed (net) (refer note 2)	476,147,483	1,667,911,819
	Interest paid	(250,321,743)	(174,235,221)
	Net cash generated from financing activities - C	225,825,740	1,493,676,598
	N. (1 N)	(19,978,750)	21,624,132
	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(19,976,730)	21,024,132
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	22,799,262	1,175,130
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year (refer note 1)	2,820,512	22,799,262
No	tes:		
1	Cash and cash equivalents include the following: (refer note 2.14)		
	Balances with scheduled banks:		
	in current accounts	2,820,512	22,799,262
	Cash and cash equivalents	2,820,512	22,799,262

2 Net figures have been reported on account of volume of transactions.

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 119850W

R.P.Jan

R. P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.:104796

Mumbai 15 May 2017



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shailendra Maru Director

DIN 03290024

Jatin Shukla
Director
DIN 07442534

Mumbai 15 May 2017

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The accompanying financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting, unless otherwise stated, and comply with the Accounting Standards as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified), (hereinafter referred to as 'the Act') and the Schedule III to the Act. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees.

1.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from the estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

1.3 Current-non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle or it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded or it is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date or it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or expected to be used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Current assets include the current portion of non-current assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle or it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded or it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date or the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification. Current liabilities include current portion of non-current liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.4 Revenue recognition

- Income from treasury comprises of profit/loss on sale of securities and profit/loss on derivative instruments
 - a) Profit/loss on sale of securities is determined based on the weighted average cost of the securities sold.
 - b) Realised profit/ loss on closed positions of derivative instruments is recognised on final settlement on squaring-up of the contracts. Outstanding derivative contracts in the nature of forwards / futures / options are measured at fair value as at the balance sheet date. Fair value is determined using quoted market prices in an actively traded market, for the instrument, wherever available, as the best evidence of fair value. In the absence of quoted market prices in an actively traded market, a valuation technique is used to determine the fair value. In most cases the valuation techniques use observable market data as input parameters in order to ensure reliability of the fair value measure.
- Commodities sales are accounted when all obligations connected with the transfer of risk and rewards
 to the buyer have been fulfilled after the price has been determined and collection of the receivable is
 reasonably certain.
- Interest income is recognised on accrual basis.
- Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established.
- Fee income is accounted for on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms and conditions of contracts entered into between the Company and the counterparty.
- Profit / loss from share in partnership firm is accounted for once the amount of the share of profit / loss is ascertained and credited / debited to the Company's account in the books of the partnership firm.

1.5 Fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets and Capital work in progress

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. The cost of fixed assets comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Capital work in progress comprises the cost of fixed assets that are not ready for its intended use at the reporting date.

Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided upto the date of disposal.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has evaluated the estimated useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule for calculating the depreciation. The useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Class of asset	Estimated useful life
Office equipment	5 years



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition / construction of qualifying assets are capitalised. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

1.7 Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and the value in use of those assets. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the estimated future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

1.8 Investments

Investments are classified into non-current investments and current investments. Investments which are intended to be held for one year or more are classified as non-current investments and investments which are intended to be held for less than one year are classified as current investments.

Non-current investments are carried at cost less diminution in value which is other than temporary, determined separately for each investment.

Current investments are carried at lower of cost or fair value. The comparison of cost and fair value is done separately in respect of each category of investment. In case of investments in mutual funds, the net asset value of units declared by the mutual funds is considered as the fair value.

1.9 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences, if any arising out of transactions settled during the year are recognised in the statement of profit and loss of the year.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at the balance sheet date are translated at the closing exchange rates on that date. The resultant exchange differences, if any, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss and related assets and liabilities are accordingly restated in the balance sheet.

Non monetary assets and liabilities are carried at historical cost using exchange rate on the date of the transaction.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.10 Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 – "Earnings Per Share". Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.

1.11 Taxation

Income-tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the year determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961), deferred tax charge or benefit (reflecting the tax effect of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the year).

Current tax

Provision for current tax is recognised based on estimated tax liability computed after adjusting for allowances, disallowances and exemptions in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax

The deferred tax charge or benefit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the asset can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of these assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonable/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

Minimum alternative tax (MAT) Credit

MAT credit asset is recognized where there is convincing evidence that the asset can be realized in future. MAT credit assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably certain to be realised.

1.12 Employee benefits

The accounting policy followed by the Company in respect of its employee benefit schemes in accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised 2005), is set out below:

Provident fund

The Company contributes to a recognised provident fund which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.12 Employee benefits (continued)

Gratuity

The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted.

The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at present values of estimated future cash flows. The discounted rates used for determining the present value are based on the market yields on Government Securities as at the balance sheet date.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and change in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

Compensated leave absences

The eligible employees of the Company are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Company recognises the charge to the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on account of such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary.

1.13 Provisions and contingencies

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an economic benefit will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.



		As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
2.3	Long-term provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Gratuity	157,000	143,000
	Compensated leave absences	16,000	41,000
		173,000	184,000
2.4	Short-term borrowings		
	Unsecured, considered good		
	Loan from holding company	2,793,581,879	317,434,396
	Loan from Other	-	2,000,000,000
	(Repayable on demand, at variable rate of interest ranging from 10% to 11.09% per annum)		
		2,793,581,879	2,317,434,396
2.5	Trade payables		
	Trade payables (includes sundry creditors and provision for expenses)	1,248,944	141,103,709
	(c. c. panete)		
		1,248,944	141,103,709
2.6	Other current liabilities		
	Interest accrued and due on borrowings	24,775,238	9,660,334
	Other payables		
	Premium received on exchange traded options	46,500	
	Accrued salaries and benefits TDS, service tax and other statutory dues	600,000 11,424,351	1,090,000 7,795,288
	Others	192,615	186,560
		37,038,704	18,732,182
2.7	Short-term provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Gratuity Compensated leave absences	32,157 4,000	10,000
	Others		
	Provision for taxation (Net of advance tax and tax deducted at source)	3,431,626	1,667,016
		3,467,783	1,677,016
		2,701,102	1,077,010



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.8 Fixed assets

		Joold sace	hlock			Depreciation	iation		Net I	Net block
Description of Assets	As at	Additions during Deductions	dditions during Deductions	As at		As at Additions during Deductions As at As	Deductions	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Tanoihle assets	1 April 2010	ine year	uni ilik tile year							
fangior moses	16.200	•	•	16,200	6,677	4,292	1	10,969	5,231	9,523
	000 >1			16.200	1199	4.292		10,969	5,231	9,523
Total	007,01				F00 -			774 9	165 6	
Previous year	8,300	7,900	•	16,200	1,804	C/0, t		100		



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

ency : Indian rupees)	A	s at 31 March 20)17	A	s at 31 March 2	2016
	Face Value	Quantity	Amount Rs.	Face Value	Quantity	Amount Rs.
Non-current investments - at cost						
Investments in ordinary shares of subsidiary companies (unquo	ted , fully paid)					
Edelweiss Commodities Pet Limited Edelweiss Commodities Nigeria Limited	SGD I	12,724,304	613,009,840	SGD I Naira I	12,724,304	613,009,840 3,836,574
Edelweiss Commodities (CHAD) SARL	ITL	2,250,000	43,357,500	XAF 5000	200 750,000	116,852 4,278,750
Edelweiss Tarim Urunleri Anonim Sirketi (25% paid up)	IIL	2,230,000	45,557,500	112	750,000	1,270,700
Others (unquoted)						
Investments in common stock of				** ****	(10	511,936
Gogii Inc	\$0.00001	610	511,936	\$0.00001	610	311,930
Investments in partnership firm, Capital account						
Edelvalue partners	-	•	9,000	-	-	-
Investments in debentures (unquoted)						
17% Un-secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures of Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	1,000,000	1,500	1,500,000,000	-	-	-
Eucliveiss Asset Reconstruction Company Emilieu						
Investments in Series A preferred stock of				** ****		70 0 CO 0 47
Goqii Inc	\$0.00001	60,985	50,950,842	\$0.00001	60,985	50,950,842
Investments in units of fund						
Edelweiss Alternative Investment Trust- EW Clover Scheme	10,000	12,500	156,447,375	•	-	-
			2,364,286,493			672,704,794
Aggregate of unquoted investment						
At carrying value			2,364,286,493			672,704,794
Note :-						

(a) Details of Investments in Partnership Firm

Partnership firm	Total Capital	As at	As at
1 at the starp in	•	31 March	31 March
Edelvalue Partners	Rs. 100,000 (Previous year Rs. 100,000)	2017	2016
Share of profit/loss	Magnolia Commodities Services Private Limited	41%	41%
Chare of promotose	Dahlia Commodities Services Private Limited	40%	40%
	EFSL Trading Limited	10%	0%
	EFSL Comtrade Limited	9%	0%
	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	0%	10%
	ECap Equities Limited	0%	9%



2.12 Current investments Others (Unquoted) Investments in current account with partnership firms (Refer note 2.9) Edelvalue partners 2.13 Trade receivables Outstanding for a period exceeding six months Unsecured, considered doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful debts Other debts Unsecured, considered good 2.14 Cash and cash equivalent	31 March 2017 17,102,697 17,102,697 285,979 (285,979) - 82,786,289 82,786,289	31 March 2016 9,363,528 9,363,528
Others (Unquoted) Investments in current account with partnership firms (Refer note 2.9) Edelvalue partners 2.13 Trade receivables Outstanding for a period exceeding six months Unsecured, considered doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful debts Other debts Unsecured, considered good	285,979 (285,979) - 82,786,289	
Investments in current account with partnership firms (Refer note 2.9) Edelvalue partners 2.13 Trade receivables Outstanding for a period exceeding six months Unsecured, considered doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful debts Other debts Unsecured, considered good ——————————————————————————————————	285,979 (285,979) - 82,786,289	
2.13 Trade receivables Outstanding for a period exceeding six months Unsecured, considered doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful debts Other debts Unsecured, considered good	285,979 (285,979) - 82,786,289	
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months Unsecured, considered doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful debts Other debts Unsecured, considered good	285,979 (285,979) - 82,786,289	
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months Unsecured, considered doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful debts Other debts Unsecured, considered good	(285,979) - 82,786,289	
Unsecured, considered doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful debts Other debts Unsecured, considered good	(285,979) - 82,786,289	
Unsecured, considered doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful debts Other debts Unsecured, considered good	(285,979) - 82,786,289	
Other debts Unsecured, considered good	82,786,289	
Unsecured, considered good ———————————————————————————————————		
Unsecured, considered good ———————————————————————————————————		
2.14 Cash and cash equivalent	82,786,289	9,363,528
2.14 Cash and cash equivalent		
Balances with banks		
in current accounts	2,820,511	2,799,262
in fixed deposits with original maturity less than 3 months	-	20,000,000
	2,820,511	22,799,262
2.15 Short-term loans and advances (Unsecured, considered good)		
Loans to related parties	•	3,323,855
Other loans and advances		
Deposits - others	90,000	65,000
Prepaid expenses	13,581	16,185
Loans and advances to employees	-	30,025
Vendor advances	-	479,912
Cenvat and VAT assets	31,522	27,549
Advance tax and tax deducted at source (net of provision for taxation)	466,983	2,453,908
MAT credit entitlement	22,275,542	•
	22,877,628	6,396,434
2.16 Other current assets		
Accrued interest on fixed deposits	-	278,877
Accrued interest on margin	-	359,720
Equity index/stock options premium account Margin placed with broker	121,500 121,461,824	- 1,422,064,193
	121,583,324	1,422,702,790



(Curr	ency: Indian rupees)	For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
2.17	Fee and commission income		
	Advisory and other fees	188,840,142	4,537,204
		188,840,142	4,537,204
2.18	Income from treasury operations		
	Profit/(loss) on trading of securities (net)	21,022,743	(8,311,418)
	Profit/(loss) on trading in equity derivative instruments (net)	58,636,660	(98,643,528)
	Profit on trading in commodity derivative instruments (net)	628	1,191,603
	Loss on trading in currency derivative instruments (net)	(8,845,612)	(130,594,904)
	Profit on trading in interest rate derivative (net)	19,840,894	45,226,041
	Profit/(loss) on foreign exchange movement on trade	44,876	(44,356)
	Dividend on stock in trade	251,383	95,625
	Share of profit in partnership firm	17,102,697	-
		108,054,269	(191,080,937)
2.19	Other operating revenue		
	Interest income on loans	-	26,238
	Interest income on fixed deposits	59,589	309,863
	Interest income on debt instrument	133,438,356	-
	Interest income on margin with brokers	4,723,371	7,693,078
		138,221,316	8,029,179
2.20	Other income		
	Loss on sale of long term investment	(1,423,126)	-
	Miscellaneous income	11,631	4,359
		(1,411,495)	4,359



(Cuir	ency: Indian rupees)	For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
2.21	Employee benefit expenses		
	Salaries and wages	2,416,190	4,116,149
	Contribution to provident and other funds	31,754	71,350
	Staff welfare expenses	60,558	162,934
		2,508,502	4,350,433
2.22	Finance costs		
2.22	Finance costs	•	
	Interest on loan from holding company	265,436,647	175,035,447
	Interest - others	3,896,459	2,233,883
	Interest on shortfall in payment of advance income tax	255,665	51,000
	Financial and bank charges	31,105	51,902
		269,619,876	177,321,232
2.23	Other expenses		
	Advertisement and business promotion	852,000	-
	Auditors' remuneration (refer note 2.25)	100,800	80,981
	Communication	61,530	54,804
	Clearing and custodian charges	339,000	302,125
	Electricity charges (refer note 2.34)	28,896	45,603
	Insurance	(204,510)	(1,687,248
	Legal and professional fees	1,815,454	403,189
	Membership and subscription	(18,445)	18,445
	Office expenses	(37,863)	31,625
	Printing and stationery	1,738,992	1,838,491
	Rates and taxes	5,355	5,120
	Rent (refer note 2.34)	88,367	418,762
	Repairs and maintenance - others	1,000	-
	ROC expenses	2,400	-
	Security transaction tax	31,885,209	69,925,532 6,048,053
	Service tax expenses	2,739,479 344,082	36,053
	Stamp duty		5,950
	Stock exchange expenses	12,784 1,800	1,000
	Transportation charges	63,799	2,231
	Travelling and conveyance	(1,001)	
	Warehousing charges	(443)	
	Miscellaneous expenses Commodity transaction tax	392	56
		40,105,057	77,564,922



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.24 Segment reporting (Continued)

Sr.	Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
No	Tarticular 5	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Ш	Segment assets		
	a) Capital based business	2,588,228,126	2,136,180,750
	b) Agency business	460,000	-
	c) Unallocated	119,942,935	•
	Total	2,708,631,061	2,136,180,750
IV	Segment liabilities		
	a) Capital based business	2,820,393,873	2,479,131,303
	b) Agency business	260,460	-
	c) Unallocated	14,855,977	-
	Total	2,835,510,310	2,479,131,303
V	Capital expenditure (including capital		
	work in progress)		
	a) Capital based business	-	7,900
	b) Agency business	-	-
	c) Unallocated	-	_
	Total	-	7,900
VI	Depreciation and amortisation		
	a) Capital based business	4,292	4,873
	b) Agency business	-	-
	c) Unallocated	-	_
	Total	4,292	4,873
VII	Significant non cash expenses		
	Other than depreciation and amortisation		
	a) Capital based business	15,157	70,000
	b) Agency business	-	-
	c) Unallocated	-	-
	Total	15,157	70,000



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.25 Auditors' remuneration

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
As auditor	100,800	80,981
Total	100,800	80,981

2.26 Earnings and expenditure in foreign currency:

The Company has incurred expenditure in foreign currency Rs. Nil during the year (Previous year: Rs 32,62,175) and there are no earning in foreign currency during the year (Previous year: Nil).

2.27 Capital commitment:

The Company has no capital commitments as at the balance sheet date. (Previous year - Rs. Nil).

2.28 Contingent liability:

The Company has pending taxation matters of Rs. 82,660 as at the balance sheet date (Previous year - Rs.Nil).



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.29 Disclosure as required by Accounting Standard 18 – "Related Party Disclosure" as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014:

Sr. No	Particulars
A.	Names of related parties by whom control is exercised
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, Ultimate holding company
	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited, the holding company
B.	Subsidiaries which are controlled by the Company
	Edelweiss Commodities Pte. Limited
	Edelweiss Commodities Nigeria Limited (till 25 October 2016)
	Edelweiss Commodities (CHAD) SARL (till 25 October 2016)
	Edelweiss Tarim Urunleri Anonim Sirketi
C.	Fellow Subsidiaries with whom the Company has transactions
	Edelweiss Capital Markets Limited
	Edelweiss Business Services Limited (Formerly Edelweiss Web Services Limited)
	Edelweiss Agri Value Chain Limited (Formerly Edelweiss Integrated Commodity Management Limited)
	Edelweiss Securities Limited
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited (w.e.f. 16 September 2016)
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited
	EFSL Trading Limited (Formerly EFSL Commodities Limited)
	Edelweiss Commodities Nigeria Limited (w.e.f. 26 October 2016 till 17 November 2016)
	Edelweiss Commodities (CHAD) SARL (w.e.f. 26 October 2016 till 17 November 2016)



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.29 Related parties (continued)

(D) Transactions with related party during the reporting year

Nature of transaction	Related party name	2016-17	2015-16
Current account transactions			
Short term loans taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	38,305,000
	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	2,793,226,466	3,411,046,845
(Refer note below)	Edelweiss Capital Markets Limited	_,,	3,600,000
	Edelweiss Capital Markets Emitted		.,,
Short term loans repaid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	28,111,531	7,697,469
	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	288,967,452	3,771,246,557
Refer note below)	Edelweiss Capital Markets Limited	_	3,600,000
	Edelweiss Capital Markets Ellitted		.,,
Short term loans repaid by (Refer note below)	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	-	500,030
Investments in ordinary shares of	Edelweiss Tarim Urunleri Anonim Sirketi	39,078,750	4,278,750
Investments in debentures of	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	1,500,000,000	-
		156 447 375	
Non current Investment made	EW Clower Scheme -I	156,447,375	-
No	Edelweiss Securities Limited	103,507,747	2,916,302,368
Margin placed with	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	500,129	100,000
(Refer note below)	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	148,692,527	•
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Ellinica	140,072,527	
Margin withdrawn from	Edelweiss Securities Limited	1,441,644,030	1,566,825,172
(Refer note below)	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	500,129	100,000
(Refer note below)	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	37,542,673	
Cost reimbursements to	Edelweiss Securities Limited	-	500,000
	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	117,263	483,657
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	125,958	104,543
	EFSL Trading Limited	12,863	
	PART TO Provide 1 Occupies a Limited	7,407,769	3,888,989
Reimbursements paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1,662,110	153,668
	Edelweiss Business Services Limited		5,825,960
	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	895,942	
	Edelweiss Tarim Urunleri Anonim Sirketi	-	3,323,855
Professional fees paid to	Edelweiss Business Services Limited	7,784	5,260
Language in a construction and another with	Edelweiss Securities Limited	4,495,389	7,693,040
Interest income on margin placed with	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	1,754	38
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	226,228	-
Interest Income on debentures from	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	133,438,356	-
	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	-	26,238
Interest income on loan from	Ederweiss Commodities Services Emilier		
Interest expense on loans from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	664,449	1,986,366
	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	155,165,513	172,420,666
Clearing and custodian expenses to	Edelweiss Securities Limited	339,000	302,125
Nomination deposits paid to	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	400,000	•
Brokerage paid to	Edelweiss Securities Limited	16,897,443	37,733,055



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.29 Related parties (continued)

(D) Transactions with related party during the reporting year

Nature of transaction	Related party name	2016-17	2015-16
Balance with related parties			
as on 31 March 2017			
Investments in debentures of	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	1,500,000,000	-
Non current Investment	EW Clower Scheme -I	156,447,375	-
Short term loans taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	- 2,793,581,879	28,111,531 289,322,865
	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	2,793,301,079	207,522,005
Margin receivable from	Edelweiss Securities Limited	10,311,970	1,422,064,193
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	111,149,855	-
Investment in ordinary shares in	Edelweiss Commodities Pte Limited	613,009,840	613,009,840
investment in ordinary shares in	Edelweiss Commodities Nigeria Limited	-	3,836,574
	Edelweiss Commodities (CHAD) SARL	-	116,852
	Edelweiss Tarim Urunleri Anonim Sirketi	43,357,500	4,278,750
Accerued interest income on margin placed and loans given	Edelweiss Securities Limited	-	359,720
Ad interest expense on leans taken	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	122,925
Accrued interest expense on loans taken from	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	24,775,238	8,971,835
Trade receivables from	Edelweiss Securities Limited	82,274,844	8,640,461
Trade receivables from	EFSL Trading Limited	14,792	-
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	36,653	
	Edelweiss Tarim Urunleri Anonim Sirketi	-	3,323,855
Trade payables to	Edelweiss Securities Limited	-	559,750
Trade payables to	Edelweiss Business Services Limited	8,174	5,496
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	8,984
	Edelweiss Commodities (CHAD) SARL	-	344
	Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	-	19,950

Note:

The Intra group company loans are generally in the nature of revolving demand loans. Loan given/taken to/from parties and margin money placed/refund received with/from related parties are disclosed based on the maximum incremental amount given/taken and placed/refund received during the reporting period.

Disclosure under section 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 for loans: Loans have been given for general business purpose.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.30 Open interest in currency futures as at 31 March 2017:

Sr. No.	Name of currency future	No. of contracts	Number of units involved
1	Short position – IRC	1250	2,500,000

Open interest in currency futures as at 31 March 2016:

Sr. No.	Name of currency future	No. of contracts	Number of units involved
1	Short position – GBP	75	75,000
2	Long position – USD	2,800	2,800,000
3	Short position – IRC	250	500,000
4	Long position – IRC	4,076	8,152,000

Open interest in Equity Index/Stock Futures as at 31 March 2017:

Long Position

Sr. No	Name of Stock/ Index Future	No. of Contracts	Number of Units involved
1	Long position - Stock	59	126,915

Short Position

Sr. No	Name of Stock/ Index Future	No. of Contracts	Number of Units involved
1	Short position - Stock	67	101,100

Open interest in Equity Index/Stock Futures as at 31 March 2016:

Long Position

Sr. No	Name of Stock/ Index Future	No. of Contracts	Number of Units involved
2	Long position - Stock	43,762	42,293,650

Short Position

Sr. No	Name of Stock/ Index Future	No. of Contracts	Number of Units involved
1	Short position - NIFTY	36,181	2,713,575



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.30 The following option contracts are outstanding as on balance sheet date:

Sr. No	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
1	Premium paid	121,500	-
2	Premium received	(46,500)	
	Total premium carried forward	(75,000)	

2.31 Disclosure pursuant to Accounting Standard 15 (Revised) - Employee benefits:

A) Defined contribution plan (Provident fund)

An amount of Rs. 31,754 (Previous year: Rs. 71,350) is recognised as expense and included in "Employee benefit expenses" - Note 2.21 in the statement of profit and loss.

B) Defined benefit plan (Gratuity)

The following tables summarize the components of the net benefit expenses recognized in the statement profit and loss, the unfunded status and amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan.

Statement of profit and loss: Net employee benefit expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Current service cost	39,000	36,000
Interest on defined benefit obligation	10,500	7,000
Expected return on plan assets	-	
Past service cost	_	
Net actuarial (gain)/loss recognized in the year	(3,343)	12,000
Total included in 'Employee benefit expenses'	46,157	55,000

Balance sheet:

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Liability at the beginning of the year	143,000	88,000
Interest cost	10,500	7,000
Current service cost	39,000	36,000
Past service cost	-	_
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations:	(3,343)	12,000
Liability at the end of the year	189,157	143,000



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.31 Disclosure pursuant to Accounting Standard 15 (Revised) - Employee benefits (Continued) Details of provision for gratuity

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Tilliand of the year	189,157	143,000
Liability at the end of the year	189,157	143,000
Amount in Balance sheet		

Non-current liability at the end of the year 157,000	For the year ended 31 March 2017 For the year ended 31 March 2016	
22.157	157,000 143,000	Non-current liability at the end of the year
Current liability at the end of the year	32,157	Current liability at the end of the year

Amount recognised in the Balance sheet:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2014	As at 31 March 2013
Liability at the end of the year	189,157	143,000	88,000	37,000	13,959
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	_	-	-	-	
Amount in Balance sheet – liability	189,157	143,000	88,000	37,000	13,959

Experience adjustment:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2014	As at 31 March 2013
On plan liabilities: (gain)/loss	(9,000)	10,000	9,000	6,000	-
On Plan assets: (gain)/(loss)	-	-	-	-	-
Estimated contribution for the next year		-			<u>-</u>

Principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Discount rate	6.8 %	7.4 %
Salary escalation	7%	7%
Employee attrition rate	13 % - 25%	13 % - 25%



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.32 Earnings per share:

In accordance with Accounting Standard 20 on Earnings per share as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the computation of earnings per share is set out below:

S. No	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
(a) (b)	Profit / (loss) after tax (as per statement of profit and loss) Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares of Rs. 10 each:	216,071,304	(375,955,404)
	Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	170,000	170,000
	Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	170,000	170,000
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	170,000	170,000
(c)	Basic and diluted earnings per share (in rupees) (a)/(b)	1271.01	(2,211.50)

2.33 Details of purchase, sales and changes in stock-in-trade:

A) Commodities:

Commodities: Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
1 at ticular 5	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Commodities		
Opening stock		
Agri	-	
Bullion	-	
Subtotal	-	
Purchase		
Agri		
Bullion	149,938,466	2,172,981,184
Subtotal	149,938,466	2,172,981,184
Sale		
Agri		
Bullion	149,936,382	2,233,837,337
Subtotal	149,936,382	2,233,837,337
Closing stock		
Agri	-	
Bullion	-	
Subtotal	-	
Profit on trading in commodities	2,084	60,856,153

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.33 Details of purchase, sales and changes in stock-in-trade (Continued):

B) Securities:

Securities:		F the year anded
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Opening stock		
Equity	* (139,618,743)	
	(139,618,743)	
Purchases	1 - 10 0 - 10 0	054 549 061
Equity	1,712,872,420	854,548,061
Subtotal	1,712,872,420	854,548,061
Sales		205.055.206
Equity	1,594,276,420	985,855,386
Subtotal	1,594,276,420	985,855,386
Closing Stock		+ (120 (10 742)
Equity	-	* (139,618,743)
Subtotal	-	(139,618,743)
Profit / (loss) on sale of securities	21,022,743	(8,311,418)

^{*} includes short sales

2.34 Cost sharing:

Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited, the holding company, incurs expenditure like electricty and rent which are for the benefit of the Company. These costs so expended are reimbursed by the Company on the basis of area occupied. Accordingly, the expenditure heads in note 2.23 are gross of the reimbursements.

2.35 Details of dues to micro, small and medium enterprises

Trade Payables includes Rs. Nil (Previous year: Rs. Nil) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. No interest has been paid / is payable by the Company during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this act. The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Company to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said act.

2.36 The beneficial owner of the Company has confirmed its intention to provide continuing financial support to the Company so as to enable the Company to continue operating in the foreseeable future. Accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

2.37 Previous year comparatives

Previous year's numbers have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary to confirm to current year's presentation.

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Disclosure on Specified Bank notes (SBN's) pursuant to notification as per amended Schedule III of the 2.38 Companies Act, 2013:

	SBNs	Other denomination notes	Total
Closing cash in hand as on 08.11.2016	-	-	-
(+) Permitted receipts	_	-	-
(-) Permitted payments	_	-	
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	-	-	-
Closing cash in hand as on 30.12.2016	-		

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 119850W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

R. P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

Mumbai

15 May 2017

Shailendra Maru

Director

DIN 03290024

Jatin Shukla

Director

DIN 07442534

Mumbai 15 May 2017