Financial Statements together with Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2017

# Financial statements together with Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2017

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#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To The Members of Allium Finance Private Limited

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Allium Finance Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2017, and its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.



CHITTORGARH

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c. the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d. in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statement comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.;
  - e. on the basis of written representations received from the Directors as on 31 March 2017, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2017, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
  - f. with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"; and
  - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - i. the Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
    - ii. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
    - iii. there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
    - iv. the Company did not have any holdings or dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from 8 November 2016 to 30 December 2016 Refer Note 2.38.

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 119850W

R. P. Soni Partner

Membership No.:104796

Place: Mumbai Date: 15 May 2017



#### Annexure A to the Auditors' Report

to in our Independent Auditors' Papart to the members of Allium Finance Private

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Allium Finance Private Limited ('the Company') on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, we report that:

- (i) Based on our examination of documents and records, the Company does not own any fixed assets as at balance sheet date. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(i)(a) to 3(i)(c) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) Based on our examination of documents and records, the Company does not own any inventory during the year. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans to directors including entities in which they are interested in respect of which the provisions of section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable and hence not commented upon. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans and advances given and investments made.
- (iv) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- (v) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for any of the services rendered by the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, service tax, cess and other material statutory dues, applicable to it, have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities. As explained to us, Company did not have any dues on account of employees' state insurance, sales tax, value added tax, duty of excise and duty of custom.
  - According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income-tax, service tax, cess and other material statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, service tax, and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) The Company does not have any loans or borrowings from any financial institution, bank, government and debenture holders. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (viii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (ix) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.



- (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, during the year, the Company has not paid/provided for managerial remuneration. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the Company has registered as required, under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For NGS & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 119850W

R. P. Soni Partner

Membership No.:104796

Place: Mumbai Date: 15 May 2017



#### Annexure B to the Auditors' Report

MUMBAI . INDORE . CHITTORGARH

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Allium Finance Private Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2017 in conjunction with our audit of financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.





## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

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Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For NGS & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

R. P. Soni Partner

Membership No.: 104796

Place: Mumbai Date: 15 May 2017

Ba	lar	ıce	sh	eet

(Currency: Indian rupees)	Note	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds	2.1	68,257,240	68,257,240
Share capital	2.1	572,827,025	591,427,330
Reserves and surplus	<i></i>	641,084,265	659,684,570
Non-current liabilities		400.010.070	201,000
Long-term provisions	2.3	120,212,968	201,000
Current liabilities			
Trade payables  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises	2.32	-	-
and small enterprises	2.4	482,787	1,471,332
Other current liabilities	2.5	727,405	2,484,325
Short-term provisions	2.6	2,212,500	80,644,127
·		764,719,925	744,485,354
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Non-current investments	2.7	259,848,634	259,848,634
Deferred tax assets	2.8	37,162,125	24,815,673
Long-term loans and advances	2.9	413,792,501	135,926,830
Long term tours and an	_	710,803,260	420,591,137
Current assets		44 101 505	26 994 250
Cash and bank balances	2.10	44,191,797	36,884,259
Short-term loans and advances	2.11	7,316,090	284,729,820
Other current assets	2.12	2,408,778 53,916,665	2,280,138 323,894,217
	=	764,719,925	744,485,354
Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements.	1 & 2		

As per our report of even date attached

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For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

R. P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amit Agarwal

Director

DIN: 06396342

Pawan Kumar Agarwal

Director

DIN: 01056455

Ashvini Kaluskar

Company secretary

Mumbai 15 May 2017

Mumbai 15 May 2017

### Statement of Profit and Loss

(Currency: Indian rupees)	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Revenue from operations Fee and commission income Interest income	2.13 2.14	15,500,000 5,646,937	6,318,313
Total revenue  Expenses	-	21,146,937	
Employee benefit expenses Finance costs Other expenses	2.15 2.16 2.17	2,754,315 117,419 45,222,960	2,595,330 198 42,597,082
Total expenses	-	48,094,694	45,192,610
Loss before tax  Tax expense		(26,947,757)	(38,874,297)
Current tax MAT credit entitlement Deferred tax benefit		3,999,000 - (12,346,452)	(437) (11,341,525)
Loss for the year	-	(18,600,305)	(27,182,475)
Earnings per equity share (₹) (face value of ₹ 10 each):  (1) Basic  (2) Diluted	2.20	(10.72) (2.73)	(15.67) (3.98)
Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements.	1 & 2		

As per our limited review report of even date attached

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

R. P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

/

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amit Agarwai

Ashvini Kaluskar Company secretary

Director

DIN: 06396342

Mumbai

15 May 2017

Pawan Kumar Agarwal

Director

DIN: 01056455

Mumbai

15 May 2017

## Cash Flow Statement

(Currency: Indian rupees)	For the year ended	For the year ended
A Cash flow from operating activities	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Loss before taxation	(26,947,757)	(38,874,297)
Adjustments for	(46,282)	101,000
Provision for gratuity	(7,000)	15,000
Provision for compensated absences	9,436	(18,378)
Provision for standard assets	40,000,000	40,000,000
Provision for non-performing asset	(2,955,119)	(1,886,444)
Interest income on fixed deposit		
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	10,053,278	(663,119)
Adjustments for working capital changes		44.404.005
Decrease in receivable from financing business	-	11,126,327
Increase in other assets	(1,076,902)	(41,988)
Increase / (Decrease) in current liablities and provisions	(2,745,466)	1,574,678
Cash generated from operations	6,230,910	11,995,898
	(1,914,157)	(403,339)
Income taxes paid	4,316,753	11,592,559
Net cash generated from operating activities - ${f A}$	4,310,733	11,572,557
B Cash flow from investing activities		
Increase in short term deposits placed with bank	(6,292,043)	(34,118,231)
Proceeds from redemption of non-current investments	-	2,852,904
Interest received on fixed deposit	2,990,785	1,754,798
Net cash used in investing activities - B	(3,301,258)	(29,510,529)
C Cash flow from financing activities - C	-	-
Net Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	1,015,495	(17,917,970)
Net increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalent (2 = 2 )		
Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year	2,766,028	20,683,998
Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year  Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year (refer note below)	3,781,523	2,766,028
Note:		
Cash and cash equivalents include the following:		
In current accounts	853,297	17,431
In deposit accounts	2,928,226	2,748,597
III ucposit accounts	3,781,523	2,766,028

As per our report of even date attached

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

R. P. Soni

Membership No.: 104796

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Mumbai 15 May 2017 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pawan Kumar Agarwal

Director

DIN: 01056455

Amit Agarwal

Director

DIN: 06396342

Ashvini Kaluskar

Company secretary

Mumbai

15 May 2017

## Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Indian rupees)

#### Significant accounting policies 1.

#### Basis of preparation of financial statements 1.1

The accompanying financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting, unless otherwise stated, and comply with the Accounting Standards as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified), (hereinafter together referred to as 'the Act') and the Schedule III to the Act and circulars and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees.

The Company being a NBFC registered with RBI follows the guidelines issued by the RBI, in respect of income recognition, provisioning for non-performing assets and valuation of investments.

#### Use of estimates 1.2

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities as on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from the estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

#### Current/non-current classification 1.3

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

#### **Assets**

An asset is classified as current when it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle or it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded or it is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date or it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or expected to be used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Current assets include the current portion of non-current assets. All other assets are classified as noncurrent.

### Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle or it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded or it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date or the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification. Current liabilities include current portion of non-current liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### 1.4 Revenue recognition

- a) Interest income is recognised on accrual basis except in case of Non Performing Assets, which is recognised on receipt basis, as per the RBI guidelines.
- b) Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.
- c) Gain / Yield on Security Receipts is accounted for, based on the redemption advice received from the trust.

## 1.5 Provisioning on advances

Provision for non performing assets is based on the management's assessment of the degree of impairment of the loan asset and the level of provisioning required as per the prudential norms prescribed by the RBI.

Provision for standard assets is being made on the basis of prudential norms laid down by the RBI.

### 1.6 Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

#### 1.7 Investments

Investments are classified into long term investments and current investments. Investments which are intended to be held for one year or more are classified as long term investments and investments which are intended to be held for less than one year are classified as current investments.

Long term investments are carried at cost less other than diminution in value which is temporary, determined separately for each investment.

Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value. The comparison of cost and fair value is done separately in respect of each investment. In case of investments in mutual funds, the net asset value of units declared by the mutual funds is considered as the fair value.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 1.8 Taxation

Tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the Income-Tax Act, 1961) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effect of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

#### Current tax

Provision for current tax is recognised based on estimated tax liability computed after adjusting for allowances, disallowances and exemptions in accordance with the tax laws applicable.

### Deferred taxation

The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the asset can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of the assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonable/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

### 1.9 Employee benefits

The accounting policy followed by the Company in respect of its employee benefit schemes in accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (revised 2005), is set out below:

#### Gratuity

The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefits scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. This benefit is discounted to determine its present value and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted.

The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation carried out by an independent actuary using the Projected Unit Credit Method which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at present values of estimated future cash flows. The discounted rates used for determining the present value are based on the market yields on Government Securities as at the balance sheet date.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.



## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Indian rupees)

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### 1.9 Employee benefits (continued)

Compensated Absences

The eligible employees of the Company are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Company recognises the charge to the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on account of such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement as per AS 15 – Accounting for employee benefits based on a valuation by an independent actuary.

### 1.10 Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 – "Earnings Per Share" as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.

### 1.11 Provisions and contingencies

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an economic benefit will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.



rency: Indian rupees)		As at 31 March 2017		As at 31 March 2016
2.1 Share capital				
(a) Authorised:		21,000,000		21,000,000
2,100,000 (Previous year: 2,100,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10 each 5,500,000 (Previous year: 5,500000) Preference shares of ₹ 10 each		55,000,000		55,000,000
5,500,000 (Previous year: 5,500000) 1 reference shales of \$\circ\$ 10 cash	_	76,000,000	=	76,000,000
(b) Issued, subscribed and paid up: 1,734,339 (Previous year: 1,734,339) Equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully part of the control of the contro	paid-up	17,343,390		17,343,390
5,019,385 (Previous year: 5,019,385) 0.01% - Compulsorily Convertible cumulative Preference shares - "Series A" of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	e Non-	50,913,850		50,913,850
cumulative Preference snares - Series A of Crocaen, runy para ap		68,257,240	-	68,257,240
(c) The movement in share capital during the year:				
(i) Equity shares	31 Mai	rch 2017	31 M	farch 2016
	No of shares	Amount	No of shares	Amount
Share capital at the beginning of the year	1,734,339	17,343,390 -	1,734,339	17,343,390
Share capital issued during the year Share capital at the end of the year	1,734,339	17,343,390	1,734,339	17,343,390
(ii) 0.01% - Compulsorily Convertible Non- cumulative Preference shares - "Series A"	31 Mai	rch 2017 Amount	31 N No of shares	March 2016 Amount
	NO OI SHALCS	Allivaire		
Share capital at the beginning of the year	5,091,385	50,913,850	5,091,385	50,913,850
Share capital issued during the year				50.012.050
Share capital at the end of the year	5,091,385	50,913,850	5,091,385	50,913,850
(d) Details of Equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:				
Company.	31 Ma	rch 2017		March 2016
	No of shares %	6 holding in the class	No of shares	% holding in the class
Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited	800,000	46%	800,000	46%
RMS Automation Systems Limited	800,000	46%	800,000	46%
EW India Special Assets Fund Pte. Limited	134,339	8%	134,339	100%
•	1,734,339	100%	1,734,339	10076
(e) Details of Preference shareholders holding more than 5% shares i	n the Company:	arch 2017	31	March 2016
0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Non- cumulative Preference Shares - "Series A"		6 holding in the class	No of shares	% holding in the class
Edelcap Securities Limited	991,056	19%	991,056	19%
EW India Special Assets Fund Pte. Limited	4,100,329	81%	4,100,329	81%
EW India Special Assets Fund Fte. Limited	5,091,385	100%	5,091,385	100%



## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

### 2.1 Share capital (Continued)

### (f) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

## (g) Terms/rights attached to 0.01% - Compulsorily Convertible Non- cumulative Preference shares - "Series A" (CCPS-A)

The Preference Shares of the face value of ₹ 10 each were issued at the rate of ₹ 125 per share. The Preference Shares are Compulsorily Convertible. The Preference Shares carry a Non-cumulative dividend of 0.01%. During the term of the CCPS-A, the shareholder can convert any or all the CCPS-A into 1 equity share of ₹ 10 each.

144,224 Preference Shares were alloted on February 7, 2012. The Shares remaining outstanding as at January 31, 2022, shall be compulsorily converted into 1 equity shares of ₹ 10 each.

4,947,161 Preference Shares were alloted on December 13, 2012. The Shares remaining outstanding as at December 31, 2022, shall be compulsorily converted into 1 equity shares of ₹ 10 each.

2.2 Reserves and surplus	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Securities premium account - Opening balance Add: Additions during the year Closing balance	624,808,260 - 624,808,260	624,808,260
Special Reserve under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, of India - Opening balance (*) Add: Additions during the year Closing Balance	3,885,373	3,885,373
Surplus in statement of profit and loss  Opening balance  Add: Loss for the year  Amount available for appropriation  Appropriations:  Transfer to Special Reserve under Section 45-IC of the Reserve	(37,266,303) (18,600,305) (55,866,608)	(10,083,828) (27,182,475) (37,266,303)
Bank of India Act, 1934 (*)  Closing balance	(55,866,608) 572,827,025	(37,266,303)

(\*) Represents reserve created @ 20% of the profit after tax for the year as per the provisions of section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.



irrency: Indian rupees)	As at	As at
2.3 Long-term provisions	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Provision for employee benefits Gratuity Compensated leave absences	143,718 22,000	173,000 28,000
Others Provision for non performing assets Provision for standard assets	120,000,000 47,250 120,212,968	201,000
2.4 Trade payables  Trade payables to related parties	114,376	23,374
Others	368,411	1,447,958
	482,787	1,471,332



Currency: Indian rupees)  2.5 Other current liabilities			As at 31 March 2017			As at 31 March 2016
2.5 Other current nationals						650,000
Accrued salaries and benefits			440,000 286,673			560,893
Witholding tax, service tax and other statu	itory dues	payable	200,073			1,272,700
Book overdraft			732			732
Others						
			727,405			2,484,325
2.6 Short-term provisions						
Provision for employee benefits						45,000
Gratuity			28,000			7,000
Compensated leave absences			6,000			
Provision for standard assets Provision for non performing assets			18,808 -			56,622 80,000,000
Provision for taxation (net of advance						
tax and tax deducted at source)			2,159,692			535,505
		<u>-</u>	2,212,500		_	80,644,127
		As : 31 Marc			As a	
2.7 Non-current investments - at cost	Face Value	Quantity	Amount	Face Value	Quantity	Amount
Others (unquoted)						
Investments in Security Receipts				1 000	255 000	255,000,000
- EARC - SAF 1 -Trust	1,000	255,000	255,000,000		255,000 10,000	4,848,634
- EARC - SAF 2 -Trust	485	10,000	4,848,634	485	10,000	4,010,051
		-	259,848,634			259,848,634
Aggregate of unquoted investment - At book value			259,848,634			259,848,634



(Currency:	Indian	minocol
(Currency.	Illulali	Tupees)

2.8 Deferred tax assets	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	61,713	78,177
Provision for non-performing assets and standard assets	37,100,412	24,737,496
 	37,162,125	24,815,673
2.9 Long-term loans and advances		
Secured, considered good		
Receivable from financing business		
- considered performing asset	13,500,000	18,873,673
Secured, considered doubtful		
- considered non performing asset	400,000,000	116,300,000
Unsecured, considered good		
Advance tax and tax deducted at source (net of provision for	292,501	753,157
taxation)	292,301	755,157
	413,792,501	135,926,830
.10 Cash and bank balances		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	853,297	17,431
- in fixed deposits with maturity less than 3 months	2,928,226	2,748,597
Other bank balances		04.110.001
- Short term deposits with banks	40,410,274	34,118,231
<del>-</del>	44,191,797	36,884,259



(Currency: Indian rupees)	As at	As at
2.11 Short-term loans and advances	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Secured, considered good Receivable from financing business	5,373,673	-
Secured, considered doubtful - considered non performing asset	5,373,673	283,700,000 283,700,000
Unsecured, considered good Other loans and advances Prepaid expenses Loans and advances to employees	10,084 115,000	12,777 9,621
Vendor advances  Cenvat and VAT Assets  Advance tax and tax deducted at source (net of provision)  MAT credit entitlement	11,237 1,437,519 368,140 437	25,278 981,707 - 437
-	1,942,417	1,029,820
- =	7,316,090	284,729,820
2.12 Other current assets		
Accrued interest on fixed deposits Accrued interest on loans given Receivable from client	338,288 2,070,490 -	373,954 458,724 1,447,460
	2,408,778	2,280,138



(Curre	ncy: Indian rupees)	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
2.13	Fee and commission income		
	Advisory and other fees	15,500,000	-
		15,500,000	-
2.14	Interest income		
	On loans On fixed deposits On investment in security receipts On others	2,558,543 2,955,119 127,891 5,384	3,182,039 1,886,444 1,163,127 86,703
		5,646,937	6,318,313



(Currency: Indian rupees)	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
2.15 Employee benefit expenses		
Salaries and wages Contribution to provident and other funds	2,226,640 57,445	2,481,572 59,462
(refer note 2.36) Staff welfare expenses	30,230	54,295
	2,754,315	2,595,330
2.16 Finance costs		
Interest - others	117,361	27
Bank charges	58	171
	117,419	198



(Currency: Indian rupees)	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
2.17 Other expenses		
Advertisement and business promotion Auditors' remuneration Communication Computer expenses Clearing and custodian charges Electricity charges (refer note 2.37) Legal and professional fees Membership and Subscription Office expenses Printing and stationery Provision for standard assets Provision for non performing asset Rates and taxes Rent (refer note 2.37) ROC expenses Service tax expenses Travelling and conveyance	75,000 754 25,193 14,064 68,944 3,281,131 36,646 151,921 4,780 9,436 40,000,000 3,355 417,570 1,800 547,621 584,745	16,030 176,000 5,020 13,899 75,701 947,838 42,278 17,725 31,575 (18,378) 40,000,000 4,460 522,565 512 350,428 411,429
Auditors' remuneration: As auditor	75,000 75,000	176,000 176,000



## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

### 2.18 Segment reporting

The Company is into business of financing, and accordingly it operates in one segment only. Hence, no segmental disclosure is separately required to be made under Accounting Standard 17 on "Segment Reporting".

- 2.19 Disclosure as required by Accounting Standard 18 "Related Party Disclosure" as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014
  - (i) Names of related parties which exercise significant influence over the Company

Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited RMS Automation Systems Limited

(ii) Holding company of the entity which exercise significant influence over the Company

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, the holding company of Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited

(iii) Transactions with related parties:

(111)	Transactions with related parties.			
Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	2016-17	2015-16
<b>(I)</b>	Current account transactions			
	Cost reimbursements paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Commodities Services	35,482	17,203
		Limited	298,158	598,266
	Reimbursements paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Commodities Services	618,755	550,515
		Limited	5,941,170	-
(II)	Balances with related parties			
	Trade payables to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	71,657	23,374
1				



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 2.20 Earnings per share

In accordance with Accounting Standard 20 on Earnings Per Share notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the computation of earnings per share is set out below:

		For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
a)	Net amount attributable to equity shareholders (as per statement of profit and loss) Calculation of weighted average number of equity	(18,600,305)	(27,182,475)
	shares of ₹ 10 each:  - Number of shares at the beginning of the year  - Shares issued during the year (number of shares	1,734,339	1,734,339
	issued) Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	1,734,339	1,734,339
b)	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (based on the date of		
	issue of shares)	1,734,339	1,734,339
۵\	Number of dilutive potential equity shares	5,091,385	5,091,385
c)	Basic earnings per share (in ₹) (a/b)	(10.72)	(15.67)
d) e)	Diluted earnings per share (in ₹) {a / (b+c)}	(2.73)	(3.98)

The Company has issued compulsorily convertible non-cumulative preference shares which have been considered for the purpose of computing diluted earnings per share.



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Schedule to the Balance Sheet of a non-deposit taking non-banking financial company (as required in terms of Paragraph 13 of Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007. (Figures are as at 31 March 2017)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

		Amount Outstanding	Amount Overdue
	<u>Liabilities side</u> :		
(1)	Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid:	_	-
	(a) Debentures : Secured : Unsecured (other than falling within the meaning of	•	-
	public deposits *)		-
	(b) Deferred Credits	-	-
	(c) Term Loans (d) Inter-Corporate Loans and Borrowing	-	-
	(e) Commercial Paper	-	-
	(f) Other loans: (g) Loan from holding company	-	-
	(* Please see Note 1 below)		
		Amount	Outstanding
	Assets side:		
(2)	Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables [other than those included in (4) below]:		
	(a) Secured (b)Unsecured		4,188.74 -
(3)	Break-up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and hypothecation loans counting towards AFC activities		
	(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors :		_
	<ul><li>(a) Financial Lease</li><li>(b) Operating Lease</li></ul>		-
	(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:		-
	<ul><li>(a) Assets on Hire</li><li>(b) Repossessed Assets</li></ul>		
	<ul> <li>(iii) Hypothecation loans counting towards EL / HP activities:</li> <li>(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed</li> <li>(b) Loans other than (a) above</li> </ul>		-



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Schedule to the Balance Sheet of a non-deposit taking non-banking financial company 2.21 (as required in terms of Paragraph 13 of Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007. (Figures are as at 31 March 2017) (continued)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

			Amo	ount Outstanding
	D. 1 Clusteranta			
(4)	Break-up of Investments			
	Current Investments:			
	1. Quoted:			- 1
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity			- 1
	(b) Preference			-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds		·	
	(iii) Units of Mutual Funds			-
	(iv) Government Securities			- 1
	(v) Others			-
	2. <u>Unquoted</u> :			-
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity (b) Preference			-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds			-
	(iii) Units of Mutual Funds			-
	(iv) Government Securities			-
	(v) Others (Debt instruments)			-
	(V) Others (Debt instruments)			- \
	Long Term investments:			
	1. Quoted: (i) Shares: (a) Equity			-
	(b) Preference			-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds			-
	(iii) Units of Mutual Funds			-
	(iv) Government Securities			-
	(v) Others			-
	2. <u>Unquoted</u> :			
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity			-
	(b) Preference			-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds			-
	(iii) Units of Mutual Funds			-
	(iv) Government Securities			-
	(v) Others (securities receipts issued by	y trusts)		2,598.49
	(,)			
(5)	Borrower group-wise classification of al (Please see Note 2 below)	l assets financed as	in (2) and (3) above	::
	Category	Am	nount (net of provis	ions)
		Secured	Unsecured	Total
	1. Related Parties**			
	(a) Subsidiaries	-	-	-
	(a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group	-	-	-
ļ	(c) Other related parties	_	-	-
	• * *			
]	2. Other than related parties	2,988.74	-	2,988.74
	Total	2,988.74	-	2,988.74



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Schedule to the Balance Sheet of a non-deposit taking non-banking financial company 2.21 (as required in terms of Paragraph 13 of Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007. (Figures are as at 31 March 2017) (continued)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

)	Investor group-wise classification of securities (both quoted and unquoted)	( Please see Note 3):	
	Category	Market value / Break- up or fair value or NAV	Book value (net of provisions)
	1. Related parties**		
	(a) Subsidiaries	-	-
	(b) Companies in the same group	-	-
	(c) Other related parties	-	-
	2. Other than related parties	2,598.49	2,598.49
		A FOO 40	2,598.49
	Total	2,598.49	2,550145
** A	as per Accounting Standard of ICAI (Pl	ease see note 3)	
(7)	Other information		
	Particulars		Amount
	(i) Gross non-performing assets		
	(a) Related party		-
	(b) Other than related parties		4,000
	(ii) Net non-performing assets		-
	(a) Related party		•
	(b) Other than related parties		2,800
	(iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction o		

#### Notes:

- 1. As defined in paragraph 2(1)(xii) of the Non-Banking Financial Companies Acceptance of Public Deposits (Reserve Bank) Directions, 1998
- 2. Provisioning norms shall be applicable as prescribed in the Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007.
- 3. All Accounting Standards and Guidance Notes issued by ICAI are applicable including for valuation of investments and other assets as also assets acquired in satisfaction of debt. However, market value in respect of quoted investments and break up/fair value/NAV in respect of unquoted investments should be disclosed irrespective of whether they are classified as long term or current in(4) above.



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 2.22 Capital to Risk Assets Ratio (CRAR)

	T - T	
	2017	2016
i) CRAR (%)	88.47%	93.08%
ii) CRAR - Tier I capital (%)	88.46%	93.07%
iii) CRAR - Tier II Capital (%)	0.01%	0.01%
iv) Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier-II capital	-	
v) Amount raised by issue of Perpetual Debt Instruments		

## 2.23 Investments (₹ in Lakhs)

			2017	2016
1)	Valu	ue of investments		<del></del>
	i	Gross value of investments		
		a) In India	2,598.49	2,598.49
		b) Outside India	-	
	Ii	Provisions for depreciation		
		a) In India		<del>-</del>
		b) Outside India		<del>-</del>
	Iii	Net value of investments		
		a) In India	2,598.49	2,598.49
		b) Outside India		
2)	Mo	vement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
	I	Opening balance		
	Ii	Add: Provisions made during the year	-	
	Iii	Less: write-off/write-back of excess provisions during the year	_	
	Iv	Closing balance		-



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 2.24 Exposure to real estate sector, both direct and indirect

(₹ in Lakhs)

			2017	2016
A	Direct	Exposure		
	(i)	Residential mortgages -		
		Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented:		
		- Individual housing loans up to ₹. 15 Lakh		
		- Individual housing loans above ₹. 15 Lakh	-	-
	(ii)	Commercial real estate -		
		Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multipurpose commercial premises, multi-family residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc). Exposure includes non-fund based (NFB) limits.	4,188.74	4,188.74
		Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitised exposures -		
		- Residential		-
		- Commercial real estate		
В	Indire	ect exposure		
		Fund based and non-fund based exposures on National Housing Bank (NHB) and Housing Finance Companies (HFCs)	-	



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 2.25 Movements in Non Performing Advances:

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the details of movement of gross Non-performing assets (NPAs), net NPAs and provision

P		(र	in Lakhs)
		2017	2016
i	Net NPAs to Net advances (%)	93.69%	94.43%
ii	Movement of NPAs (Gross)		1.000
	a) Opening Balance	4,000	4,000
	b) Additions during the year		-
	c) Reductions during the year		
	d) Closing balance	4,000	4,000
Iii	Movement of NPAs (Net)		
	a) Opening Balance	3,200	3,600
	b) Additions during the year		
	c) Reductions during the year	400	400
	d) Closing balance	2,800	3,200
iv	Movement of Provisions for NPAs (excluding provision on Standard assets)		
	a) Opening Balance	800	400
	b) Additions during the year	400	400
	c) Reductions during the year		
	d) Closing balance	1,200	800

2.26 Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head Expenditure in Statement of Profit and Loss (\$\tail\$ in Lakhs)

	Statement of 11 of the area	2017	2016
		2017	
i)	Provisions for depreciation on Investment		
ii)	Provision towards NPA	400.00	400.00
iii)	Provision made towards Income tax	39.99	(3.49)
iv)	Provision for standard assets	0.09	(0.18)
v)	Other provision and contingencies		
	Provision for gratuity	(0.46)	1.01
	Provision for compensated absences	(0.07)	0.15



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 2.27 Concentration of Deposits, Advances, Exposures and NPAs

(₹ in Lakhs)

2.27	Concentration of Deposits, Maranees, 250postate and	2015	2016
A)	Concentration of advances	2017	2010
	Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers	4,188.74	4,188.74
	% of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to total advances	100%	100%
B)	Concentration of exposures		
	Total Exposures to twenty largest borrowers / Customers	4,188.74	4,188.74
	% of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers / Customers to total advances	100%	100%
C)	Concentration of NPAs		
	Total exposures to top four NPAs	4,000.00	4,000.00
D)	Sector-wise NPAs	% of NPAs to Total	
1	Agriculture and allied activities	0%	0%
2	MSME	0%	0%
3	Corporate borrowers	100%	100%
4	Services	0%	0%
5	Unsecured personal loans	0%	0%
6	Auto loans	0%	0%
7	Other personal loans	0%	0%



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 2.28 Asset Liability Management

Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2017

(₹ in Lakhs)

	1 day to 30/31 days (One month)	Over One month to 2 months	Over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Advances	_	-	53.74	-	-	135.00	_	4,000.00	4,188.74
Investments	-	-	-	-	2,550.00	48.49		-	2,598.49
Borrowings	-	-	-		-				
Foreign Currency assets	_	-	-	-	-		_	_	
Foreign Currency liabilities	•	-			_	_	_	-	

Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2016

(₹ in Lakhs)

	1 day to 30/31 days (One month)	Over One month to 2 months	Over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Advances	-	_	-		_	121.24	67.50	4,000.00	4,188.74
Investments	_	-	-	-	<b>-</b>	2,550.00	48.49	-	2,598.49
Borrowings	-	-	_		-	-	_		-
Foreign Currency assets	_		•	-	_			-	_
Foreign Currency liabilities	_		-						

## 2.29 Details of Single Borrower Limit and Borrower Group Limit exceeded by the Company:

RBI circular no. DNBR (PD) CC.No.002/03.10.001/2014-15 dated November 10, 2014 on Revised Regulatory Framework for NBFCs is applicable to the Non-Banking Financial Companies from the date of Circular (the applicable date). The provisions of the said circular including provisions on compliance with single borrower limit and borrower group limit are therefore applicable to the Company from the applicable date. The loans and advances and investment outstanding as on 31 March 2017, were made by the Company before the applicable date and since there is no change / movement in the said details after the applicable date, the disclosure of compliance with single borrower limit and borrower group limit are not made in the financial statements.



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 2.30 Capital market exposure

The Company did not have any capital market exposure as at 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016.

### 2.31 Customer complaints

Particulars		2017	2016
(a) No. of complaints p	ending at the beginning of the year	-	-
(b) No. of complaints r	eceived during the year	-	
(c) No. of complaints r	edressed during the year	-	-
(d) No. of complaints p	ending at the end of the year	-	-

## 2.32 Details of dues to micro, medium and small enterprises

Trade payables includes ₹. Nil (Previous year: ₹. Nil) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. No interest has been paid / is payable by the Company during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this act. The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Company to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said act.

2.33 The Company has not restructured any loans and advances during the year ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016.

## 2.34 Capital commitment and contingent liability

The Company has no capital commitments and contingent liabilities as at balance sheet date (Previous year: ₹ Nil)

### 2.35 Foreign currency

The Company has not earned/ incurred any income/ expenditure in foreign currency during the year (Previous year: ₹ Nil)

## 2.36 Disclosure pursuant to Accounting Standard 15 (Revised) - Employee benefits

## A) Defined contribution plan (provident fund):

Amount of ₹ 57,445 (previous year: ₹ 59,462) is recognised as expenses and included in "Employee benefit expenses".

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 2.36 Disclosure pursuant to Accounting Standard 15 (Revised) - Employee benefits (continued)

### B) Defined benefit plan (gratuity):

The following tables summarize the components of the net employee benefit expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss and amount recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan

Statement of profit and loss

Net employee benefit expenses (recognized in employee cost)

Particulars	2016-17	2015-16
Current service cost	31,000	38,000
Interest on defined benefit obligation	9,718	9,000
Expected return on plan assets	-	-
Net actuarial losses/(gains) recognized in the year	-	-
Past service cost Actuarial (gain) or losses	4,000	54,000
Total included in 'Employee benefit expense'	44,718	101,000

#### Balance Sheet

Details of provision for gratuity

Details of provision for graining		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Liability at the end of the year	171,718	218,000

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Liability at the beginning of the year	218,000	117,000
Transfer in / (out)	(91,000)	-
Interest cost	9,718	9,000
Current service cost	31,000	38,000
Past service cost (non vested benefit)	-	-
Past service cost (vested benefit)	-	-
Benefits Paid	-	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss	4,000	54,000
Liability at the end of the year	171,718	218,000



## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 2.36 Disclosure pursuant to Accounting Standard 15 (Revised) - Employee benefits (continued)

Principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date:

Particulars	2017	2016
	6.80%	7.40%
Discount rate		• •
Salary escalation	7%	7%
	13%-25%	13%-25%
Employee attrition rate		

## Amount recognised in the balance sheet::

Particulars Liability at the end of the year	2017 171,718	<b>2016</b> 218,000	2015 117,000	2014 70,386	2013 54,386
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Amount recognized in balance sheet – asset /(liability)	171,718	218,000	- 117,000	70,386	54,386

### Experience adjustment:

Particulars	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
On plan liabilities: (Gain)/ Loss	(1000)	51,000	13,000	9,000	(32,000)

### 2.37 Cost Sharing

Edelweiss Commodities Securities Limited, being the entity exercising significant influence over the Company incurs expenditure like rent and electricity expenditure which is for the benefit of the Company. This cost so expended is reimbursed by the Company on the basis of number of employees, area occupied by employees for other companies, actual identifications etc. Accordingly, and as identified by the management, the expenditure heads in notes 2.17 are gross of reimbursements.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 2.38 Disclosure on Specified Bank notes (SBN's) pursuant to notification as per amended Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013:

Particulars	SBNs de	Other enomination notes	Total
Closing cash in hand as on 08.11.2016	_	-	-
Add: Permitted receipts	-	-	-
Less: Permitted payments	-	-	-
Less: Amount deposited in Banks	-	-	-
Closing cash in hand as on 30.12.2016	-	-	-

Note: For the purpose of this clause, the term Specified Bank Notes (SBNs) means the bank notes of denominations of the existing series of the value of five hundred rupees and one thousand rupees as defined under the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs no. S.O. 3407(E), dated the 8 November, 2016.

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

R. P. Soni

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

Amit Agarwal

Director

DIN: 01056455

Pawan Kumar Agarwal

Director

DIN: 01056455

Affinia

Ashvini Kaluskar

Company secretary

Mumbai

15 May, 2017

Mumbai 15 May, 2017