

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Directors of EW Special Opportunities Advisors LLC

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of EW Special Opportunities Advisors LLC ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2015, and its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

For NGS & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 119850W

R.P.Soni

Partner

Membership No. 104796

Place: Mumbai Date: 14 May 2015

Financial Statements together with Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2015

Financial statements together with Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2015

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Auditors' Report

Balance Sheet

Statement of Profit and Loss

Cash Flow Statement

Notes to Financial Statements

Balance Sheet

(Currency:	Indian	rupees)
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	Note	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2014
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	2.1	1,714,909	1,714,909
Reserves and surplus	2.2	(19,375,624)	(12,955,838)
		(17,660,715)	(11,240,929)
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		2,349,189	30,724,174
Other current liabilities	2.3	33,119,665	70,682,579
Short-term provisions	2.4		592,350
		35,468,854	101,999,103
TOTAL		17,808,139	90,758,174
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Non-current investments	2.5	8,160	7,835
		8,160	7,835
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	2.6	329,411	58,369,524
Short-term loans and advances	2.7	17,470,568	32,380,815
		17,799,979	90,750,339
TOTAL		17,808,139	90,758,174
Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements.	1 & 2		

As per our report of even date attached.

CHAMILE HO ACCOUNT

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

R. P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

Mumbai

Date: 1 4 MAY 2015

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Statement of profit and loss

(Currency: Indian rupees)	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014
Revenue from operations Advisory fee income		70,365,805	107,520,793
Total revenue		70,365,805	107,520,793
Expenses:			
Finance costs Other expenses	2.8 2.9	226,826 75,948,574	173,711 80,907,112
Total expenses		76,175,400	81,080,823
(Loss) / Profit before tax		(5,809,595)	26,439,970
Tax expense: Income tax		-	596,136
(Loss) / Profit for the year		(5,809,595)	25,843,834
Earnings per Class A shares (par value USD 1 each) Basic Diluted	2.11	(155.70) (155.70)	692.62 692.62
Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements	1 & 2		

As per our report of even date attached.

CHARTER ACCOUNTS

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

R. P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

Mumbai

Date: 1 4 MAY 2015

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Cash Flow Statement

(Currency: Indian rupees)

		For the year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014
A	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit before taxation		
	Adjustments for Interest expense	(5,809,595)	26,439,970
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes	<u> </u>	4,053
	Adjustments for working capital changes (Increase) / Decrease in short term loans and advances	(5,809,595)	26,444,023
	Increase in current liabilities and provisions	14,783,115	(25,789,530)
		(65,937,899)	16,921,445
	Cash (used in)/ generated from operations	(56,964,379)	17,575,938
	Income taxes paid	(468.010)	17,575,550
	Net cash (used in)/genereted from operating activities - A	(465,218)	(44,583)
В		(57,429,597)	17,531,355
D	Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of non-current investments		
		(325)	(2,413)
	Net cash used in investing activities - B	(325)	(2,413)
C	Cash flow from financing activities	,	(2,413)
	Repayments of short term borrowings (refer note 2) Dividend paid	-	(105,298)
	Interest paid	-	(39,322,538)
	Net cash used in financing activities - C	-	(4,053)
ъ		=	(39,431,889)
D	Change in foreign exchange translation reserve- D	(610,192)	202.556
	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C+D)		292,556
	Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year	(58,040,114)	(21,610,391)
	Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year (Refer note 1)	58,369,524	79,979,915
Note		329,411	58,369,524
1	Cash and cash equivalents include the following:		
	Balances with banks:		
	In current accounts	200 444	
	Total of cash and cash equivalents	329,411	58,369,524
		329,411	58,369,524
2	Net figures have been reported on account of volume of transactions.		

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

ADM

R.P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

Mumbai

Date: 7 May 2014 2015

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The accompanying financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting, unless otherwise stated, and comply with the Accounting Standards as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified), provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 (to the extent applicable) (hereinafter together referred to as 'the Act') and the Schedule III to the Act. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees.

The entity being a foreign company, the assets and liabilities for the purpose of preparation of these financial statements, are translated into Indian Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing as at the balance sheet date. Further, revenue and expense are translated into Indian Rupees at the average exchange rate prevailing during the year and the resulting net translation adjustment has been disclosed as Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve in Reserves and Surplus. The same is in compliance with Accounting Standard 11 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India on "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates".

1.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities as on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from the estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

1.3 Current – non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) It is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle;
- b) It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) It is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d) It is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) It is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle.
- b) It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) It is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

1.3 Current – non-current classification (continued)

d) The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, results in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current

1.4 Revenue recognition

- Advisory fee is recognised on a contractual arrangement in accordance with the term and contract entered into between Company and the counterparty.
- Other income is being recognised on an accrual basis.

1.5 Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs, is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

1.6 Taxation

Tax expense comprises income tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the applicable income-tax law) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effect of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

Income tax

Provision for current tax is recognized based on estimated tax liability computed after adjusting for allowances, disallowances and exemptions in accordance with the tax laws applicable

Deferred tax

The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the asset can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of the assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonable/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

1.7 Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 - Earnings Per Share notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of class A shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue class A shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of class A shares and dilutive potential class A shares outstanding at year end.

1.8 Provisions and contingencies

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an economic benefit will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

1.9 Investments

Investments are classified into long term investments and current investments. Investments which are intended to be held for one year or more are classified as long term investments and investments which are intended to be held for less than one year are classified as current investments.

Long term investments are carried at cost less other than any temporary diminution in value, determined separately for each investment.

Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value. The comparison of cost and fair value is done separately in respect of each investment. In case of investments in mutual funds, the net asset value of units declared by the mutual funds is considered as the fair value.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.1 Share capital

Authorised:

37,313 (Previous year: 37,313) Class A shares of USD 1 each 100 (Previous year: 100) Class B shares of USD 1 each 100 (Previous year: 100) Class C shares of USD 1 each

Issued, subscribed and fully paid up:

37,313 (Previous year: 37,313) Class A shares of USD 1 each 100 (Previous year: 100) Class B shares of USD 1 each 100 (Previous year: 100) Class C shares of USD 1 each

(Out of the above, 25,000 Class A shares of USD 1 each and 100 Class B shares of USD 1 each are held by EAAA LLC, the holding company)

The movement in share capital during the year:

Class A

Outstanding at the beginning of the year Issued during the year As at the end of the year

Class B

Outstanding at the beginning of the year Issued during the year As at the end of the year

2

Outstanding at the beginning of the year Issued during the year As at the end of the year



As at 31 March 2014	1,705,980 4,452 4,477 1,714,909	1,705,980 4,452 4,477	1,714,909
As at 31 March 2015	1,705,980 4,452 4,477 1,714,909	1,705,980 4,452 4,477	1,714,909

As at 31 March 2015	rch 2015	As at 31 March 2014	rch 2014
No of shares	Amount	No of shares	Amount
37,313	1,705,980	37,313	1,705,980
37,313	1,705,980	37,313	1,705,980
As at 31 March 2015	rch 2015	As at 31 March 2014	rch 2014
No of shares	Amount	No of shares	Amount
100	4,452	100	4,452
100	4,452	100	4,452
As at 31 March 2015 No of shares Amou	rch 2015 Amount	As at 31 March 2014 No of shares Amou	rch 2014 Amount
100	4,477	100	4,477
1	4		1
100	4,477	100	4,477

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.1 Share capital (continued)

Terms /rights attached to class A shares:

Class A shares represent the management and voting rights of the Company. The holders of Class A shares have a right to vote on a poll at a meeting of shareholders on any resolution, except for Class meetings of Class B and Class C shareholders. The Class A shares does not carry any distribution rights.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of Class A shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts and distribution to Class B and Class C shares.

shares:

Class B and Class C shares are non voting but have a right to receive notice and to vote on a poll at a meeting of Class B and Class C shareholders only in cases where a vote is taken on matters which will vary and affect the rights of Class B and Class C shareholders. The holders of Class B and Class C shares are entitled to distribution (by way of dividend or otherwise) as per their Class A ownership percentage, unless otherwise mutually agreed between the parties in writing.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of Class B and Class C shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares

		As at 31	March 2015	As at 31 N	March 2014
	Name of the shareholder	No. of shares	Percentage of total number of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of total number of shares
	Class A shares				
	EAAA LLC	25,000	67	25,000	67
	Omniplus Holdings	12,313	33	12,313	33
	Class B shares				
	EAAA LLC	100	100	100	100
	Class C shares				
	Omniplus Holdings	100	100	100	100
2.2	Reserves and surplus				
	Foreign exchange translation reserve		3,686,298		4,296,490
	Deficit in statement of profit and loss Opening balance		(188 BBB BBB)		
	Add/(less): (loss) / profit for the year		(17,252,327)		(3,773,623)
	Amount available for appropriation		(5,809,595) (23,061,922)	_	25,843,834 22,070,211
	Appropriations:		(25,001,722)		22,070,211
	Dividend				39,322,538
	Closing balance		(23,061,922)	_	(17,252,327)
			(19,375,624)		(12,955,837)



Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

As at

31 March 2014 As at

31 March 2015

33,119,665

70,682,579

70,682,579

33,119,665

592,350

592,350

2.4 Short-term provisions

Income received in advance Others Other current liabilities

2.3

Provision for taxation (Net of provision for tax Rs. Nil, previous year Rs. Nil)

EW Special Opportunites Advisors LLC

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

rupees)
Indian
(Currency:

Amount			009	7,235	7,835		7,835
As at 31 March 2014 Onantity Face value			0.01 USD	0.01 USD			
3 Ouantity	(mm)		666	12,038	13,037		
Amount			625	7,535	8,160		8,160
As at 31 March 2015 Ouantity Face value			0.01 USD	0.01 USD			
3 Ouantity			666	12,038	13,037		
Non-current investments - at cost	nguoted	investements in snares of other companies (tuily paid up) Management shares	EW Special Opportunities Fund LLC* Class B shares	EW Special Opportunities Fund LLC*		Aggregate of unquoted investment	- At book value
2.5							

^{*} Change in amount of Investment is due to foreign currency translation



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Cur	rency: Indian rupees)		
		As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2014
2.6	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Balances with banks		
	- in current accounts	329,411	58,369,524
		329,411	58,369,524
2.7	Short-term loans and advances		
	Unsecured, considered good		
	Other loans and advances		
	Prepaid expenses	269,973	4,907,694
í	Advance to EAAA LLC	16,899,516	27,044,910
	Advance income tax (Net of provision for tax Rs. 131, previous year Rs. Nil)	301,079	428,211
	previous year its. Ivily	17,470,568	32,380,815
2.8	Financial costs		
	Interest expense		4,053
	Bank charges	226,826	169,658
		226,826	173,711
2.9	Other expenses		
	Auditors' remuneration (refer note 2.13)	460,590	473,080
	Distributor fees	27,210,451	40,381,222
	Communication	9,881	9,679
	Directors' fees	761,281	753,178
	Legal and professional fees	46,066,040	38,630,099
	License fees	231,442	228,978
	Secretarial charges	47,925	46,945
	Registered address charges	31,867	31,216
	Travelling and conveyance	841,580	124,422
	Miscellaneous expenses	287,517	228,293
		75,948,574	80,907,112



Notes to the financial statement (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.10 Segment reporting

The business of the Company is to carry out investment advisory activities as permitted under the provisions of Financial Services Act, 2007 of Mauritius and accordingly it operates in one segment only. Hence, no disclosures are required under Accounting Standard 17 on Segment Reporting specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014.

2.11 Earnings per share

In accordance with Accounting Standard 20 on Earnings per Share as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, the computation of earnings per share is set out below:

		For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March 2015	31 March 2014
a)	Shareholders earnings (as per statement	(5,809,595)	25,843,834
	of profit and loss)		
b)	Calculation of weighted average number		
	of Class A Shares of USD 1 each:		
	- Number of shares at the beginning of	37,313	37,313
	the year		
	 Shares issued during the year (number 	esa.	ma .
	of shares issued)		
	Total number of Class A shares		
	outstanding at the end of the year	37,313	37,313
	Weighted average number of Class A		
	shares outstanding during the year (based	37,313	37,313
	on the date of issue of shares)		
	Nominal value per share in USD	1	1
(c)	Basic and diluted earnings per share (in	(155.70)	692.62
	rupees) (a/b)		

The basic and diluted earnings per share are the same as there are no dilutive potential Class A shares.



Notes to the financial statement (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.12 Disclosure as required by the Accounting Standard 18 – "Related party transactions" as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014:

(A) Names of related parties by whom control is exercised

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited

Ultimate holding company

EC International Limited

Holding company of EAAA LLC

EAAA LLC

Holding company

(B) Name of fellow subsidiaries with whom transaction has taken place

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

Fellow subsidiary

(C) Transactions and balances with related parties:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014
Current account transactions		
Reimbursement of expenses		
EAAA LLC		2,573,085
Short term loans and advances (Assets) taken		
EAAA LLC	24,458,835	-
Unsecured loan repaid		
EC International Limited	est	117,121
EAAA LLC	12,229,417	27,516,189
Interest expense on loan		
EC International Limited	888	4,053
Dividend expense		
EAAA LLC	_	39,322,538
Sub advisory fee expense Edelweiss Alternative Asset		
Advisors Limited	1,834,413	3,024,811



Notes to the financial statement (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.12 Related parties (continued)

(C) Transactions and balances with related parties (continued):

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014
Balances with related parties		
Unsecured short term loans EC International Limited	-	105,298
Trade payables Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	1,877,724	3,004,990
Short term loans and Advances (Assets) EAAA LLC	16.899,516	27,044,910

2.13 Auditors' remuneration

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014
As auditors	460,590	473,000
Total	460,590	473,000

2.14 Capital commitments and contingent liabilities

The Company has no capital commitments and contingent liabilities as at the balance sheet date (Previous year Rs. Nil).

2.15 Disclosure under Schedule III of the Companies Act

Disclosure under Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 has been made to the extent applicable to the Company.

Notes to the financial statement (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.16 The beneficial owner of the Company has confirmed its intention to provide continuing financial support to the Company so as to enable the Company to continue operating in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

As per our Report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

R. P. Soni

Partner

ACCOUNTA

Membership No.: 104796

Mumbai

Date: 1 4 MAY 2015

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director