

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Directors of EW India Special Assets Advisors LLC

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of EW India Special Assets Advisors LLC ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2015, and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

For NGS & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 119850W

R.P.Soni

Partner

Membership No. 104796

Place: Mumbai Date: 14 May 2015

Financial Statements together with Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2015

Financial statements together with Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2015

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Auditors' Report

Balance Sheet

Statement of Profit and Loss

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Notes to Financial Statements

Balance Sheet

(Currency: Indian rupees)

	Note	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2014
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	2.1	88,204,758	14,739,133
Reserves and surplus	2.2	(81,577,083)	(88,328,250)
		6,627,675	(73,589,117)
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowing	2.3	6,259,080	108,780,638
Trade payables		17,525,518	58,102,593
		23,784,598	166,883,231
TOTAL		30,412,272	93,294,114
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Non-current investments	2.4	688	1,626
_		688	1,626
Current assets		•	
Trade receivables	2.5	30,130,759	91,725,261
Cash and cash equivalents	2.6	10,824	1,307,971
Short-term loans and advances	2.7	270,001	259,256
		30,411,584	93,292,488
ГОТАL		30,412,272	93,294,114
Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements.	1 & 2		

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

R. P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

Director

Director

Mumbai

Date: 1 4 MAY 2015

Statement of Profit and Loss

(Currency:	Indian	rupees)
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Particulars	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014
Revenue from operations Advisory fee income		45,062,955	(38,079,946)
Total revenue		45,062,955	(38,079,946)
Expenses			
Finance costs Other expenses	2.8 2.9	109,639 40,040,907	119,755 37,129,858
Total expenses		40,150,546	37,249,613
Profit / (loss) before tax		4,912,409	(75,329,558)
Tax expense: Income tax		-	-
Profit / (loss) for the year		4,912,409	(75,329,558)
Earnings per Class A shares (par value USD 1 each) Basic Diluted	2.11	3.67 3.67	(336.07) (336.07)
Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements	1 & 2		

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

R. P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Director

Mumbai

Date: 1 4 MAY 2015

Cash Flow Statement

(Cu	rrency: Indian rupees)		
		For the year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014
A	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profits / (loss) before taxation Adjustments for	4,912,409	(75,329,558)
	Adjustments for working capital changes		
	Decrease / (increase) in trade receivables	61,594,502	(84,996,095)
	Increase in short term loans and advances	(10,745)	(24,634)
	Increase / (decrease) in trade payables and other current liabilities	(143,098,634)	144,245,045
	Cash used in operations	(76,602,468)	(16,105,242)
	Income taxes paid		-
	Net cash used in operating activities - A	(76,602,468)	(16,105,242)
В	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Purchase / (sale) of non-current investment	938	(155)
	Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities - B	938	(155)
C	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Proceeds from issue of share capital	73,465,625	13,155,183
	Net cash generated from financing activities - C	73,465,625	13,155,183
D	Change in foreign exchange translation reserve	1,838,758	292,774
	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C+D)	(1,297,147)	(2,657,440)
	Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year (Refer note 1)	1,307,971 10,824	3,965,411 1,307,971
Note	s:		
1	Cash and cash equivalents include the following:		
	Balances with banks:		
	In current accounts	10,824	1,307,971
	Total of cash and cash equivalents	10,824	1,307,971

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

CHARTERED PCCOUNTAINS

R. P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Director

Mumbai

Date: 1 4 MAY 2015

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The accompanying financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting, unless otherwise stated, and comply with the Accounting Standards as prescribed under Section 133of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified), provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 (to the extent applicable) (hereinafter together referred to as 'the Act') and the Schedule III to the Act. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees.

The entity being a foreign Company, the assets and liabilities for the purpose of preparation of these financial statements, are translated into Indian Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing as at the balance sheet date. Further, revenue and expense are translated into Indian Rupees at the average exchange rate prevailing during the year and the resulting net translation adjustment has been disclosed as Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve in Reserves and Surplus. The same is in compliance with Accounting Standard 11 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India on "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates".

1.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities as on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from the estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

1.3 Current - non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) It is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle;
- b) It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) It is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d) It is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current Assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) It is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle.
- b) It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) It is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

1.3 Current – non-current classification (continued)

d) The company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, results in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current

1.4 Revenue recognition

Advisory fee is recognised on a contractual arrangement in accordance with the term and contract entered into between Company and the counterparty.

1.5 Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs, is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

1.6 Taxation

Tax expense comprises income tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the applicable income-tax law) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effect of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

Income tax

Provision for income tax is recognized based on estimated tax liability computed after adjusting for allowances, disallowances and exemptions in accordance with the tax laws applicable

Deferred tax

The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the asset can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of the assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonable/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

Earnings per share 1.7

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 - Earnings Per Share notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of class A shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue class A shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of class A shares and dilutive potential class A shares outstanding at year end.

Provisions and contingencies 1.8

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an economic benefit will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

Investments 1.9

Investments are classified into long term investments and current investments. Investments which are intended to be held for one year or more are classified as long term investments and investments which are intended to be held for less than one year are classified as current investments.

Long term investments are carried at cost less other than any temporary diminution in value, determined separately for each investment.

Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value. The comparison of cost and fair value is done separately in respect of each investment. In case of investments in mutual funds, the net asset value of units declared by the mutual funds is considered as the fair value.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupces)

2.1

Share capital		As at 31 March 2015		As at 31 March 2014
Authorised:				
1,511,000 (Previous year: 261,000) Class A shares of USD I each		87,757,558		14,291,933
1,000 (Previous year 1000) Class B shares of USD 10 each		447,200		447,200
		88,204,758		14 830 433
		00,204,130	Gar	14,739,133
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up:				
1,511,000 (Previous year 261,000) Class A shares of USD 1 each		87,757,558		14,291,933
1,000 (Previous year 1000) Class B shares of USD 10 each		447,200		447,200
		90 804 820	***	
(The Class A shares are entirely held by EAAA LLC, the holding company)		88,204,758	-	14,739,133
(Out of the above 1,000 Class B shares, the holding company, EAAA L class B shares of USD 10 each.)	LC is holding 900			
The movement in share capital during the year:	As at 31 N	lamit 2016	4	
	No of shares	Amnunt	As at 31 Ma No of shares	
Class A shares	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	VIIIORIII	NO OI SHATES	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	261,000	14,291,933	25,000	1,136,750
Issued during the year As at the end of the year	1,250,000	73,465,625	236,000	13,155,183
As at the end of the year	1,511,000	87,757,558	261,000	14,291,933
	As at 31 M		As at 31 Ma	irch 2014
Class B shares	No of shares	Amount	No of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1.000	447,200	1.000	
Issued during the year	# 9000	447,600	1,000	447,200
As at the end of the year	1,000	447,200	1.000	447.200
			1,000	777,200

Terms /rights attached to class A shares:

Class A shares represent the management and voting rights of the Company. The holders of Class A shares have a right to vote on a poll at a meeting of shareholders on any resolution, except for Class meetings of Class B shareholders. The Class A shares does not carry any distribution rights.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of Class A shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts and distribution to Class B shares.

Terms /rights attached to class B shares:

Class B shares are non voting but have a right to receive notice and to vote on a poll at a meeting of Class B shareholders only in cases where a vote is taken on matters which will vary and affect the rights of Class B shareholders. The shareholder of Class B shares would be entitled to receive distributions (by way of dividend or otherwise) from the amounts available for distribution to the shareholders as may be decided by the Board from time to time.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of Class B shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares

	As at As at 31 March 2015 31 March 2			
Name of the shareholder	No. of shares	Percentage of total number of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of total number of
Class A Shares EAAA LLC	1,511,000	100	261,000	shares
Class B Shares EAAA LLC	900	90	900	
Gamla Livforsakringsaktiebolaget SEB Trygg Liv (publ)	100	10	100	90 10



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

ind surplus	
Reserves a	
2.7	

Foreign exchange translation reserve

Deficit in statement of profit and loss

Opening balance
Add: profit / (loss)for the year
Closing balance



Unsecured, due within one year unless and otherwise stated EAAA LLC, holding company

108,780,638

6,259,080



108,780,638	6,259,080
(88,328,250)	(81,577,083)
(75,329,559)	4,912,409
(1,997,862)	(159,104)
As at 31 March 2014	As at 31 March 2015

EW India Special Assets Advisors LLC

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)	31 Strongth	As at 31 March 2015 Boos volue	÷ sa copula		As at 31 March 2014	***************************************
	Sample Sample	I. acc value		(manner)	race value	Amount
Uher non-current investments Management shares						
EW India Special Assets Fund LLC* Class B shares	666	0.01 USD	625	666	0.01 USD	009
EW India Special Assets Fund LLC Ordinary shares	2r		\$	1,707	0.01 USD	1,025
EW India Special Assets Fund Pte Limited		9	63	4	ı	ı
	1,000		688	2,706		1,625
Aggregate of unquoted investment						
			989			1,625

^{*} Change in amount of Investment is due to foreign currency translation



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Cui	тепсу: Indian rupees)		
2.5	Trade receivables	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2014
æ.J	Unsecured, considered good		
	Debtors outstanding for a period exceeding six months	18,570,876	
	Other debts	11,559,883	91,725,261
		30,130,759	91,725,261
2.6	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Balances with banks		
	- in current accounts	10,824	1,307,971
		10,824	1,307,971
2.7	Short-term loans and advances		
	Other loans and advances		
	Prepaid expenses	270,001	259,256
		270,001	259,256
2.8	Financial costs		
	Bank charges	109,639	119,755
		109,639	119,755
2.9	Other expenses		
	Auditors' remuneration (refer note 2.13)	460,590	473,080
	Communication	9,881	9,679
	Directors fees	550,324	-
	Legal and professional fees	38,659,145	36,281,426
	License fees	231,442	228,978
	Registered address charges	31,867	31,216
	Secretarial service	47,925	46,945
	Miscellaneous expenses	49,733	58,533



40,040,907

37,129,857

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.10 Segment reporting

The business of the Company is to carry out investment advisory activities as permitted under the provisions of Financial Services Act, 2007 of Mauritius and accordingly it operates in one segment only. Hence, no disclosures are required under Accounting Standard 17 on Segment Reporting specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014.

2.11 Earnings per share

In accordance with Accounting Standard 20 on Earnings per share notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, the computation of earnings per share is set out below.

		For the year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014
a)	Shareholders earnings (statement of profit and loss)	4,912,409	(75,329,558)
b)	Calculation of weighted average number of Class A Shares of USD 1 each:		
	- Number of shares at the beginning of the year	261,000	25,000
	- Shares issued during the year (number of shares issued)	1,250,000	236,000
	Total number of Class A shares outstanding at the end of the year	1,511,000	261,000
	Weighted average number of Class A shares outstanding during the year (based on the date of issue of shares)	1,339,767	224,145
	Nominal value per share in USD	1	1
c)	Basic and diluted earnings per share (in		
	rupees) (a/b)	3.67	(336.07)

The basic and diluted earnings per share are the same as there are no dilutive potential Class A shares.

2.12 Disclosure as required by the Accounting Standard 18 – "Related party transactions" as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014:

(A) Names of related parties by whom control is exercised

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited

Ultimate holding company

EC International Limited

Holding company of EAAA LLC

EAAA LLC

Holding company

(B) Name of fellow subsidiaries with whom transactions have taken place:

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

Fellow subsidiary



EW India Special Assets Advisors LLC Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Related parties (continued)

Transactions and balances with related party:

Transactions and balances with related party:		
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014
Capital account transactions		
Class A Share capital issued EAAA LLC	73,465,625	13,155,183
Current account transactions		·
Sub advisory fee expense Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	16,509,713	24,682,455
Reimbursement of expenses EAAA LLC	-	1,088,932
Unsecured loan taken		
EAAA LLC	6,114,709	75,620,250
Unsecured loan repaid EAAA LLC	34,242,369	1,088,932
Unsecured loan converted to equity shares EAAA LLC	73,465,625	13,155,183
Balances with related parties		
Trade payables Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	16,899,516	24,520,718
Unsecured loan EAAA LLC	6,259,080	108,780,638

Loan given to/taken from related parties are disclosed based on the maximum incremental amount given/taken during the reporting period.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.13 Auditors' remuneration

	For the year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014
As Auditors	460,590	473,080
Other matters	-	-
Out-of-pocket expenses	-	-
Total	460,590	473,080

2.14 Capital commitments and contingent liabilities

The Company has no capital commitments and contingent liabilities as at the balance sheet date. (Previous year: Nil)

2.15 Disclosure under Schedule III of the Companies Act

Disclosure under Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 has been made to the extent applicable to the Company.

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

R. P. Soni

Partner

8. CO

MUMBAI

PED ACCOUNT

Membership No.: 104796

Mumbai

Date 1 4 MAY 2015

Director

Director