

ECap Equities Limited

Corporate Identity Number: U74900MH2008PLC287466

Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026



DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of **ECap Equities Limited**

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of ECap Equities Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company"), its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associate companies comprising of the Consolidated Balance sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, including other comprehensive income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on Separate Financial Statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associate companies, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associates as at March 31, 2026, their Consolidated net loss including other comprehensive loss, their Consolidated Cash Flows and the Consolidated Statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

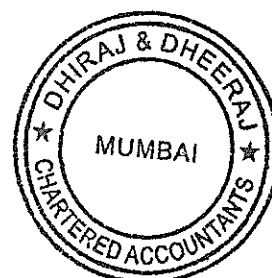
Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associates in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

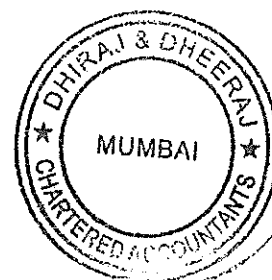
Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements. The results of audit procedures performed by us and by other auditors of components not audited by us, as reported by them in their audit reports furnished to us by the management, including those procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements



Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Impairment of receivables from financing and other business	
The Group's impairment provision for receivables from financing business is based on the expected credit loss approach laid down under Ind AS 109. Ind AS 109 requires the Group to provide for impairment of its financial assets as at the reporting date using the expected credit loss (ECL) approach. ECL involves an estimation of probability - weighted loss on financial instruments over their life, considering reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions which could impact the credit quality of the Group's financial assets (loan portfolio). In the process, a significant degree of judgement has been applied by the management for: - Staging of financial assets (i.e. classification in 'significant increase in credit risk' ("SICR") and 'default' categories); - Grouping of the loan portfolio under homogenous pools in order to determine probability of default on a collective basis; - Assigning internal rating grades to customers for which external rating is not available; - Calibrating external ratings-linked probability of default to align with past default rates; - Applying assumptions regarding the probability of various scenarios and discounting rates for different loan products; - Estimation of management overlay for macro - economic factors bearing a correlation with the credit quality of the loans. In view of such high degree of management's judgement involved in estimation of ECL, it is considered as a key audit matter.	The audit procedures, including those reported in the auditor's report of respective subsidiary companies, comprised the following: - Read and assessed the Group's accounting policy for impairment of financial assets and its compliance with Ind AS 109 and the governance framework approved by the Board of Directors pursuant to Reserve Bank of India guidelines issued on March 13, 2020. - Tested the design and operating effectiveness of the controls for staging of loans based on their past-due status. Tested samples of performing (stage 1) loans to assess whether any loss indicators were present requiring them to be classified under stage 2 or 3. - Performed procedures to test the inputs used in the ECL computation, on a sample basis. - Tested assumptions used by the management in determining the overlay for macro - economic factors. - Assessed the additional considerations applied by the management for staging of loans as SICR or default categories in view of Company's policy on OTR. - Tested the arithmetical accuracy of computation of ECL provision performed by the Company in spreadsheets.
IT systems and controls	
The reliability and security of IT systems play a key role in the financial reporting process of the Group.	The audit procedures assisted by our IT specialists, including those reported in the auditor's report of



Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
The Group's key financial accounting and reporting processes are highly automated, whereby any gaps in the IT control environment could result in a material misstatement of the financial accounting and reporting records. Therefore, the assessment of the general IT controls and the application controls specific to the accounting and preparation of financial information is considered to be a key audit matter.	respective subsidiary companies, comprised the following: • Tested the design and operating effectiveness of the Company's IT access controls over the information systems that are important to financial reporting and various interfaces, configuration and other identified application controls. • Tested IT general controls (logical access, changes management and aspects of IT operational controls). This included testing requests for access to systems were reviewed and authorized. • Tested the periodic review of access rights. Also tested requests of changes to systems for approval and authorization. • In addition to the above, tested the design and operating effectiveness of certain automated controls that were considered as key internal controls. • We have relied on SOC-2 type II report provided by vendor for oracle fusion to ensure compliance with audit trail. Tested the design and operating effectiveness of compensating controls in case deficiencies were identified and, where necessary, extended the scope of our substantive audit procedures.

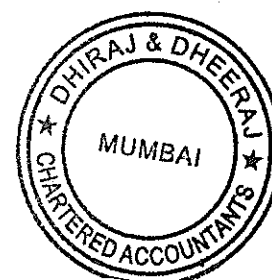
We have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's Annual report, but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Holding Company's Annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Consolidated Financial Statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group including its associates in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and of its associates and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associates to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group and its associates or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

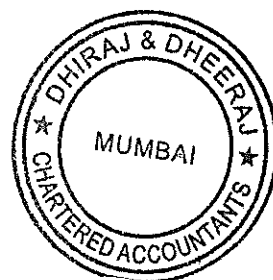
Those respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associates.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associates of which we are the independent auditors, to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements and other financial information, in respect of:

6 subsidiaries, whose financial statements include total assets of Rs 14,949.16 million as at March 31, 2026 and total revenue of Rs. 5,650.94 million and net cash outflow of Rs. 4,473.95 million for the year ended on that date. These financial statement and other financial information have been audited by other auditors, which financial statements, other financial information and auditor's reports have been furnished to us by the management.

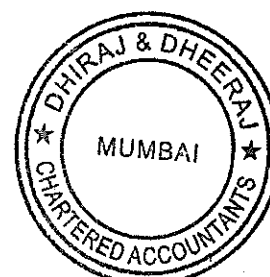
2 associate companies forming part of the Group, whose financial statements include Group's share of net loss of Rs. 55.41 millions and Group's share of total comprehensive loss of Rs. 446.45 millions from April 1, 2025 to March 31, 2026 as considered in the consolidated financial statement, whose financial statement, other financial information have been audited by other auditors and whose report have been furnished to us by the Management.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and associate companies, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and associate companies, is based solely on the report(s) of such other auditors.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements and other financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

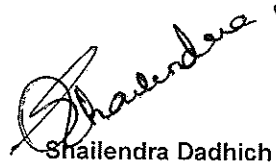
1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of the subsidiary and associate companies, incorporated in India, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3(xxi) of the Order.



2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of subsidiaries and associates, as noted in the 'other matter' paragraph we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - (a) We/the other auditors whose report we have relied upon have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidation of the financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and reports of the other auditors;
 - (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow and Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
 - (e) On the basis of the confirmation received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors who are appointed under Section 139 of the Act, of its subsidiaries and associate companies, none of the directors of the Group's companies and its associates, incorporated in India, is disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and its associate companies, incorporated in India, and the operating effectiveness of such controls refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
 - (g) In our opinion and based on the consideration of reports of other statutory auditors of the subsidiaries and associate companies, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2026 has been paid / provided by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associate companies incorporated in India to their directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associates, as noted in the 'Other matter' paragraph:
 - i) The Consolidated Financial Statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on its consolidated financial position of the Group and its associate companies in its Consolidated Financial Statements – Refer Note 54 to the Consolidated Financial Statements;
 - ii) The Group and its associated companies did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii) There have been no amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and its associate companies, incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2026;
 - iv) a. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and associate companies which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associate companies respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 64(xiv)(A) to the Consolidated Financial Statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the respective Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- b. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and associate companies which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associates respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 64(xiv)(B) to the Consolidated Financial Statements, no funds have been received by the respective Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- c. Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries and associates which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditor's notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.
- v) No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and associates.
- vi) Based on our examination which included test checks and that performed by the respective auditors of the subsidiaries and associates whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associates have used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally the audit trail has been preserved by the Companies as per the statutory requirement for record retention.

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number:


Shailendra Dadhich
Partner

Membership Number: 425098
UDIN: 26425098UCMCER8736
Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 27th April 2026



Annexure-1: Referred to in Paragraph Under the Heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of Our Report of Even Date on the Consolidated Financial Statements of ECap Equities Limited

Based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of the subsidiary and associate companies, incorporated in India, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph we state that:

3(xxi) There are no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in their report on Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 of the companies included in the Consolidated Financial Statements except for following where the respective auditor have reported unfavorable or adverse remarks in their audit report to the principal auditor.

Name	CIN	Holding Company/ Subsidiary/ Associate	Clause number of the CARO report which is unfavorable or adverse
ECap Equities Limited	U74900MH2008PLC287466	Holding	iii(c), iii(d) and xvii
ECap Securities and Investments Limited	U67190TG2008PLC057122	Subsidiary	xvii
Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	U74140TG2008PLC120334	Subsidiary	iii(c), iii(d) and ix(d)
ECL Finance Limited	U65990MH2005PLC154854	Associate	iii(c) and iii(d)
Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	U67100MH2007PLC353035	Associate	xvii

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number:


Shailendra Dadhich
Partner

Membership Number: 425098
UDIN: 26425098UCMCER8736
Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 27th April 2026



Annexure-2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of Even Date on the Consolidated Financial Statements of ECap Equities Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of ECap Equities Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2026, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associates, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its associates, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

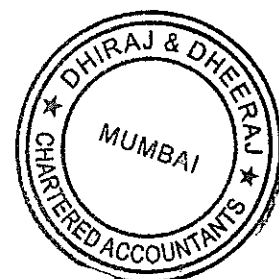
Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both, issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statement is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



Annexure-2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of Even Date on the Consolidated Financial Statements of ECap Equities Limited (Continued)

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Group and its associates, which are companies incorporated in India, have, maintained in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements and such internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance note issued by the ICAI.

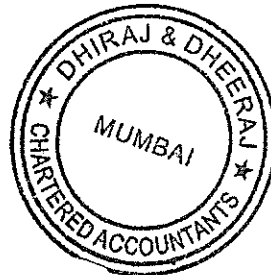
Other Matters

Our report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements of the Holding Company, in so far as it relates to these 6 subsidiaries and 2 associates, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such subsidiaries and associates incorporated in India.

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number:


Shailendra Dadhich
Partner

Membership Number: 425098
UDIN: 26425098UCMCER8736
Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 27th April 2026



ECap Equities Limited

Consolidated Balance Sheet

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	Note	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
ASSETS			
Non current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	800.34	732.59
Investment property	9	795.54	1,145.31
Goodwill	10	60.94	60.94
Other intangible assets	11	3.01	20.47
Financial assets			
(i) Investments	12	14,219.60	13,313.73
(ii) Loans	13	4,167.13	7,411.80
(iii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	14	0.34	0.33
(iv) Other financial assets	15	31.26	45.44
Current tax assets (net)	16	863.27	473.85
Deferred tax assets (net)	17	3,346.50	4,108.17
Other non-current assets	18	79.17	379.78
		24,367.10	27,692.41
Current assets			
Financial assets			
(i) Investment	19	34,086.70	21,195.16
(ii) Trade receivable	20	100.75	510.00
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	21	1,953.86	7,028.04
(iv) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	22	14.44	119.08
(v) Loans	23	2,829.50	1,350.03
(vi) Derivative financial instruments	24	6,743.56	718.08
(vii) Other financial assets	25	6,799.30	2,544.72
Current tax assets (net)	26	288.69	102.40
Other current assets	27	798.02	1,040.60
		53,614.82	34,608.11
TOTAL ASSETS		77,981.92	62,300.52
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity share capital	28	184.49	184.49
Instruments entirely equity in nature	29	16,600.00	12,600.00
Other equity	30	(5,560.06)	(4,883.10)
		11,224.43	7,901.39
Non controlling Interest	28	231.61	360.12
LIABILITIES			
Non current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	31 (a)	27,867.13	34,780.45
(ii) Lease liabilities	31 (b)	-	15.36
(iii) Other financial liabilities	32	64.29	674.89
Provisions	33	216.43	93.07
		28,147.85	35,563.77
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	31 (c)	30,848.65	13,989.85
(ii) Lease liabilities	31 (d)	18.43	23.60
(iii) Trade payables			
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	34	0.32	1.23
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	34	494.80	1,136.72
(iv) Derivative financial instruments	24	3,702.02	1,384.15
(v) Other financial liabilities	35	2,973.92	1,430.19
Other current liabilities	36	244.25	350.97
Provisions	37	40.98	13.46
Current tax liabilities (net)	38	54.66	145.07
		38,378.03	18,475.24
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		77,981.92	62,300.52

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

1-66

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 102454W

Shallendra Dadhich
Shallendra Dadhich
Partner

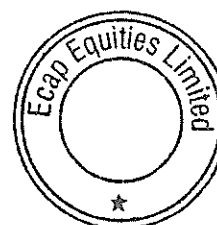
Membership No.: 425098
Mumbai
27 April 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Piyush Chamria
Piyush Chamria
Executive Director
DIN: 08814424

Swadesh Agrawal
Swadesh Agrawal
Executive Director and
Company Secretary
DIN: 10417688

Ritesh S Jain
Ritesh S Jain
Chief Financial Officer
Mumbai
27 April 2026

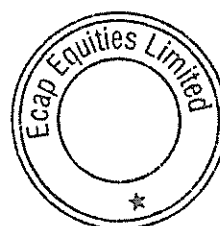


ECap Equities Limited

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Revenue from operations			
Fee and commission income	39	726.07	67.44
Net gain on fair value changes	40	6,551.66	11,775.90
Dividend income	41	460.70	330.56
Interest income	42	3,506.54	4,078.67
Rental income	43	114.88	173.59
Sale of commodities		-	16,084.86
Other operating revenue	44	48.62	52.39
Total revenue from operations		11,408.47	32,563.41
Other income	45	201.75	73.23
Total income		11,610.22	32,636.64
Expenses			
Purchases of commodities		-	16,078.65
Employee benefits expense	46	2,366.59	1,339.73
Finance costs	47	7,902.43	6,392.26
Depreciation and amortisation expense	8, 9, 10 & 11	236.64	226.41
Impairment loss / (reversal) on financial instruments	48	2,540.63	(126.96)
Other expenses	49	3,896.75	1,866.70
Total expenses		16,943.04	25,776.79
Profit / (Loss) before share in profit of associates, exceptional item and tax		(5,332.82)	6,859.85
Share in profit / (loss) of associates		(55.41)	26.83
Profit / (Loss) before exceptional item and tax		(5,388.23)	6,886.68
Exceptional items	64 (xvii)	(92.41)	-
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(5,480.64)	6,886.68
Tax expenses:	50		
Current tax		(180.76)	2,289.38
Deferred tax		706.72	(1,575.12)
Profit / (Loss) for the year		(6,006.60)	6,172.42
Other comprehensive income			
(a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans (OCI)		(1.90)	(3.10)
Tax effect on remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans (OCI)		(0.46)	(0.12)
		(1.44)	(2.98)
(b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Net gain / (loss) on debt instruments measured at FVOCI		(71.77)	(627.67)
Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve - OCI		141.19	(2.60)
Less: Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	157.99
Total		69.42	(472.28)
(c) Share in profit / (loss) of associates		(391.04)	(1,748.61)
Other comprehensive income (a + b + c)		(323.06)	(2,223.87)
Total comprehensive income		(6,329.66)	3,948.55



ECap Equities Limited**Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss**

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

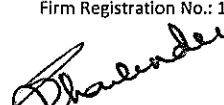
	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Profit / (Loss) for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(6,008.73)	6,166.06
Non-controlling interest		2.13	6.36
Other Comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(318.07)	(2,191.08)
Non-controlling interest		(4.99)	(32.79)
Total Comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(6,326.81)	3,974.98
Non-controlling interest		(2.85)	(26.43)
Earnings per equity share: (Face value of Rs 10 each):			
Basic and diluted (in Rs.)	53	(6.16)	6.43

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

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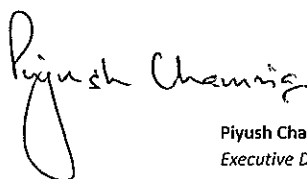
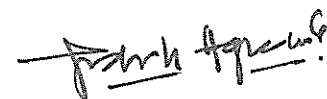
As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 102454W


Shailendra Dadhich
Partner

Membership No.: 425098
Mumbai
27 April 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

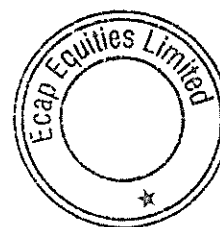
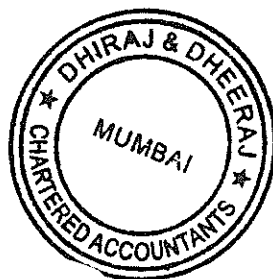
Piyush Chamria
Executive Director

Swadesh Agrawal
Executive Director and
Company Secretary

DIN: 08814424

DIN: 10417688


Ritesh S Jain
Chief Financial Officer
Mumbai
27 April 2026

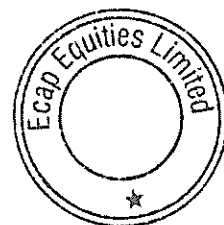


ECap Equities Limited

Consolidated cash flow statement

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit / (loss) before taxation	(5,480.64)	6,886.68
<i>Adjustments for</i>		
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment expenses	236.64	226.41
Impairment on financial instruments	2,540.63	(126.96)
Provision for gratuity and compensated absences	146.29	34.27
Profit on sale of fixed assets	(31.11)	(0.62)
Dividend income on investment	(460.70)	(330.56)
Profit on sale of investment	(1,132.22)	(16,592.72)
Share of loss from partnership firm	0.05	0.03
Share of profit / (loss) in associates	55.41	(26.83)
Fair value of financial instruments	995.65	9,027.07
Interest income	(3,384.02)	(4,039.15)
Interest expense	7,571.44	6,104.23
Income distribution from fund	(360.95)	(265.81)
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	696.47	896.04
Add / (Less): Adjustments for working capital changes		
(Decrease)/increase in other current liability	(106.72)	278.87
Increase in other financial liability	912.81	399.16
Decrease in trade payable	(642.83)	(283.48)
(Decrease)/increase in Derivative financial instruments	(2,761.26)	(23.92)
Decrease in provisions	2.69	3.30
Increase in investments held for trading	(10,124.68)	(10,362.06)
Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables	406.95	(467.82)
Increase in other financial assets	(4,240.40)	(2,410.50)
Decrease/(Increase) in fixed deposit	104.63	(13.79)
Decrease/(Increase) in other current assets	543.19	(1,043.28)
Cash used in operations	(15,209.15)	(13,027.48)
Income tax paid	(429.95)	(2,512.85)
Net cash used in operating activities - A	(15,639.10)	(15,540.33)
B. Cash flow from investing activities		
(Purchase) / sale of investments (refer note 2)	(7,226.09)	14,080.21
Dividend received	460.70	330.56
Sale/(purchase) of fixed assets	93.95	(499.14)
Loan (given) / repaid (refer note 2)	1,622.67	8,434.95
Effect of changes in group's stake	(226.04)	2,630.01
Income received from funds	360.95	265.81
Interest received	3,384.02	4,039.15
Net (used in) / cash generated from investing activities - B	(1,529.85)	29,281.55
C. Cash flow from financing activities		
(Repayment of) / proceeds from subordinated liabilities (refer note 2)	(2,279.93)	46.31
Increase in borrowings (refer note 2)	11,234.36	6,805.09
Proceeds from issue of Compulsorily convertible debentures	4,000.00	-
Changes in non-controlling interest	6,711.78	(9,639.80)
Interest paid	(7,571.44)	(6,104.23)
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities - C	12,094.77	(8,892.63)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(5,074.18)	4,848.59



ECap Equities Limited

Consolidated cash flow statement

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	7,028.04	2,179.45
Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year	1,953.86	7,028.04

Notes:

- 1 Cash and cash equivalents include the following:

Cash on hand	0.11	-
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	1,953.75	3,225.41
- in fixed deposits with original maturity less than 3 months	-	3,800.00
- Accrued interest on fixed deposits	-	2.63
	1,953.86	7,028.04

- 2 Net figures have been reported on account of volume of transactions.

- 3 The cashflow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 prescribed under the Companies Act (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 under the Companies Act, 2013.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

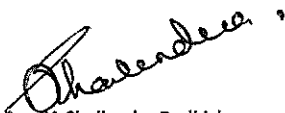
1-66

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 102454W

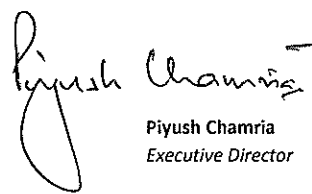

CA Shailendra Dadhich
Partner

Membership No.:425098

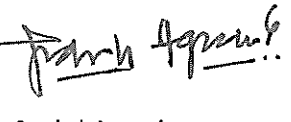
Mumbai

27 April 2026

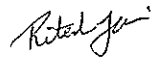
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Piyush Chamria
Executive Director

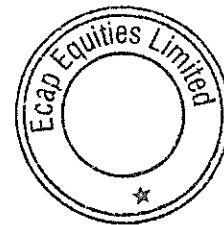
DIN: 08814424


Swadesh Agrawal
Executive Director and
Company Secretary

DIN: 10417688



Ritesh S Jain
Chief Financial Officer
Mumbai
27 April 2026



ECap Equities Limited
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
(A) Equity share capital		
Balance at the beginning of the year	184.49	184.49
Changes in equity share capital	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	184.49	184.49

	As at	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
(B) Instruments entirely equity in nature- Compulsorily Convertible Debentures		
Balance at the beginning of the year	12,600.00	12,600.00
Changes in compulsorily convertible debentures	4,000.00	-
Balance at the end of the year	16,600.00	12,600.00

(C) Other Equity

	Reserves and surplus										Non-Controlling Interests
	Capital Reserve	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium	ESOP reserve	Special Reserve under section 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934 (Refer note 64 (xii))	Revaluation Reserve	Debenture redemption reserve	Foreign exchange translation reserve	Retained earnings	Total Owners of equity shareholders	
Balance at 01 April 2024	192.76	167.00	2,667.65	31.55	437.23	272.18	1,074.32	-	(6,666.73)	(1,824.04)	384.93
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,166.06	6,166.06	6.36
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,191.08)	(2,191.08)	(32.79)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,974.98	3,974.98	(26.43)
Reversal on account of lapses of ESOP / SAR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.21	6.21	-
Effect of group stake changes	-	4.50	2,291.24	1.69	-	-	-	306.33	(9,641.42)	(7,037.66)	1.62
Transfers to / from retained earnings	-	-	-	-	18.20	(15.79)	-	(2.60)	(2.41)	(2.60)	-
Balance at 31 March 2025	192.76	171.50	4,958.89	33.24	455.43	256.39	1,074.32	303.73	(12,329.36)	(4,883.10)	360.12
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,008.73)	(6,008.73)	2.13
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(318.07)	(318.07)	(4.99)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,326.81)	(6,326.81)	(2.85)
Effect of group stake changes	(8.18)	15.12	(708.77)	(7.63)	(455.43)	-	(22.91)	-	6,837.44	5,649.64	(125.66)
Reversal on account of lapses of ESOP / SAR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.21	0.21	-
Transfers (to) / from retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	(14.87)	180.00	-	(165.13)	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2026	184.58	186.62	4,250.12	25.61	-	241.52	1,231.41	303.73	(11,983.65)	(5,560.06)	231.61



ECap Equities Limited
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

This is the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

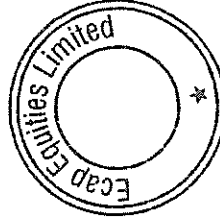
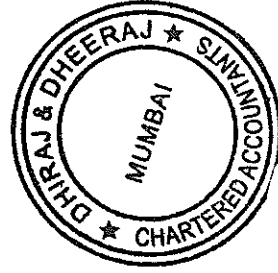
For Dhiraj & Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 102454W

Shallendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership No.: 425098
Mumbai
27 April 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Piyush Chamria
Piyush Chamria Swadesh Agrawal
Executive Director Executive Director and Company Secretary
DIN: 08814424 DIN: 10417688

Ritesh S Jain
Ritesh S Jain
Chief Financial Officer
Mumbai
27 April 2026



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

1. Background

ECap Equities Limited ('the Company' or the 'Parent') was incorporated on 08 October 2008 as a public limited company and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

The Company is engaged in trading activities, investment in group companies, AIF funds and debt securities. The Company also owns property which earns rental income. The Company has commenced shared services business from 01 April 2025 and provides group support services to group companies.

2. Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements relate to ECap Equities Limited ('the Company') and its subsidiaries (together 'the Group'). The Group is primarily engaged in (a) Treasury business which includes income from trading and investment activities (b) Capital based business which includes income from lending business and (c) agency business which includes Broking, advisory and other fee based services.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time).

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for entities under dissolution (refer note 4) and for certain financial instruments such as financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) instruments, derivative financial instruments, fair value through profit or loss and other financial assets held for trading which have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to the nearest million, except when otherwise indicated.

3. Presentation of financial statements

The Group prepares and presents its balance sheet in compliance with the Division II of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

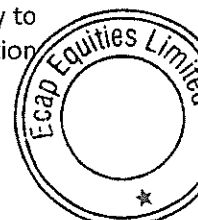
Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- the normal course of business
- the event of default
- the event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group and or its counterparties

All assets and liabilities which are expected to be realised or is intended for sale / traded within 12 months after the reporting date are classified into current. All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

4. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements as on 31 March 2026, comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2026. The Company consolidates a subsidiary when it controls it. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Generally, there is a presumption



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights
- The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary. In the event of any change in one or more of the three elements of control, the Group reassesses nature of control and stops consolidation if it concludes that the Group has lost the control over the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that Group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies. However, no subsidiaries and associates have followed different accounting policies than those followed by the Group for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

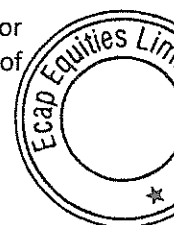
The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the parent company, i.e. year ended on 31 March 2026.

Consolidation procedure:

- Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary.
- Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, are eliminated in full). Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of OCI are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. With respect to put options granted by the Group to the holders of



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

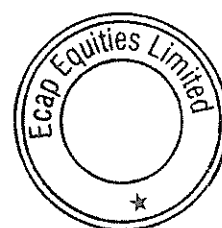
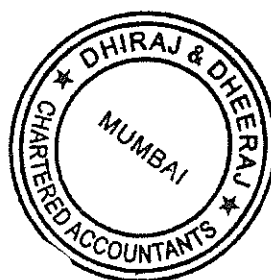
non-controlling interests in a subsidiary, where the Group does not have a present ownership interest in the shares subject to put, till the put remains unexercised, non-controlling continues to be recognised including allocation of profit or loss, other comprehensive income and other changes in equity of the subsidiary. However, at each reporting date, the non-controlling interest is derecognised as if it were acquired at that date and a financial liability is recognised and measured at its fair value. The difference between these two amounts is recognised as an equity transaction and attributed to owners of the parent.

Given the level of judgement required regarding consolidation of structured entities, these considerations are described further in the significant accounting judgements.

The list of subsidiaries and associates considered in the consolidated financial statements is as below:

Sr. No	Name of the Entity	Country of Incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest as at 31 March 2026
Subsidiaries			
1	Edelcap Securities Limited	India	100.00%
2	Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	India	100.00%
3	Edel Investments Limited	India	100.00%
4	Edel International (Singapore) Pte Limited	Singapore	100.00%
5	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	India	100.00%
6	ECap Securities and Investments Limited	India	95.05%
7	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	India	96.06%
8	Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund	India	95.67%
Associates			
9	ECL Finance Limited	India	31.76%
10	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	India	21.51%

- 1) With effect from 30 September 2025, the Company has acquired majority stake in Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund and Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund and the same has been consolidated accordingly.
- 2) With effect from 30 September 2025, Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited has ceased to become a subsidiary of the Company as it has been merged with ECL Finance Limited.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2026

5 Material accounting policies

5.1 Revenue recognition

5.1.1 Fee income including advisory fees for services rendered is accounted over the period as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits, as the services are rendered.

5.1.2 Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and debt instrument measured at FVOCI. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the financial asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Group recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loan. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments, penalty interest and charges).

If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk, the adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income.

When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Group calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Group reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis.

For purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets, the Group calculates interest income by calculating the credit-adjusted EIR and applying that rate to the amortised cost of the asset. The credit-adjusted EIR is the interest rate that, at original recognition, discounts the estimated future cash flows (including credit losses) to the amortised cost of the POCI assets.

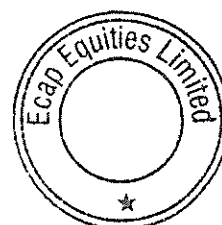
Interest on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) is recognised at the contractual rate of interest.

5.1.3 Dividend income is recognised in statement of profit and loss when the Group's right to receive payment of the dividend is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

5.1.4 Brokerage income is recognised as per contracted rates at the time of execution of transactions on behalf of the customers on the trade date and is reflected net of related sub-brokerage expenses, goods and service tax ("GST"), transaction charges and stock exchange expenses.

5.1.5 Profit/loss on sale of investments is recognised on trade date basis.

5.1.6 Profit / loss from share in partnership firm is accounted once the amount of the share of profit/ loss is ascertained and credited / debited to the Group's account in the books of the partnership firm.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2026

- 5.1.7** Income from training centre is recognised on accrual basis.
- 5.1.8** Commodities sales are accounted when all obligations connected with the transfer of risks and rewards to the buyer have been fulfilled after the price has been determined and collection of the receivable is reasonably certain.
- 5.1.9** Rental income is recognised on accrual basis in accordance with the agreements entered.
- 5.1.10** Business support services are accounted on accrual basis in accordance with the terms and contracts entered into between the Company and counterparty.

5.2 Financial Instruments

5.2.1 Date of recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities, with the exception of borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades; purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. The Group recognises borrowings when funds are available for utilisation to the Group.

5.2.2 Initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

5.2.3 Day 1 profit or loss

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Group recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in statement of profit and loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

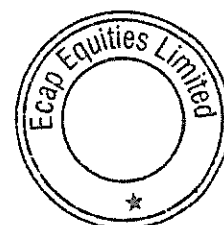
5.3 Classification and measurement of financial instruments

5.3.1 Financial assets:

The Group classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- **Amortised cost**

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

changes in carrying value of financial assets is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

- **Fair value through other comprehensive income [FVOCI]**

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

- **Fair value through profit or loss [FVTPL]**

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL. The Group measures all financial assets classified as FVTPL at fair value at each reporting date. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Profit and loss account.

Sale that occur for below reason are considered as consistent with business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows

- if those sales are infrequent (even if significant in value) or insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate (even if frequent).
- If such sales are made close to maturity of financial asset and proceeds from sale approximate the collection of the remaining contractual cashflow.
- Selling a financial asset because of significant increase in credit risk

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

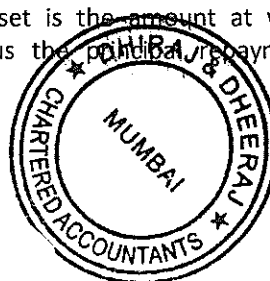
By default, all other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

5.3.1.1 Amortized cost and Effective interest rate method (EIR)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

5.3.1.2 Financial assets held for trading

The Group classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit-taking. Held-for-trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value.

5.3.1.3 Financial asset measured at FVOCI

Unrealised gains or losses on debt instruments measured at FVOCI are recognised in other comprehensive income, and on derecognition of such instrument accumulated gains or losses are recycled to statement of profit and loss. Interest income on such instrument is recognised in statement of profit and loss as per EIR method.

5.3.1.4 Investment in equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments (other than subsidiaries) at fair value through profit or loss, unless the management has elected to classify irrevocably some of its strategic equity investments to be measured at FVOCI, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS and are not held for trading. Such classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates is measured at cost less provision for impairment.

5.3.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost except loan commitments, financial guarantees, and derivative financial liabilities.

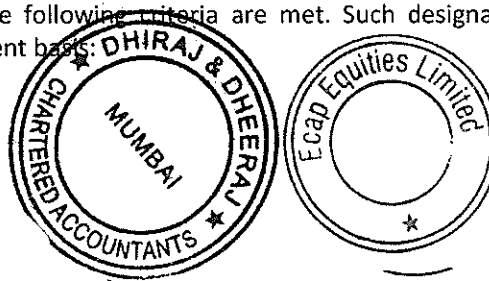
5.3.2.1 Debt securities and other borrowed funds

After initial measurement, debt issued and other borrowed funds are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the instrument and EIR.

The Group issues benchmark linked non-convertible debentures, the return of which is linked to performance of specified indices over the period of the debenture. Such debentures have a component of an embedded derivative which is fair valued at a reporting date. The resultant 'net unrealised loss or gain' on the fair valuation of these embedded derivatives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The debt component of such debentures is measured at amortised cost using yield to maturity basis.

5.3.2.2 Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and financial liabilities in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Management only designates an instrument at FVTPL upon initial recognition when one of the following criteria are met. Such designation is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis:



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

- The designation eliminates, or significantly reduces, the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; or
- The liabilities are part of a group of financial liabilities, which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy; or
- The liabilities containing one or more embedded derivatives, unless they do not significantly modify the cash flows that would otherwise be required by the contract, or it is clear with little or no analysis when a similar instrument is first considered that separation of the embedded derivative(s) is prohibited.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in statement of profit and loss with the exception of movements in fair value of liabilities designated at FVTPL due to changes in the Group's own credit risk. Such changes in fair value are recorded in the Own credit reserve through OCI and do not get recycled to the profit or loss. Interest earned or incurred on instruments designated at FVTPL is accrued in interest income or finance cost, respectively, using the EIR, taking into account any discount/ premium and qualifying transaction costs being an integral part of instrument. Interest earned on assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recorded using contractual interest rate.

5.3.2.3 Financial Guarantee:

Financial guarantees are contract that requires the Group to make specified payments to reimburse to holder for loss that it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when it is due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee issued or commitments to provide a loan at below market interest rate are initially measured at fair value and the initial fair value is amortised over the life of the guarantee or the commitment. Subsequently they are measured at higher of this amortised amount and the amount of loss allowance.

5.3.2.4 Loan Commitments:

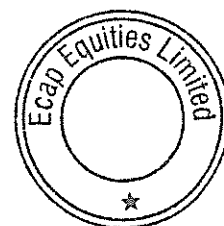
Undrawn loan commitments are commitments under which, the Group is required to provide a loan with pre-specified terms to the customer over the duration of the commitment.

5.3.3 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the group entity are recognised at the proceeds received.

Repurchase of the Group's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2026

5.3.4 Derivatives

The Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including foreign exchange forward contracts and interest rate swaps.

Group has designed a risk strategy based to cover exposure on issuance of Benchmark Linked Debentures, by entering into a derivative contract either to minimise the loss or to earn a minimum committed income by entering into a combination of derivative contracts (say for example purchased call and put options) with a wide variety of strike prices. Above strategy has been approved by the risk committee and ensures that risk is fully or partially covered, hence supports to reduce the risk exposure.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently re-measured at fair value through profit or loss. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in statement of profit and loss immediately.

Embedded Derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified interest rate, foreign exchange rate, or other variable, provided that, in the case of a non-financial variable, it is not specific to a party to the contract.

Derivatives embedded in all other host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss, unless designated as effective hedging instruments.

5.4 Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Group does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Group acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. Financial liabilities are never reclassified.

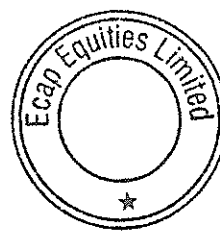
5.5 Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

5.5.1 Derecognition of financial assets due to substantial modification of terms and conditions

The Group derecognises a financial asset, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the difference recognised as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The newly recognised financial asset are classified as Stage 1 for ECL measurement purposes, unless the new financial asset is deemed to be POCL.

When assessing whether or not to derecognise a financial asset, among others, the Group considers the following factors:

- Change in currency of the loan
- Introduction of an equity feature
- Change in counterparty



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If the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different, the modification does not result in derecognition. Based on the change in cash flows discounted at the original EIR, the Group records a modification gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

5.5.2 Derecognition of financial assets other than due to substantial modification

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Group also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Group has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either:

- The Group has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset; or
- It retains the rights to the cash flows, but has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement.

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Group retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following conditions are met:

- The Group has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount lent plus accrued interest at market rates
- The Group cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients

The Group has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Group is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including interest earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

A transfer qualifies for derecognition if either:

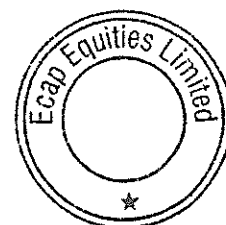
- The Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

The Group considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

5.5.3 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified,



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such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

5.6 Impairment of financial assets

The Group records allowance for expected credit losses for all financial assets, other than financial assets held at FVTPL, together with loan commitment and financial guarantee contracts. Equity instruments are not subject to impairment.

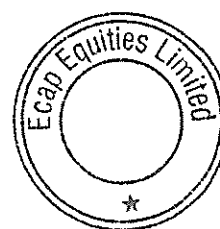
The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables and lease receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables. However, if receivables contain a significant financing component, the Group chooses as its accounting policy to measure the loss allowance by applying general approach to measure ECL.

For all other financial assets, where ECL to be recognised, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for such instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (12m ECL). The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of an evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default (EAD). The assessment of the PD and LGD is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the EAD, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the borrowers, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Group



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

recognises an impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss in the profit and loss statement with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

If a financial instrument includes both a loan (i.e. financial asset) and an undrawn commitment (i.e. loan commitment) component and the Group cannot separately identify the ECL on the loan commitment component from those on the financial asset component, the ECL on the loan commitment have been recognised together with the loss allowance for the financial asset. To the extent that the combined ECL exceed the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, the ECL have been recognised as a provision. Also, for other loan commitments and all financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowance has been recognised as a provision.

5.7 Collateral valuation

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Group seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit/guarantees, real estate, receivables, inventories, other non-financial assets and credit enhancements such as netting agreements. Collateral, unless repossessed, is not recorded on the balance sheet. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a periodical basis. However, some collateral, for example, cash or securities relating to margining requirements, is valued daily.

To the extent possible, the Group uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Other financial assets which do not have readily determinable market values are valued using models.

5.8 Write off

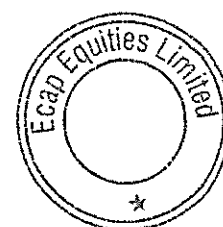
Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Group has no reasonable expectation of recovery.

5.9 Determination of fair value

The Group measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value,



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maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

- Level 1 financial instruments –Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group has access at the measurement date. The Group considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date.
- Level 2 financial instruments–Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.
- Level 3 financial instruments –Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole. For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Group periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the adopted methodologies and model calibrations.

Therefore, the Group applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Group evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.

5.10 Leases

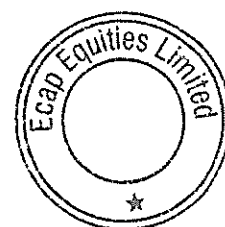
Group as a lessee:

The Group has applied IND AS 116 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore comparative information has not been restated. This means that the comparative information is still reported under Ind AS 17.

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Groups applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right of use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred and lease payments made at or before the



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commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The Group also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist.

Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (eg; changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short term lease

The Group has elected not to recognise right of use asset and lease liabilities for short term leases of property that has lease term of 12 months or less. The Group recognises lease payment associated with these leases as an expense on a straight line basis over lease term.

In the comparative period, as a lessee the Group classified leases that transfer substantially all the risk and reward of ownership as finance leases. Assets held under other leases are classified as operating lease and were not recognised in Group Balance sheet. Payments made under operating lease are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term, in which case lease payments are recognised based on contractual terms. Contingent rental payable is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

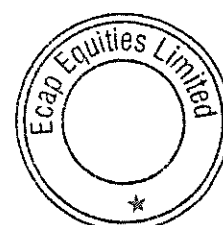
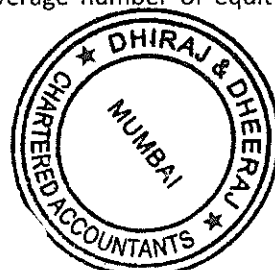
Group as a lessor:

The Group's accounting policy under Ind AS 116 has not changed from the comparative period. As a lessor the Group classifies its leases as either operating or finance leases. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset and classified as an operating lease if it does not.

5.11 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2026

deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.

5.12 Foreign currency transactions

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is also the functional currency of the Parent. Transactions in currencies other than Indian Rupees (i.e. foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not translated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

5.13 Retirement and other employee benefit

5.13.1 Provident fund and national pension scheme

The Group contributes to a recognised provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

5.13.2 Gratuity

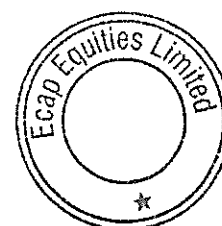
The Group's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Group's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurements are not reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

5.13.3 Compensated Absences

The eligible employees of the Group are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Group recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

5.13.4 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services that are granted by the ultimate parent Group are measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. These includes Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) where the right to receive the difference between the SAR price and the market price of equity shares of the ultimate parent Company on the date of exercise, either by way of cash or issuance of equity shares of the ultimate parent Company, is at the discretion of the ultimate parent Company. These are classified as equity settled share based transaction.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in statement of profit and loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the 'ESOP reserve'. In cases where the share options granted vest in instalments over the vesting period, the Group treats each instalment as a separate grant, because each instalment has a different vesting period, and hence the fair value of each instalment differs.

5.14 Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Property plant and equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Property plant and equipment is recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item is expected to follow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

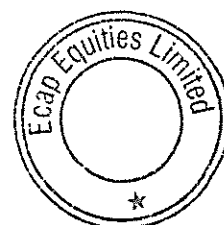
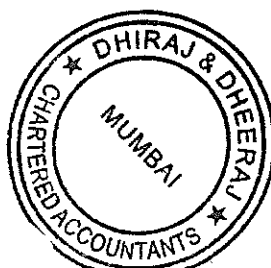
Subsequent costs incurred on an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount thereof when those costs meet the recognition criteria as mentioned above. Repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided upto the date of disposal.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Group has evaluated the useful lives of the respective property, plant and equipment which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Class of assets	Useful Life
Building (Other than factory building)	60 years
Plant and equipment	15 years
Furniture and fittings	10 years
Vessel	13 years
Motor vehicles	8 years
Office equipments	5 years
Computers and data processing units - Servers and networks	6 years
Computers and data processing units - End user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.	3 years



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets or the period of lease whichever is shorter.

Right-of-use assets are presented together with property, plant and equipment in the statement of financial position - refer to the accounting policy 5.12. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

5.15 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

The Group's intangible assets mainly include the value of computer software. An intangible asset is recognised only when its cost can be measured reliably and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the Group.

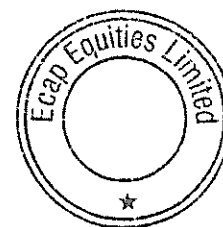
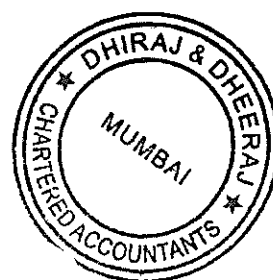
Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

5.16 Investment property

Properties, including those under construction, held to earn rentals and/or capital appreciation are classified as investment property and are measured and reported at cost, including transaction costs.

Depreciation is recognised using straight line method so as to write off the cost of the investment property less their residual values over their useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or in the case of assets where the useful life was determined by technical evaluation, over the useful life so determined. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future benefits embodied in the investment property. The estimated useful life and residual values are also



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2026

reviewed at each financial year end and the effect of any change in the estimates of useful life/residual value is accounted on prospective basis.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of property is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the same period.

5.17 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

5.18 Cash and cash equivalents

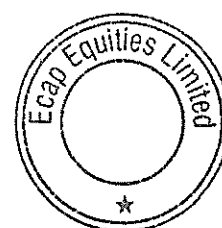
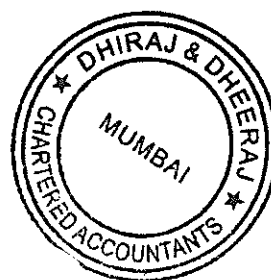
Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

5.19 Provisions and other Contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. Claims against the Group, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

5.20 Income tax expenses

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax (net).

5.21.1 Current tax

The tax payable for the reporting period is computed on taxable profit for the year. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The group shall reflect the effect of uncertainty for each uncertain tax treatment by using either most likely method or expected value method, depending on which method predicts better resolution of the treatment.

5.21.2 Deferred tax

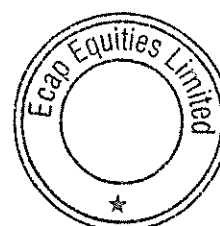
Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets are also recognised with respect to carryforward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

It is probable that taxable profit will be available against which a deductible temporary difference, unused tax loss or unused tax credit can be utilised when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences which are expected to reverse in the period of reversal of deductible temporary difference or in periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back. When this is not the case, deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that:

- the entity will have sufficient taxable profit in the same period as reversal of deductible temporary difference or periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back; or
- tax planning opportunities are available that will create taxable profit in appropriate periods. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

6. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

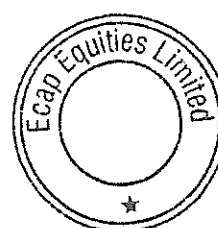
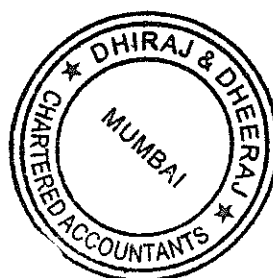
The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

a. Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance is measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Group monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the quantum, the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Group continuously monitors whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets is required.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

b. Significant increase in credit risk

ECL is measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

c. Consolidation of structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. In the context of the Group, structured entities comprise alternative investment funds / schemes thereof. The Group consolidates the structured entities that it controls. When making this judgement, the Group also considers voting and similar rights available to itself and other parties, who may limit the Group's ability to control, including rights to appoint, reassign or remove members of the structured entity's key management personnel who have the ability to direct the relevant activities, the exposure to variability of returns and whether the Group has the ability to use its power to affect the amount of the Group's returns i.e. the variability of returns in relation to the total returns of the investee entity.

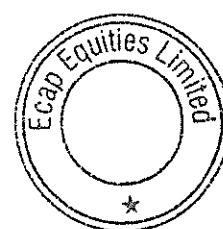
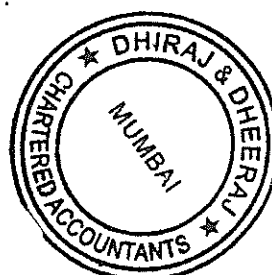
d. Determining lease term for lease contracts with renewal and termination option:

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain, whether or not, to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

7 Key sources of estimation uncertainty and Adoption of New and Revised Standards

The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available all the time consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur. Following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

7.1 Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values.

For Investments made into Security receipts (SRs), Group uses discounted cash flow model, given that the SRs are less liquid instruments. Expected cash flow levels including timing of cash flows are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including default rates, nature and value of collaterals, manner of resolution and other economic drivers. For any valuation which are based on models, Judgements and estimates are applied, which include considerations of liquidity, credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

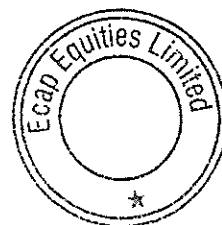
7.2 Impairment of financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Group's ECL calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- PD calculation includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.
- The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss and the qualitative assessment.
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis.
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs.
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EAD and LGD.
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models.

It is Group's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

7.3 Effective interest rate method

The Group's EIR methodology recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of characteristics of the product life cycle

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well as expected changes in fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

7.4 Accounting for deferred taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

The Group has recognised deferred tax assets on carried forward tax losses where the Group believes that the said deferred tax assets shall be recoverable based on the estimated future taxable income which in turn is based on approved business plans and budgets. The losses are allowed to be carried forward to the years in which the Group expects that there will be sufficient taxable profits to offset these losses.

7.5 Estimating the incremental borrowing rate:

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. Incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

7.6 Asset liability management

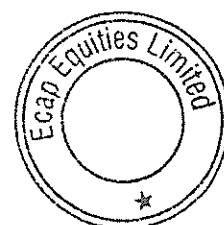
Management has made an assessment of its ability to continue and is satisfied that it has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future.

7.7 Adoption of New and Revised Standards

- a. New and amended Ind AS that are effective for the current year

Below are list of new standards and amendments that are effective for the first time for periods commencing on or after 01 April 2025 (i.e. year ended 31 March 2026).

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. In May 2025, MCA notified amendments to Ind AS 21 - The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, applicable w.e.f. 01 April 2025. The Company has reviewed the amendment and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

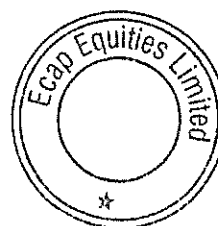
for the year ended 31 March 2026

In August 2025, MCA notified the following amendments to:

- Ind AS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, applicable w.e.f. April 01, 2025 – The amendment relates to classification of liabilities as current or non-current and non-current liabilities with covenants. In the context of classifying a liability as current, it removes the requirement of existence of a right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date and instead requires that the said right should exist on the reporting date and have substance. The amendment also introduces guidance on classification of liabilities with covenants. The Company has no impact of these amendments in its classification criteria of current and non-current liabilities.
- Ind AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows and Ind AS 107, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, applicable w.e.f. April 01, 2025 – The amendment in Ind AS 7 requires to inform users of financial statements of the existence of supplier finance arrangements and explain the nature of the arrangements, the carrying amount of liabilities and the range of payment due dates. Ind AS 107 has been amended to add supplier finance arrangements as a factor that may cause concentration of liquidity risk. The Company has reviewed the amendment and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.
- Ind AS 12, International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules applicable immediately - The amendments provide a temporary mandatory relief from deferred tax accounting for top-up tax and disclose that they have applied the relief. This relief is immediate and applies retrospectively. The Company has reviewed the amendment and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.
- Ind AS 21, The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates: The amendments provide guidance on determining exchangeability between currencies and estimating spot rates when a currency is not exchangeable.

b. New and amended Ind AS in issue but not yet effective

There are no new accounting standards/amendments that are issued, but not yet effective, upto the date of issuance of the Company's consolidated financial statements.



ECap Equities Limited

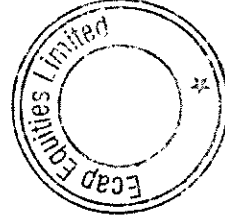
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

8 Property, plant and equipment

Description of assets	Gross block				Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2025	Additions during the year	Addition / (Deletion) through acquisitions / divestment during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026	As at 1 April 2025	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026
Land *	41.42	-	-	0.37	41.05	-	-	-	41.05
Building *	585.18	-	-	-	585.18	154.19	37.60	12.66	179.13
Leasehold improvements	3.94	0.43	-	-	4.37	3.94	-	-0.43	4.37
ROU Asset	163.92	-	-	125.81	37.11	125.54	21.45	127.54	19.45
Plant and equipment	12.30	0.01	-	-	12.31	5.73	1.19	-	6.92
Furniture and fittings	100.55	0.96	-	1.53	99.98	59.63	10.32	1.35	68.60
Motor vehicles	0.43	-	-	-	0.43	0.43	-	-	0.43
Office equipments	61.18	1.99	-	2.12	61.05	52.38	1.89	1.67	52.60
Computers	353.54	265.93	0.08	48.64	570.91	189.46	124.28	31.98	281.76
Vessel	4.84	-	-	-	4.84	3.41	0.22	-	3.63
Total	1,327.30	269.32	0.08	179.47	1,417.23	594.71	196.95	174.77	616.89
									800.34

*Note : The Group has created first and exclusive mortgage/ charge on the immovable properties in favour of State Bank of India for credit facilities availed by group companies, namely, ECL Finance Limited and Nido Home Finance Limited.



ECap Equities Limited

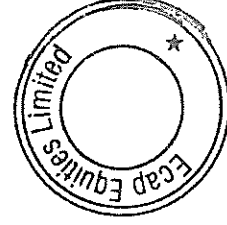
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

8 Property, plant and equipment

Description of assets	Gross block				Depreciation			Net Block	
	As at 1 April 2024	Additions during the year	Addition / (Deletion) through acquisitions / divestment during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2025	As at 1 April 2024	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2025
Land *	41.42	-	-	-	41.42	-	-	-	41.42
Building *	577.30	448.92	-	441.04	585.18	128.13	36.06	10.00	430.99
Leasehold improvements	2.00	-	3.94	2.00	3.94	1.89	0.20	1.91	-
ROU Asset	124.84	39.56	45.09	45.57	163.92	118.14	44.58	44.69	38.38
Plant and equipment	12.30	-	-	-	12.30	4.28	1.45	-	6.57
Furniture and fittings	100.22	0.19	1.00	0.86	100.55	45.51	0.93	0.75	40.92
Motor vehicles	0.43	-	-	-	0.43	0.43	-	-	-
Office equipments	59.08	0.99	3.40	2.29	61.18	48.30	3.37	2.84	8.80
Computers	112.90	114.33	141.95	15.64	383.54	75.73	77.12	10.60	164.08
Vessel	4.84	-	-	-	4.84	3.13	0.28	-	1.43
Total	1,035.33	603.99	195.38	507.40	1,327.30	425.54	129.76	70.08	732.59

*Note : The Group has created first and exclusive mortgage/ charge on the immovable properties in favour of State Bank of India for credit facilities availed by group companies, namely, ECL Finance Limited and Nido Home Finance Limited.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9 Investment property

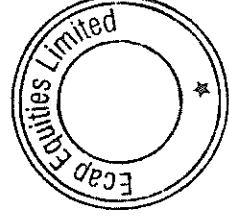
Description of assets	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2025	Additions during the year	Addition / (Deletion) through acquisitions / divestment during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026	Charge for the year	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2026
Building #	983.69	-	-	-	983.69	32.63	363.73	619.96
Land #	191.42	-	-	44.54	146.88	-	-	146.88
Property	928.69	50.00	(949.99)	-	28.70	(627.39)	-	28.70
Total	2,103.80	50.00	(949.99)	44.54	1,159.27	32.63	363.73	795.54

Fair value of the Investment Property is Rs. 2,168.24 million

Description of assets	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2024	Additions during the year	Addition / (Deletion) through acquisitions / divestment during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2025	Charge for the year	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2025
Building #	983.69	-	-	-	983.69	34.35	331.10	652.59
Land # \$	191.42	-	-	-	191.42	-	-	191.42
Property	28.70	-	899.99	-	928.69	627.39	627.39	301.30
Total	1,203.81	-	899.99	-	2,103.80	34.35	958.49	1,145.31

Fair value of the Investment Property is Rs. 2,130.00 million

\$ Above land at Alibag has been kept unencumbered for regulatory authorities



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

10 Goodwill

Description of assets	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2025	Additions during the year	Addition / (Deletion) through acquisitions / divestment during the year	Disposals during the year	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2026
Goodwill	60.94	-	-	-	-	-	60.94	60.94
Total	60.94	-	-	-	-	-	60.94	60.94

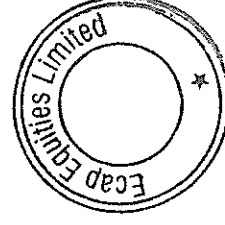
Note:

The Goodwill recognized from past mergers involving subsidiaries that own investment properties is assessed as a cash-generating unit. These properties generate rental income from commercial leasing. The recoverable amount is based on value in use, estimated through discounted cash flows. Future maintainable rental income is capitalized using appropriate discount and capitalization rates, reflecting management's expectations based on historical and sector trends. Management believes that reasonable changes in key assumptions would not reduce the recoverable amount below the carrying value.

Description of assets	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2024	Additions during the year	Addition / (Deletion) through acquisitions / divestment during the year	Disposals during the year	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2025
Goodwill	60.94	-	-	-	-	-	60.94	60.94
Total	60.94	-	-	-	-	-	60.94	60.94

Note:

The Goodwill recognized from past mergers involving subsidiaries that own investment properties is assessed as a cash-generating unit. These properties generate rental income from commercial leasing. The recoverable amount is based on value in use, estimated through discounted cash flows. Future maintainable rental income is capitalized using appropriate discount and capitalization rates, reflecting management's expectations based on historical and sector trends. Management believes that reasonable changes in key assumptions would not reduce the recoverable amount below the carrying value.



ECap Equities Limited

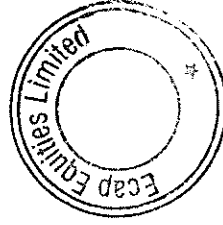
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

11 Other Intangible Assets

	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block		
Description of assets	As at 1 April 2025	Additions during the year	Addition / (Deletion) through acquisitions / divestment during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026	As at 1 April 2025	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026
Computer software	179.47	0.79	-	125.03	55.23	159.00	-	113.84	52.22
3.01									
Total	179.47	0.79	-	125.03	55.23	159.00	-	113.84	52.22
3.01									

	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block				
	As at 1 April 2024	Additions during the year	Addition / (Deletion) through acquisitions / divestment during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2025	As at 1 April 2024	Addition / (Deletion) through acquisitions / divestment during the year	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2025
Description of assets											
Computer software	169.68	4.18	22.13	16.52	179.47	74.50	18.44	82.57	16.51	159.00	20.47
Total	169.68	4.18	22.13	16.52	179.47	74.50	18.44	82.57	16.51	159.00	20.47



ECap Equities Limited
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

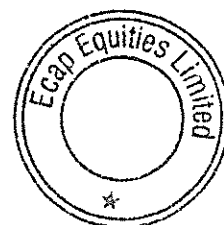
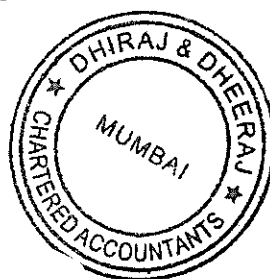
12 Investments

As at 31 March 2026

Particulars	At amortised cost	At fair value through OCI	At fair value through P&L	At cost (associates, and joint ventures)	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5) = (1+2+3+4)
Investments in equity instruments of other companies	-	-	288.76	-	288.76
Investments in preference shares of other companies	-	-	315.29	-	315.29
Investments in debt securities of other companies	-	-	102.96	-	102.96
Investments in group companies					
Equity ¹	-	-	-	401.00	401.00
Investments in associate companies					
Equity	-	-	-	7,272.76	7,272.76
Compulsorily Convertible Debentures	797.26	-	-	-	797.26
Investments in units of fund					
Units of Alternative Investment Funds	-	-	5,041.52	-	5,041.52
Investment in Warrants	-	-	-	-	-
Investment in partnership firm	-	-	-	0.05	0.05
Total - Gross (A)	797.26	-	5,748.53	7,673.81	14,219.60
Less: Allowance for impairment (B)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Net (A-B)	797.26	-	5,748.53	7,673.81	14,219.60
Investments in India	797.26	-	5,748.53	7,673.81	14,219.60
Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-
Total	797.26	-	5,748.53	7,673.81	14,219.60

Note:

- Investments in equity instruments of group companies amounting to Rs. 221.86 million has been pledged against debt securities issued by the Group.



ECap Equities Limited
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

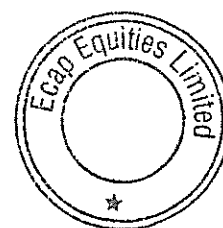
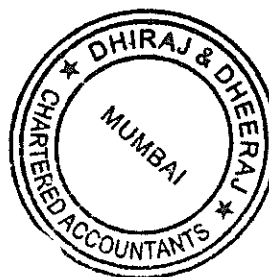
12 Investments (continued)

As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	At amortised cost	At fair value through OCI	At fair value through P&L	At cost (associates, and joint ventures)	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5) = (1+2+3+4)
Investments in equity instruments of other companies ¹	-	-	378.44	-	378.44
Investments in preference shares of other companies	-	-	315.29	-	315.29
Investments in debt securities of other companies	-	-	101.15	-	101.15
Investments in debt securities of group companies	398.69	-	4,104.35	-	4,503.04
Investments in security receipts	-	179.64	-	-	179.64
Investments in group companies	-	-	-	-	-
Equity ²	-	-	-	221.86	221.86
Investments in associate companies	-	-	-	-	-
Compulsorily Convertible Debentures	813.01	-	-	-	813.01
Investments in units of fund	-	-	-	-	-
Units of Alternative Investment Funds ³	-	-	6,802.84	-	6,802.84
Investment in partnership firm	-	-	-	0.05	0.05
Total - Gross (A)	1,211.70	179.64	11,702.07	221.91	13,315.32
Less: Allowance for impairment (B)	1.59	-	-	-	1.59
Total Net (A-B)	1,210.11	179.64	11,702.07	221.91	13,313.73
Investments in India	1,210.11	179.64	11,702.07	221.91	13,313.73
Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,210.11	179.64	11,702.07	221.91	13,313.73

Note:

- Investments in equity instruments of other companies amounting to Rs. 378.44 million has been pledged against borrowings made by the Group.
- Investments in equity instruments of group companies amounting to Rs. 221.86 million has been pledged against debt securities issued by the Group.
- Investments in units of funds amounting to Rs. 1,291.91 million has been pledged against debt securities issued by the Group.



ECap Equities Limited

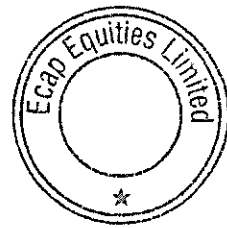
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

12.1 Investments

Unconsolidated structured entities

Particulars	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	Alternative investment funds	Maximum exposure	Alternative investment funds	Maximum exposure
Investments at fair value	5,041.52	5,041.52	6,665.15	6,665.15
Total Assets	5,041.52	5,041.52	6,665.15	6,665.15
Off-balance sheet exposure	145.38	NA	1,138.36	NA
Size of the structured entities	75,856.60	NA	55,159.42	NA
Income from the structured entities	360.95	NA	265.81	NA

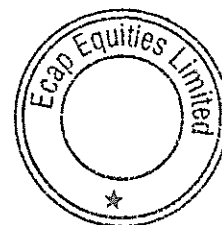


ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

13 Loans	As at 31 March 2026			As at 31 March 2025		
	at amortised cost	at FVTPL	Total	at amortised cost	at FVTPL	Total
At amortised cost						
Term Loans						
Loans	-	-	-	2,703.28	1,470.42	4,173.70
Others						
Loans	4,405.89	-	4,405.89	3,470.00	-	3,470.00
Total Gross	4,405.89	-	4,405.89	6,173.28	1,470.42	7,643.70
Less: Impairment loss allowance	238.76	-	238.76	231.90	-	231.90
Total (Net)	4,167.13	-	4,167.13	5,941.38	1,470.42	7,411.80
Secured by tangible assets (Property including land, building and securities)	-	-	-	2,026.94	1,470.42	3,497.36
Unsecured	4,405.89	-	4,405.89	4,146.34	-	4,146.34
Total Gross	4,405.89	-	4,405.89	6,173.28	1,470.42	7,643.70
Less: Impairment loss allowance (including on loan commitments)	238.76	-	238.76	231.90	-	231.90
Total (Net)	4,167.13	-	4,167.13	5,941.38	1,470.42	7,411.80
Loans in India						
Public Sectors	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	4,405.89	-	4,405.89	6,173.28	1,470.42	7,643.70
Total Gross	4,405.89	-	4,405.89	6,173.28	1,470.42	7,643.70
Less: Impairment loss allowance (including on loan commitments)	238.76	-	238.76	231.90	-	231.90
Total (Net)	4,167.13	-	4,167.13	5,941.38	1,470.42	7,411.80

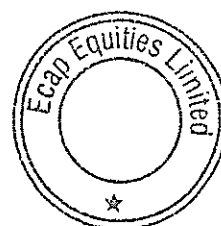


ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
14 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
Term deposits with banks	0.26	0.26
Accrued interest on fixed deposits	0.08	0.07
	0.34	0.33
14.1 Encumbrances' on fixed deposits held by the Group		
The Group has pledged fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 0.26 million (Previous year: Rs. 0.25 million) with sales tax authorities for meeting deposit requirements.		
15 Other financial assets		
<i>Unsecured, considered good</i>		
Security deposits	2.86	11.99
Deposit - others	4.49	9.53
Deposits placed with/exchange/depositories	23.91	23.92
	31.26	45.44
16 Current tax assets (net)		
Advance income taxes (net of provision for tax)	863.27	473.85
	863.27	473.85
17 Deferred tax assets (net)		
Deferred tax assets		
Provision for non-performing, restructured and doubtful advances - ECL provision	573.42	542.39
Unamortised processing fees - EIR on lending	-	0.77
Difference between book and tax depreciation (including intangibles)	-	12.10
Fair valuation of investments and derivatives	443.34	45.46
Provision for leave accumulation	13.89	4.73
Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	122.22	86.45
Accumulated losses	2,280.17	3,487.17
Unrealised loss on derivatives	52.08	-
Lease liability	-	0.92
Others	12.59	99.56
Total (A)	3,497.71	4,279.55
Deferred tax liabilities		
Difference between book and tax depreciation (including intangibles)	151.21	152.08
Unamortised loan origination costs - EIR on lending	-	1.27
Recognition of interest strip on assignment deals	-	8.94
Effective interest rate on financial liabilities	-	8.27
Right-of-use Asset (ROU)	-	0.82
Total (B)	151.21	171.38
Total (A-B)	3,346.50	4,108.17
18 Other non-current assets		
<i>Unsecured, considered good</i>		
Prepaid expenses	43.75	149.32
Input tax credit	35.38	217.84
Others	0.04	12.62
	79.17	379.78



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

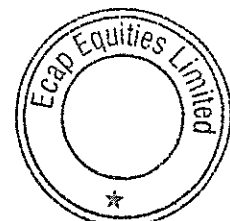
19 Investments

As at 31 March 2026

Particulars	At amortised cost	At fair value through OCI	At fair value through P&L	At cost (associates, and joint ventures)	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	5=(1+2+3+4)
Investments in equity shares of other companies	-	-	8,335.69	-	8,335.69
Investments in preference shares of other companies	-	-	1,509.92	-	1,509.92
Investments in mutual funds of other companies	-	-	6,858.74	-	6,858.74
Investments in debt securities of group companies	-	-	12,291.57	-	12,291.57
Investments in debt securities of other companies	8,176.83	-	-	-	8,176.83
Investments in units of fund					
Units of Alternative Investment Funds	-	-	-	-	-
Investment in partnership firm - current account	-	-	-	3.04	3.04
Total - Gross (A)	8,176.83	-	28,995.92	3.04	37,175.79
Less: Allowance for impairment (B)	3,089.09	-	-	-	3,089.09
Total Net (A-B)	5,087.74	-	28,995.92	3.04	34,086.70
(ii) Investment in India	5,087.74	-	27,268.99	3.04	32,359.77
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	1,726.93	-	1,726.93
Total	5,087.74	-	28,995.92	3.04	34,086.70

As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	At amortised cost	At fair value through OCI	At fair value through P&L	At cost (associates, and joint ventures)	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	5=(1+2+3+4)
Investments in equity shares of other companies	-	-	500.11	-	500.11
Investments in mutual funds of other companies	-	-	2,003.29	-	2,003.29
Investments in debt securities of group companies	-	-	14,484.18	-	14,484.18
Investments in debt securities of other companies	4,640.93	-	-	-	4,640.93
Investments in units of fund	-	-	-	-	-
Units of Alternative Investment Funds	-	-	2.82	-	2.82
Investment in partnership firm - current account	-	-	-	2.93	2.93
Total - Gross (A)	4,640.93	-	16,990.40	2.93	21,634.26
Less: Allowance for impairment (B)	439.10	-	-	-	439.10
Total Net (A-B)	4,201.83	-	16,990.40	2.93	21,195.16
(ii) Investment in India	4,201.83	-	16,990.40	2.93	21,195.16
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4,201.83	-	16,990.40	2.93	21,195.16



20 Trade receivables

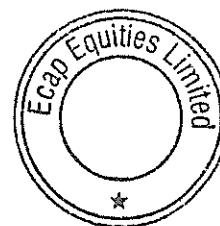
Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Receivables considered good - unsecured	103.56	510.70
Receivables - credit impaired	1.01	1.48
	104.57	512.18
Less : Allowance for expected credit losses	3.82	2.18
	100.75	510.00

Reconciliation of impairment allowance on trade and lease receivables:

Particulars	Amount
Impairment allowance measured as per simplified approach	
Impairment allowance as on 31 March 2025	2.18
Add/ (less): asset originated or acquired (net)	1.64
Impairment allowance as on 31 March 2026	3.82

Provision matrix for Trade receivables

Trade receivables days past due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	More than 2 years	Total
As at 31 March 2026					
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	103.56	-	-	-	103.56
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered doubtful	-	0.56	0.45	-	1.01
ECL provision	(2.98)	(0.39)	(0.45)	-	(3.82)
Net carrying amount	100.58	0.17	-	-	100.75
As at 31 March 2025					
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	470.15	40.55	-	-	510.70
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered doubtful	-	0.16	1.32	-	1.48
ECL provision	(0.75)	(0.11)	(1.32)	-	(2.18)
Net carrying amount	469.40	40.60	-	-	510.00

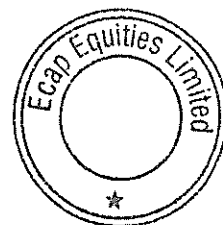


ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
21 Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash on hand		0.11	-
Balances with banks			
- in current accounts		1,953.75	3,225.41
- in fixed deposits with original maturity less than 3 months		-	3,800.00
- Accrued interest on fixed deposits		-	2.63
		1,953.86	7,028.04
22 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents			
Fixed deposits		14.03	118.20
Accrued interest on fixed deposits		0.41	0.88
		14.44	119.08
22.1 Encumbrances' on fixed deposits held by the Group			
Given as credit enhancements towards securitisation		-	102.23
Pledged with National Stock Exchange for meeting margin requirements		14.03	14.91
23 Loans			
at amortised cost:			
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025	
	at amortised cost	at amortised cost	Total
Loans to related parties	3,696.62	50.43	50.43
Loans to others	-	1,686.63	1,686.63
Inter corporate deposit	-	768.74	768.74
Total Gross	3,696.62	2,505.80	2,505.80
Less: Impairment loss allowance (including on loan commitments)	867.12	1,155.77	1,155.77
Total (Net)	2,829.50	1,350.03	1,350.03
Secured by tangible assets	-	2,129.40	2,129.40
Unsecured	3,696.62	376.40	376.40
Total Gross	3,696.62	2,505.80	2,505.80
Less: Impairment loss allowance (including on loan commitments)	867.12	1,155.77	1,155.77
Total (Net)	2,829.50	1,350.03	1,350.03
Loans in India			
Public Sectors	-	-	-
Others	3,696.62	2,505.80	2,505.80
Total Gross	3,696.62	2,505.80	2,505.80
Less: Impairment loss allowance (including on loan commitments)	867.12	1,155.77	1,155.77
Total (Net)	2,829.50	1,350.03	1,350.03



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

24 Derivative financial instruments

(a) The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or liabilities together with their notional amounts.

31 March 2026						
Particulars	Notional		Fair value of asset (INR)		Notional	
	Unit	Notional amount*			Unit	Fair value of liability (INR)
(i) Commodity linked derivatives						
-Futures	Number of commodity units #	0.00	30.50		Number of commodity units #	0.00
-Options purchased	Number of commodity units	-	-		Number of commodity units	0.01
-Options sold (written)	Number of commodity units	-	-		Number of commodity units	-
Less: amounts offset			30.50			17.68
Sub total (i)			30.50			0.22
(ii) Currency derivatives						
-Spot and forwards	Number of currency units	-	-		Number of currency units	2.69
-Options purchased	Number of currency units	30.00	5.78		Number of currency units	-
-Options sold (written)	Number of currency units	-	-		Number of currency units	27.00
Less: amounts offset			5.78			169.55
Sub total (ii)			5.78			169.55
(iii) Interest rate derivatives						
-Futures	Number of G-sec units	37.73	38.86		Number of G-sec units	-
-Interest Rate Swaps	Number of contracts	-	-		Number of contracts	7,99,299.34
Less: amounts offset			38.86			45.37
Sub total (iii)			38.86			45.37
(iv) Equity linked derivatives						
-Stock Futures	Number of shares	6.34	66.10		Number of shares	168.55
-Options purchased	Number of shares	153.60	1,126.86		Number of shares	-
-Options sold	Number of shares	-	-		Number of shares	153.95
Less: amounts offset			1,192.96			313.16
Sub total (iv)			66.10			976.23
(v) Index linked derivatives						
-Index Futures	Number of index units	0.01	2.77		Number of index units	0.53
-Options purchased	Number of index units	1.58	3,571.48		Number of index units	-
-Options sold (written)	Number of index units	-	-		Number of index units	1.55
Less: amounts offset			3,574.25			2,012.57
Sub total (v)			2.77			318.01
(vi) Embedded derivatives						
- In market linked debentures	Number of index units	-	2,039.44		Number of index units	-
Sub total (vi)			2,039.44			1,676.83
Total Derivative Financial Instruments			6,743.56			3,702.02

* Notional amount represents quantity in millions
0.00 represents amount less than Rs. 5,000



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

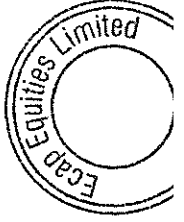
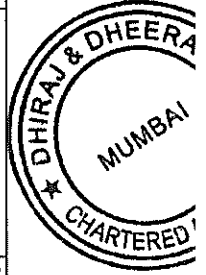
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

24 Derivative financial instruments

(a) The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or liabilities together with their notional amounts.

31 March 2025						
Particulars	Notional		Fair value of asset	Notional		Fair value of liability
	Unit	Notional amount*		Unit	Notional amount*	
(i) Commodity linked derivatives						
-Futures	Number of commodity units	0.00	0.20	Number of commodity units	-	-
Less: amounts offset			0.20			-
Sub total (i)			-			-
(ii) Currency derivatives						
-Spot and forwards	Number of currency units	32.83	736.36	Number of currency units	-	-
-Options purchased	Number of currency units	12.00	3.28	Number of currency units	-	-
-Options sold (written)	Number of currency units	-	-	Number of currency units	10.50	2.72
Less: amounts offset			739.64			2.72
Sub total (ii)			736.36			2.72
(iii) Interest rate derivatives						
-Futures	Number of G-sec units	-	-	Number of G-sec units	28.71	8.64
- Interest Rate Swaps	Number of contracts	-	-	Number of contracts	15,43,424.01	21.75
Less: amounts offset			-			30.39
Sub total (iii)			-			30.39
(iv) Equity linked derivatives						
-Stock Futures	Number of shares	4.14	34.90	Number of shares	5.79	58.02
-Options purchased	Number of shares	0.30	3.73	Number of shares	-	-
-Options sold (written)	Number of shares	-	-	Number of shares	0.10	0.77
Less: amounts offset			38.63			58.79
Sub total (iv)			34.90			58.02
(v) Index linked derivatives						
-Index Futures	Number of index units	140.84	28.48	Number of index units	0.05	4.99
-Options purchased	Number of index units	19.83	74.39	Number of index units	-	-
-Options sold (written)	Number of index units	-	-	Number of index units	0.55	123.81
Less: amounts offset			102.86			128.80
Sub total (v)			28.48			10.53
(vi) Embedded derivatives						
- In market linked debentures	Number of index units	-	636.68	Number of index units	-	1,265.11
Sub total (vi)			636.68			1,265.11
Total Derivative Financial Instruments			718.08			1,384.15

* Notional amount represents quantity in millions
0.00 represents amount less than Rs. 5,000



ECap Equities Limited**Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)**

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

24 Derivative financial instruments**(b) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities****Financial assets subject to offsetting 31 March 2026**

	Offsetting recognised in the balance sheet		
	Gross asset before offset	Amount offset	Net asset recognised in balance sheet
Derivative financial assets	6,881.79	138.23	6,743.56

Financial liabilities subject to offsetting 31 March 2026

	Offsetting recognised in the balance sheet		
	Gross liability before offset	Amount offset	Net liability recognised in balance sheet
Derivative financial liabilities	4,898.24	1,196.22	3,702.02

As at the reporting date, the amount of gross derivative assets & liabilities that has been offset against the cash margin is Rs. 138.23 millions and Rs. 1,196.22 millions respectively.

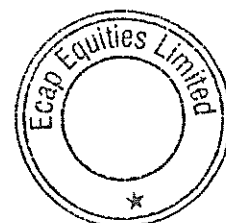
Financial assets subject to offsetting 31 March 2025

	Offsetting recognised in the balance sheet		
	Gross asset before offset	Amount offset	Net asset recognised in balance sheet
Derivative financial assets	1,518.01	799.93	718.08

Financial liabilities subject to offsetting 31 March 2025

	Offsetting recognised in the balance sheet		
	Gross liability before offset	Amount offset	Net liability recognised in balance sheet
Derivative financial liabilities	1,485.81	101.66	1,384.15

As at the reporting date, the amount of gross derivative assets & liabilities that has been offset against the cash margin is Rs. 799.93 millions and Rs. 101.66 millions respectively.

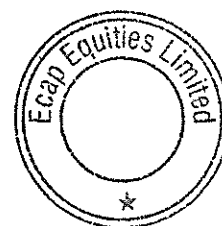


ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
25 Other financial assets		
<i>Unsecured, considered good</i>		
Margin placed with broker	6,512.55	2,114.51
Client Margin	278.10	394.00
Others	6.78	0.39
Loans and advances to employees	0.98	1.52
Dividend receivable	0.52	-
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	0.37	34.30
	6,799.30	2,544.72
26 Current tax assets (net)		
Advance income taxes (net of provision for tax)	288.69	102.40
	288.69	102.40
27 Other current assets		
<i>Unsecured, considered good</i>		
Input tax credit	337.94	508.92
Prepaid expenses	97.07	136.18
Capital Advances	340.81	339.08
Other deposits	-	0.03
Vendor advances	6.81	50.22
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	0.07	5.47
Advances to employees	0.71	0.70
Others	14.61	-
	798.02	1,040.60



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
28 Equity share capital		
Authorised :		
5,20,50,000 (Previous year: 5,20,50,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	520.50	520.50
37,25,000 (Previous year: 37,25,000) preference shares of Rs. 10 each	37.25	37.25
12,50,000 (Previous year: 12,50,000) preference shares of Rs. 1 each	1.25	1.25
	559.00	559.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up:		
1,84,49,240 (Previous year: 1,84,49,240) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	184.49	184.49
	184.49	184.49
Non controlling Interest	231.61	360.12
	231.61	360.12

a. Movement in share capital :

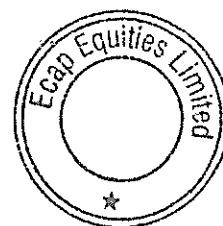
	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,84,49,240	184.49	1,84,49,240	184.49
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,84,49,240	184.49	1,84,49,240	184.49

b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares :

The Parent Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the Parent Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Parent Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Shares held by Holding Company, Promoter

	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	No. of shares	%	No. of shares	%
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, the holding company and its nominees	1,84,49,240	100.00	1,84,49,240	100.00
	1,84,49,240	100.00	1,84,49,240	100.00



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

29	Instruments entirely equity in nature	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
		No of CCDs	Amount	No of CCDs	Amount
	0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs) of Rs.1000 each	20,00,000	2,000.00	20,00,000	2,000.00
	0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs) of Rs. 10 each	1,46,00,00,000	14,600.00	1,06,00,00,000	10,600.00
		1,46,20,00,000	16,600.00	1,06,20,00,000	12,600.00

a. Movement in instruments during the year :

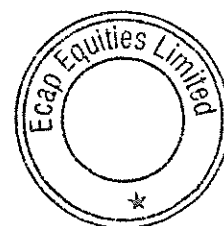
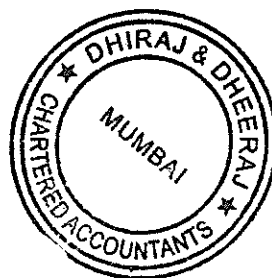
	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	No of CCDs	Amount	No of CCDs	Amount
0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs)				
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,06,20,00,000	12,600.00	1,06,20,00,000	12,600.00
Issued during the year	40,00,00,000	4,000.00	-	-
Redeemed during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,46,20,00,000	16,600.00	1,06,20,00,000	12,600.00

b. Terms/rights attached to Instruments entirely equity in nature :

The interest rate is 0.01% per annum and CCDs will be convertible into equity shares within period not exceeding 10 years from the date of issue.

c. Details of holders holding more than 5%

	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	No. of CCD's	%	No. of CCD's	%
0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs) of Rs.1000 each				
Edel Finance Company Limited	20,00,000	100%	20,00,000	100%
	20,00,000	100%	20,00,000	100%
0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs) of Rs.10 each				
Edel Finance Company Limited	1,46,00,00,000	100%	1,06,00,00,000	100%
	1,46,00,00,000	100%	1,06,00,00,000	100%

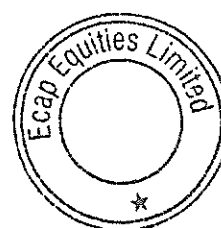


ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
30 Other equity		
Capital Reserve - Opening Balance	192.76	192.76
Add : Additions during the year	-	-
Less : Effect of stake changes	(8.18)	-
	184.58	192.76
Capital redemption reserve - Opening Balance	171.50	167.00
Add : Effect of stake changes	15.12	4.50
Add : Additions during the year	-	-
	186.62	171.50
Securities premium - Opening Balance	4,958.89	2,667.65
Add/(Less) : Effect of stake changes	(708.77)	2,291.24
Add : Additions during the year	-	-
	4,250.12	4,958.89
ESOP Reserve - Opening Balance	33.24	31.55
Add/(Less) : Effect of stake changes	(7.63)	1.69
Add : Additions during the year	-	-
	25.61	33.24
Special Reserve under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 - Opening Balance	455.43	437.23
Add/(Less) : Effect of stake changes	(455.43)	-
Add: Additions during the year	-	18.20
	-	455.43
Revaluation Reserves		
Opening Balance	256.39	272.18
Less: Transfer to Retained Earnings	(14.87)	(15.79)
	241.52	256.39
Debenture redemption reserve - Opening Balance	1,074.32	1,074.32
Add/(Less) : Effect of stake changes	(22.91)	-
Add: Additions during the year	180.00	-
	1,231.41	1,074.32
Foreign exchange translation reserve - Opening Balance	303.73	-
Add: Additions during the year	-	(2.60)
Add : Effect of stake changes	-	306.33
	303.73	303.73



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
30 Other equity (continued)		
Retained earnings - Opening Balance	(12,329.36)	(6,691.97)
Less: Transferred to Debenture redemption reserve	(180.00)	-
Add: Profit for the year	(6,006.60)	6,172.42
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year	(323.06)	(2,221.27)
Add: Transferred from revaluation reserve -OCI (net)	14.87	15.79
Add/(Less) : Effect of stake changes	6,840.29	(9,592.34)
Add : ESOP reversal on lapse of vesting period	0.21	6.21
Less: Transfer to Special Reserve under Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	-	18.20
	(11,983.65)	(12,329.36)
	(5,560.06)	(4,883.10)

1 Capital reserve:

Capital reserve represents the gains of capital nature which is not freely available for distribution.

2 Capital redemption reserve:

As per Companies Act, 2013, capital redemption reserve is created when Group purchases its own shares out of free reserves or securities premium. A sum equal to the nominal value of the shares so purchased is transferred to capital redemption reserve. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 69 of the Companies Act, 2013.

3 Securities premium:

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares and is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

4 ESOP reserve:

Certain employees of the Group have been granted options to acquire equity shares of the Holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited). This reserve represents the cost of these options based on their fair value at the grant dates as recognised over the vesting period of such options, to the extent that the Ultimate Parent Company has not recovered such cost from the Company.

5 Special Reserve under section 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934:

Every non-banking financial company shall create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the profit and loss account and before any dividend is declared.

6 Revaluation reserve:

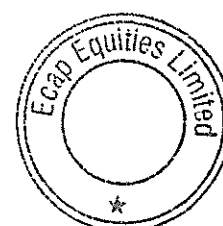
The Group decided to move to revaluation model from cost model for accounting a class of asset (i.e. flats and building) as at 31st March 2020. The management approved revaluation of owned land and buildings classified under property plant and equipment after assessing the valuation made by duly appointed independent valuer. The difference between valuation amount and the carrying value of land and buildings is accounted under Revaluation Reserve through other comprehensive income.

7 Debenture redemption reserve:

The Companies Act 2013 requires companies that issue debentures to create a debenture redemption reserve from annual profits until such debentures are redeemed. The Group is required to transfer a specified percentage (as provided in the Companies Act, 2013) of the outstanding redeemable debentures to debenture redemption reserve. The amounts credited to the debenture redemption reserve may not be utilised except to redeem debentures. On redemption of debentures, the amount may be transferred from debenture redemption reserve to retained earnings.

8 Foreign exchange translation reserve

The exchange differences arising out of year end translation of Group entities having functional currency other than Indian Rupees is debited or credited to this reserve.



ECap Equities Limited**Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)**

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

31 Borrowings**31 (a) Non current borrowings**

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Secured:		
Non-convertible debentures ^{1&6}	25,489.93	29,747.35
Unsecured:		
Non-convertible debentures ⁶	2,377.19	2,753.16
Subordinated liabilities ⁸	0.01	2,279.94
Total	27,867.13	34,780.45

31 (b) Lease liabilities

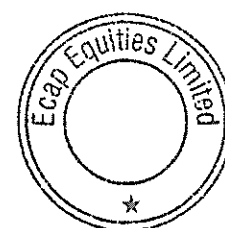
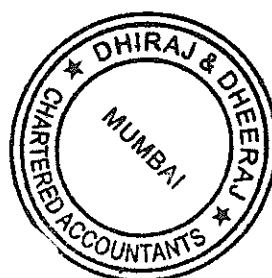
Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Lease liabilities	-	15.36
Total	-	15.36

31 (c) Current borrowings

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Secured:		
Non-convertible debentures ^{1&6}	15,927.10	5,168.10
From other financial institutions ^{5&9}	-	2,504.09
Bank Overdraft ²	-	65.67
Unsecured:		
Term Loans from related parties ^{3&7}	14,903.10	6,234.27
Inter corporate deposits ⁴	18.45	17.72
Total	30,848.65	13,989.85

31 (d) Lease liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Lease liabilities	18.43	23.60
Total	18.43	23.60



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

31 Borrowings (continued)

Notes:-

- 1 The debentures issued under Debenture Trust Deed dated 10 May 2019, 09 September 2021, 30 August 2022, 18 Jan 2024 and 11 December 2025 are secured by a pari passu charge on the immovable property, property, plant and equipment, trade receivables, loans, investments, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and stock in trade to the extent equal to the principal and interest amount i.e. redemption value of debentures .

For FY 2024-25, the debentures issued under Debenture Trust Deed dated 15 June 2023 are secured by charge on investments made in Edelweiss Infrastructure Yield Plus Fund to the extent equal to 1.25 times the principal and interest amount i.e. redemption value of debentures.

The debentures issued under Debenture Trust Deed dated 23 February 2023 are secured by charge on investments made in Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited by fellow subsidiary company Edelweiss Securities & Investments Private Limited.

The debentures issued under Debenture Trust Deed dated 11 March 2024 and 24 July 2024 are secured by charge on investments made in Edelweiss Asset Management Limited by the holding company Edelweiss Financial Services Limited and fellow subsidiary company Edelweiss Securities & Investments Private Limited.

The debentures issued under Debenture Trust Deed dated 24 June 2025, 14 August 2025 and 08 January 2026 are secured by Investments in Equity shares of Edel Finance Company Limited held by the holding company Edelweiss Financial Services Limited to the extent equal to 1x times the principal and interest amount i.e. redemption value of debentures.

The issue proceeds of Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) issued by the Group are being utilized as per the objects stated in the offer document. Further, there have been no deviations in the use of proceeds of issue of NCDs from the objects stated in the offer document.

The Group has complied with all the covenants of debt securities issued during the current year ended 31 March 2026 and previous year ended 31 March 2025

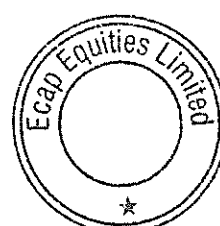
- 2 Bank overdraft is in nature of committed Cash Credit lines repayable on demand (Interest rate range, March-25: 7.95% - 11.55%)
- 3 At interest rate ranging from 9.85% to 13.55% p.a. (Previous year interest ranging from 11.02% to 13.89% p.a.)
- 4 Unsecured, inter-corporate deposits repayable on demand, at interest rate 6.55% p.a. (Previous year 6.55% p.a.)
- 5 At interest rate of 11.11%
- 6 Following is the repayment schedule of Non convertible debentures

Non convertible debentures as at 31 March 2026

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
8.00 - 8.99%	-	-	-	-
9.00 - 9.99%	-	-	-	-
10.00 - 10.99%	-	-	-	-
12.41 - 13.80%	15,853.90	6,865.26	2,480.23	25,199.39
Various (benchmark linked)	73.20	12,269.57	6,252.06	18,594.83
Accrued Interest and EIR	-	-	-	-
Total	15,927.10	19,134.83	8,732.29	43,794.22

Non convertible debentures as at 31 March 2025

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
8.00 - 8.99%	-	409.21	-	409.21
9.00 - 9.99%	-	483.17	-	483.17
10.00 - 10.99%	-	300.00	-	300.00
12.41 - 12.45%	5,168.10	25,194.58	-	30,362.68
Various (benchmark linked)	-	2,587.68	3,544.98	6,132.66
Accrued Interest and EIR	-	-	-	(19.11)
Total	5,168.10	28,974.64	3,544.98	37,668.61



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

31 Borrowings (continued)

Notes:-

7 Following is the repayment schedule of Term loans from related parties

Term loans from related parties as at 31 March 2026

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
9.85% to 13.55%	14,903.10	-	-	14,903.10
Total	14,903.10	-	-	14,903.10

Term loans from related parties as at 31 March 2025

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
11.02% to 13.89%	6,234.27	-	-	6,234.27
Total	6,234.27	-	-	6,234.27

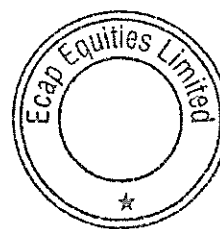
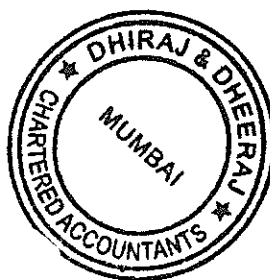
8 Following is the repayment schedule of Subordinated Liabilities

Subordinated liabilities as at 31 March 2026

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
0.01%	-	-	0.01	0.01
9.00 - 9.99%	-	-	-	-
10.00 - 10.99%	-	-	-	-
11.00 - 11.99%	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest and EIR	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	0.01	0.01

Subordinated liabilities as at 31 March 2025

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
0.01%	-	-	0.01	0.01
9.00 - 9.99%	-	120.00	1,440.00	1,560.00
10.00 - 10.99%	-	-	250.00	250.00
11.00 - 11.99%	140.00	-	-	140.00
Accrued Interest and EIR	-	-	-	329.93
Total	140.00	120.00	1,690.01	2,279.94



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

31 Borrowings (continued)

Notes:-

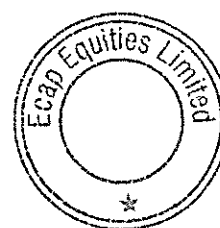
- 9 Following is the repayment schedule of Term loans from other financial institutions

Term loans from banks and others as at 31 March 2026

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
11.11%	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

Term loans from banks and others as at 31 March 2025

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
11.11%	2,504.09	-	-	2,504.09
Total	2,504.09	-	-	2,504.09



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
32 Other financial liabilities		
Rental deposits	62.67	91.24
Accrued salaries and benefits	1.62	128.90
Payable on account of securitisation/ assignments	-	454.75
	64.29	674.89
33 Provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity	161.11	76.74
Compensated leave absences	55.32	16.33
	216.43	93.07
34 Trade payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.32	1.23
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	494.80	1,136.72
	495.12	1,137.95

Trade Payable Ageing:

As at 31 March 2026

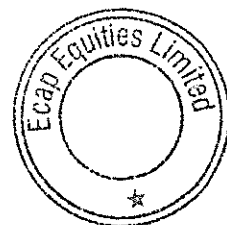
Particulars	Outstanding for March 31, 2026					Total
	Unbilled	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	-	0.32	-	-	-	0.32
(ii) Others	198.76	295.61	0.43	-	-	494.80
Total	198.76	295.93	0.43	-	-	495.12

As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for March 31, 2025					Total
	Unbilled	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	-	1.23	-	-	-	1.23
(ii) Others	190.81	938.26	0.27	7.38	-	1,136.72
Total	190.81	939.49	0.27	7.38	-	1,137.95

Details of dues to micro and small enterprises

Trade payables includes Rs. 0.32 million (Previous year: Rs. 1.23 million) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. No interest has been paid/is payable by the Group during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this act. The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Group to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said act.

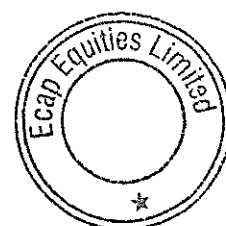


ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
35 Other financial liabilities		
Book overdraft	-	7.03
Debenture application monies received pending allotment	-	0.13
Payable to employees	-	54.60
Accrued salaries and benefits	878.16	640.79
Payable to client (net)	1.80	520.59
Retention money payable	8.97	8.97
Provision for short sale	1,985.30	-
Payable on account of securitisation/ assignments	-	93.62
Other payables	99.69	104.46
	2,973.92	1,430.19
36 Other current liabilities		
Revenue received in advance	11.43	15.41
Payable to others	-	0.70
Withholding taxes	228.55	329.15
Others	4.27	5.71
	244.25	350.97
37 Provisions		
Gratuity	22.20	4.67
Provision for capex	10.99	6.40
Compensated absences	7.79	2.39
	40.98	13.46
38 Current tax liabilities (net)		
Provision for taxation (net of advance tax)	54.66	145.07
	54.66	145.07

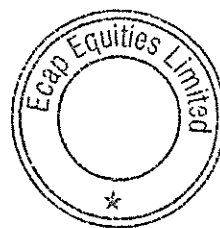


ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
39 Fee and commission income		
Income from securities broking	15.80	5.86
Guarantee commission and advisory fee income from Group	5.60	42.56
Advisory and other fees	704.67	19.02
	726.07	67.44
39.1 Fee and commission income		
Service transferred at a point in time	726.07	67.44
Service transferred over time	-	-
Total revenue from contract with customers	726.07	67.44
40 Net gain on fair value changes		
On trading portfolio		
Investments at FVTPL	2,792.95	(7,615.26)
Derivatives at FVTPL	1,440.57	1,954.53
Others		
Other financial instruments	2,318.14	17,436.63
	6,551.66	11,775.90
Fair value changes:		
Realised gain	(4,456.85)	4,798.30
Unrealised (loss)/gain	11,008.51	6,977.60
Total net gain on fair value changes	6,551.66	11,775.90
41 Dividend income		
Dividend on stock in trade	425.60	6.56
Dividend on long term investment	35.10	324.00
	460.70	330.56



ECap Equities Limited

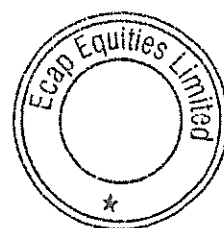
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

42 Interest income

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2026			For the year ended 31 March 2025		
	On financial assets			On financial assets		
	measured at amortised cost	classified at fair value through profit or loss	Total	measured at amortised cost	classified at fair value through profit or loss	Total
Interest on loans	688.63	-	688.63	3,334.05	-	3,334.05
Interest income from investments	844.92	1,820.94	2,665.86	116.87	577.22	694.09
Interest on deposits with banks	5.01	-	5.01	8.71	-	8.71
Interest on margin with brokers	100.17	-	100.17	20.31	-	20.31
Interest income on debt instruments	24.52	-	24.52	2.30	-	2.30
Other interest income	22.35	-	22.35	19.11	0.10	19.21
Total	1,685.60	1,820.94	3,506.54	3,501.35	577.32	4,078.67

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
43 Rental income		
Rental income	114.88	173.59
	114.88	173.59
43.1 The Group recovered rent from the holding company, subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries and other external parties for occupying office premises in the Group's building.		
44 Other operating revenue		
Income from Training Centre	48.62	52.39
	48.62	52.39
45 Other income		
Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)	31.11	0.62
Interest income on fixed deposits	4.63	8.44
Interest on income tax refund	41.65	15.17
Miscellaneous income	124.36	49.00
	201.75	73.23



ECap Equities Limited

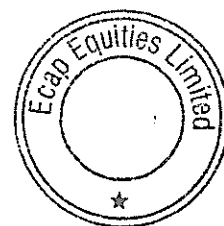
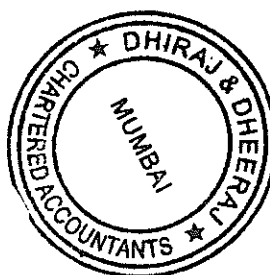
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
46 Employee benefit expenses		
Salaries and wages	2,105.18	1,272.06
Contribution to provident and other funds	77.30	38.18
Expense on employee stock option scheme (ESOP) and Employee Stock Appreciation Rights	102.78	9.92
Staff welfare expenses	81.33	19.57
	2,366.59	1,339.73

46.1 Employee stock option plans

The Holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL")) has Employee Stock Option Plans and Stock Appreciation Rights Plans in force. Based on such ESOP/SAR schemes, parent entity has granted an ESOP/SAR option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to Company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Group has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

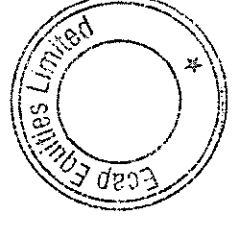
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

47 Finance costs

	For the year ended 31 March 2026		For the year ended 31 March 2025	
Particulars	On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	Total	On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	Total
Interest on borrowings	2,291.87	2,291.87	1,007.49	1,007.49
Interest on debt securities	5,104.02	5,104.02	4,176.09	4,176.09
Interest on subordinated liabilities	93.90	93.90	213.19	213.19
Interest on SLBM trades	192.06	192.06	71.46	71.46
Financial and bank charges	81.65	81.65	707.46	707.46
Interest expense - margin with brokers	117.65	117.65	34.14	34.14
Interest expense - lease liability	0.14	0.14	0.53	0.53
Other interest expense	21.14	21.14	181.90	181.90
Total	7,902.43	7,902.43	6,392.26	6,392.26

48 Impairment loss on financial instruments

	For the year ended 31 March 2026			For the year ended 31 March 2025		
Particulars	On financial instruments measured at fair value through profit and loss	On financial instruments measured at amortised cost	Total	On financial instruments measured at fair value through profit and loss	On financial instruments measured at amortised cost	Total
Loans	-	142.53	142.53	-	(564.67)	(564.67)
Trade receivables	-	2.28	2.28	-	0.77	0.77
Investments (Refer note 64 (xviii))	-	2,395.82	2,395.82	-	436.94	436.94
Total	-	2,540.63	2,540.63	-	(126.96)	(126.96)

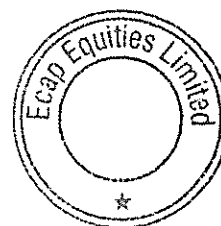


ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
49 Other expenses		
Advertisement and business promotion	4.72	4.84
Auditors' remuneration	13.43	9.75
Commission and brokerage	129.68	161.74
Communication	135.31	23.54
Computer expenses	198.74	121.96
Computer software	88.18	21.68
Clearing and custodian charges	50.77	58.30
Directors' sitting fees	3.25	2.99
Corporate social responsibility-donation	4.30	34.03
Electricity charges	20.89	18.09
Foreign exchange loss (net)	(6.49)	-
Housekeeping and security charges	4.84	13.70
Insurance	1.18	2.27
Legal and professional fees	1,067.19	362.35
Membership and subscription	21.52	17.78
Office expenses	69.75	40.38
Postage and courier	0.09	-
Printing and stationery	3.34	-
Rates and taxes	19.69	66.39
Rent	140.48	51.03
Repairs and maintenance	26.64	16.95
ROC expenses	0.79	-
Securities transaction tax	734.34	328.57
Goods and service tax expenses	438.08	223.74
Stamp duty	82.98	37.50
Stock exchange expenses	440.46	171.71
Trusteeship fees	0.24	-
Travelling and conveyance	45.26	43.82
Management fees	1.22	-
Miscellaneous expenses	126.75	5.26
Training centre expenses (Fountainhead)	28.98	28.33
	3,896.75	1,866.70
49.1 Auditors' remuneration:		
As Auditors	12.58	7.75
Others	0.73	1.77
Towards reimbursement of expenses	0.12	0.23
	13.43	9.75



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

49.2 Other expenses

(a) Foreign currency transaction

The Group has incurred an amount of Rs. 62.49 millions (Previous year: Rs. 40.72 millions) in foreign currency. Earnings in foreign exchange is Rs 130.14 millions (Previous year: Rs. Nil millions).

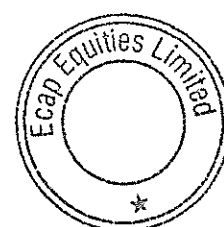
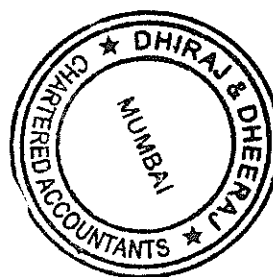
(b) Operating leases

Lease disclosure

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Right-of-use assets	17.66	3.23
Lease liability	18.43	3.66
Depreciation on ROU of building	21.45	3.11
Interest cost	2.27	0.53
Reversal of lease pre-closure	-	(0.02)
Total cash outflows for leases	-	0.68
Rent on short term leases	-	1.94

(c) Cost sharing:

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, being the holding company along with fellow subsidiaries incurs expenditure like Group mediclaim, insurance, rent, electricity charges etc. which is for the common benefit of itself and its certain subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries including the Group. This cost so expended is reimbursed by the Group on the basis of number of employees, area occupied, actual identifications, etc. On the same lines, costs like rent, electricity charges incurred by the Group for the benefit of fellow subsidiaries and associate companies are recovered as reimbursement by the Group from the subsidiaries and associate companies on similar basis. Accordingly, and as identified by the management, the expenditure heads include reimbursements paid and are net of reimbursements received based on the management's best estimate.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

49.2 Other expenses (continued)

(d) Corporate social responsibility (CSR)

As per the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013,

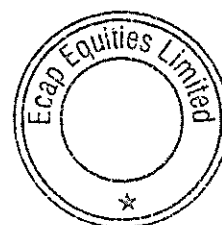
(i) Gross amount required to be spent by the Group during the year was Rs. 2.35 millions (Previous year: Rs. 2.57 millions)

(ii) Amount spent during the year ended 31 March 2026 on:

Particulars	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
Constructions/acquisition of any assets	Nil	Nil	Nil
On purpose other than (i) above	Rs. 2.35 millions	Nil	Rs. 2.35 millions

Amount spent during the year ended 31 March 2025 on:

Particulars	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
Constructions/acquisition of any assets	Nil	Nil	Nil
On purpose other than (i) above	Rs. 2.57 millions	Nil	Rs. 2.57 millions



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

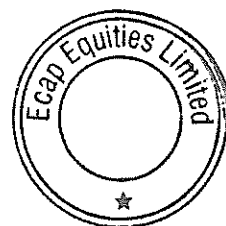
50 Income tax disclosure

(a) The components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025 are:

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Current tax (Includes current income tax of prior years)	(180.76)	2,289.38
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	284.08	(1,316.50)
Deferred tax asset recognised on unused tax credit or unused tax losses	422.64	(258.62)
Total tax charge	525.96	714.26
Current tax	(180.76)	2,289.38
Deferred tax	706.72	(1,575.12)

(b) Reconciliation of total tax charge :

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Accounting profit / (loss) before tax as per financial statements	(5,480.64)	6,886.68
Tax rate (in percentage)	25.17%	25.17%
Income tax expense calculated based on this tax rate	(1,379.48)	1,733.38
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	(236.92)	5.58
Effect of income not subject to tax:		
Others	(0.01)	(0.01)
Long term capital gain on sale of shares	-	(87.63)
Others - disallowable items	1,195.00	14.71
Effect of non-recognition of deferred tax asset on current-period losses	(135.12)	(123.62)
Effect of recognition of deferred tax asset on prior period losses - earlier not recognised	(4.92)	55.65
Effect of utilisation of tax losses or deferred tax assets on losses earlier recognised now considered not recoverable	935.30	-
Write-down of available tax credits which are not considered recoverable (for example, Minimum Alternate Tax credit)	180.60	-
Impact of tax rate changes	-	(1,183.81)
Impact of certain items being taxed at different rates (for example, capital gains at different rates, etc.)	-	322.74
Others	(28.49)	(22.73)
Tax charge for the year recorded in consolidated statement of profit and loss	525.96	714.26



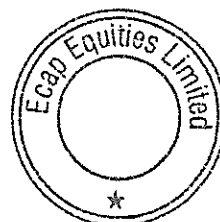
ECap Equities Limited
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

50 Income tax disclosure

(c) The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the income tax expense:

	Movement for the period (2025-26)						Closing deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS
	Opening deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Addition/Reduction on account of acquisition / divestment during the year	Others	Total movement	
Deferred taxes in relation to:							
Difference between book and tax depreciation - Property, plant and equipment	(139.34)	1.25	-	(12.85)	-	(11.60)	(150.94)
Difference between book and tax depreciation - Intangible assets	(0.64)	0.37	-	-	-	0.37	(0.27)
Fair valuation of investments and derivatives	45.46	559.79	-	(109.83)	-	449.96	495.42
Employee benefits obligations	91.18	46.48	0.46	(1.97)	(0.04)	44.93	136.11
Lease liability	0.92	(0.21)	-	(0.50)	(0.21)	(0.92)	-
Interest spread on assignment transactions	(8.94)	3.81	-	5.13	-	8.94	-
Effective interest rate on financial assets	(0.50)	0.18	-	0.32	-	0.50	-
Effective interest rate on financial liabilities	(8.27)	1.58	-	6.69	-	8.27	-
Right-of-use Asset (ROU)	(0.82)	0.39	-	0.43	-	0.82	-
Expected credit loss provision	542.39	60.21	-	(29.18)	-	31.03	573.42
Unused tax credits (including but not limited to Minimum Alternate Tax credit)	3,487.17	(1,211.13)	-	-	4.13	(1,207.00)	2,280.17
Others	99.56	(169.44)	-	82.47	-	(86.97)	12.59
Total	4,108.17	(706.72)	0.46	(59.29)	3.88	(761.67)	3,346.50



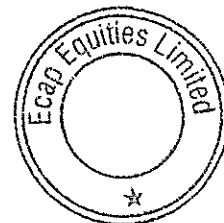
ECap Equities Limited
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

50 Income tax disclosure

- (c) The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the income tax expense:
(continued)

	Opening deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS	Movement for the period (2024-25)					Closing deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS
		Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Addition/Reduction on account of acquisition / divestment during the year	Others	Total movement	
Deferred taxes in relation to:							
Difference between book and tax depreciation - Property, plant and equipment	(151.94)	12.94	-	(0.95)	0.61	12.60	(139.34)
Difference between book and tax depreciation - Intangible assets	(1.39)	0.75	-	-	-	0.75	(0.64)
Fair valuation of investments and derivatives	(1,135.46)	1,222.11	157.99	(199.18)	-	1,180.92	45.46
Employee benefits obligations	60.28	24.50	0.12	6.28	-	30.90	91.18
Lease liability	1.81	(0.89)	-	-	-	(0.89)	0.92
Interest spread on assignment transactions	(22.28)	13.34	-	-	-	13.34	(8.94)
Effective interest rate on financial assets	(0.91)	0.41	-	-	-	0.41	(0.50)
Effective interest rate on financial liabilities	(8.15)	(0.12)	-	-	-	(0.12)	(8.27)
Right-of-use Asset (ROU)	(1.69)	0.87	-	-	-	0.87	(0.82)
Expected credit loss provision	316.16	226.23	-	-	-	226.23	542.39
Unused tax credits (including but not limited to Minimum Alternate Tax credit)	2,987.14	(20.87)	-	520.90	-	500.03	3,487.17
Others	3.72	95.84	-	-	-	95.84	99.56
Total	2,047.29	1,575.12	158.11	327.05	0.61	2,060.88	4,108.17



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

50 Income tax disclosure

- (d) Deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits on which deferred tax asset is not recognised in balance sheet

As at 31 March, 2026

Financial Year to which the loss related to	Unused tax losses				Total
	Unabsorbed business losses		Unabsorbed depreciation		
	Amount	Expiry year-financial year	Amount	Expiry year-financial year	Amount
FY 2025-26	262.80	F.Y. 2033-34	-	No expiry	262.80
FY 2024-25	370.45	F.Y. 2032-33	60.46	No expiry	430.91
FY 2023-24	154.67	F.Y. 2031-32	37.60	No expiry	192.27
FY 2022-23	394.73	F.Y. 2030-31	13.50	No expiry	408.23
FY 2021-22	29.33	F.Y. 2029-30	4.53	No expiry	33.86
FY 2020-21	133.92	F.Y. 2028-29	9.05	No expiry	142.97
FY 2019-20	845.92	F.Y. 2027-28	4.47	No expiry	850.39
FY 2018-19	13.88	F.Y. 2026-27	-	No expiry	13.88
FY 2017-18	25.75	-	-	No expiry	25.75
Total	2,231.45		129.61		2,361.06

As at 31 March, 2025

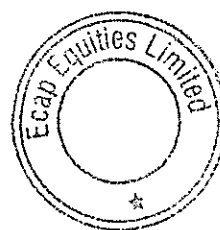
As at 31 March, 2025

Financial Year to which the loss related to	Unused tax losses				Total
	Unabsorbed business losses		Unabsorbed depreciation		
	Amount	Expiry year-financial year	Amount	Expiry year-financial year	Amount
FY 2024-25	1,510.23	F.Y. 2032-33	2.02	No expiry	1,512.25
FY 2023-24	1,143.13	F.Y. 2031-32	3.32	No expiry	1,146.45
FY 2022-23	1,479.95	F.Y. 2030-31	2.29	No expiry	1,482.25
FY 2021-22	1,257.42	F.Y. 2029-30	1.16	No expiry	1,258.58
FY 2020-21	1,560.33	F.Y. 2028-29	1.90	No expiry	1,562.24
FY 2019-20	1,394.22	F.Y. 2027-28	2.64	No expiry	1,396.86
FY 2018-19	626.24	F.Y. 2026-27	3.24	No expiry	629.47
FY 2017-18	364.80	F.Y. 2025-26	1.93	No expiry	366.73
FY 2016-17	-	-	4.46	No expiry	4.46
FY 2013-14	-	-	0.74	No expiry	0.74
Total	9,336.34		23.71		9,360.05

Note:

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which such assets can be utilised. Management has assessed future taxable profits based on approved business plans, expected improvements in operations and reversal of taxable temporary differences.

Based on this assessment, management believes that sufficient future taxable income will be available to realise the recognised deferred tax assets. Accordingly, deferred tax assets have been recognised only to the extent considered recoverable and are reviewed at each reporting date.



51 Segment reporting

The Group's business is organised and the management reviews the performance, based on the business segments as mentioned below:

Segment	Activities covered
Capital based business	Interest Income on loans and other capital based activities
Agency business	Broking and referral services
Training and Leadership Centre	Income from Training centre
Treasury business	Income from treasury operations, income from investments, interest income on debt instruments and dividend income
Financing business	Retail financing

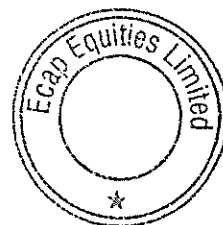
Income for each segment has been specifically identified. Expenditures, assets and liabilities are either specifically identified with individual segments or have been allocated to segments on a systematic basis.

Based on such allocations, segment disclosures relating to revenue, results, assets and liabilities have been prepared.

Since the business operations of the Group are primarily concentrated in India, the Group is considered to operate only in the domestic segment and therefore there is no reportable geographic segment.

The following table gives information as required under the Ind AS -108 - Operating Segment Reporting:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
I Segment revenue		
a) Capital based business	3,123.31	3,942.95
b) Agency business	756.84	5.86
c) Training and Leadership centre (Fountain head)	48.67	52.39
d) Treasury business (including commodities)	6,926.31	27,558.11
e) Financing business	715.88	1,065.04
f) Unallocated	39.21	12.29
Total	11,610.22	32,636.64
Less : Inter segment revenue	-	-
Total income	11,610.22	32,636.64
II Segment results		
a) Capital based business	(5,257.17)	(175.82)
b) Agency business	92.39	(12.20)
c) Training and Leadership centre (Fountain head)	(37.33)	(38.29)
d) Treasury business (including commodities)	(482.11)	7,097.32
e) Financing business	428.25	102.19
f) Unallocated	(76.85)	(113.35)
Total	(5,332.82)	6,859.85
Profit / (loss) before exceptional items	(5,332.82)	6,859.85
Exceptional items	(92.41)	-
Share of profit in associates	(55.41)	26.83
Profit before taxation	(5,480.64)	6,886.68
Less : Provision for taxation	525.96	714.26
Profit after taxation	(6,006.60)	6,172.42
III Segment assets		
a) Capital based business	22,230.58	17,023.62
b) Agency business	906.37	24.99
c) Training and Leadership centre (Fountain head)	432.73	468.80
d) Treasury business	48,692.70	29,415.53
e) Financing business	-	9,488.97
f) Unallocated	5,719.54	5,878.61
Total	77,981.92	62,300.52
IV Segment liabilities		
a) Capital based business	29,708.18	30,597.89
b) Agency business	195.11	62.39
c) Training and Leadership centre (Fountain head)	32.53	37.38
d) Treasury business	36,281.41	18,435.62
e) Financing business	-	4,343.80
f) Unallocated	308.65	561.93
Total	66,525.88	54,039.01



ECap Equities Limited

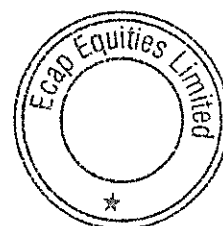
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 - Related Party Disclosure

i. List of related parties and relationship:

Name of related party by whom control is exercised	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (Holding company)
Fellow subsidiaries (with whom transactions have taken place)	ECL Finance Limited (up to 12-Sep-2024) Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Nido Home Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited (upto 26-Jan-2025) Edelgive Foundation EAAA India Alternatives Limited (formerly Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited) Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited (formerly Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited) Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited (upto 03-Mar-2025 and from 27-Mar-26) Edelweiss Asset Management Limited (upto 17-Dec-25) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edel Finance Company Limited Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited (formerly Allium Corporate Services Private Limited) (upto 03-Apr-2025) ZUNO General Insurance Limited Ecap Securities and Investments Limited (upto 23-Mar-2025) Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited (up to 16-Feb-2025) Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Sekura India Management Limited Edelweiss Alternative Assets Advisors Pte Limited Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited (upto 17-Dec-25)
Enterprises over which control is exercised by the holding company	EARC TRUST SC - 394 EARC TRUST SC - 251
Name of related parties over whom significant influence is exercised	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Private Equity Tech fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Employees Welfare Trust Edelweiss Employees Incentives & Welfare Trust
Jointly controlled entity	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited (from 18-Dec-25) Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited (from 18-Dec-25)
Associates (with whom transactions have taken place)	ECL Finance Limited (from 13-Sep-2024) Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited (from 17-Feb-2025)
Key Management Personnel	Piyush Chamria (Executive Director - from 08-Dec-2023) Ritesh Jain (Chief Financial Officer) Swadesh Agrawal (Executive Director and Company Secretary)



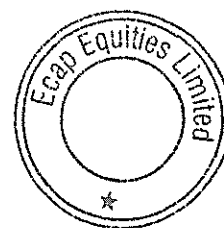
ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 ii. Transactions with related parties :

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
	Capital account transactions during the year			
1	Advances taken from	Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	-	1,425.00
2	Advances repaid to	Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	-	1,425.00
3	Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures of	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	-	2,600.00
4	Issue of compulsorily convertible debentures to	Edel Finance Company Limited	4,000.00	-
5	Purchase of equity shares from	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	-	3,085.08
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	301.68
		Edel Finance Company Limited	3,488.84	-
		ECL Finance Limited	288.76	-
6	Sale of investments in equity shares to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	1,400.40
		Edel Finance Company Limited	250.26	208.51
7	Purchase of units of funds from	ECL Finance Limited	2,374.40	-
8	Purchase of compulsorily convertible debentures of	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	-	813.67
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	3,525.39
9	Purchase of debentures from	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	-	4,630.50
		Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	1,472.69	-



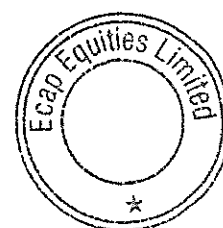
ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
	Current account transactions during the year			
10	Loans taken from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	5,935.60	4,940.00
		ECL Finance Limited	1,000.00	1,000.00
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	31,446.41	990.00
		Edel Finance Company Limited	55,661.00	8,961.88
		Nido Home Finance Limited	1,750.00	4,950.00
		Edelweiss Employees Welfare Trust	4,260.00	2,430.00
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	400.00
		Edelweiss Employees Incentives & Welfare Trust	725.00	-
11	Loans repaid to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	8,135.60	2,740.00
		ECL Finance Limited	-	1,000.00
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	24,856.41	5,690.10
		Nido Home Finance Limited	1,750.00	4,950.00
		Edel Finance Company Limited	50,461.00	5,001.88
		Edelweiss Employees Welfare Trust	-	2,430.00
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	400.00
		Edelweiss Employees Incentives & Welfare Trust	25.00	-
12	Loans given to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	4,243.50	17,675.00
		Edel Investments Limited	-	3,284.40
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2,455.00	1,845.38
		ECL Finance Limited	-	1,970.00
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	1.00	3.90
		ECap Securities and Investments Limited	-	7,716.86
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	25,102.28
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	5,131.70
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	1,000.00
13	Loans repaid by	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	4,243.50	17,675.00
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	2,453.00
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2,455.00	3,889.33
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	26,002.28
		Edel Investments Limited	-	3,284.40
		ECL Finance Limited	-	1,620.00
		ECap Securities and Investments Limited	-	14,178.92
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	1.00	20.43
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	1,595.42
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	1,000.00
14	Loan portfolio sold under direct assignment	Nido Home Finance Limited	-	420.00
15	Margins placed with	Edel Investments Limited	-	350.37



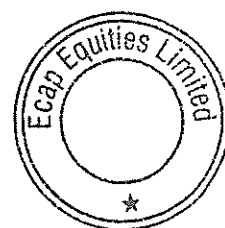
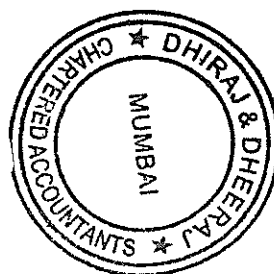
ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
16	Margins withdrawn from	Edel Investments Limited	-	352.86
17	Margin received from	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	2.32
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	94.02	42.22
		ECL Finance Limited	42.79	-
18	Margin repaid to	ECL Finance Limited	43.38	2.57
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	2.32
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	94.02	42.03
19	Amount paid to broker for Cash segment	Edel Investments Limited	-	40,118.37
20	Amount received from broker for Cash segment	Edel Investments Limited	-	41,042.73
21	Amount received from clients for Cash segment	ECL Finance Limited	2,108.63	92.75
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	26,350.71	11,543.25
		Nido Home Finance Limited	1,272.00	73.46
22	Amount paid to clients for Cash segment	ECL Finance Limited	2,301.39	122.25
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	27,340.52	15,557.11
		Nido Home Finance Limited	1,413.49	97.05
23	Security deposits paid to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	0.22	-
24	Purchase of debt securities from	Edel Finance Company Limited	5,215.37	9,912.36
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	792.74	1,068.18
		Edel Investments Limited	-	620.70
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	1,123.73
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	2.55	-
25	Sale of debt securities to	Edel Finance Company Limited	-	103.83
		Edel Investments Limited	-	367.02
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	152.86
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	5,395.30	3,313.04
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	783.24	-
26	Investment in debt securities	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	500.00	250.00
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	2,010.50
27	Redemption of debentures held in	Edel Finance Company Limited	3,381.19	-
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	13.00	-



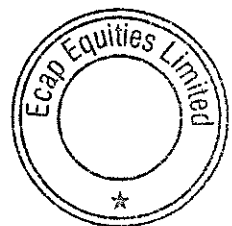
ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
28	Redemption of Non-convertible debentures held in (including accrued interest and premium)	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	966.07	26.24
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	1,260.24
		ECL Finance Limited	20.49	35.61
		Nido Home Finance Limited	66.04	4.22
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	25.01	14.61
		Edel Finance Company Limited	76.93	-
29	Redemption / buyback of nifty link debentures held by	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	443.72
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	182.22
30	Security deposits accepted from	Nido Home Finance Limited	-	7.92
31	Rent income from	Nido Home Finance Limited	17.69	18.44
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.18	0.22
		ECL Finance Limited	28.55	29.78
		Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	22.47	22.27
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited	29.26	29.27
		Edel Investments Limited	-	1.00
32	Business services charges income from	EAAA India Alternatives Limited	2.64	-
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	4.59	-
		Edel Finance Company Limited	106.36	-
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	105.66	-
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	28.56	-
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited	9.29	-
		Nido Home Finance Limited	0.65	-
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	17.49	-
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	3.77	-
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.36	-
		EdelGive Foundation	0.86	-
		Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited	0.01	-
		ECL Finance Limited	1.90	-
33	Enterprise Allocation income from	Edel Finance Company Limited	11.43	-
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	14.42	-
		Nido Home Finance Limited	5.43	-
		ECL Finance Limited	15.83	-
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.15	-
34	Technology shared service income from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	210.79	-



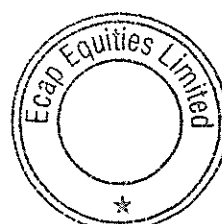
ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
35	Interest income on debt instrument of	Edel Finance Company Limited	1,292.15	432.48
		ECL Finance Limited	4.59	82.21
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	283.55
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	656.17	65.07
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	32.84	26.44
		Nido Home Finance Limited	8.14	6.12
		EAAA India Alternatives Limited	13.82	-
36	Interest income on compulsorily convertible debentures of	Edel Investments Limited	-	0.06
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited *	0.02	0.00
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	-	0.01
37	Interest expenses on debt instrument of	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	17.95	0.95
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	6.91
		ECL Finance Limited	-	0.77
38	Interest Expenses on Sub-debt	Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	-	42.21
39	Interest expense on compulsorily convertible debentures issued to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	0.01
		Edel Finance Company Limited	1.33	1.01
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	-	0.25
40	Service charges received	Nido Home Finance Limited	-	0.29
41	Brokerage received	ECL Finance Limited	4.40	0.52
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	0.30
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	8.87	3.49
		Nido Home Finance Limited	0.11	-
		Edel Finance Company Limited *	0.00	-
42	Interest income on loans given to	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	331.16
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	569.62
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	23.39	309.29
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.01	1.53
		Edel Investments Limited	-	14.76
		ECL Finance Limited	-	12.50
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	36.57	472.17
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	12.25
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	-	942.87
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	5.39



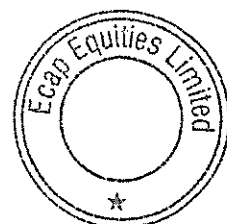
ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
43	Cost reimbursements recovered from	Edelweiss Alternative Assets Advisors Pte Limited	17.75	-
		Nido Home Finance Limited	1.76	2.14
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	21.46	3.62
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.01	0.01
		ECL Finance Limited	6.17	3.78
		Edel Investments Limited	-	0.07
		Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	2.39	2.68
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited	2.31	2.82
		EAAA India Alternatives Limited	-	3.38
44	Interest expense on loans taken from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	95.98	9.15
		ECL Finance Limited	33.93	25.17
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	517.31	478.27
		Edel Finance Company Limited	1,182.38	23.03
		Nido Home Finance Limited	45.21	129.01
		Edelweiss Employees Welfare Trust	246.15	51.49
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	8.52
		Edelweiss Employees Incentives & Welfare Trust	41.14	-
45	Interest expense on advances taken from	Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	-	91.18
46	Loan processing fees paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2.78	-
		Edel Finance Company Limited	1.30	-
		ECL Finance Limited	0.53	-
47	Cost reimbursements paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	0.34
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	104.85	96.29
		ECL Finance Limited	-	0.48
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2.00	-
		Edel Investments Limited	-	26.60
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	1.86
		Sekura India Management Limited	-	7.13
48	Other reimbursements paid to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited *	0.00	-
		Edel Finance Company Limited	1.32	-
49	Management Fees paid to	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	173.52
		EAAA India Alternatives Limited	10.99	10.66
		ECL Finance Limited	491.50	108.57
50	Trusteeship fees paid to	Vistra ITCL India Limited	0.28	-
51	Share of loss in partnership firm	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.04	0.03



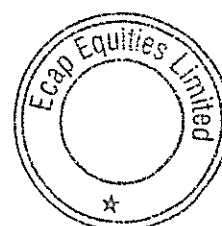
ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
52	ESOP cost income	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.96	0.59
53	Shared Premise cost paid to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	74.45	9.32
		ECL Finance Limited	-	18.92
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	12.02
54	Brokerage paid to	Edel Investments Limited	-	37.02
55	Advisory fees paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	61.19	5.00
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	18.77	-
56	Technology shared service cost paid to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	18.45	-
57	Corporate Guarantee support fee paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	45.72	85.19
58	Professional fees paid to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	6.68
59	Guarantee commission income from	Nido Home Finance Limited	2.27	3.36
		ECL Finance Limited	3.33	2.24
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	10.03
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	11.94
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	15.00
60	Loan processing fee income	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1.06	-
61	Dividend income received from	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	384.71	-
		EAAA India Alternatives Limited	47.25	-
62	ESOP and SAR expenses paid	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	102.76	10.50
63	Service Fee paid to	ECL Finance Limited	-	0.06
64	Contribution towards corporate social responsibilities	EdelGive Foundation	0.85	2.57
65	Interest accrued on overdue amounts payable to	ECL Finance Limited	-	51.97
66	Sale of Fixed Asset to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	0.02	1.01
		Edel Investments Limited	-	1.48
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	0.17
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	-	0.02
		ECL Finance Limited	0.22	-



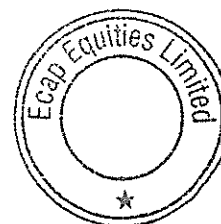
ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
67	Purchase of Fixed Asset from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	0.37	0.07
		Edelgive Foundation	0.07	-
		Edel Investments Limited	-	14.08
68	Income from Training Centre	ECL Finance Limited	1.12	0.07
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.41	1.04
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	0.66	0.83
		Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	0.16	0.61
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.46	0.72
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	0.24
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	0.47
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited	0.29	0.10
		EAAA India Alternatives Limited	0.67	-
		Edelgive Foundation	0.18	-
69	Remuneration paid to	Key Management Personnel	30.95	28.65
		Ritesh Jain		
		Swadesh Agrawal		
		Piyush Chamria		
70	Director Sitting fees	Bharat Bakshi	1.11	0.90
		Sunil Phatarphekar	-	0.74
		Vinod Juneja	0.65	1.30



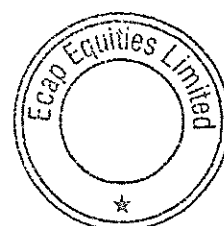
ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
	Balances with related parties			
71	Short term loans given to (refer note below)	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	2,025.00	-
		ECL Finance Limited	-	350.00
72	Short term loans taken from (refer note below)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	2,200.00
		Edel Finance Company Limited	3,140.00	2,400.00
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	4,190.00	-
		Edelweiss Employees Welfare Trust	4,260.00	-
		Edelweiss Employees Incentives & Welfare Trust	700.00	-
73	Long term loans taken from (refer note below)	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,400.00	-
74	Investment in debt securities	ECL Finance Limited	54.44	54.21
		Edel Finance Company Limited	12,233.31	13,247.39
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	5.90	1,258.53
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	97.35	298.85
		Nido Home Finance Limited	19.22	81.64
75	Nifty linked debentures held by (at face value)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	300.00
76	Non convertible debentures (at face value) held by	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	2,353.40	10.31
		ECL Finance Limited	-	4.93
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	240.60	-
77	Subordinated debenture (Face Value) held by	Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	-	140.00
78	Perpetual debenture (Face Value) held by	Edel Finance Company Limited	-	71.00
79	Interest accrued on Perpetual debentures held by	Edel Finance Company Limited	-	1.84
80	Interest accrued on Subordinated debentures held by	Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	-	269.45
81	Interest accrued on Non convertible debentures held by	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	0.03
		ECL Finance Limited	-	0.01



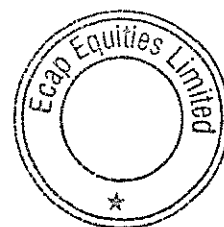
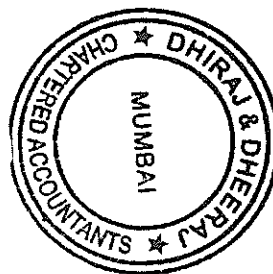
ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
82	Long term deposits payable to	ZUNO General Insurance Limited	25.21	25.21
		ECL Finance Limited	20.52	20.52
		Nido Home Finance Limited	7.92	21.59
		Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	9.03	9.03
83	Compulsorily convertible debentures held by	Edel Finance Company Limited	16,600.00	12,600.00
84	Subordinated liabilities	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.01	0.01
85	Trade payables to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	33.55	80.79
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	20.44	12.69
		EAAA India Alternatives Limited	1.05	1.69
		Edel Finance Company Limited	56.70	-
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	2.42
		ECL Finance Limited	71.12	57.05
		Sekura India Management Limited	-	2.19
		Edelgive Foundation	0.09	-
86	Other payable to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	28.85	8.01
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	0.41	0.01
		ECL Finance Limited	-	121.19
87	Other receivable from	Edelgive Foundation	0.05	-
		Edel Finance Company Limited	0.17	-
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited *	0.00	-
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	0.84
88	Interest payable on loans taken from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	4.55
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	48.75	2.22
		Edel Finance Company Limited	56.65	24.24
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	10.17
		Edelweiss Employees Welfare Trust	92.23	-
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	3.09
		Edelweiss Employees Incentives & Welfare Trust	15.47	-
89	Investments in equity shares of	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	401.00	221.86
		ECL Finance Limited	5,240.41	1,721.12



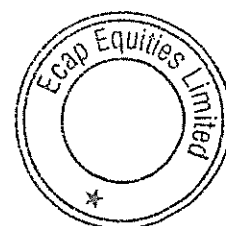
ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
90	Investments in venture funds of	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	-	532.07
		Edelweiss Private Equity Tech fund	-	186.27
91	Investment in partnership firm	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.05	0.05
92	Partner's current account - receivable from	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	3.04	2.93
93	Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures of	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	813.67	813.67
94	Trade receivables from	Nido Home Finance Limited	4.59	2.41
		ECL Finance Limited	4.19	12.24
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	1.85	52.70
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited	3.10	3.46
		Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	0.22	0.58
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	11.58	-
		Edel Finance Company Limited	55.47	-
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	-	0.02
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	55.65	2.02
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	54.83	-
		Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	22.59	-
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.18	-
		Edelgive Foundation	0.27	-
		EAAA India Alternatives Limited	0.60	-
95	Perpetual debentures (Face value) held in	ECL Finance Limited	-	2,400.00
96	Non convertible debentures (Face Value) held in	ECL Finance Limited *	-	0.00
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	1.80
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	1,500.00
97	Interest accrued on Non convertible debentures held in	ECL Finance Limited *	-	0.00
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	0.13
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	67.26
98	Interest accrued but not due on Perpetual debentures held in	ECL Finance Limited	-	218.14
99	Investment in Security Receipts issued by	EARC TRUST SC - 251 *	-	0.00
		EARC TRUST SC - 394	-	179.64



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

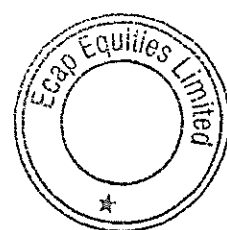
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
100	Interest receivable on loans given to	Edel Finance Company Limited	-	12.79
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	-	23.75
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	23.01	-
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	3.34	-
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	13.88
		ECL Finance Limited	-	0.64
101	Corporate guarantee fees paid in advance	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	10.41	-
102	Loan processing fees paid in advance	Edel Finance Company Limited	49.41	-
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	11.78	-
103	Loan processing fees income received in advance	Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	11.44	-
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	1.88	-
104	Security deposits placed with	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	0.22	-
	Off balance sheet item			
105	Corporate guarantee given for	Nido Home Finance Limited	336.56	339.92
		ECL Finance Limited	223.44	220.08
106	Corporate guarantee received from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	3,163.60	12,855.50

Note

- 0.00 represents amount less than Rs. 5,000
- Loan given/taken to/from related parties and margin money placed / refund received with/ from related parties are disclosed based on the total of debit and credit of transaction amount given/taken and placed/refund received during the reporting period.
- As part of fund based activities, intergroup company loans and advances activities undertaken are generally in the nature of loans repayable at any time before maturity. Such loans and advances, voluminous in nature, are carried on at arm's length and in the ordinary course of business. Pursuant to Ind AS 24 – Related Party Disclosures, sum of loans given and repaid are disclosed above as in the view of the management it provides meaningful reflection of such related party transactions on the financial statements. Interest income and expenses on such loans and advances are disclosed on the basis of full amounts of such loans and advances given and repaid
- Information relating to remuneration paid to key management personnel mentioned above excludes provision made for gratuity, leave encashment and deferred bonus which are provided for group of employees on an overall basis. These are included on cash basis. The variable compensation included herein is on cash basis.
- Disclosure under section 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 for loans and guarantee: Loans have been given for general business purpose



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

53 Earnings per share

The computation of earnings per share is set out on below table:

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
(a) Profit / (Loss) for the year attributable to the owners of the parent (as per statement of profit and loss)	(6,008.73)	6,166.06
Less: Interest on Compulsorily Convertible Debentures	-	-
Net profit / (loss) for the year attributable to the owners of the parent	(6,008.73)	6,166.06
(b) Calculation of weighted average number of equity Shares of Rs. 10 each		
Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,84,49,240	1,84,49,240
Number of shares issued during the year	-	-
Number of shares on conversion of Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs)	95,76,44,110	93,99,40,000
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	97,60,93,350	95,83,89,240
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	97,60,93,350	95,83,89,240
Number of dilutive potential equity shares	-	-
(c) Basic and diluted earnings per share (in rupees) (a)/(b)	(6.16)	6.43

The basic and diluted earnings per share are the same as there are no dilutive potential equity shares.

54.1 Contingent liabilities and commitments

(a) Contingent liabilities

The Group has pending taxation matters of Rs. 13.21 millions as at balance sheet date (Previous year: Rs. 16.18 millions).

Corporate / other guarantee not acknowledged as debt:

Corporate / other guarantee given by the Group on behalf of other group companies which is outstanding as at 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025 is given below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Guarantee to banks for loan facility availed by Group Company	560.00	560.00
Total	560.00	560.00

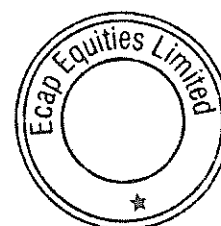
(b) Commitments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
AIF Fund pending commitments	244.92	1,138.56
Undrawn commitment	-	260.00
Total	244.92	1,398.56

54.2 Pursuant to the Income Tax Authorities ("the ITA") investigation conducted from March 2, 2023 to March 9, 2023, the Group has received the income tax assessment orders and demand notices for the assessment year 2020-21 to 2023-24, for certain disallowances during the year-to-date March 31, 2025.

Based on the legal opinion obtained, the Management is of the view that the demand is not sustainable and would have no material impact on financial statements and liability is considered as remote and no contingent liability is required to be disclosed.

As per the Group, as at March 31, 2026, the said matter is pending at Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals).



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

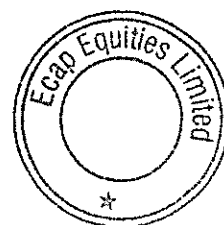
55 Approach to capital management

Group objectives, when managing capital, are to (a) maximise shareholder value and provide benefits to other stakeholders and (b) maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purposes of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued capital, reserves and all instruments that are entirely equity in nature.

Group monitors capital using debt-equity ratio, which is total debt divided by total equity.

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Total Debt	58,715.78	48,770.30
Equity	11,224.43	7,901.39
Net Debt to Equity	5.23	6.17



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

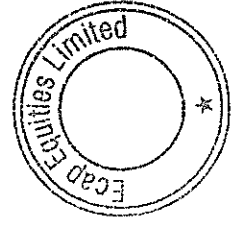
56 Credit Quality

Gross carrying amount of loan assets allocated to Stage I, Stage II, Stage III :

Particulars	31 March 2026			Total	31 March 2025			Total
	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III		Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	
Loans (at amortised cost)								
Performing								
High grade	6,658.19	-	-	6,658.19	6,707.99	-	-	6,707.99
Standard grade	-	-	-	-	-	407.68	-	407.68
Substandard grade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-performing								
Impaired	-	-	1,444.32	1,444.32	-	-	1,563.41	1,563.41
Total	6,658.19	-	1,444.32	8,102.51	6,707.99	407.68	1,563.41	8,679.08

Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount of loan assets and allowances for expected credit loss

Particulars	Non-credit impaired			Credit impaired			Total	
	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL
As at 1 April 2025	6,707.99	219.36	407.68	1,563.41	1,112.78	8,679.08	1,387.67	
Transfers:								
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage I)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage II)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit Impaired (Stage III)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remeasurement of ECL arising from transfer of stage (net)	-	-	-	-	(253.00)	-	-	(253.00)
Net new and further lending/ repayments	2,963.07	117.17	-	-	-	2,963.07	117.17	
Addition /(Reduction) on acquisition	(3,012.87)	(46.93)	(407.68)	(119.09)	(43.50)	(3,539.64)	(145.96)	
As at 31 March 2026	6,658.19	289.60	-	1,444.32	816.28	8,102.51	1,105.88	



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

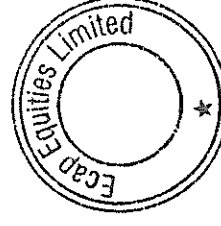
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

56 Credit Quality (continued)

Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount of loan assets and allowances for expected credit loss (continued)

Particulars	Non-credit impaired			Credit impaired		Total	
	Stage I		Stage II		Stage III		Allowance for ECL
	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL*	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL*	Gross carrying amount	Gross carrying amount	
As at 1 April 2024	15,177.91	112.88	909.99	79.34	4,722.17	20,810.07	4,177.96
Transfers:							
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage I)	(146.66)	(1.97)	51.25	0.34	95.41	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage II)	(51.25)	(0.34)	51.25	0.34	-	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage III)	(95.41)	(1.63)	-	-	95.41	-	-
Remeasurement of ECL arising from transfer of stage (net)	0.39	0.20	-	-	(0.39)	-	253.00
Net new and further lending/ (repayments)	(8,323.65)	108.25	(613.56)	(24.15)	(71.18)	(9,008.39)	64.53
Addition on Acquisition	-	-	140.60	38.53	-	140.60	38.53
Sale of loans	-	-	-	-	(757.43)	(757.43)	(3,107.82)
Loss on sale of loans	-	-	-	-	(2,350.39)	(2,350.39)	-
Amounts written off (net)	-	-	(80.60)	(38.53)	(74.78)	(155.38)	(38.53)
As at 31 March 2025	6,707.99	219.36	407.68	55.53	1,563.41	8,679.08	1,387.67

* Includes Allowance for ECL on loan commitments



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57 Risk Management

57.1 Introduction and risk profile

The Group provides a broad range of financial products and services to a substantial and diversified client base that includes corporations, institutions and individuals. The Group's products and services span multiple asset classes and consumer segments across domestic and global geographies. The Group's key lines of business can broadly be classified as below

- o Credit (Corporate Credit and Retail Financing)
- o Capital Markets

The Group's diversified business profile acts as an inherent risk management mechanism. However, the prevailing market environment exposes the Company to various risks like credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk, compliance risk, technology risk amongst others.

57.2 Risk management strategy:

The strategy at an execution level is supported by -

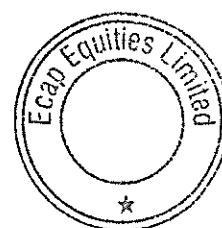
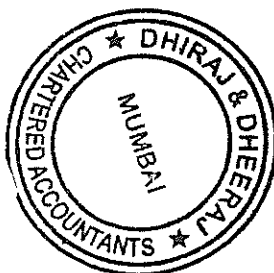
- 1 Risk Management Committee
- 2 Risk Management framework to ensure each risk the Group is exposed to is given due importance and managed through a well-defined framework and guidelines
- 3 Defined exposure limits and thresholds for businesses to operate
- 4 Well-defined Standard Operating Procedures and Product approval framework to ensure risks are mitigated at operational level
- 5 Adequate segregation of duties to ensure multi-layered checks and balances
- 6 Exception reporting framework to ensure process and policy deviations are adequately addressed

57.3 Risk management structure

To support the risk strategy and effective risk management, the Group has a Risk Management Committee to oversee the risk management framework.

The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee are as follows:

- o To devise process / framework for management of operational risk,
- o Identifying concerns & risks,
- o Evaluating risks as to consequences & likelihoods,
- o Assessment of options for Risk Management, Investment and Credit Committees
- o Prioritizing the Risk Management efforts,
- o Development of Risk Management Plans,
- o Authorization for the implementation of the Risk Management Plans,
- o Tracking the Risk management efforts and manage accordingly,
- o Follow on Budgeting-Variance Analysis; and
- o Design, develop and implement various measures for cyber security as may be required.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57.4 Risk management framework

The Group has a Risk Framework, which describes the risk management approach and provides clear accountability for managing risk across the Company. The framework is subject to continuous evaluation based on existing internal as well external environment.

The current "Eleven risk framework" covers the following vectors of risks

- o Business Risk
- o Credit Risk
- o Market Risk
- o Liquidity Risk
- o Regulatory Risk
- o Reputation Risk
- o Technology Risk
- o Operational and Process Risk
- o Fraud Risk
- o People Risk
- o Physical and Infrastructure Risk

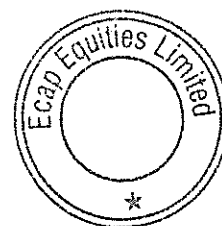
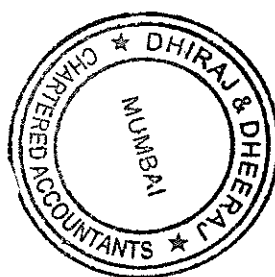
The Group uses different types of tools and techniques for mitigating risk, depending upon the type of risk and quantum.
For example:

- o Financial risks are mitigated through thorough counterparty, client assessment before any exposure is taken, and defined product/program level risk limits to ensure exposure does not exceed risk appetite. Committee based approval mechanism is adopted to ensure high exposures are approved with adequate representation and there is no bias in approvals.
- o Non-financial risks viz technology, operational, fraud, etc are mitigated through process documentation defining clear ownership for each activity, having adequate system/process level controls like maker-checker, reconciliation, testing and reviews.
- o Enterprise level risks viz. reputation, compliance, regulatory, etc are controlled through policies and framework, educating employees through training and risk socialisation sessions.

57.5 Excessive risk concentration

Group's diversified business model acts as an inherent mechanism to avoid excessive concentrations of risk.

On the trading portfolio, limit structures have been put in place to address potential concentration risks within each trading portfolio. Any exposure beyond the approved limits and losses exceeding the VaR limits gets reported as an Exception to the Risk Committee and is monitored by the Group and business risk teams.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57 Risk Management

57.6 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss the Group may face due to current/potential inability or unwillingness of a customer or counterparty to meet financial /contractual obligations. Credit risk also covers the possibility of losses associated with diminution in the credit quality of borrowers or counterparties. Group carries out proper due diligence before underwriting creditworthy counterparties and obtains sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. In case the loans are to be restructured, similar credit assessment process is followed by the Business in the Group.

The Business in the Group manages its credit risk through a multi-layered approach as given below:

- 1) Review by the respective Board Risk
 - 2) The Investment Committees (IC) for approving all credit related decisions, beyond certain levels delegated to Credit Committees. Further, individual loan specific limits as well as concentration limits are also approved by the IC and reviewed on a periodic basis;
 - 3) Respective Business risk team is responsible for industry and portfolio level monitoring and stress testing;
 - 4) Business risk also does day to day client level monitoring; and
 - 5) Independent verification of all client accounts, adherence to policies and frameworks are carried out by internal audit team.
- The counterparty, client assessment is done before any exposure is taken. Assessment covers all the aspects of risk like Borrower profile, financials, and adequacy of collateral, promoter strength, repayment capability and cash flow generation. Discussions are held with independent risk and compliance teams both at Business in the Group before the credit proposals are put forward to the Committees for approval. The Business in the Group have committee-based approval process mechanism to ensure high exposures are approved with adequate representation from Compliance, Credit, Legal and other relevant teams and there is no biasness.

The Credit monitoring is very important part of managing credit risk. Accordingly, the Business in the Group have independent monitoring of credit exposures and associated risks.

The Business in the Group applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss. For the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss ('ECL') the relevant Business in the Group has used practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward looking information.

The expected credit loss is a product of exposure at default, probability of default and loss given default. The Business in the Group have devised an internal model to evaluate the probability of default and loss given default based on the parameters set out in Ind AS 109. Loans are classified into various stages for different type of business.

The relevant Business in the Group determine that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used.

Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR (or credit-adjusted EIR for purchased or originated credit impaired financial assets). Expected Credit Loss computation is not driven by any single methodology, however methodology and approach used must reflect the following:

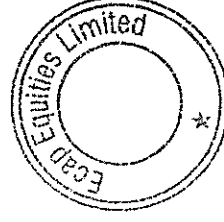
- An unbiased and probability weighted amount that evaluates a range of possible outcomes;
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost and effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions;
- The time value of money.

While the time value of money element is currently being factored into ECL measurement while discounting cash flows by the Effective Interest Rate (EIR), the objective of developing a macroeconomic model using exogenous macroeconomic variables (MEVs) is to address the first two requirements. This is achieved by using the model output to adjust the PD risk component in order to make it forward looking and probability weighted.

The relevant Business in the Group have internal grading that is based on days past due (dpd) as specified below:

Internal rating grade	Internal grading description	Stages
Performing	0 dpd* to 30 dpd*	Stage 1
High grade	31 to 90 dpd*	Stage 2
Standard grade		
Non-performing	90+ dpd*	Stage 3
Individually impaired		

* dpd indicates days past due.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57 Risk Management (continued)

57.6 Credit Risk (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

In all cases when the borrower becomes 90 days past due, Business in the Group considers a financial instrument as default category and classify such financial instrument as Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for ECL calculations. Classification of assets from stage 1 to stage 2 is carried out based on SICR criterion. The Financial Instrument (Customer accounts) which are more than 30 days past due have been identified as accounts where significant increase in credit risk has been observed. These Financial Instrument (Customer accounts) have been classified as Stage 2 assets. As a part of a qualitative assessment of whether a customer is in default, the Business in the Group also considers a variety of instances that may indicate unlikelihood to pay. When such events occur, the Business in the Group carefully considers whether the event should result in treating the customer as defaulted and therefore assessed as Stage 3 for ECL calculations or whether Stage 2 is appropriate.

Probability of Default

Probability of Default (PD) is an estimate of likelihood of default over a given time horizon. PD estimation process is done based on historical internal data available with the relevant Business in the Group. While arriving at PD, the relevant Business in the Group also ensures that the factors that affects the macro-economic trends are considered to a reasonable extent, wherever necessary. The Business in the Group calculates 12 months PD by taking in account the past historical trends of loan portfolio and its credit performance. In case of assets where there is significant increase in credit risk/credit impaired assets, lifetime PD has been applied.

Loss Given Default (LGD)

The LGD represents expected losses on the EAD given the event of default, taking into account, among other attributes, the mitigating effect of collateral value at the time it is expected to be realised and the time value of money. The Loss Given Default (LGD) has been computed with workout methodology. Workout LGD is widely considered to be the most flexible, transparent and logical approach to build an LGD model. Along with actual recoveries, value of the underlying collateral has been factored in to estimate future recoveries in LGD computation. Workout LGD computation involves the actual recoveries as well as future recoveries (as a part of the workout process) on a particular facility, as a percentage of balance outstanding at the time of Default/Restructuring. The assessment of workout LGD was then performed. Principal outstanding at NPA was assessed, which went into the denominator of the LGD calculation. LGD computation has been done for each segment and sub-segment separately.

Exposure at Default (EAD)

The amount which the borrower will owe to the portfolio at the time of default is defined as Exposure at Default (EAD). While the drawn credit line reflects the explicit exposure for the Business in the Group, there might be variable exposure that may increase the EAD. These exposures are of the nature where the Business in the Group provides future commitments, in addition to the current credit. Therefore, the exposure will contain both on and off balance sheet values. The value of exposure is given by the following formula:

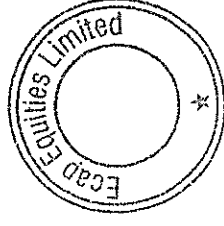
$$\text{EAD} = \text{Drawn Credit Line} + \text{Credit Conversion Factor} * \text{Undrawn Credit Line}$$

Where,

Drawn Credit Line = Current outstanding amount

Credit Conversion Factor (CCF) = Expected future drawdown as a proportion of undrawn amount

Undrawn Credit Line = Difference between the total amount which the Group has committed and the drawn credit line While the drawn exposure and limits for the customer are available, the modelling of CCF is required for computing the EAD



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57 Risk Management (continued)

57.6 Risk Concentration

Forward looking adjustments

"A measure of ECL is an unbiased probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes and using reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions."

To fulfil the above requirement Group has incorporated forward looking information into its measurement of ECL. The objective of developing a macroeconomic model using exogenous macroeconomic variables (MEVs) is to address the requirements of unbiased, probability weighted outcomes while taking into account current conditions as well as future economic conditions. This will be achieved by using the model output to adjust the PD risk component in order to make it forward looking and probability-weighted.

Exogenous macroeconomic parameters were used as independent (X) variables to predict the dependent (Y) variable. Keeping in mind Ind AS requirements around obtaining reliable and supportable information, without incurring undue cost or effort- based on advice of risk committee members and economic experts and consideration of a variety of external actual and forecast information, the Group formulates base case view of the future direction of relevant economic variable as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenario. This process involves developing two or more additional economic scenarios and considering the relative probabilities of each outcome.

Data sourcing

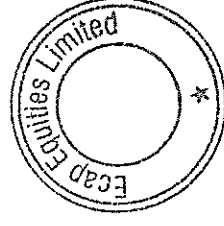
The Group is expected to obtain reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. Keeping in mind the above requirement macroeconomic information was aggregated from Economic Intelligence Unit (EIU), Bloomberg, World Bank, RBI database. The EIU data has a database of around 150 macroeconomic variables as well as their forecasted values. Beyond 2022 macro-economic variables are forecasted by mean reverting the values to their long term average. External information includes economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies and monetary authorities in the country, supranational organisations such as the OECD and the IMF, and selected private sector and academic forecasters.

Probability weighted scenario creations:

To incorporate macroeconomic impact into probability-weighted, each scenario has an associated probability. In order to ensure consistency across macroeconomic models, these probabilities were calculated at an overall level for both Retail and Non-Retail portfolios, keeping in mind that though the impact of a scenario across different portfolios may differ based on endogenous factors, the probability of a scenario unfolding is purely exogenous, and hence should not vary.

The Business in the Group has identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses for each portfolio of financial instruments and using an analysis of historical data, has estimated relationship between macro-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses

Predicted relationship between the key indicators and default and loss rates on various portfolios of financial assets have been developed based on analysing historical data over the past 5 years.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

57.6 Credit risk

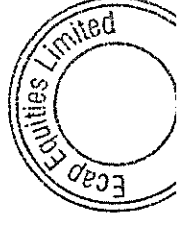
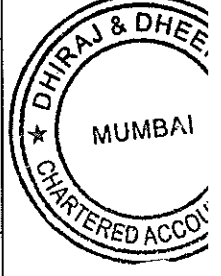
57.6.1 Analysis of risk concentration

Industry analysis - Risk concentration for 31 March 2026

Particulars	Financial services	Retail and wholesale	Real Estate	Others	Manufacturing	Services	Total
Financial assets							
Derivative financial instruments	6,743.56	-	-	-	-	-	6,743.56
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit and loss	30,969.29	-	195.79	1,549.20	217.00	1,813.17	34,744.45
Cash and cash equivalent	1,953.86	-	-	-	-	-	1,953.86
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent	14.78	-	-	-	-	-	14.78
Trade receivables	96.74	-	0.29	3.63	-	0.09	100.75
Loans	3,445.60	844.84	50.51	659.51	-	1,996.17	6,996.63
Investments at amortised cost	1,683.16	-	4,201.84	-	-	-	5,885.00
Investments at cost	7,676.85	-	-	-	-	-	7,676.85
Other financial assets	6,820.53	-	-	10.03	-	-	6,830.56
	59,404.37	844.84	4,448.43	2,222.37	217.00	3,809.43	70,946.44
Other Commitments	244.92	-	-	-	-	-	244.92
Total	59,649.29	844.84	4,448.43	2,222.37	217.00	3,809.43	71,191.36

Industry analysis - Risk concentration for 31 March 2025

Particulars	Financial services	Retail and wholesale	Real Estate	Others	Manufacturing	Services	Total
Financial assets							
Derivative financial instruments	718.08	-	-	-	-	-	718.08
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit and loss	27,913.51	209.54	366.84	317.04	36.54	28.64	28,872.11
Cash and cash equivalent	7,028.04	-	-	-	-	-	7,028.04
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent	119.41	-	-	-	-	-	119.41
Trade receivables	495.80	-	-	14.20	-	-	510.00
Loans	360.05	4,020.15	2,029.60	240.37	-	2,111.66	8,761.83
Investments at amortised cost	1,210.10	-	4,201.84	-	-	-	5,411.94
Investments at cost	224.84	-	-	-	-	-	224.84
Other financial assets	2,559.18	-	26.93	4.05	-	-	2,590.16
	40,625.01	4,229.69	6,625.21	575.66	36.54	2,140.30	54,236.41
Other Commitments	1,138.56	-	260.00	-	-	-	1,398.56
Total	41,767.57	4,229.69	6,885.21	575.66	36.54	2,140.30	55,634.97



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

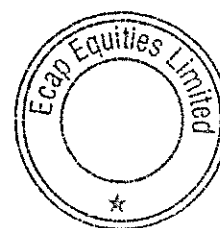
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

57.6 Credit risk (continued)

57.6.2 Collateral held and other credit enhancements

The tables on the following pages show the maximum exposure to credit risk by class of financial asset. They also shows the total fair value of collateral, any surplus collateral (the extent to which the fair value of collateral held is greater than the exposure to which it relates), and the net exposure to credit risk.

	Maximum exposure to credit risk		Principal type of collateral
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025	
Financial assets			
Loans:			
Loans (net)	6,996.63	8,761.83	Land and real estate property
Trade receivables	100.75	510.00	Unsecured
Debt instruments and other investments at amortised cost	5,885.00	5,411.94	Government security and Book debts (including Highly liquid Central / State Government securities & high rated Corporate bonds)
Other financial assets	6,830.56	2,590.16	Unsecured
Total financial assets at amortised cost (A)	19,812.94	17,273.93	
Derivative financial instruments	6,743.56	718.08	Margin money
Investments at FVTPL	34,744.45	28,692.47	Tangible assets, warrants, loans etc.
Total financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss (B)	41,488.01	29,410.55	
Investments at fair value through OCI	-	179.64	Tangible Assets and Highly liquid Central / State Government securities & high rated Corporate bonds and liquid mutual fund units
Total investments at fair value through OCI (C)	-	179.64	
Investments at cost (D)	7,676.85	224.84	
Other commitments (max exposure)	244.92	1,398.56	Property, book receivables, Tangible Assets, Equity Shares, Mutual fund units, Land, Office Space, Flats, etc.
Financial guarantee contracts	-	-	
Total (D)	244.92	1,398.56	
Total (A+B+C+D)	69,222.72	48,487.52	



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

57.6 Credit risk (continued)

57.6.3 Financial assets that are stage III and related collateral held in order to mitigate potential losses are given below:

	31 March 2026					31 March 2025		
	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL)	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of collateral	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL)	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of collateral
Financial assets								
Loans	1,444.32	816.28	628.04	1,490.58	1,563.41	1,112.78	450.63	2,208.09
Total (A)	1,444.32	816.28	628.04	1,490.58	1,563.41	1,112.78	450.63	2,208.09
Loan commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,444.32	816.28	628.04	1,490.58	1,563.41	1,112.78	450.63	2,208.09



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

57.7 Disclosure related to collateral:

Following table sets out availability of Group's financial assets to support funding:

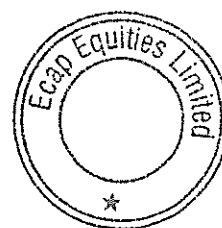
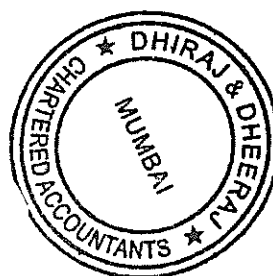
31 March 2026	Pledge as collateral	Others ¹	Available as collateral	Others ²	Total carrying amount
Cash and cash equivalent including bank balance	14.40	914.25	790.60	249.39	1,968.64
Trade receivables	-	98.05	2.70	-	100.75
Derivative assets	-	-	6.86	6,736.70	6,743.56
Loans	-	6,991.54	5.09	-	6,996.63
Investments	17,810.95	16,546.09	9,929.99	4,019.27	48,306.30
Other financial assets	1,199.34	-	-	5,631.22	6,830.56
Current tax assets (net)	-	-	-	1,151.96	1,151.96
Deferred tax assets (net)	-	-	-	3,346.50	3,346.50
Investment property	-	-	795.54	-	795.54
Property, plant and equipment	573.11	-	24.25	202.98	800.34
Goodwill	-	-	-	60.94	60.94
Other Intangible assets	-	-	-	3.01	3.01
Other assets	-	-	-	877.19	877.19
Total assets	19,597.80	24,549.93	11,555.03	22,279.16	77,981.92

31 March 2025	Pledge as collateral	Others ¹	Available as collateral	Others ²	Total carrying amount
Cash and cash equivalent including bank balance	117.47	716.60	5,286.23	1,027.15	7,147.45
Trade receivables	0.02	14.09	13.27	482.62	510.00
Derivative assets	-	-	8.86	709.22	718.08
Loans	1,100.51	4,595.24	3,055.50	10.58	8,761.83
Investments	3,534.24	16,283.68	13,485.91	1,205.06	34,508.89
Other financial assets	965.58	13.28	5.44	1,605.86	2,590.16
Current tax assets (net)	-	-	-	576.25	576.25
Deferred tax assets (net)	-	-	-	4,108.17	4,108.17
Investment property	871.40	1.32	272.59	-	1,145.31
Property, plant and equipment	536.05	-	118.60	77.94	732.59
Goodwill	-	-	-	60.94	60.94
Other Intangible assets	-	-	-	20.47	20.47
Intangible assets under development	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	1,420.38	1,420.38
Total assets	7,125.27	21,624.21	22,246.40	11,304.64	62,300.52

Note:

1 (Represents assets which are not pledged but are kept for asset security cover towards debentures issued and Group believes it is restricted from using to secure funding for legal or other reason)

2 (Represents assets which are not restricted for use as collateral, but that the Group would not consider readily available to secure funding in the normal course of business)



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

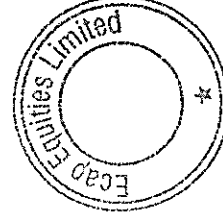
57.8 Remaining contractual maturities

A. Analysis of non-derivative financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities: Repayments which are subject to notice are treated as if notice were to be given immediately. However, the Group expects that the counterparties will not request repayment on the earliest date it could be required to pay.

As at 31 March 2026	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Trade payables	495.12	-	-	-	495.12
Debt securities	5,805.67	10,121.43	13,672.35	14,194.78	43,794.23
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	8,352.17	6,569.37	-	-	14,921.54
Subordinated financial liabilities	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
Other financial liabilities	2,986.48	27.99	42.17	-	3,056.64
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial liabilities	17,639.44	16,718.79	13,714.52	14,194.79	62,267.54

As at 31 March 2025	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Trade payables	1,137.95	-	-	-	1,137.95
Debt securities	1,057.86	4,177.78	28,314.94	4,437.35	37,987.93
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	8,403.60	418.15	-	-	8,821.75
Subordinated financial liabilities	-	165.89	595.31	1,690.01	2,451.21
Other financial liabilities	1,406.31	44.26	363.35	330.12	2,144.04
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial liabilities	12,005.72	4,806.08	29,273.60	6,457.48	52,542.88



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

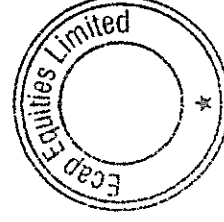
57.8 Remaining contractual maturities (continued)

B. Analysis of non-derivative financial assets by remaining contractual maturities

As at 31 March 2026	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	1,953.87	2.16	12.61	-	1,968.64
Trade receivables	100.75	-	-	-	100.75
Loans	2,779.00	50.51	4,167.12	-	6,996.63
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	7,375.69	1,940.97	9,044.71	16,383.08	34,744.45
Investments at amortised cost	1,835.68	3,252.06	-	797.26	5,885.00
Investments at cost	3.04	-	-	7,673.81	7,676.85
Other financial assets	6,795.10	5.88	0.98	28.60	6,830.56
Total	20,843.13	5,251.58	13,225.42	24,882.75	64,202.88

B. Analysis of non-derivative financial assets by remaining contractual maturities (continued)

As at 31 March 2025	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	7,028.04	106.37	13.04	-	7,147.45
Trade receivables	469.45	40.55	-	-	510.00
Loans	805.15	615.10	2,716.07	4,761.19	8,897.51
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	4,244.09	1,448.71	15,663.80	7,515.51	28,872.11
Investments at amortised cost	4,200.24	-	397.10	814.60	5,411.94
Investments at cost	2.93	-	-	221.91	224.84
Other financial assets	2,545.78	1.56	15.11	27.71	2,590.16
Total	19,295.68	2,212.29	18,805.12	13,340.92	53,654.01



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

57.8 Remaining contractual maturities (continued)

C. Maturity analysis for derivatives:

All derivatives which are entered into for trading purposes are shown in the earliest time band. With respect to other derivatives, the remaining contractual maturity

As at 31 March 2026	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Net settled derivatives entered into for trading purposes	2,230.21	6.54	383.15	59.03	2,678.93
Other net settled derivatives (other than those entered into for trading purposes)	362.62	-	-	-	362.62
Total	2,592.83	6.54	383.15	59.03	3,041.55

As at 31 March 2025	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Net settled derivatives entered into for trading purposes	(37.63)	-	-	-	(37.63)
Other net settled derivatives (other than those entered into for trading purposes)	(628.44)	-	-	-	(628.44)
Total	(666.07)	-	-	-	(666.07)

D. The table below shows the contractual expiry by maturity of the Group's contingent liabilities and commitments:

As at 31 March 2026	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Undrawn commitments for AIF funds	244.92	-	-	-	244.92
Undrawn commitments	-	-	-	-	-
Total	244.92	-	-	-	244.92

As at 31 March 2025	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Undrawn commitments for AIF funds	1,138.56	-	-	-	1,138.56
Undrawn loan commitments	260.00	-	-	-	260.00
Total	1,398.56	-	-	-	1,398.56



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

57.9 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Group classifies exposures to market risk into either trading or non-trading portfolios and manages each of those portfolios separately.

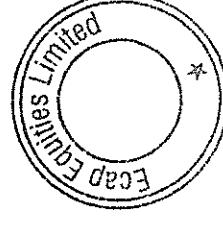
(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) of the Group's statement of profit and loss and equity.

	2025-26					
	Increase in interest rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in interest rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Currency of borrowing / advances						
INR Loans	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-
INR Borrowings	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-
IRF	5	(181.22)	-	5	181.22	-

	2024-25					
	Increase in IRF rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in IRF rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Currency of borrowing / advances						
INR Loans	0.25	1.10	-	0.25	(1.10)	-
INR Borrowings	0.25	(17.87)	-	0.25	17.87	-
IRF	5	(235.89)	-	5	235.89	-



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

57.9 Market risk *(continued)*

(ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arise majorly on account of currency derivative trading.

The table below indicates the currencies to which the Group had significant exposure at the end of the reported periods. The analysis calculates the effect of a reasonably possible movement of the currency rate against the INR (all other variables being constant) on the statement of profit and loss (due to the fair value of currency sensitive non-trading monetary assets and liabilities) and equity (due to the change in fair value of currency swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts used as cash flow hedges).

2025-26						
Currency	Increase in currency rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in currency rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Singapore Dollar	5	0.21	-	5	(0.21)	-
United Arab Emirates Dirham	5	0.07	-	5	(0.07)	-
Hong Kong Dollar	5	(0.65)	-	5	0.65	-
Japanese Yen	5	0.35	-	5	(0.35)	-
Korean Won	5	0.65	-	5	(0.65)	-
Australian Dollar	5	1.09	-	5	(1.09)	-
Great Britain Pound	5	(0.24)	-	5	0.24	-
European currency	5	0.57	-	5	(0.57)	-
Canadian Dollar	5	0.28	-	5	(0.28)	-
New Zealand Dollar	5	0.47	-	5	(0.47)	-

2024-25						
Currency	Increase in currency rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in currency rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Singapore Dollar	5	(1.10)	-	5	1.10	-
United Arab Emirates Dirham	5	(0.05)	-	5	0.05	-
Hong Kong Dollar	5	(0.59)	-	5	0.59	-
Japanese Yen	5	0.41	-	5	(0.41)	-
Korean Won	5	1.46	-	5	(1.46)	-
Australian Dollar	5	3.79	-	5	(3.79)	-
Great Britain Pound	5	(0.26)	-	5	0.26	-
European currency	5	0.50	-	5	(0.50)	-
Canadian Dollar	5	0.24	-	5	(0.24)	-
New Zealand Dollar	5	1.38	-	5	(1.38)	-



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

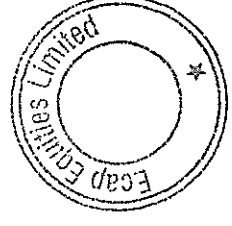
57.9 Market risk (continued)

(iii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of individual investment in equity share prices.

2025-26					
Impact on	Increase in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax
Derivatives	5	959.17	-	5	(959.17)
Short Sales - SLBM	5	99.27	-	5	(99.27)
Commodity Derivatives	5	35.49	-	5	(35.49)
Equity/ETF/SRs	5	513.19	-	5	(513.19)
Mutual Fund	5	342.94	-	5	(342.94)
Debt instruments (incl preference)	5	939.56	-	5	(939.56)
Nifty link debenture	5	57.61	-	5	(57.61)
AIF Funds	5	344.94	-	5	(344.94)

2024-25					
Impact on	Increase in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax
Derivatives	5	326.30	-	5	(326.30)
Short Sales - SLBM	5	-	-	5	-
Commodity Derivatives	5	0.45	-	5	(0.45)
Equity/ETF/SRs	5	64.75	-	5	(64.75)
Mutual Fund	5	100.17	-	5	(100.17)
Debt instruments (incl preference)	5	664.66	-	5	(664.66)
Nifty link debenture	5	146.60	-	5	(146.60)
AIF Funds	5	301.66	-	5	(301.66)



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

57.9 Market risk (continued)

(iv) Index price risk

Index price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of equity indices.

	2025-26				
Impact on	Increase in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax
Derivatives	5	747.98	-	5	(747.98)
Embedded derivatives (Nifty-linked debentures)	5	(4.57)	-	5	4.57
					-

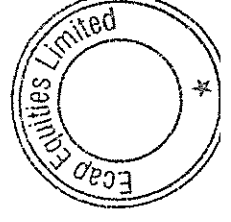
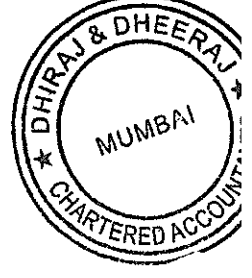
	2024-25				
Impact on	Increase in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax
Derivatives	5	190.33	-	5	(190.33)
Embedded derivatives (Nifty-linked debentures)	5	(32.13)	-	5	32.13
					-

(v) Other Price Risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of market prices other than equity and index prices.

	2025-26				
Impact on	Increase in price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in price (%)	Effect on profit before tax
Investments	5	-	-	5	-
Loans classified at FVTPL	5	-	-	5	-
					-

	2024-25				
Impact on	Increase in price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in price (%)	Effect on profit before tax
Investments	5	22.94	-	5	(22.94)
Loans classified at FVTPL	5	73.52	-	5	(73.52)
					-



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

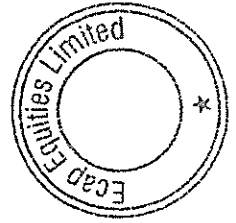
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

58 Total market risk exposure

Fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Group classifies exposures to market risk into either trading or non-trading portfolios and manages each of those portfolios separately. Such risks the market risk for the trading portfolio is managed and monitored based on a VaR methodology that reflects the interdependency between risk variables. Non-trading positions are managed and monitored using other sensitivity analysis.

Particulars	31 March 2026			31 March 2025		
	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk
Assets						
Cash and cashequivalent and other bank balances	1,968.64	-	1,968.64	7,147.45	-	7,147.45
Derivative financial instruments	6,743.56	6,743.56	-	718.08	718.08	-
Financial assets at FVTPL	34,744.45	32,820.27	1,924.18	28,872.11	23,815.62	5,056.49
Loans	6,996.63	-	6,996.63	8,761.83	-	8,761.83
Trade receivables	100.75	40.11	60.64	510.00	389.37	120.63
Investments at cost	7,676.85	-	7,676.85	224.84	-	224.84
Financial investments- amortised cost	5,885.00	-	5,885.00	5,411.94	-	5,411.94
Other financial assets	6,830.56	6,790.67	39.89	2,590.16	2,508.76	81.40
Total	70,946.44	46,394.61	24,551.83	54,236.41	27,431.83	26,804.58

Particulars	31 March 2026			31 March 2025		
	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk
Liability						
Borrowings	14,921.55	-	14,921.55	8,821.75	-	8,821.75
Derivative financial instruments	3,702.02	3,702.02	-	1,384.15	1,384.15	-
Subordinated liabilities	0.01	-	0.01	2,279.94	-	2,279.94
Debt securities (including commercial papers)	43,794.22	-	43,794.22	37,668.61	-	37,668.61
Trade payables	495.12	432.10	63.02	1,137.95	245.62	892.33
Lease liabilities	18.43	-	18.43	38.96	-	38.96
Other financial liabilities	3,038.21	1,987.11	1,051.10	2,105.08	520.59	1,584.49
Total	65,969.56	6,121.23	59,848.33	53,436.44	2,150.36	51,286.08



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

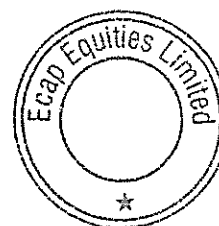
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

59 Fair values of financial instruments

(a) Fair values of assets and liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2026			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (assets):				
Exchange-traded derivatives	4,836.57	-	-	4,836.57
OTC derivatives	-	5.78	-	5.78
Embedded derivative assets in market-linked debentures	-	-	2,039.44	2,039.44
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)	4,836.57	5.78	2,039.44	6,881.79
Investments				
Debt securities	10,970.24	1,302.37	3.79	12,276.40
Market-linked debentures	-	-	15.17	15.17
Mutual fund units	6,858.74	-	-	6,858.74
Units of Alternative Investment Funds	-	-	5,041.52	5,041.52
Equity instruments	7,921.46	-	702.99	8,624.45
Preference shares	-	-	1,825.21	1,825.21
Other debt securities	-	-	102.96	102.96
Total investments measured at fair value	25,750.44	1,302.37	7,691.64	34,744.45
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	30,587.01	1,308.15	9,731.08	41,626.24

Particulars	31 March 2026			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis -				
Exchange-traded derivatives	3,006.48	-	-	3,006.48
OTC derivatives	-	214.93	-	214.93
Embedded derivatives in market-linked debentures	-	-	1,676.83	1,676.83
Total derivative financial instruments (liabilities)	3,006.48	214.93	1,676.83	4,898.23
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Provision for short sale - SLBM trading	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities at FVTPL	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis	3,006.48	214.93	1,676.83	4,898.23



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

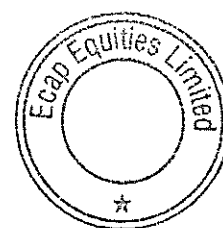
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

59 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

(a) Fair values of assets and liabilities (continued)

Particulars	31 March 2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Exchange-traded derivatives	141.58	0.11	-	141.69
OTC derivatives	-	739.64	-	739.64
Embedded derivative assets in market-linked debentures	-	-	636.68	636.68
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)	141.58	739.75	636.68	1,518.01
Investments				
Debt securities	11,803.10	1,668.31	1,271.75	14,743.16
Market-linked debentures	-	-	3,845.37	3,845.37
Mutual fund units	2,003.29	-	-	2,003.29
Units of Alternative Investment Funds	-	-	6,805.66	6,805.66
Equity instruments	878.13	-	0.42	878.55
Preference shares	-	-	315.29	315.29
Security receipts	-	-	179.64	179.64
Loans classified as FVTPL	-	-	1,470.42	1,470.42
Other debt securities	-	-	101.15	101.15
Total investments measured at fair value	14,684.52	1,668.31	13,989.70	30,342.53
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	14,826.10	2,408.06	14,626.38	31,860.54

Particulars	31 March 2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis -				
Exchange-traded derivatives	196.09	0.14	-	196.23
OTC derivatives	-	24.47	-	24.47
Embedded derivatives in market-linked debentures	-	-	1,265.11	1,265.11
Total derivative financial instruments (liabilities)	196.09	24.61	1,265.11	1,485.81
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Provision for short sale - SLBM trading	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities at FVTPL	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis	196.09	24.61	1,265.11	1,485.81



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

59 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

Fair valuation techniques:

(i) Debt securities

Whilst most of these instruments are standard fixed or floating rate securities, however nifty linked debentures have embedded derivative characteristics. Fair value of these instruments is derived based on the indicative quotes of price and yields prevailing in the market as at the reporting date. Group has used quoted price of national stock exchange wherever bonds are traded actively. In cases where debt securities are not actively traded Group has used CRISIL Corporate Bond Valuer model for measuring fair value.

(ii) Equity instruments, Preference shares, Mutual fund units and units of Alternative Investment Funds

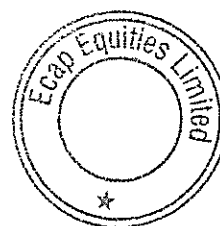
The majority of equity instruments are actively traded on recognized stock exchanges with readily available active prices on a regular basis. Such instruments are classified as Level 1. Units held in funds are measured based on fund net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such NAV Such instruments are generally Level 3. Equity instruments in non-listed entities are initially recognised at transaction price and re-measured at each reporting date at valuation provided by external valuer at instrument level. Unlisted equity securities are classified at Level 3.

(iii) Derivatives

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments with various counter-parties, primarily banks with investment grade credit ratings. Derivatives valued using valuation techniques with market observable inputs are exchange traded futures and options contracts. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include quoted price for exchange traded derivatives and Black Scholes models (for option valuation).

(iv) Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative. Group uses valuation models. Inputs to valuation models are determined from observable market (Indices) data wherever possible, including prices available from exchanges, dealers, brokers. Group classify these embedded derivative as level 3 instruments



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

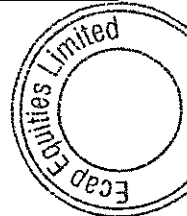
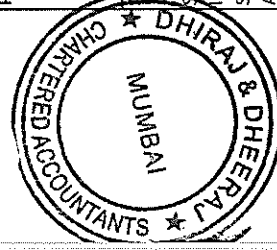
59 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

(b) Movement in level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening balances and the closing balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Particulars	Investments in debt securities	Investment in Security receipts	Investments in units of AIF	Investments in Nifty linked debentures	Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures Assets	Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures Liabilities	Investments in preference shares and other debt securities	Investments in unquoted equity shares	Loans at FVTPL	Total
At 1 April 2025	1,271.75	179.64	6,805.66	3,845.37	636.68	(1,265.11)	416.44	0.42	1,470.42	13,361.27
Purchase	-	-	517.35	2,629.88	-	-	-	288.76	-	3,435.99
Sales	(966.29)	-	(799.34)	(4,907.86)	-	-	-	-	-	(6,673.49)
Transfer to Level 1 / Level 2	-	-	-	(1,427.95)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,427.95)
Issuances	-	-	-	-	1,279.25	(1,358.07)	-	-	-	(78.82)
Settlements	-	-	-	-	(12.35)	522.83	-	-	-	510.48
Additions / (reduction) on account of Acquisition	40.00	(179.64)	(772.50)	(302.36)	-	-	768.22	585.30	(1,470.42)	(1,331.39)
Gains / (losses) for the period (2025-26) recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss	(341.67)	-	(709.65)	178.09	135.86	423.52	743.51	(171.49)	-	258.17
At 31 March 2026	3.79	-	5,041.52	15.17	2,039.44	(1,676.83)	1,928.17	702.99	-	8,054.25
Unrealised gains / (losses) related to balances held at the end of the period	(373.95)	-	(2,119.98)	2.08	135.86	423.52	761.32	(171.06)	-	(1,342.21)

Particulars	Investments in debt securities	Investment in Security receipts	Investments in units of AIF	Investments in Nifty linked debentures	Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures Assets	Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures Liabilities	Investments in preference shares and other debt securities	Investments in unquoted equity shares	Loans at FVTPL	Total
At 1 April 2024	173.61	1,543.92	7,713.96	2,318.45	299.63	(652.91)	404.23	0.84	-	11,801.73
Purchase	-	-	24.27	1,858.76	-	-	-	-	-	1,883.03
Sales	(157.77)	(927.91)	(417.44)	(1,925.46)	-	-	-	-	(1,784.74)	(5,217.32)
Issuances	-	-	-	-	423.36	(524.42)	-	-	-	(101.06)
Settlements	-	-	-	-	(6.44)	4.56	-	-	-	(1.88)
Additions / (reduction) on account of Acquisition	1,369.90	-	4.01	1,615.60	-	-	-	-	1,734.36	4,723.87
Gains / (losses) for the period (2024-25) recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss	(113.99)	(436.37)	(519.14)	(17.98)	(79.87)	(92.34)	12.21	(0.42)	1,520.80	272.90
At 31 March 2025	1,271.75	179.64	6,805.66	3,845.37	636.68	(1,265.11)	416.44	0.42	1,470.42	13,361.27
Unrealised gains related to balances held at the end of the period	(32.33)	(436.37)	(1,181.57)	(60.30)	(79.87)	(92.34)	17.82	-	1,520.80	(344.16)



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

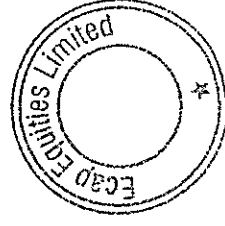
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

59 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

(c) Unobservable inputs used in measuring fair value categorised within Level 3 :

Following tables set out information about significant unobservable inputs used at respective balance sheet dates in measuring financial instruments categorised as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy:

Type of financial instruments	Fair value of asset as on 31 March 2026	Fair value of liability as on 31 March 2026	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable input	Range of estimates (weighted-average) for unobservable input	Increase in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value	Decrease in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value
Investments in debt securities	3.79	-	Discounted cash flow	Expected future cash flows	Rs. 100 to 10,994 per debenture	5%	-	5%	-
Investments in Nifty linked debentures	15.17	-		Discount rate	12%	0.5%	-	0.5%	-
Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures	2,039.44	(1,676.83)	Fair value of index	Price per debenture	Rs. 0 to 256,537 per debenture	5%	0.76	5.0%	(0.76)
Investments in units of AIF	5,041.52	-	Fair value of index	Index levels	-	5%	18.13	5.0%	(18.13)
Investments in unquoted equity shares	702.99	-	Net assets approach	Fair value of underlying investments	Rs. 117 to 226,554 per Unit	5%	252.08	5%	(252.08)
Investments in preference shares and other debt securities	1,928.17	-	Comparable transaction and P/E	Fair value per share	Rs. 0 to 17,881 per share	5%	35.15	5%	(35.15)
Security receipts	-	-	Comparable transaction and P/E	Fair value per share	Rs. 0 to 214,140 per share	5%	96.41	5%	(96.41)
Loans at FVTPL	-	-	-	-	-	5%	-	5%	-
Total	9,731.08	(1,676.83)				0%	402.53	1%	(402.53)



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

59 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

(c) Unobservable inputs used in measuring fair value categorised within Level 3 (continued):

Type of financial instruments	Fair value of asset as on 31 March 2025	Fair value of liability as on 31 March 2025	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable input	Range of estimates (weighted-average) for unobservable input	Increase in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value	Decrease in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value
Investments in debt securities	1,271.75	-	Discounted cash flow	Expected future cash flows	Rs. 1,667 to 6,32,359 per debenture	5%	-	5%	-
Investments in Nifty linked debentures	3,845.37	-	Fair value of index	Discount rate	12%	0.5%	-	0.5%	-
Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures	636.68	(1,265.11)	Fair value of index	Price per debenture	Rs. 100,000 to 215,101 per debenture	5%	192.27	5%	(192.27)
Investments in units of AIF	6,805.66	-	Net assets approach	Index levels	-	5%	(31.42)	5.0%	31.42
Investments in unquoted equity shares	0.42	-	Comparable transaction and P/E	Fair value of underlying investments	Rs. 9.83 to 175,152 per unit	5%	340.28	5%	(340.28)
Investments in preference shares and other debt securities	416.44	-	Comparable transaction and P/E	Fair value per share	Rs. 386 per share	5%	0.02	5%	(0.02)
Security receipts	-	-	Net Asset Value Method	Fair value per share	Rs. 24 to 214,140 per share	5%	20.82	5%	(20.82)
Loans at FVTPL	1,470.42	-	Comparable transaction value	Book Value	293.53	5%	14.68	5%	(14.68)
				Discounting rate	15% - 20%	1%	A one percentage point change in the discounting rate used in fair valuation of Level 3 assets does not have a significant impact in its value	1%	A one percentage point change in the discounting rate used in fair valuation of Level 3 assets does not have a significant impact in its value
Total	14,626.38	(1,265.11)					536.66		(536.66)



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

59 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

(d) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The following table sets out the fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value and analysing them by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which each fair value measurement is categorised.

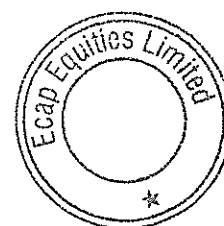
Particulars	31 March 2026				
	Total carrying amount	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:					
Loans	6,996.63	6,996.63	-	-	6,996.63
Investments at amortised cost	5,885.00	5,885.00	-	5,885.00	-
Investments at cost	7,676.85	7,676.85	-	7,676.85	-
Total	20,558.48	20,558.48	-	13,561.85	6,996.63
Financial liabilities:					
Debt securities	43,794.23	43,794.23	-	43,794.23	-
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	14,921.54	14,921.54	-	14,921.54	-
Subordinated liabilities	0.01	0.01	-	0.01	-
Total	58,715.78	58,715.78	-	58,715.78	-
Off-balance sheet items					
Undrawn commitments	244.92	244.92	-	-	244.92
Loan commitments	-	-	-	-	-
Total	244.92	244.92	-	-	244.92

Particulars	31 March 2025				
	Total carrying amount	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:					
Loans	7,291.41	7,466.71	-	-	7,466.71
Investments at amortised cost	5,411.94	5,411.94	-	5,411.94	-
Investments at cost	224.84	224.84	-	224.84	-
Total	12,928.19	13,103.49	-	5,636.78	7,466.71
Financial liabilities:					
Debt securities	37,668.61	37,705.76	-	37,705.76	-
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	8,821.75	8,821.75	-	2,216.64	6,605.11
Subordinated liabilities	2,279.94	2,249.87	-	2,249.87	-
Total	48,770.30	48,777.38	-	42,172.27	6,605.11
Off-balance sheet items					
Undrawn commitments	1,138.56	1,138.56	-	-	1,138.56
Loan commitments	260.00	260.00	-	-	260.00
Total	1,398.56	1,398.56	-	-	1,398.56

Note:

Short Term Financial Assets and Liabilities

For financial assets and financial liabilities that have a short-term maturity (less than twelve months), the carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of their fair value. Such instruments include: Trade receivables, balances other than cash and cash equivalents, trade payables and contract liability without a specific maturity.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

60 Disclosure pursuant to IND AS 19 - Employee benefits

(a) Defined contribution plan (provident fund)

Amount of Rs. 61.45 millions (Previous year: Rs. 36.99 millions) is recognised as expenses and included in "Employee benefit".

(b) Defined benefit plan (gratuity):

The following tables summarise the components of the net employee benefit expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan.

Statement of profit and loss of the year:

Net employee benefit expenses (recognised in employee cost):

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Current service cost	23.97	10.18
Interest on defined benefit obligation	7.17	4.96
Past service cost	44.97	-
Actuarial loss/(gain)	-	-
Total included in employee benefit expenses	76.11	15.14

Balance sheet:

Details of provision for gratuity:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Liability at the end of the year	183.31	81.41
Amount in balance sheet	183.31	81.41

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Liability at the beginning of the year	81.41	54.17
Net Acquisition / (Divestment)	(9.93)	18.47
Transfer in/(out)	40.36	(1.13)
Interest cost	7.17	4.96
Current service cost	23.97	10.18
Benefits paid	(6.90)	(8.34)
Past service cost	44.97	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations	2.26	3.10
Liability at the end of the year	183.31	81.41

Non-current liability at the end of the year	161.11	76.74
Current liability at the end of the year	22.20	4.67

Amount recognised in the balance sheet:

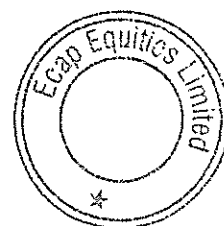
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Liability at the end of the year	183.31	81.41
Fair value of plan assets at the end of year	-	-
Amount recognized in balance sheet	183.31	81.41

Experience adjustment:

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
On plan liabilities (gain)/loss	2.40	0.95
On plan assets (gain)/loss	-	-
Estimated contribution for next year	-	-

Principle actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Discount rate current	6.30% to 7.00%	6.30% to 7.00%
Salary escalation current	6.30% to 7.00%	6.30% to 7.00%
Employees attrition rate	16.00%	16.00%
Expected return on plan assets	7.00%	7.00%
Mortality rate	IALM 2012-14 (Ult.)	IALM 2012-14 (Ult.)



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

60 Disclosure pursuant to IND AS 19 - Employee benefits (continued)

Movement in other comprehensive income

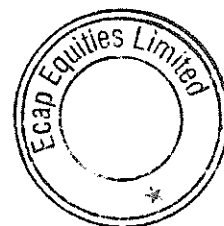
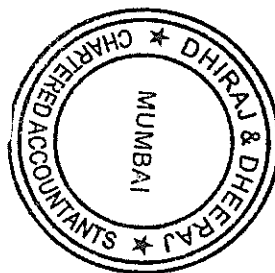
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Balance at start of year (Loss)/ Gain	(12.18)	(9.08)
Net Acquisition / (Divestment)	0.36	-
Re-measurements on defined benefit obligation		
a) Actuarial Loss/(Gain) from changes in demographic assumptions	-	-
b) Actuarial Loss/(Gain) from changed in financials assumptions	-	(3.02)
c) Actuarial Loss/(Gain) from experience over last past year	(2.26)	(0.08)
Re-measurements on plan assets		
Return on plan assets excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability / (asset)	-	-
Balance at end of year (Loss)/ Gain	(14.08)	(12.18)

Sensitivity analysis:

DBO increases/ (decreases) by	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
1% Increase in Salary Growth Rate	8.25	3.96
1% Decrease in Salary Growth Rate	(7.64)	(3.68)
1% Increase in Discount Rate	(7.62)	(3.66)
1% Decrease in Discount Rate	8.38	4.03
1% Increase in Withdrawal Rate	Negligible change	Negligible change
1% Decrease in Withdrawal Rate	Negligible change	Negligible change
Mortality (increase in expected lifetime by 1 year)	Negligible change	Negligible change
Mortality (increase in expected lifetime by 3 years)	Negligible change	Negligible change

Movement in surplus / (deficit)

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Surplus / (Deficit) at start of year	(81.41)	(54.17)
Net (Acquisition) / Divestment	9.93	(18.47)
Net Transfer (In)/ Out	(40.36)	1.13
Current Service Cost	(23.97)	(10.18)
Past Service Cost	(44.97)	-
Net Interest on net DBO	(7.17)	(4.96)
Re-measurements	(2.26)	(3.10)
Contributions / Benefits	6.90	8.34
Surplus / (Deficit) at end of year	(183.31)	(81.41)



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

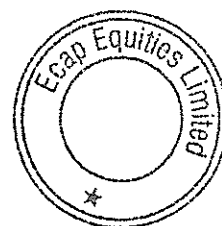
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

61 Transfer of financial assets

Transferred financial assets that are not derecognised in their entirety

The following tables provide a summary of financial assets that have been transferred in such a way that part or all of the transferred financial assets do not qualify for derecognition, together with the associated liabilities.

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Securitisations		
Carrying amount of transferred assets (held as Collateral)	-	778.11
Carrying amount of associated liabilities	-	960.35
Fair value of assets	-	519.86
Fair value of associated liabilities	-	960.35
Net position at FV	-	(440.49)



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

62 Disclosure of interest in other entities

A) Details of non wholly owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation and principal place of business	Proportion of ownership interests held by non-controlling interests - Mar 2026	Proportion of ownership interests held by non-controlling interests - Mar 2025	Profit/ (loss) allocated to non- controlling interests 31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25
Edelweiss Retail Finance Finance Limited #	India	6.98%	6.98%	18.10	(26.43)
Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	India	4.95%	10.88%	(20.68)	-
Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	India	3.94%	0.00%	0.28	-
Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund	India	4.33%	0.00%	(0.56)	-

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intra-group eliminations.

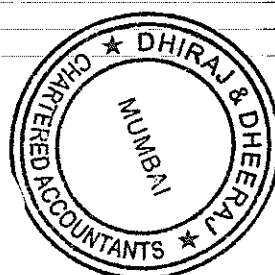
Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited #	As at 31-Mar-26	As at 31-Mar-25
Financial assets	-	9,233.97
Non-financial assets	-	255.00
Financial liabilities	-	4,286.25
Non-financial liabilities	-	70.10
Equity attributable to owners of the company	-	4,774.36
Non-controlling interest	-	358.26

Particulars	For the year ended 31-Mar-26	For the year ended 31-Mar-25
Revenue from operations	706.67	1,064.51
Total income	715.88	1,101.24
Total expenses	287.63	971.07
Profit / (loss) before tax	428.25	130.17
Tax expense	97.62	39.14
Profit / (loss) for the year	330.63	91.03
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	259.17	(378.40)
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	241.07	(351.97)
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	18.10	(26.43)

Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited has been merged with ECL Finance Limited with effect from September 30, 2025. Accordingly, the financial information reported above is upto the date of consolidation i.e. September 30, 2025

Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	As at 31-Mar-26	As at 31-Mar-25
Financial assets	10,740.65	145.10
Non-financial assets	167.92	118.28
Financial liabilities	7,769.49	222.91
Non-financial liabilities	42.38	25.64
Equity attributable to owners of the company	2,943.54	13.22
Non-controlling interest	153.16	1.61

Particulars	For the year ended 31-Mar-26	For the year ended 31-Mar-25
Revenue from operations	2,043.93	771.43
Total income	2,044.01	1,007.97
Total expenses	2,441.03	2,259.20
Profit / (loss) before tax	(397.02)	(1,251.23)
Exceptional items and tax expense	21.28	-
Profit / (loss) for the year	(418.30)	(1,251.23)
Total comprehensive Income / (loss)	(418.17)	(1,251.25)
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	(397.49)	(1,251.25)
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	(20.68)	-



Ecap Equities Limited**Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)**

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

62 Disclosure of interest in other entities (Continued)**A) Details of non wholly owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (Continued)**

Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund *	As at	As at
	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25
Financial assets	1,336.64	-
Non-financial assets	0.04	-
Financial liabilities	0.87	-
Non-financial liabilities	0.02	-
Equity attributable to owners of the company	1,283.15	-
Non-controlling interest	52.64	-

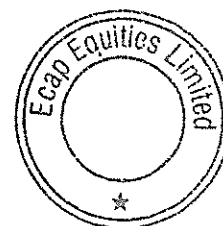
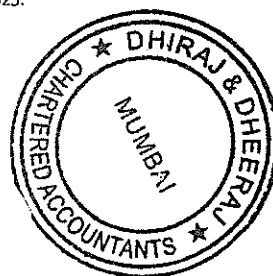
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25
Revenue from operations	9.07	-
Total income	9.07	-
Total expenses	1.87	-
Profit / (loss) before tax	7.20	-
Tax expense	-	-
Profit / (loss) for the year	7.20	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	7.20	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	6.92	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	0.28	-

* The Company has acquired a majority stake in Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund and the entity has been consolidated with effect from September 30, 2025 and the financial information presented above is w.e.f. September 30, 2025.

Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund **	As at	As at
	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25
Financial assets	596.47	-
Non-financial assets	-	-
Financial liabilities	0.61	-
Non-financial liabilities	0.03	-
Equity attributable to owners of the company	570.02	-
Non-controlling interest	25.81	-

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25
Revenue from operations	(11.60)	-
Total income	(11.60)	-
Total expenses	1.24	-
Profit / (loss) before tax	(12.84)	-
Tax expense	-	-
Profit / (loss) for the year	(12.84)	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	(12.84)	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	(12.28)	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	(0.56)	-

** The Company has acquired a majority stake in Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund and the entity has been consolidated with effect from September 30, 2025 and the financial information presented above is w.e.f. September 30, 2025.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

62 Disclosure of interest in other entities (Continued)

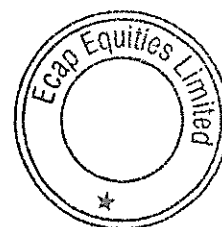
B) Details of associates

ECL Finance Limited	As at	As at
	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25
Financial assets	61,905.10	71,779.00
Non-financial assets	8,889.00	9,009.50
Financial liabilities	50,432.80	64,744.10
Non-financial liabilities	67.10	25.20
Total equity	20,294.20	16,019.20

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25
Revenue from operations	6,168.20	6,161.50
Total income	6,721.30	6,455.30
Total expenses	6,536.40	5,892.00
Profit / (loss) before tax	184.90	563.30
Exceptional items	7.50	-
Profit / (loss) before tax and after exceptional items	177.40	563.30
Tax expense	38.80	100.30
Profit / (loss) for the year	138.60	463.00
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	(940.60)	(13,343.70)
Share in profit / (loss) of associates	(39.66)	27.49
Share in profit / (loss) of associates in other comprehensive income	(391.03)	(1,748.61)

Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	As at	As at
	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25
Financial assets	4,422.95	4,476.15
Non-financial assets	49.60	52.21
Financial liabilities	21.74	6.87
Non-financial liabilities	5.12	2.50
Total equity	4,445.69	4,518.99

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25
Revenue from operations	24.30	386.90
Total income	24.84	386.90
Total expenses	91.32	412.53
Profit / (loss) before tax	(66.48)	(25.63)
Exceptional items	0.70	-
Profit / (loss) before tax and after exceptional items	(67.18)	(25.63)
Tax expense	6.05	-
Profit / (loss) for the year	(73.23)	(25.63)
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	(73.30)	(25.61)
Share in profit / (loss) of associates	(15.75)	(0.66)
Share in profit / (loss) of associates in other comprehensive income	(0.01)	-



Ecap Equities Limited

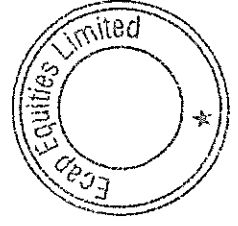
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

63 Additional Information, as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary or Associates

As at March 31, 2026

AS at March 31, 2020									
Sr. No.	Name of the Entity	Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total Liabilities		Share in Profit or Loss		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Comprehensive Income	
		As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (Rs. in Million)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (Rs. in Million)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (Rs. in Million)	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (Rs. in Million)
Parent									
	Ecap Equities Limited	105.72%	12,111.41	114.26%	(6,863.11)	0.43%	(1.39)	108.45%	(6,864.50)
Subsidiaries									
Indian									
1	Edelcap Securities Limited	82.91%	9,497.73	(4.62)%	277.67	(0.10)%	0.31	(4.39)%	277.98
2	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.00%	-	(5.50)%	330.63	22.12%	(71.47)	(4.09)%	259.16
3	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	0.00%	-	(12.73)%	764.34	(0.02)%	0.08	(12.08)%	764.42
4	Edel Investments Limited	32.30%	3,700.16	(2.06)%	123.55	(0.03)%	0.11	(1.95)%	123.66
5	Edel International (Singapore) Pte Limited	11.98%	1,372.33	3.51%	(211.02)	(43.43)%	140.29	1.12%	(70.73)
6	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	27.03%	3,096.70	6.96%	(418.30)	(0.04)%	0.13	6.61%	(418.17)
7	Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	5.46%	625.69	(0.84)%	50.70	0.02%	(0.08)	(0.80)%	50.62
8	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	11.66%	1,335.79	(0.12)%	7.20	0.00%	-	(0.11)%	7.20
9	Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund	5.20%	595.83	0.21%	(12.84)	0.00%	-	0.20%	(12.84)
Non-Controlling Interests									
	Adjustments arising out of consolidation	2.02%	231.61	(0.04)%	2.13	1.54%	(4.98)	0.05%	(2.85)
		(200.45)%	(22,963.82)	0.04%	(2.14)	(1.54)%	4.98	-0.04%	2.84
Associate (Investment as per the equity method) - Indian									
	ECL Finance Limited	16.31%	1,869.03	0.66%	(39.66)	121.04%	(391.03)	6.80%	(430.69)
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	(0.14)%	(16.42)	0.26%	(15.75)	0.00%	(0.01)	0.25%	(15.76)
Total		100.00%	11,456.04	100.00%	(6,006.60)	100.00%	(323.06)	100.00%	(6,329.66)



Ecap Equities Limited

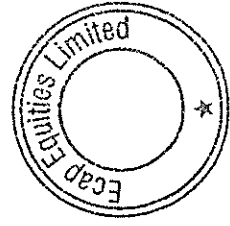
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

63 Additional Information, as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary or Associates (continued)

As at March 31, 2025

As at Mar 01 31, 2023									
Sr. No.	Name of the Entity	Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total Liabilities		Share in Profit or Loss		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Comprehensive Income	
		As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (Rs. in Million)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (Rs. in Million)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (Rs. in Million)	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (Rs. in Million)
Parent									
	Ecap Equities Limited	181.27%	14,975.79	90.33%	5,575.51	0.02%	(0.36)	141.19%	5,575.15
Subsidiaries									
Indian									
1	Edelcap Securities Limited	97.52%	8,056.30	(0.61)%	(37.95)	0.09%	(1.97)	(1.01)%	(39.92)
2	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	62.13%	5,132.62	1.47%	91.03	21.11%	(469.43)	(9.58)%	(378.40)
3	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	(0.85)%	(69.92)	7.96%	491.16	0.00%	0.06	12.44%	491.22
4	Edel Investments Limited	43.29%	3,576.51	(0.19)%	(11.67)	0.04%	(0.89)	(0.32)%	(12.56)
5	Edel International (Singapore) Pte Limited	17.47%	1,443.06	0.61%	37.53	0.12%	(2.67)	0.88%	34.86
6	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	0.18%	14.83	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Non-Controlling Interests									
	Adjustments arising out of consolidation	4.36%	360.12	0.10%	6.36	0.01%	(0.31)	0.15%	6.05
		(284.52)%	(23,506.02)	(0.10)%	(6.38)	(0.01)%	0.31	(0.15)%	(6.07)
Associate (Investment as per the equity method) - Indian									
	ECL Finance Limited	(20.83)%	(1,721.12)	0.45%	27.49	78.63%	(1,748.61)	(43.59)%	(1,721.12)
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	(0.01)%	(0.66)	(0.01)%	(0.66)	0.00%	-	(0.02)%	(0.66)
	Total	100.00%	8,261.51	100.00%	6,172.42	100.00%	(2,223.87)	100.00%	3,948.55



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

64 Other Disclosures

(i) Details of Benami Property held

There have been no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Group for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

(ii) Details of borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets

The Group has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores in aggregate from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets.

(iii) Wilful Defaulter

The Group has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any other lender.

(iv) Relationship with Struck off Companies

There are no transactions with the companies struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

(v) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)

The Group does not have any charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

(vi) Undisclosed income

The Group has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

(vii) Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.

(viii) Loans or advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person

During the year the Group has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person.

(a) repayable on demand or

(b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment

(ix) Revaluation of PPE

The Group has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of use assets) or intangible assets during the year ended March 31, 2026.

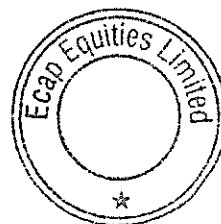
(x) Declaration of Dividend

During the year the Group has not declared or paid any dividend.

(xi) The Group has a process whereby periodically all long term contracts (including derivative contracts) are assessed for material foreseeable losses. At the year end, the Group has reviewed and ensured that adequate provision as required under any law/ accounting standards for material foreseeable losses on such long term contracts (including derivative contracts) has been made in the books of accounts.

(xii) Events after reporting date

The Group has evaluated all events that occur after balance sheet date through the date when the financial statements were issued to determine if they must be reported. The management of the Group determined that there were no reportable subsequent events.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

64 Other Disclosures (continued)

(xiii) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

(xiv) Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

(A) During the year, the Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall :

- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security, or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(B) During the year, the Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall :

- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security, or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(xv) Disclosure of Ratios

Sr. No.	Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
1	Total debts to total assets ^(refer note 1)	0.75	0.78
2	*Net profit margin (%) ^(refer note 2)	-51.74%	18.91%
3	# Interest Service Coverage Ratio ^(refer note 3)	0.31	2.08

* 'The variation in Net profit margin is on account of net loss incurred during the year ended 31 March 2026 primarily due to higher impairment losses on financial instruments and lower net gain on fair value changes compared to the previous year.

Interest Service Coverage Ratio has reduced as at 31 March 2026 on account of one-off impairment loss on financial instruments.

1. Total debts to total assets = Total Debt / Total assets

2. Net profit margin (%) = Net profit after tax / Total Income

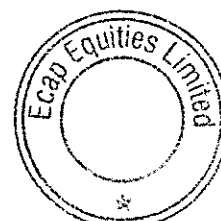
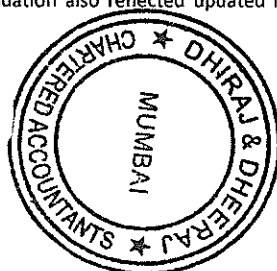
3. Interest Service Coverage Ratio = Profit before interest and tax/Interest expense

4. Current ratio, Long term debt to working capital, Bad Debts to account receivables ratio, Current liability ratio, Debtors turnover, Inventory turnover and Operating margin (%) are not applicable owing to the business model of the Group.

(xvi) The Group, entered into an amended agreement dated February 27, 2025. Under this agreement, in the event that the majority investors in a specific Alternative Investment Fund (AIF) do not achieve the agreed Internal Rate of Return (IRR), the Group is obligated to either facilitate the sale of the underlying assets to a third-party buyer or acquire the assets itself to ensure the agreed IRR is delivered. Based on the management's assessment and current estimates of cash flows from the underlying assets, the likelihood of any shortfall requiring such a payout is considered remote.

(xvii) The Government of India, vide notification dated November 21, 2025, has notified the new Labour Code, basis which the Group has reassessed its employee benefit obligations based on the revised definition of wages and expanded eligibility criteria. Accordingly, based on actuarial valuation and management estimates, the Group has recognized an incremental expense of ₹ 92.41 million on account of past service cost in accordance with Ind AS19 – Employee Benefits. The Group continues to monitor developments relating to the implementation of the New Labour Codes and will review its estimates and assumptions as further clarifications and Rules are notified.

(xviii) During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Group had recorded conservative loan loss provisions and fair value losses on certain sepecific assets amounting to ₹ 4,375 million. These provisions were recognised based on revised cash flow estimates, reassessment of underlying asset quality. The evaluation also reflected updated risk assessments and prudential considerations arising from evolving market conditions.



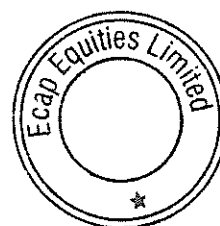
ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

64 Other Disclosures (continued)

- (xix) During the previous year ended 31 March 2025, the RBI lifted restrictions on one of the associates i.e. ECL Finance Limited (ECLF). Further, ECLF received the RBI inspection report for FY 2023-24 and implemented the necessary actions. Also, in the previous year, ECLF has valued its Security Receipts based on IRAC loan norms and reassessed ECL, resulting to a provision of Rs. 11,372.40 million in the financial statements through other comprehensive income. Accordingly, the share in associate of Rs. 1,748.61 million is recorded in the consolidated financial results.
- (xx) During the year, Nuvama Clearing Services Limited ("NCSL"), a former associate of the Holding Company, received a favourable order from the Hon'ble High Court dated February 26, 2026, directing the release of unencumbered assets of the Group amounting to ₹ 533.90 million.
- The said order conclusively resolves the matter that was previously under review and confirms the release of the related unencumbrances. Accordingly, the financial statements and the relevant disclosures have been appropriately updated to reflect the release of such unencumbered assets.
- (xxi) Pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation approved by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT") under Sections 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Scheme"), Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited ("ERFL" or "Transferor Company"), a company under common control and a subsidiary of the Group, has been amalgamated with ECL Finance Limited ("ECLF" or "Transferee Company" / "Associate" of the Group). The Scheme has an appointed date of October 1, 2024 and became effective on September 30, 2025 upon filing of the certified copy of the NCLT order with the Registrar of Companies.
- Consequent to the Scheme becoming effective, ERFL has ceased to exist as a separate legal entity. Accordingly, in terms of Ind AS 110 – Consolidated Financial Statements, the Group has accounted for the loss of control over ERFL and derecognised the previously consolidated line-by-line carrying amounts of assets, liabilities, reserves and non-controlling interests (if any) of ERFL from its consolidated financial statements.
- In accordance with the terms of the Scheme, the Group alongwith its subsidiaries has been allotted equity shares of ECLF based on the approved swap ratio of 11.24 equity shares of ECLF for every 1 equity share held in ERFL.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

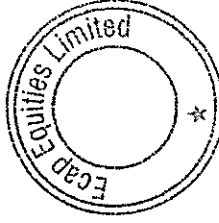
65 Cash flow disclosure

Change in liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	1 April 2025	Cash flows	Changes in fair values	Others*	31 March 2026
Borrowings	48,770.30	8,954.43	-	991.05	58,715.78
Total liabilities from financing activities	48,770.30	8,954.43	-	991.05	58,715.78

Particulars	1 April 2024	Cash flows	Changes in fair values	Others*	31 March 2025
Borrowings	42,194.05	6,851.40	-	(275.15)	48,770.30
Total liabilities from financing activities	42,194.05	6,851.40	-	(275.15)	48,770.30

* Others includes the effect of interest accrued but not paid on borrowings and securities premium on issue of debt securities.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

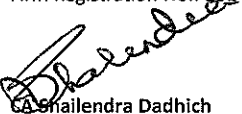
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

66 Prior period comparatives

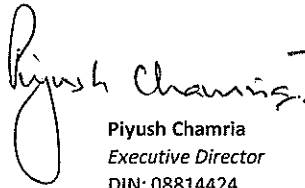
Previous year's figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary to conform to current year's presentation

As per our report of even date attached.

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 102454W

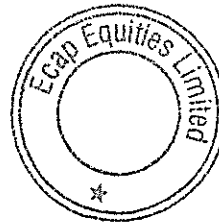

CA Chailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership No.: 425098
Mumbai
27 April 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Piyush Chamria
Executive Director
DIN: 08814424


Swadesh Agrawal
Executive Director and Company Secretary
DIN: 10417688


Ritesh S Jain
Chief Financial Officer
Mumbai
27 April 2026





DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of **Ecap Equities Limited**

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of **Ecap Equities Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, its loss including other comprehensive loss, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

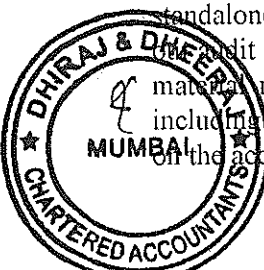
Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters below to be key audit matters to be communicated in our report, we have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedure performed to address the matter below, Provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying standalone financial statements.



Key Audit Matters	How our Audit addressed the Key Audit matter
Expected Credit Loss (ECL) Model Loans are measured at amortized cost less impairment charges. Loan impairment charges represent Management's best estimate of expected losses on loans at the balance sheet date. The expected credit loss method is subjective and based on various indicators of past default rates, forward looking macro-economic factors, future recoveries to the loss given parameter, credit risk ratings and statistical models. The impairment provision policy is presented in note 4.6 and note 4.16 under material accounting policies in the standalone financial statement.	Our audit procedure included an assessment of the impairment model applied by the Company. We assessed and tested the Company's calculation of impairment charges including assessment of Management's determination and adaptation of ECL model variables. The Company assessed and tested the principles applied for the determination of impairment scenarios and for the measurement of collateral values of assets. Performed analytical procedures by determining various ratios or percentage-based measures to review overall reasonableness of the estimate determined by the management. We performed test of details, on a sample basis and inspected the repayment and collections made on the due dates which forms the basis of staging of financial assets. We reviewed the relevant disclosures made in the Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the requirements of the Ind AS 109 and Ind AS 107

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors report but does not include the Standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibility of Management for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

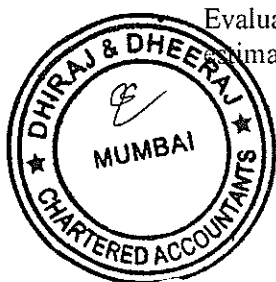
Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Standalone financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
 - (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2026 has been paid/ provided by the company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act;
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 59 (ii) to the financial statements no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate



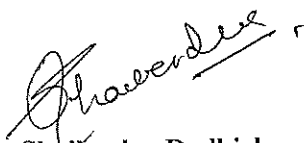
Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 59 (iii) to the financial statements no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirement for record retention.

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W



Shailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership Number: 425098
UDIN: 26425098EMHPBF8291
Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 27th April, 2026



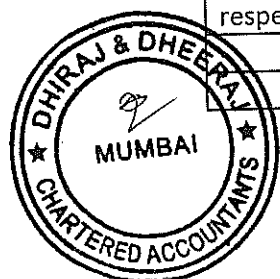
Annexure "1" to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our Report of even date to the members of Ecap Equities Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2026.

- i. (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) As explained to us, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment by which all the property, plant and Equipment are verified in a phased manner over the period of three years. In our opinion, this programme is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, the title deeds of the immovable properties included in property, plant and equipment are held in the name of the company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets during the year ended March 31, 2026.
- (e) Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, no proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder,
- ii. (a) Based on our examination of documents and records, the Company has conducted physical verification of inventory on the basis of vault register in respect of commodities held as inventory, at reasonable intervals during the year. No Material discrepancies have been noticed on physical verification.
- (b) During the year, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and accordingly, the requirement to disclose under this clause is not applicable to the Company.
- iii. (a) During the year the Company has provided loans, advances in nature of loans, stood guarantee and provided security to companies as follows:

(Rs. in millions)

	Loans	Advances in the nature of Loan	Guarantees	Security
Aggregate amount granted/provided during the year to				
- Subsidiary	22,654.20	0	0	1,961.30
- Others	6,834.50	0	0	4,450
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of -				
- Subsidiary	948.70	0	0	3,479.27
- Others	7,750.15	0	560	4,450.17



(b) Accordingly to the information and explanations given by the management and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the investment made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grants of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided during the year to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships and other parties are not prejudicial to the companies interest.

(c) According to the information and explanations given by the management and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, the Company has granted loans and advance in the nature of loans to companies, firms, limited liability partnership and to individual borrowers where the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayment or receipts are regular except as stated below:

(Rs. In millions)

Name of the Entity	Amount	Due Date	Remarks
Various Parties	1,444.32	Various	Provision made amounting to Rs. 816.23 millions

(d) The following amounts are overdue for more than ninety days from companies, firms, limited liability partnership and to individual borrowers and reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for recovery of overdue amount of principal and interest.

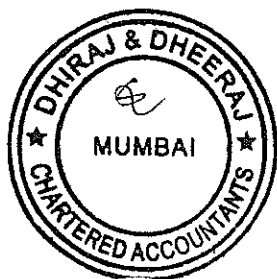
(Rs. In millions)

Name of the Entity	Amount	Due Date	Remarks
Various Parties	1,444.32	Various	Provision made amounting to Rs. 816.23 millions

(e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there were no loans or advance in nature of loans granted to companies which was fallen due during the year that have been renewed or extended or fresh loan granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties

(f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(f) of the orders is not applicable to the Company.

- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- vi. Having regard to the nature of the Companies' business activities, reporting under clause CARO 2020 relating to maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act is not applicable to the Company.



- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, income tax, cess, goods and service tax and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no dues of provident fund, value added tax, service tax, cess which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. The provisions relating to employees state insurance, duty of excise, duty of custom, sales tax and cess are currently not applicable to Company. The disputed dues outstanding in respect of income tax, GST, are as follows:

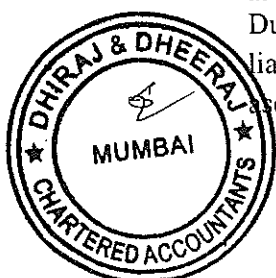
(Rs. In millions)

Name of Statute	Nature of dues	Amount	Assessment Year	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	287.85	2022-23	CIT(A)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	278.21	2023-24	CIT(A)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	3.61	2021-22	CIT(A)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	0.45	2020-21	Assessing Officer
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	4.36	2017-18	ITAT
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	6.91	2020-21	CIT(A)
Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	GST	5.09	2019-20	Commissioner of Appeals
Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	GST	3.72	2020-21	Commissioner of Appeals
Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	GST	8.89	2020-21	Commissioner of Appeals

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

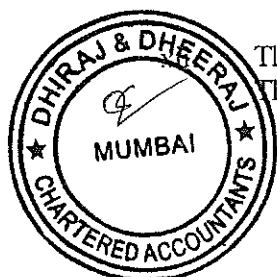
Further we are informed by the Company that they have received during the financial year 2024-25 the income tax assessment orders and demand notices for the assessment year 2020-21 to 2023-24, for certain addition /disallowances pursuant to search conducted from March 2, 2023 to March 9, 2023 by the Income Tax Authorities ("the ITA"). The Company has filed appeal with the ITA against said assessment orders and the said matter is pending for hearing at Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals).

Due to ongoing litigation pending outcome, the management have considered the tax demand liability as remote and is of the view that no material impact on financial statements can be ascertained. (Also pls refer Note No. 53 on Contingent Liabilities and commitments)



- ix. (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender as at the balance sheet date.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, term loan availed by the Company for the purposes for which the loans were obtained.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (Including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause (x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has complied with provisions of Sec 42 and 62 of the companies act 2013 in respect of the private placement of shares/fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures respectively during the year. The fund raised, have been used for the purpose for which the funds were raised.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, report under section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4 was not required to be filed. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause (xi)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, and as represented to us by the management, no whistle- blower complaints have been received during the year by the Company. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause (xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

The Company is not a Nidhi Company as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore the provisions of Clause (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

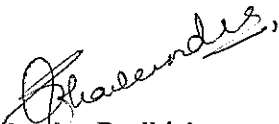


- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- xiv. a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, There is internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business,
b) The reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit were considered by us
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
(b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause (xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause (xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(d) Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the Company, the Group has one CICs as part of the Group.
- xvii. The Company has cash losses of Rs. 2370.66 million in the current financial year as compared to no cash loss in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no change in the auditor of the Company during the year. The same auditor has continued to hold office in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratio ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Act pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses (xx) (a) and (xx) (b) of the Order are not applicable.



- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statement of the Company. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W


Shailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership Number: 425098
UDIN: 26425098EMHPBF8291
Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 27th April, 2026



Annexure “2” to Independent Auditors’ Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to Standalone financial statements of **Ecap Equities Limited** (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (“ICAI”). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor’s Responsibility

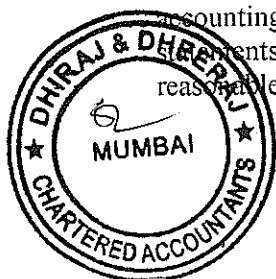
Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these Standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these Standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Standalone financial statement included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these Standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls with reference to these Standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to these Standalone Financial Statements

A Company’s internal financial controls with reference to Standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company’s internal financial controls with reference to Standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the



Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

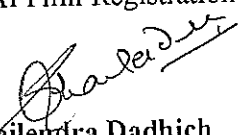
Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

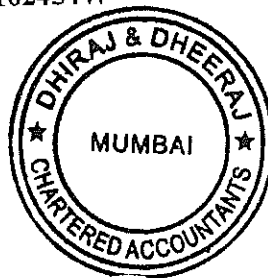
Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to these Standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to Standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to Standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to Standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For **Dhiraj & Dheeraj**
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W


Shailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership Number: 425098
UDIN: 26425098EMHPBF8291
Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 27th April, 2026



Ecap Equities Limited

Standalone Balance Sheet

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

	Note	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
ASSETS			
Non current assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	7	573.11	535.68
(b) Investment property	8	795.55	872.72
(c) Goodwill	9	60.94	60.94
(d) Other intangible assets	10	0.38	2.56
(e) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	11	32,629.30	29,316.44
(ii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	12	0.34	0.33
(iii) Loans	13	4,167.12	3,313.85
(iv) Other financial assets	14	9.10	9.13
(f) Current tax assets (net)	15	555.84	269.25
(g) Deferred tax assets (net)	16	2,894.07	3,387.42
(h) Other non-current assets	17	3.72	149.32
		41,689.47	37,917.64
Current assets			
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	18	5,742.78	10,284.68
(ii) Trade receivables	19	300.72	94.67
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	20	914.25	716.60
(iv) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	21	0.03	-
(v) Loans	22	3,786.37	2,649.26
(vi) Derivative financial instruments	23	127.38	92.63
(vii) Other financial assets	24	60.11	626.74
(b) Current tax assets (net)	25	227.70	88.40
(c) Other current assets	26	652.48	752.49
		11,811.81	15,305.47
TOTAL ASSETS		53,501.28	53,223.11
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
(a) Equity share capital	27	184.49	184.49
(b) Instruments entirely equity in nature	28	16,600.00	12,600.00
(c) Other equity	29	(4,673.10)	2,191.29
		12,111.39	14,975.78
LIABILITIES			
Non current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	30 (a)	17,006.86	28,710.81
(ii) Other financial liabilities	31	64.29	220.14
(b) Provisions	32	97.55	19.44
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Derivative financial instruments	23	218.85	737.60
(ii) Borrowings	30 (b)	23,385.23	7,719.51
(iii) Trade payables			
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	33	-	-
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	33	240.20	207.29
(iv) Other financial liabilities	34	177.09	335.48
(b) Other current liabilities	35	177.00	238.51
(c) Provisions	36	22.82	4.79
(d) Current tax liabilities (net)	37	-	58.76
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		53,501.28	53,223.11

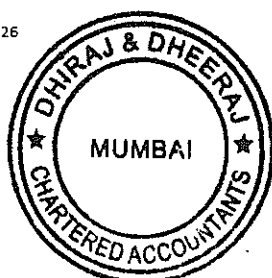
The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

1 - 61

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Dhiraaj and Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 102454W

Dheeraj
CA Shaileendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership No.: 425098
Mumbai
27 April 2026

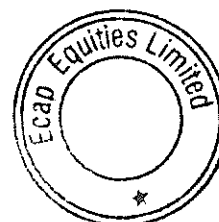


For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Piyush Chamria
Piyush Chamria
Executive Director
DIN: 08814424

Swadesh Agrawal
Swadesh Agrawal
Executive Director and Company Secretary
DIN: 10417688

Ritesh S Jain
Ritesh S Jain
Chief Financial Officer
Mumbai
27 April 2026



Ecap Equities Limited

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Revenue from operations			
Fee and commission income	38	838.17	42.56
Net gain on fair value changes	39	(1,175.55)	9,679.73
Dividend income	40	35.10	328.26
Interest income	41	2,060.50	3,252.60
Rental income	42	118.23	173.92
Sale of commodities		-	16,084.86
Other operating revenue	43	49.03	52.39
Total revenue from operations		1,925.48	29,614.32
Other income	44	75.33	18.45
Total income		2,000.81	29,632.77
Expenses			
Purchases of commodities		-	16,078.65
Employee benefits expense	45	490.51	558.12
Finance costs	46	4,612.65	5,878.12
Depreciation and amortisation	7, 8 & 10	96.15	84.53
Impairment on financial instruments	47	2,515.27	(256.75)
Other expenses	48	843.97	1,087.88
Total expenses		8,558.55	23,430.55
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(6,557.74)	6,202.22
Exceptional items		46.50	-
Profit/(Loss) before tax		(6,604.24)	6,202.22
Tax expenses:	49		
Current tax		(234.95)	2,262.42
Deferred tax		493.82	(1,635.70)
Net Profit / (Loss) for the year		(6,863.11)	5,575.50
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement gain on defined benefit plans (OCI)		(1.85)	(0.48)
Tax effect on remeasurement gain on defined benefit plans (OCI)		(0.46)	(0.12)
Other Comprehensive Income		(1.39)	(0.36)
Total comprehensive income		(6,864.50)	5,575.14
Earnings per equity share: (Face value of Rs 10 each):			
Basic (In Rs.)	52	(7.03)	5.82
Diluted (In Rs.)		(7.03)	5.82

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

1 - 61

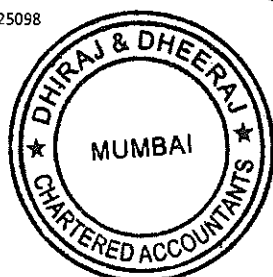
This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 102454W

Shailendra Dadhich
CA Shailendra Dadhich
Partner

Membership No.: 425098

Mumbai
27 April 2026



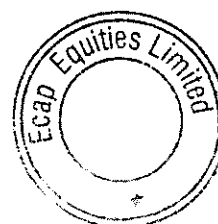
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Piyush Chamria
Piyush Chamria
Executive Director

DIN: 08814424

Ritesh S Jain
Ritesh S Jain
Chief Financial Officer
Mumbai
27 April 2026

Swadesh Agrawal
Swadesh Agrawal
Executive Director and Company Secretary
DIN: 10417688



Ecap Equities Limited

Standalone Cash flow statement
(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	(6,604.24)	6,202.22
Adjustments for		
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment expenses	96.15	84.53
Impairment on financial instruments	2,515.27	(256.75)
Provision for gratuity and compensated absences	14.50	4.02
Loss/(Profit) on sale of fixed assets	0.13	-
Dividend income on investment	(35.10)	(324.00)
Loss/(profit) on sale of investment	235.32	(16,401.49)
Share of (profit) / loss from partnership firm	0.04	0.03
Fair value of financial instruments	1,431.55	8,480.12
Interest income	(814.79)	(2,793.44)
Interest expense	4,604.29	5,601.08
Income distribution from fund	(360.95)	(265.81)
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	1,082.17	330.51
Add / (Less): Adjustments for working capital changes		
Increase / (decrease) in non financial liability	(61.51)	217.15
Decrease in other financial liability	(2,620.40)	(34.26)
(Decrease) / increase in trade payable	32.91	(981.87)
Decrease in Provisions	79.79	(2.39)
(Increase) / Decrease in Derivative financial instruments	(47.05)	(55.05)
Decrease in investments held for trading	5,111.50	1,705.22
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivable	(208.31)	(55.53)
(Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets	566.77	(577.08)
(Increase) / Decrease in other non financial assets	243.95	(734.37)
(Increase) / Decrease in bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	(0.04)	(0.03)
Cash (used in) / generated from operations	4,179.78	(187.70)
Income tax paid	(244.71)	(2,067.77)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities - A	3,935.07	(2,255.47)
B. Cash flow from investing activities		
(Purchase) / Sale of investments	(7,895.97)	918.90
Dividend received	35.10	324.00
Sale/(purchase) of fixed assets	(54.36)	(13.42)
Loan (given)/repaid (refer note 2)	(2,234.00)	5,696.91
Income received from AIF funds	360.95	265.81
Interest received	938.37	2,528.19
Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities - B	(8,849.91)	9,720.39
C. Cash flow from financing activities		
Repayment of debt borrowing (refer note 2)	(3,534.18)	(264.99)
Proceeds from issue of Compulsorily convertible debentures	4,000.00	-
Proceeds from borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 2)	4,876.46	(2,216.56)
Interest paid on borrowings	(229.79)	(5,976.34)
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C	5,112.49	(8,457.89)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	197.65	(992.97)
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	716.60	1,709.57
Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year	914.25	716.60

Notes:

- Cash and cash equivalents include the following:
Balances with banks: In current accounts 914.25 716.60
- Net figures have been reported on account of volume of transactions.
- The cashflow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 prescribed under the Companies Act (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 under the Companies Act, 2013.

This is the Cash flow statement referred to in our report of even date.

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 102454W

CA Shailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership No.: 425098
Mumbai
27 April 2026

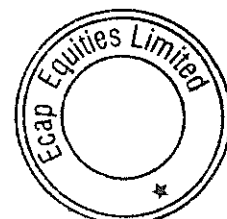


For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Piyush Chamria
Executive Director
DIN: 08814424

Swadesh Agrawal
Executive Director and Company Secretary
DIN: 10417688

Ritesh S Jain
Chief Financial Officer
Mumbai
27 April 2026



Ecap Equities Limited
Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

(A) Equity share capital	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	184.49	184.49
Changes in equity share capital	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	184.49	184.49

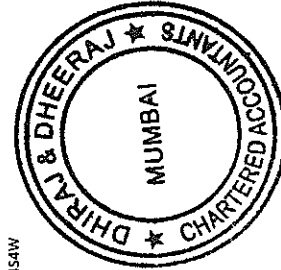
(B) Instruments entirely equity in nature- Compulsorily Convertible Debentures	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	12,600.00	12,600.00
Changes in Compulsorily convertible debentures	4,000.00	-
Balance at the end of the year	16,600.00	12,600.00

(C) Other Equity

Particulars	Capital Redemption Reserve	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	ESOP reserve	Debt redemption reserve	Revaluation reserve	Retained earnings	Total
Balance at 1 April 2023	67.00	184.58	1,637.38	22.00	1,051.41	272.18	[6,624.21]	[3,389.66]
Profit / (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,575.50	5,575.50
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	[0.36]	[0.36]
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,575.14	5,575.14
ESOP reversal	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.81	5.81
Transfers to / from retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	(15.79)	15.79	-
Balance at 31 March 2024	67.00	184.58	1,637.38	22.00	1,051.41	256.39	[1,027.47]	2,191.29
Profit / (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	[6,863.11]	[6,863.11]
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1.99)	(1.99)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	[6,864.50]	[6,864.50]
ESOP reversal	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.11	0.11
Transfers to / from retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	(14.87)	14.87	-
Balance at 31 March 2025	67.00	184.58	1,637.38	22.00	1,051.41	241.52	[7,876.99]	[4,673.10]

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

For Dhiraaj and Dheeraaj
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 102454W



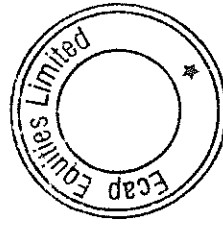
Shalendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership No.: 425098
Mumbai
27 April 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Piyush Chamria
Executive Director
DIN: 08814424

Swadesh Agrawal
Executive Director and Company Secretary
DIN: 10417688

Ritesh S Jain
Chief Financial Officer
Mumbai
27 April 2026



Ecap Equities Limited
Notes to the financial statements
for the year ended 31 March 2026

1. Background

Ecap Equities Limited ('the Company') was incorporated on 08 October 2008 as a public limited company and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

The Company is engaged in trading activities, investment in group companies, AIF funds and debt securities. The Company also owns property which earns rental income. The Company has commenced shared services business from 01 April 2025 and provides group support services to group companies.

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time).

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments such as financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) instruments, derivative financial instruments, fair value through profit and loss account and other financial assets held for trading, which have been measured at fair value. The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to the nearest million, except when otherwise indicated.

3. Presentation of financial statements

The Company presents its balance sheet in compliance with the Division II of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business
- The event of default
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the company and or its counterparties

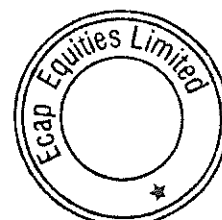
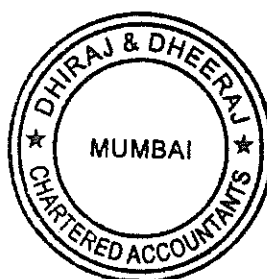
All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle or it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded or it is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date or it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or expected to be used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Current assets include the current portion of non-current assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle or it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded or it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date or the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by



ECap Equities Limited
Notes to the financial statements (continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2026

the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification. Current liabilities include current portion of non-current liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

4. Material accounting policies

4.1 Revenue recognition

4.1.1 Fee income including advisory fees for services rendered is accounted over the period as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits, as the services are rendered.

4.1.2 Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and debt instrument measured at FVTOCI. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the financial asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Company recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loan. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments, penalty interest and charges).

If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk. The adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income.

When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Company calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Company reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis.

For purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets, the Company calculates interest income by calculating the credit-adjusted EIR and applying that rate to the amortised cost of the asset. The credit-adjusted EIR is the interest rate that, at original recognition, discounts the estimated future cash flows (including credit losses) to the amortised cost of the POCI assets.

4.1.3 Dividend income is recognised in statement of profit and loss when the Company's right to receive payment of the dividend is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

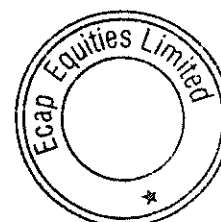
4.1.4 Brokerage income is recognised as per contracted rates at the time of execution of transactions on behalf of the customers on the trade date.

4.1.5 Profit / loss from share in partnership firm is accounted once the amount of the share of profit/ loss is ascertained and credited / debited to the Company's account in the books of the partnership firm.

4.1.6 Income from training centre is recognised on accrual basis.

4.1.7 Commodities sales are accounted when all obligations connected with the transfer of risks and rewards to the buyer have been fulfilled after the price has been determined and collection of the receivable is reasonably certain.

4.1.8 Rental income is recognised on accrual basis in accordance with the agreements entered.



ECap Equities Limited
Notes to the financial statements (continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2026

4.2 Financial Instruments

4.2.1 Date of recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities, with the exception of borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades; purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. The Company recognises borrowings when funds are available for utilisation to the Company.

4.2.2 Initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

4.2.3 Day 1 profit or loss

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Company recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in statement of profit and loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

4.3 Classification of financial instruments

4.3.1 Financial assets:

The Company classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

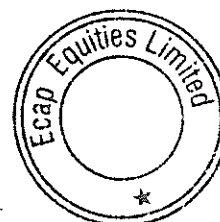
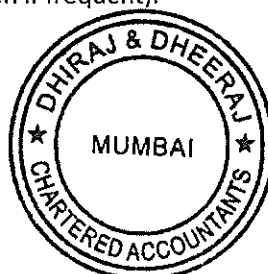
- Amortised cost
- Fair value through other comprehensive income [FVTOCI]
- Fair value through profit or loss [FVTPL]

The Company measures debt financial assets that meet the following conditions at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Sale that occur for below reason are considered as consistent with business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows

- if those sales are infrequent (even if significant in value) or insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate (even if frequent).



ECap Equities Limited
Notes to the financial statements (continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2026

- If such sales are made close to maturity of financial asset and proceeds from sale approximate the collection of the remaining contractual cashflow.
- Selling a financial asset because of significant increase in credit risk.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Other than above classification of amortised cost and FVOCI, all other financial assets are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at FVTPL.

4.3.1.1 Amortized cost and Effective interest rate method (EIR)

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

4.3.1.2 Financial assets held for trading

The Company classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit is taking. Held-for-trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value.

4.3.1.3 Financial asset measured at FVOCI

Unrealised gains or losses on debt instruments measured at FVOCI are recognised in other comprehensive income, and on derecognition of such instrument accumulated gains or losses are recycled to statement of profit and loss. Interest income on such instrument is recognised in statement of profit and loss as per EIR method.

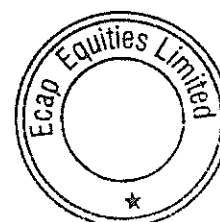
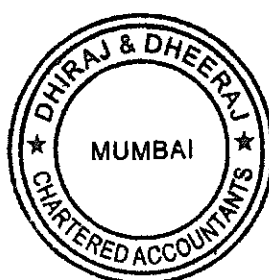
4.3.1.4 Investment in equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, unless the management has elected to classify irrevocably some of its strategic equity investments to be measured at FVTOCI, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS and are not held for trading. Such classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates is measured at cost less provision for impairment.

4.3.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost except loan commitments, financial guarantees, and derivative financial liabilities.



ECap Equities Limited
Notes to the financial statements (continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2026

4.3.2.1 Debt securities and other borrowed funds

After initial measurement, debt issued and other borrowed funds are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the instrument.

The Company issues benchmark linked non-convertible debentures, the return of which is linked to performance of specified indices over the period of the debenture. Such debentures have a component of an embedded derivative which is fair valued at a reporting date. The resultant 'net unrealised loss or gain' on the fair valuation of these embedded derivatives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The debt component of such debentures is measured at amortised cost using yield to maturity basis.

4.3.2.2 Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and financial liabilities in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109. Management only designates an instrument at FVTPL upon initial recognition when one of the following criteria are met. Such designation is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis:

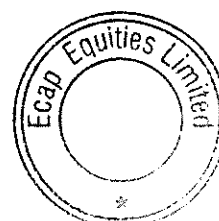
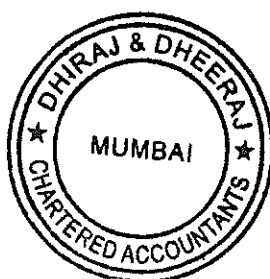
- The designation eliminates, or significantly reduces, the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; or
- The liabilities are part of a group of financial liabilities, which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy; or
- The liabilities containing one or more embedded derivatives, unless they do not significantly modify the cash flows that would otherwise be required by the contract, or it is clear with little or no analysis when a similar instrument is first considered that separation of the embedded derivative(s) is prohibited.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in statement of profit and loss with the exception of movements in fair value of liabilities designated at FVTPL due to changes in the Company's own credit risk. Such changes in fair value are recorded in the own credit reserve through OCI and do not get recycled to the profit or loss. Interest earned or incurred on instruments designated at FVTPL is accrued in interest income or finance cost, respectively, using the EIR, taking into account any discount/ premium and qualifying transaction costs being an integral part of instrument. Interest earned on assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recorded using contractual interest rate.

4.3.2.3 Financial guarantee:

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the Company to make specified payments to reimburse to holder for loss that it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when it is due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee issued or commitments to provide a loan at below market interest rate are initially measured at fair value and the initial fair value is amortised over the life of the guarantee or the commitment. Subsequently they are measured at higher of this amortised amount and the amount of loss allowance.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

4.3.2.4 Loan commitment

Undrawn loan commitments are commitments under which, the Company is required to provide a loan with pre-specified terms to the customer during the duration of commitment.

4.3.3 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received.

4.3.4 Derivatives

The Company enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including foreign exchange forward contracts and interest rate swaps.

Company has designed a risk strategy based to cover exposure on issuance of Benchmark Linked Debentures, by entering into a derivative contracts either to minimise the loss or to earn a minimum committed income by entering into a combination of derivative contracts (say for example purchased call and put options) with a wide range of strike prices. Above strategy has been approved by the risk committee and ensures that risk is fully or partially covered, hence supports to reduce the risk exposure.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently re-measured at fair value through profit or loss. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in statement of profit and loss immediately.

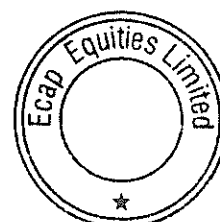
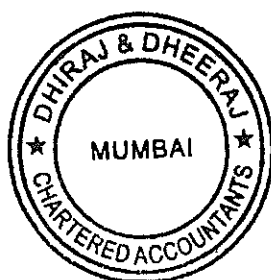
Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified interest rate, foreign exchange rate, or other variable, provided that, in the case of a non-financial variable, it is not specific to a party to the contract.

Derivatives embedded in all other host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in statement of profit and loss, unless designated as effective hedging instruments.

4.4 Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Company does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Company acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. Financial liabilities are never reclassified.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2026

4.5 Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

4.5.1 Derecognition of financial assets due to substantial modification of terms and conditions

The Company derecognises a financial asset, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the difference recognised as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The newly recognised financial asset are classified as Stage 1 for ECL measurement purposes, unless the new financial asset is deemed to be POCL.

When assessing whether or not to derecognise a financial assets, amongst others, the Company considers the following factors:

- Change in currency of the loan
- Introduction of an equity feature
- Change in counterparty

If the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different, the modification does not result in derecognition. Based on the change in cash flows discounted at the original EIR, the Company records a modification gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

4.5.2 Derecognition of financial assets other than due to substantial modification

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Company also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Company has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either:

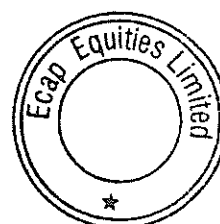
- The Company has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset; or
- It retains the rights to the cash flows, but has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement.

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Company retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following conditions are met:

- The Company has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount lent plus accrued interest at market rates
- The Company cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients

The Company has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Company is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including interest earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

A transfer qualifies for derecognition if either:



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2026

- The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

The Company considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

4.5.3 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability and the consideration paid, including modified contractual cash flow recognised as new financial liability, is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

4.6 Impairment of financial assets

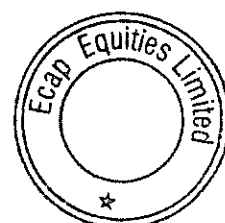
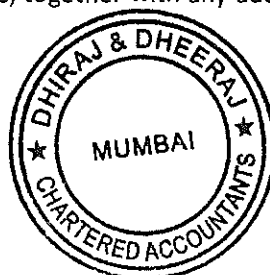
The Company records allowance for expected credit losses for all loans, other debt financial assets not held at FVTPL, together with loan commitment and financial guarantee contracts, in this section all referred to as 'financial instruments'. Equity instruments are not subject to impairment.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables and lease receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables. However, if receivables contain a significant financing component, the Company chooses as its accounting policy to measure the loss allowance by applying general approach to measure ECL.

For all other financial instruments, the Company recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (12m ECL). The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of on evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default (EAD), for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Company's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Company recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

If a financial instrument includes both a loan (i.e. financial asset) and an undrawn commitment (i.e. loan commitment) component and the Company cannot separately identify the ECL on the loan commitment component from those on the financial asset component, the ECL on the loan commitment have been recognised together with the loss allowance for the financial asset. To the extent that the combined ECL exceed the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, the ECL have been recognised as a provision. Also, for other loan commitments and all financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowance has been recognised as a provision.

4.7 Collateral valuation

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Company seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit/guarantees, real estate, receivables, inventories, other non-financial assets and credit enhancements such as netting agreements. Collateral, unless repossessed, is not recorded on the balance sheet. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a periodical basis. However, some collateral, for example, cash or securities relating to margining requirements, is valued daily.

To the extent possible, the Company uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Other financial assets which do not have readily determinable market values are valued using models.

4.8 Write off

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovery.

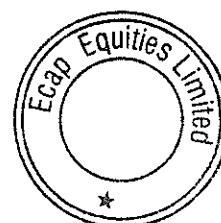
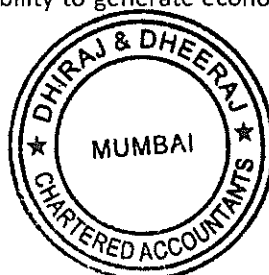
4.9 Determination of fair value

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2026

in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

- Level 1 financial instruments –Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has access at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date.
- Level 2 financial instruments–Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.
- Level 3 financial instruments –Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole. For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Company periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the adopted methodologies and model calibrations.

Therefore, the Company applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Company evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.

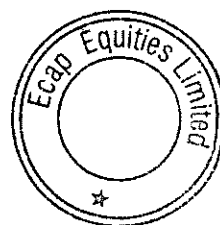
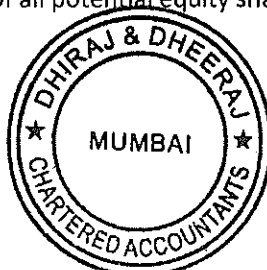
4.10 Operating leases

The Company has elected not to recognise right of use asset and lease liabilities for short term leases of property that has lease term of 12 months or less. The Company recognises lease payment associated with these leases as an expense on a straight line basis over lease term.

4.11 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

4.12 Retirement and other employee benefit

4.12.1 Provident fund and national pension scheme

The Company contributes to a recognised provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

4.12.2 Gratuity

The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurements are not reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

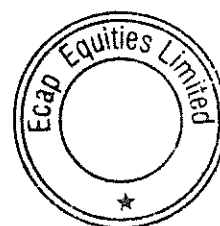
4.12.3 Compensated Absences

The eligible employees of the Company are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Company recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.

4.12.4 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services that are granted by the ultimate parent Company are measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in statement of profit and loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the 'ESOP reserve'. In cases where the share options granted vest in instalments over the vesting period, the Company treats each instalment as a separate grant, because each instalment has a different vesting period, and hence the fair value of each instalment differs.



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2026

4.13 Property, plant and equipment

Property plant and equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent costs incurred on an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount thereof when those costs meet the recognition criteria as mentioned above. Repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided upto the date of disposal.

For transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its tangible assets recognised as of 1 April 2017 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

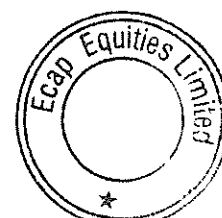
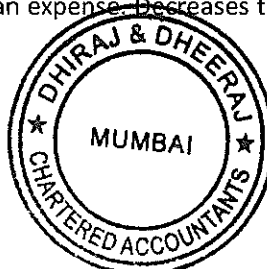
Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Class of assets	Useful Life
Building (Other than factory building)	60 years
Plant and Machinery	15 years
Furniture and fittings	10 years
Vessel	13 years
Motor vehicles	8 years
Office equipments	5 years
Computers and data processing units - Servers and networks	6 years
Computers and data processing units - End user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.	3 years

Land and buildings are subsequently shown at fair value based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings. Valuations will be carried out on a regular basis, unless the management consider it appropriate to have an earlier revaluation, such that the carrying amount of property does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the end of the reporting period. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Subsequent measurement of land and building under revaluation model:

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to other comprehensive income and shown as a revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity. An exception is a gain on revaluation that reverses a revaluation decrease (impairment) on the same asset previously recognised as an expense. Decreases that offset previous increases of



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2026

the same asset are charged in other comprehensive income and debited against the revaluation reserve directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. Each year the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to profit or loss and depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

4.14 Intangible assets

The Company's intangible assets mainly include the value of computer software. An intangible asset is recognised only when its cost can be measured reliably and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the Company.

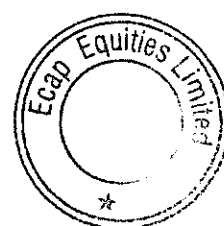
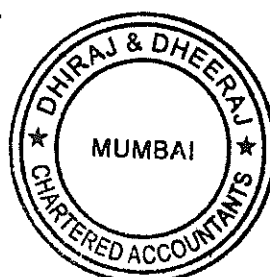
Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life.

4.15 Investment property

Properties, including those under construction, held to earn rentals and/or capital appreciation are classified as investment property and are measured and reported at cost, including transaction costs.

Depreciation is recognised using written down value basis so as to write off the cost of the investment property less their residual values over their useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or in the case of assets where the useful life was determined by technical evaluation, over the useful life so determined. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future benefits embodied in the investment property. The estimated useful life and residual values are also reviewed at each financial year end and the effect of any change in the estimates of useful life/residual value is accounted on prospective basis.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of property is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the same period.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2026

4.16 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

4.17 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

4.18 Provisions and Contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Claims against the Company, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

4.19 Income tax expenses

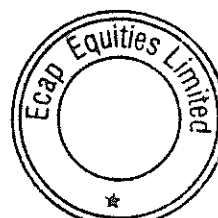
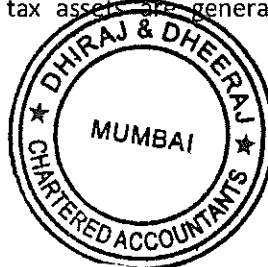
Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax (net).

4.19.1 Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

4.19.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2026

temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets are also recognised with respect to carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

It is probable that taxable profit will be available against which a deductible temporary difference, unused tax loss or unused tax credit can be utilised when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences which are expected to reverse in the period of reversal of deductible temporary difference or in periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back. When this is not the case, deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that:

- the entity will have sufficient taxable profit in the same period as reversal of deductible temporary difference or periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back; or
- tax planning opportunities are available that will create taxable profit in appropriate periods.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

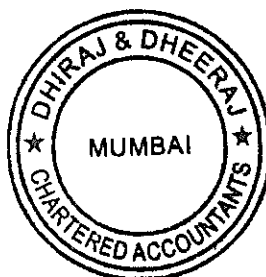
5 Critical accounting judgements

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.



Ecap Equities Limited
Notes to the financial statements (continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2026

a. Business model assessment

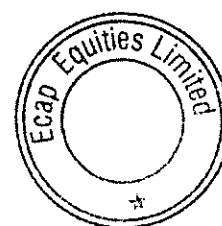
Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance is measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the quantum, the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

b. Significant increase in credit risk

ECL is measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Company takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

c. Consolidation of structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. In the context of the Company, structured entities comprise securitisation trusts in asset reconstruction business, mutual fund schemes and alternative investment funds / schemes thereof. The Company consolidates the structured entities that it controls. When making this judgement, the Company also considers voting and similar rights available to itself and other parties, who may limit the Company's ability to control, including rights to appoint, reassign or remove members of the structured entity's key management personnel who have the ability to direct the relevant activities, the exposure to variability of returns and whether the Company has the ability to use its power to affect the amount of the Company's returns i.e. the variability of returns in relation to the total returns of the investee entity.



ECap Equities Limited
Notes to the financial statements (continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2026

6 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the stand-alone financial statements are prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

a. Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values.

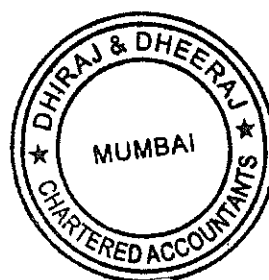
For Investments made into Security receipts (SRs), Company uses discounted cash flow model, given that the SRs are less liquid instruments. Expected cash flow levels including timing of cash flows are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including default rates, nature and value of collaterals, manner of resolution and other economic drivers. For any valuation which are based on models, Judgements and estimates are applied, which include considerations of liquidity, credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

b. Impairment of financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Company's ECL calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- PD calculation includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.



ECap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2026

- The Company's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss and the qualitative assessment.
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis.
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs.
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EAD and LGD.
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models.

It is Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

c. Effective interest rate method

The Company's EIR methodology recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of characteristics of the product life cycle

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

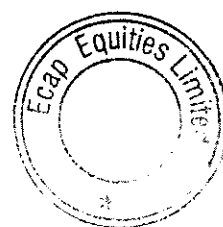
d. Accounting for deferred taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

The Company has recognised deferred tax assets on carried forward tax losses where the Company believes that the said deferred tax assets shall be recoverable based on the estimated future taxable income which in turn is based on approved business plans and budgets. The losses are allowed to be carried forward to the years in which the Company expects that there will be sufficient taxable profits to offset these losses.

e. Estimating the incremental borrowing rate:

The Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. Incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

7 Property, plant and equipment

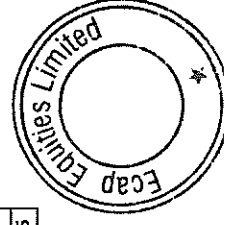
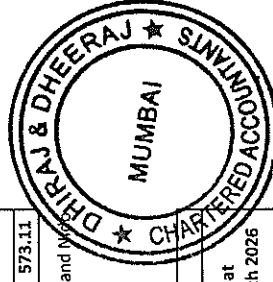
Description of assets	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2025	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2026
Land *	41.05	-	-	41.05	-	-	-	41.05
Building *	585.18	-	-	585.18	24.94	-	179.12	406.06
Plant and Equipment	12.31	-	-	12.31	1.19	-	6.92	5.39
Furniture and fittings	99.25	0.01	1.29	97.97	10.17	1.22	67.60	30.37
Motor vehicles	0.43	-	-	0.43	-	-	0.43	-
Office equipment	56.53	0.67	0.90	56.30	1.55	0.88	48.92	7.38
Vessel	4.84	-	-	4.84	0.22	-	3.63	1.21
Computers	22.71	101.68	12.03	112.36	23.03	8.29	30.71	81.65
Total	822.30	102.36	14.22	910.44	61.10	10.39	337.33	573.11

*Note : The Company has created first and exclusive mortgage/ charge on the immovable properties in favour of State Bank of India for credit facilities availed by group companies, namely, ECL Finance Limited and Home Finance Limited (formerly Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited).

8 Investment property

Description of assets	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2025	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2026
Building #	983.69	-	-	983.69	32.63	-	363.72	619.97
Land #	191.42	-	44.54	146.88	-	-	-	146.88
Property	28.70	-	-	28.70	-	-	-	28.70
Total	1,203.81	-	44.54	1,159.27	32.63	-	363.72	795.55

Fair value of the Investment Property is Rs. 2,168.24 million



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

9 Goodwill

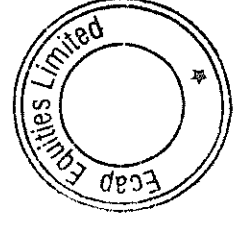
Description of assets	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2025	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2026
Goodwill	60.94	-	-	60.94	-	-	-	60.94
Total	60.94	-	-	60.94	-	-	-	60.94

Note:

The Goodwill recognized from past mergers involving subsidiaries that own investment properties is assessed as a cash-generating unit. These properties generate rental income from commercial leasing. The recoverable amount is based on value in use, estimated through discounted cash flows. Future maintainable rental income is capitalized using appropriate discount and capitalization rates, reflecting management's expectations based on historical and sector trends. Management believes that reasonable changes in key assumptions would not reduce the recoverable amount below the carrying value.

10 Other intangible assets

Description of assets	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2025	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2026
Computer software	39.33	0.24	-	39.57	2.42	-	39.19	0.38
Total	39.33	0.24	-	39.57	2.42	-	39.19	0.38



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

7 Property, plant and equipment

Description of assets	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2024	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2025	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 1 April 2024	As at 31 March 2025
Land *	41.05	-	-	41.05	-	-	-	41.05
Building *	577.30	7.88	-	585.18	26.06	-	128.12	431.00
Plant and Equipment	12.31	-	-	12.31	1.45	-	4.28	6.58
Furniture and fittings	99.48	-	0.23	99.25	13.87	0.21	44.99	40.60
Motor vehicles	0.43	-	-	0.43	-	-	0.43	-
Office equipment	55.57	0.96	-	56.53	2.45	-	45.80	8.28
Vessel	4.84	-	-	4.84	0.28	-	3.13	1.43
Computers	19.18	5.22	1.69	22.71	3.09	1.07	13.95	6.74
Total	810.16	14.06	1.92	822.30	47.20	1.28	240.70	535.68

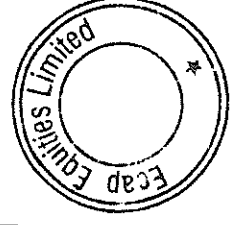
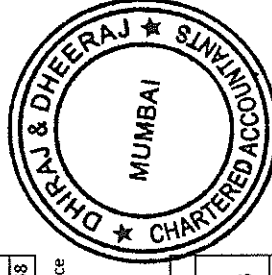
*Note : The Company has created first and exclusive mortgage/ charge on the immovable properties in favour of State Bank of India for credit facilities availed by group companies, namely, ECL Finance Limited and Nido Home Finance Limited (formerly Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited).

8 Investment property

Description of assets	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2024	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2025	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 1 April 2024	As at 31 March 2025
Building #	983.69	-	-	983.69	34.35	-	296.74	652.60
Land # \$	191.42	-	-	191.42	-	-	-	191.42
Property	28.70	-	-	28.70	-	-	-	28.70
Total	1,203.81	-	-	1,203.81	34.35	-	296.74	872.72

Fair value of the Investment Property is Rs. 2,130.00 million

\$ Above land at Alibag has been kept unencumbered for regulatory authorities



Ecap Equities Limited
Notes to the financial statements (continued)
(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

9 Goodwill

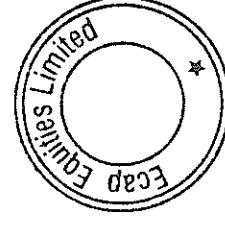
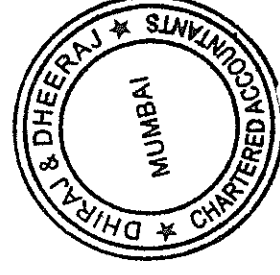
Description of assets	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2024	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2025	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2025
Goodwill	60.94	-	-	60.94	-	-	-	60.94
Total	60.94	-	-	60.94	-	-	-	60.94

Note:

The Goodwill recognized from past mergers involving subsidiaries that own investment properties is assessed as a cash-generating unit. These properties generate rental income from commercial leasing. The recoverable amount is based on value in use, estimated through discounted cash flows. Future maintainable rental income is capitalized using appropriate discount and capitalization rates, reflecting management's expectations based on historical and sector trends. Management believes that reasonable changes in key assumptions would not reduce the recoverable amount below the carrying value.

10 Other intangible assets

Description of assets	Gross block			Depreciation			Net block	
	As at 1 April 2024	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2025	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2025
Computer software	39.32	0.01	-	39.33	2.98	-	36.77	2.56
Total	39.32	0.01	-	39.33	2.98	-	36.77	2.56



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

11 Investments

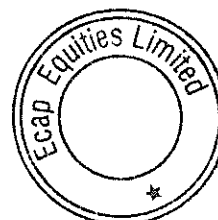
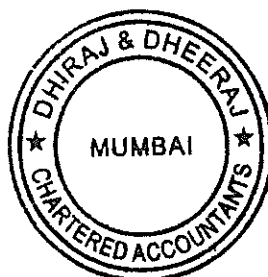
As at 31 March 2026

Particulars	At amortised cost	At fair value through P&L	Subtotal	At cost (subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures)	Total
	(1)	(2)	3 =(1+2)	(4)	(5) = (3+4)
Investments in other companies					
Equity	-	288.76	288.76	-	288.76
Preference shares	-	315.29	315.29	-	315.29
Debentures	-	102.96	102.96	-	102.96
Investments in subsidiaries					
Equity #	-	-	-	4,736.02	4,736.02
Debentures @ **	15,100.00	-	15,100.00	-	15,100.00
Preference shares	1,338.62	-	1,338.62	-	1,338.62
Investments in group companies					
Equity	-	-	-	3,035.15	3,035.15
Debentures	813.67	-	813.67	-	813.67
Investments in units of fund (refer note 11.2)					
Units of Alternative Investment Funds	-	6,898.79	6,898.79	-	6,898.79
Investment in partnership firm*	-	-	-	0.05	0.05
Investment in Warrants	-	-	-	-	-
Total - Gross (A)	17,252.29	7,605.80	24,858.09	7,771.22	32,629.30
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Investment in India	17,252.29	7,605.80	24,858.09	7,771.22	32,629.30
Total (B)	17,252.29	7,605.80	24,858.09	7,771.22	32,629.30
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Net (A-C)	17,252.29	7,605.80	24,858.09	7,771.22	32,629.30

Notes:

- # Equity investments in subsidiaries amounting to Rs. 2,718.80 million has been pledged against borrowings made by subsidiary.
 @ Investments in debentures of subsidiaries amounting to Rs. 4,450.17 million has been pledged against borrowings made by holding company.
 ** Debt investments in subsidiaries amounting to Rs. 760.47 million has been pledged against borrowings made by subsidiary.

* Partnership firm	Total Capital	As at 31 March
Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	Rs. 100,000	2026
Share of profit/loss	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	50.00%
	Ecap Equities Limited	50.00%



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

11 Investments (continued)

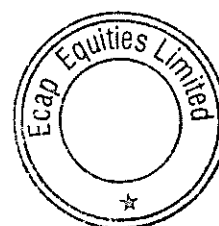
As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	At amortised cost	At fair value through P&L	Subtotal	At cost (subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures)	Total
	(1)	(2)	3 = (1+2)	(4)	(5) = (3+4)
Investments in other companies					
Equity **	-	378.44	378.44	-	378.44
Preference shares	-	315.29	315.29	-	315.29
Debentures	-	101.15	101.15	-	101.15
Investments in subsidiaries					
Equity #	-	-	-	5,433.89	5,433.89
Debentures @	14,125.39	-	14,125.39	-	14,125.39
Investments in group companies					
Equity @	-	-	-	1,721.12	1,721.12
Debentures	1,212.36	-	1,212.36	-	1,212.36
Investments in units of fund (refer note 11.2)					
Units of Alternative Investment Funds ##	-	6,030.34	6,030.34	-	6,030.34
Investment in partnership firm *					
	-	-	-	0.05	0.05
Investment in Warrants					
	-	-	-	-	-
Total - Gross (A)	15,337.75	6,825.22	22,162.97	7,155.06	29,318.03
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Investment in India	15,337.75	6,825.22	22,162.97	7,155.06	29,318.03
Total (B)	15,337.75	6,825.22	22,162.97	7,155.06	29,318.03
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)	1.59	-	1.59	-	1.59
Total Net (A-C)	15,336.16	6,825.21	22,161.38	7,155.06	29,316.44

Notes:

- ** Equity investments in other companies amounting to Rs. 378.44 million has been pledged against borrowings made by the company.
Equity investments in subsidiaries amounting to Rs. 757.50 million has been pledged against borrowings made by subsidiary.
@ Investments in debentures of subsidiaries amounting to Rs. 4,076.39 million has been pledged against borrowings made by subsidiary.
Investments in units of Alternative Investment Funds amounting to Rs. 1,291.91 million has been pledged against debt securities issued by the company.

* Partnership firm	Total Capital	As at 31 March
Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	Rs. 100,000	2025
Share of profit/loss	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	50.00%
	Ecap Equities Limited	50.00%

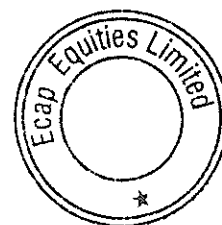
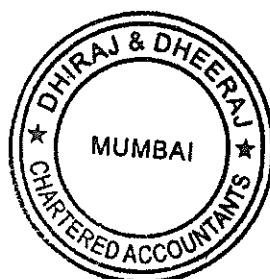


Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026			As at 31 March 2025		
	Face Value	Quantity	Amount	Face Value	Quantity	Amount
11.1 Investments						
<i>Investments in equity shares of companies (fully paid up)</i>						
Investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries - Unquoted						
Edelcap Securities Limited.	10	3,89,25,000	1,075.60	10	3,00,000	912.24
Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited *	-	-	-	10	96,91,667	1,134.89
Edel Investments Limited	10	3,90,22,000	3,085.08	10	3,90,22,000	3,085.08
Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	-	-	10	10,05,50,000	301.68
Edge Advisory and Mangement Services Private Limited	10	53,13,415	575.34	-	-	-
Investments in preference shares of subsidiaries						
Edelcap Securities Limited.	100	1,50,00,000	1,338.62	-	-	-
Investments in equity instruments of group companies - Unquoted						
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	10	53,57,058	179.14	-	-	-
ECL Finance Limited *	10	67,08,75,499	2,856.02	10	56,19,41,162	1,721.12
Investments in equity instruments of other companies - Quoted						
Quoted						
Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	-	-	-	10	29,87,740	378.44
Rediff.Com India Ltd	5	15,23,000	-	5	15,23,000	-
Investments in equity instruments of other companies - Unquoted						
Peak Minerals and Mining Private Limited	10	1,45,000	-	10	1,45,000	-
Gentrust Consumer Durables Private Limited	2	2,913	-	2	2,913	-
FLFL Lifestyle Brands Limited	10	9,200	-	10	9,200	-
Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited		3,70,20,000	288.76			
Investments in preference shares of other companies - Unquoted						
0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Non-Cumulative Preference shares (Mangal Buildhome Private Limited)	10	85,000	76.19	10	85,000	76.19
0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Non-Cumulative Preference shares (Karni Tradepack Private Limited)	10	49,265	99.56	10	49,265	99.56
0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Non-Cumulative Preference shares (Red Events India Private Limited)	10	750	49.80	10	750	49.80
0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Non-Cumulative Preference shares (Finmen Advisors & Consultants Private Limited)	10	140	29.98	10	140	29.98
8.75% Non-Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares (Gujar Gems Private Limited)	100	6,00,000	59.76	10	6,00,000	59.76
Investments in optionally convertible debenture - Unquoted						
Retra Ventures Pvt. Limited	10,000	8,200	102.96	10,000	8,200	101.15
Investments in compulsorily convertible debenture						
Edelcap Securities Limited	10	72,50,00,000	8,250.00	10	32,50,00,000	7,250.00
Edel Investments Limited	10	7,50,00,000	750.00	10	7,50,00,000	750.00
Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	10	2,00,00,000	813.67	10	2,00,00,000	813.67
Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	10	1,17,50,00,000	-	10	1,17,50,00,000	3,525.39
Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	10	26,00,00,000	6,100.00	10	26,00,00,000	2,600.00
Investments in bonds						
10.18% Edel Finance Company Limited NCD	10,00,000	370	-	10,00,000	870	398.69
Investments in warrants (partly paid-up)						
	100	10,00,000	-	100	10,00,000	-

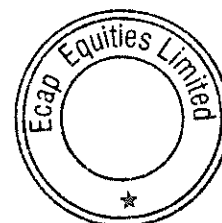
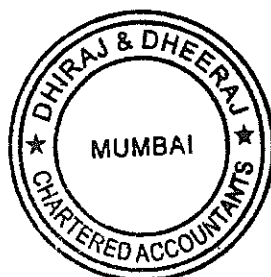


Ecap Equities Limited
Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026			As at 31 March 2025		
	Face Value	Quantity	Amount	Face Value	Quantity	Amount
11.1 Investments						
Investments in units of fund - Unquoted						
Edelweiss Real Estate Opportunities Fund	10,000	10,806	136.98	10,000	10,806	161.70
Edelweiss Private Equity Tech fund	1,00,000	2,589	570.19	1,00,000	153	21.08
Edelweiss Special Opportunities Fund	10,000	5,000	53.72	10,000	5,000	53.16
Edelweiss India Real Estate Fund	10,000	5,000	48.71	10,000	5,000	48.73
Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	1,00,000	5,665	1,283.32	1,00,000	373	65.27
Edelweiss Infrastructure Yield Plus Fund	10,000	56,091	514.45	10,000	99,854	1,291.91
EREF Onshore Fund	10,000	6,221	55.61	10,000	6,351	57.08
RE Opportunities Fund	1,00,000	219	21.87	1,00,000	290	28.98
Real Estate Credit Opportunities Fund	10,000	4,24,772	3,581.60	10,000	4,63,046	4,302.43
Paragon Partners Growth Fund - I	100	3,03,460	64.79	-	-	-
Kae Capital Fund II	1,000	62	366.26	-	-	-
Faering Capital Evolving Fund II	100	32,598	78.47	-	-	-
LICHFL Housing & Infrastructure Fund	100	10,48,729	122.82	-	-	-
Expected credit loss - Bonds			-			(1.59)
Investments in partnership firms						
Capital account	-	-	0.05	-	-	0.05
			32,629.30			29,316.44

- * Pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation between Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited ("ERFL") and ECL Finance Limited ("ECLF"), as approved by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT") on September 12, 2025, and which became effective on September 30, 2025, ERFL has been amalgamated into ECLF. In accordance with the terms of the Scheme, the shareholders of ERFL were allotted equity shares of ECLF in the swap ratio of 11.24 equity shares of ECLF for every 1 equity share held in ERFL. Consequently, upon implementation of the Scheme, the Company has received 10,89,34,337 equity shares of ECLF in lieu of its shareholding in ERFL.



Ecap Equities Limited

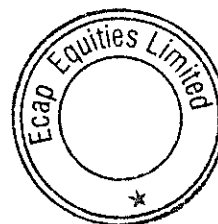
Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

11.2 Investments

Unconsolidated structured entities

Particulars	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	Alternative investment funds	Maximum exposure	Alternative investment funds	Maximum exposure
Investments at fair value	6,898.79	6,898.79	6,030.34	6,030.34
Total Assets	6,898.79	6,898.79	6,030.34	6,030.34
Off-balance sheet exposure	244.92	NA	240.71	NA
Size of the structured entities	77,788.57	NA	53,950.01	NA
Income from the structured entities	360.95	NA	265.81	NA



Ecap Equities Limited

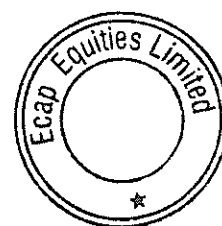
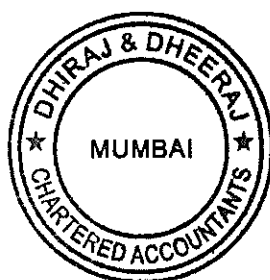
Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
12 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
Term deposits with banks	0.26	0.26
Accrued interest on fixed deposits	0.09	0.07
	0.34	0.33

12.1 Encumbrances' on fixed deposits held by the Company

The Company has pledged fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 0.26 million (Previous year: Rs. 0.25 million) with sales tax authorities for meeting deposit requirements.

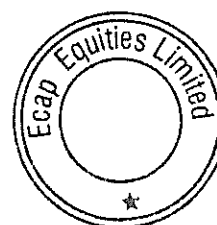
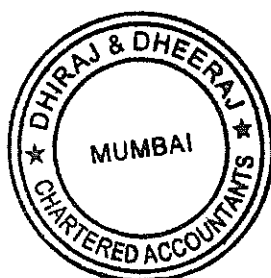


Ecap Equities Limited**Notes to the financial statements (Continued)**

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

**13 Loans
at amortised cost:**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Others		
Corporate credit	4,405.89	3,470.00
Total Gross	4,405.89	3,470.00
Less: Impairment loss allowance	238.77	156.15
Total (Net)	4,167.12	3,313.85
Secured by tangible assets (Property including land , building & securities)	-	-
Unsecured	4,405.89	3,470.00
Total Gross	4,405.89	3,470.00
Less: Impairment loss allowance	238.77	156.15
Total (Net)	4,167.12	3,313.85
Loans in India		
Public Sectors	-	-
Others	4,405.89	3,470.00
Total Gross	4,405.89	3,470.00
Less: Impairment loss allowance	238.77	156.15
Total (Net)	4,167.12	3,313.85

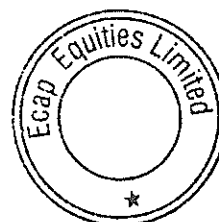


Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
14 Other financial assets		
<i>Unsecured considered good</i>		
Deposits placed with exchange	4.91	4.91
Deposits- others	4.19	4.22
	9.10	9.13
15 Current tax assets (net)		
Advance income taxes (net of provision for tax)	555.84	269.25
	555.84	269.25
16 Deferred tax assets (net)		
Deferred tax assets		
Loans		
Provision for standard and credit impaired assets	573.42	509.83
Investments and other financial instruments		
Unrealised loss on Derivatives	11.25	-
Fair valuation of investments	528.26	280.47
Employee benefit obligations		
Provision for leave accumulation	6.46	1.23
Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	22.99	37.31
Unused tax losses		
Accumulated losses	1,899.83	2,708.94
	3,042.21	3,537.78
Deferred tax liabilities		
Property, plant and equipment and intangibles		
Difference between book and tax depreciation (including intangibles)	148.14	150.04
Investments and other financial instruments		
Unrealised gain on derivatives	-	0.32
	148.14	150.36
	2,894.07	3,387.42
17 Other non-current assets		
Prepaid expenses	3.72	149.32
	3.72	149.32



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

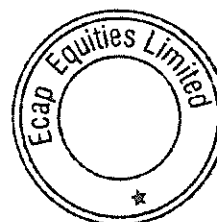
18 Investments

As at 31 March 2026

Particulars	At amortised cost	At fair value through P&L	Subtotal	At cost (subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures)	Total
	(1)	(2)	3 =(1+2)	(4)	(5) = (3+4)
Investments in other companies					
Equity	-	-	-	-	-
Mutual Funds #	-	472.01	472.01	-	472.01
Debentures	8,176.83	-	8,176.83	-	8,176.83
Investments in subsidiaries					
Debentures	-	23.23	23.23	-	23.23
Investments in group companies					
Debentures	-	156.76	156.76	-	156.76
Investment in partnership firm*	-	-	-	3.04	3.04
Total - Gross (A)	8,176.83	652.00	8,828.83	3.04	8,831.87
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Investment in India	8,176.83	652.00	8,828.83	3.04	8,831.87
Total (B)	8,176.83	652.00	8,828.83	3.04	8,831.87
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)	3,089.09	-	3,089.09	-	3,089.09
Total Net (A-C)	5,087.74	652.00	5,739.74	3.04	5,742.78

Investments in mutual funds amounting to Rs. 216.84 million has been pledged for trading and Rs. 255.18 million has been pledged for meeting DRR requirements

* Partnership firm	Total Capital	As at 31 March
Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund	Rs. 100,000	2026
Advisors LLP		
Share of profit/loss	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	50.00%
	Ecap Equities Limited	50.00%



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

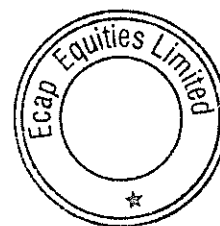
(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

18 Investments (continued)

As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	At amortised cost	At fair value through P&L	Subtotal	At cost (subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures)	Total
	(1)	(2)	3 = (1+2)	(4)	(5) = (3+4)
Investments in other companies					
Equity	-	210.53	210.53	-	210.53
Mutual Funds	-	1,781.75	1,781.75	-	1,781.75
Debentures	4,640.93	-	4,640.93	-	4,640.93
Investments in subsidiaries					
Debentures	-	23.34	23.34	-	23.34
Investments in group companies					
Debentures	-	4,064.30	4,064.30	-	4,064.30
Investment in partnership firm*	-	-	-	2.93	2.93
Total - Gross (A)	4,640.93	6,079.92	10,720.85	2.93	10,723.78
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Investment in India	4,640.93	6,079.92	10,720.85	2.93	10,723.78
Total (B)	4,640.93	6,079.92	10,720.85	2.93	10,723.78
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)	439.10	-	-	-	439.10
Total Net (A-C)	4,201.83	6,079.92	10,720.85	2.93	10,284.68

* Partnership firm Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	Total Capital Rs. 100,000		As at 31 March 2025
	Share of profit/loss	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Ecap Equities Limited	50.00% 50.00%

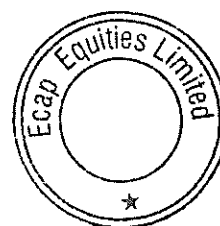
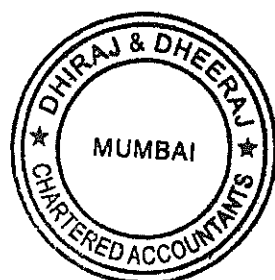


Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

18.1	Investments	As at 31 March 2026			As at 31 March 2025		
		Face Value	Quantity	Amount	Face Value	Quantity	Amount
	Investments in equity shares of other companies - Quoted						
	ITD Cementation India Limited	-	-	-	1	3,77,008	210.11
	Investments in equity shares of other companies - Unquoted						
	Shriram Life Insurance Co. Ltd.	10	1,100	-	10	1,100	0.42
	Investments in mutual funds of other companies - Unquoted						
	HDFC Overnight Fund - Growth	10	11,532	46.04	10	66,633	731.42
	Axis Overnight Fund Direct Plan Growth	10	54,162	77.22	10	2,77,360	1,050.33
	Edelweiss Nifty 1D Rate Liquid ETF	10	2,49,005	255.18	-	-	-
	Nippon India ETF Nifty 50 BeES	10	25,196	3.05	-	-	-
	NIPPON INDIA ETF GOLD BEES	10	1,22,794	31.12	-	-	-
	ICICI Prudential Nifty 50 ETF	10	1,12,585	28.37	-	-	-
	SBI-ETF Nifty 50	10	1,29,650	31.03	-	-	-
	Investments in optionally convertible debenture - Unquoted						
	Neelkanth Realtors Private Limited	10,00,000	250	270.38	10,00,000	250	250.28
	Investments in bonds - Quoted						
	Neelkanth Realtors Private Limited	100	1,760	1,889.25	100	1,760	1,823.25
	Heet Builders Private Limited	100	3,400	2,765.14	100	3,400	2,567.40
	Thar Commercial Finance Private Limited	1,000	32,50,000	3,252.06	-	-	-
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited I6L901A BR NCD 28-Dec-26	-	-	-	1,00,000	4	0.66
	ECL Finance Limited G6H601A BR NCD 17-Aug-26	1,00,000	34	8.01	1,00,000	24	5.16
	Edel Finance Company Limited A6C304A BR NCD 05-Mar-26	-	-	-	1,00,000	12,587	1,258.70
	Edel Finance Company Limited A6C304A BR NCD 05-Mar-26	-	-	-	1,00,000	184	18.40
	Edelcap Securities Limited J6C403A BR NCD 27-Sep-27	1,00,000	50	5.05	1,00,000	50	5.07
	Edel Finance Company Limited C6G309A NCD 27-Jul-26	-	-	-	1,00,000	32	3.54
	9.60% SREI Equipment Finance Limited 25.05.2028 BONDS	1,000	4,23,117	-	1,000	4,23,117	-
	2.00% Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Co. Ltd. NCD 20-Nov-27	1,000	178	0.30	1,000	178	0.30
	2.00% Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Co. Ltd. 22-Jul-29	36,142	10	0.01	36,142	10	0.53
	2.00% Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Co. Ltd. NCD 28-Aug-27	4,88,270	300	0.30	4,88,270	300	189.47
	2.00% Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Co. Ltd. NCD 28-Mar-27	77,345	1,923	1.92	77,345	1,923	482.78
	2.00% Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Co. Ltd. NCD 07-Oct-28	3,27,777	257	0.02	3,27,777	257	123.54
	2.00% Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Co. Ltd. NCD 27-Apr-27	4,74,650	1,243	1.24	4,74,650	1,243	475.13
	11.00% Edel Finance Company Limited NCD 29-Jul-25	-	-	-	10,00,000	70	75.80
	9.55% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR IV NCD 29-Apr-26	1,000	1,556	1.69	1,000	1,556	1.70
	9.39% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR III NCD 08-Jun-26	-	-	-	1,000	270	0.27
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR V NCD 29-Apr-26	1,000	2,959	4.33	1,000	2,959	3.80
	9.15% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR IV NCD 10-Sep-26	1,000	327	0.33	1,000	327	0.33
	10.00% Nido Home Finance Limited SR-VI 19-Jul-26	1,000	3,214	3.44	1,000	3,214	3.47
	10.40% ECL Finance Limited SR IX NCD 23-May-29	1,000	1,728	1.92	1,000	1,728	1.94
	9.95% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VII NCD 08-Jan-31	1,000	993	1.03	1,000	993	1.04
	8.88% Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited SR-V NCD 22-Mar-28	1,000	7,961	7.98	1,000	7,961	8.02
	9.05% Nido Home Finance Limited SR IV NCD 29-Apr-25	-	-	-	1,000	7,774	8.43
	9.30% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR IX NCD 28-Dec-31	1,000	481	0.49	1,000	481	0.50
	10.40% ECL Finance Limited SR IX NCD 28-Nov-29	1,000	1,886	1.99	1,000	1,886	2.02
	9.70% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VII NCD 29-Apr-31	1,000	196	0.22	1,000	196	0.22
	8.70% Nido Home Finance Limited SR III NCD 29-Apr-25	-	-	-	1,000	1,776	1.78

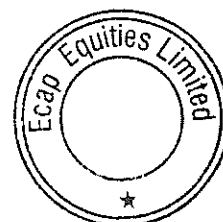
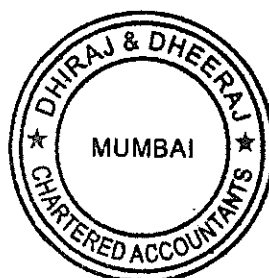


Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026			As at 31 March 2025		
	Face Value	Quantity	Amount	Face Value	Quantity	Amount
18.1 Investments						
Investments in bonds - Quoted						
9.25% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR IV NCD 20-Oct-25	-	-	-	1,000	1,708	1.78
9.70% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR X NCD 28-Dec-31	1,000	56	0.06	1,000	56	0.06
Nido Home Finance Limited SR V NCD 29-Apr-25	-	-	-	1,000	1,226	1.54
9.70% Nido Home Finance Limited SR X NCD 29-Apr-32	1,000	221	0.25	1,000	221	0.25
Nido Home Finance Limited SR-VIII LOA 19-Jul-26	1,000	779	1.96	1,000	779	1.79
Nido Home Finance Limited SR VIII NCD 29-Apr-27	1,000	476	0.61	1,000	476	0.53
9.55% Nido Home Finance Limited SR VII NCD 29-Apr-27	1,000	470	0.52	1,000	470	0.52
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR V NCD 20-Oct-25	-	-	-	1,000	1,264	1.49
9.15% Nido Home Finance Limited SR VI NCD 29-Apr-27	1,000	1,135	1.14	1,000	1,135	1.15
9.30% Nido Home Finance Limited SR IX NCD 29-Apr-32	1,000	15	0.02	1,000	15	0.02
9.75% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VII NCD 20-Oct-27	1,000	4,243	4.46	1,000	4,243	4.50
9.25% Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited SR-VI NCD 22-Mar-28	1,000	10,153	10.20	1,000	10,153	10.25
9.95% ECL Finance Limited SR VIII NCD 23-May-29	1,000	3,990	4.07	1,000	3,990	4.12
9.95% ECL Finance Limited SR VIII NCD 28-Nov-29	1,000	19,839	20.28	1,000	19,839	20.57
8.90% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR III NCD 20-Oct-25	-	-	-	1,000	10,162	10.19
9.53% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VI NCD 08-Jan-31	1,000	125	0.13	1,000	125	0.13
10.10% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR X NCD 20-Oct-32	1,000	1,666	1.81	1,000	1,666	1.84
9.57% Nido Home Finance Limited SR-V 19-Jul-26	1,000	16	0.02	1,000	16	0.02
9.70% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VIII NCD 10-Sep-31	1,000	17	0.02	1,000	17	0.02
9.20% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR III NCD 20-Jan-26	-	-	-	1,000	30,275	30.41
10.10% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VII NCD 27-Apr-28	1,000	1,000	1.11	1,000	1,000	1.12
9.50% Nido Home Finance Limited SR I 01-Mar-26	-	-	-	1,000	50,019	50.78
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VIII NCD 27-Apr-28	1,000	2,545	2.88	1,000	2,545	2.45
9.67% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VI NCD 21-Jul-28	1,000	5,000	5.09	1,000	5,000	5.15
9.20% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR III NCD 21-Jul-26	1,000	1,853	1.86	1,000	1,853	1.87
9.55% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VII NCD 28-Dec-26	1,000	2,761	2.83	1,000	2,761	2.85
9.67% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VI NCD 20-Jan-28	1,000	9,065	9.20	1,000	9,065	9.31
9.35% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VI NCD 20-Oct-27	1,000	6,515	6.57	1,000	6,515	6.63
10.45% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR X NCD 29-Jan-34	1,000	1,000	1.09	1,000	1,000	1.11
10.45% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR X NCD 20-Jan-33	1,000	1,000	1.08	1,000	1,000	1.10
10.00% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR IX NCD 21-Jul-33	1,000	1,647	1.75	1,000	1,647	1.78
11.25% ECL Finance Limited SR-II NCD 03-May-25	-	-	-	10,00,000	20	20.39
9.30% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VII NCD 10-Sep-31	1,000	2,605	2.67	1,000	2,605	2.71
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR V NCD 20-Jan-26	-	-	-	1,000	7,700	11.07
9.60% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR IV NCD 29-Apr-27	1,000	9,347	10.23	1,000	9,347	10.28
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR II NCD 27-Apr-25	-	-	-	1,000	1,005	1.36
9.67% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VI NCD 27-Apr-28	1,000	4,500	4.58	1,000	4,500	4.69
9.00% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR I NCD 29-Apr-26	-	-	-	1,000	70	0.08
10.26% Nido Home Finance Limited SR IX 03-Jul-34	1,000	10	0.01	1,000	10	0.01
9.58% Nido Home Finance Limited SR III 01-Mar-27	1,000	31	0.03	1,000	31	0.03
9.58% Nido Home Finance Limited SR III 03-Jul-27	1,000	50	0.05	1,000	50	0.05
9.57% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR III NCD 26-Jul-27	1,000	5,175	5.24	1,000	175	0.18
9.50% Nido Home Finance Limited SR I 03-Jul-26	1,000	100	0.11	1,000	100	0.11
9.20% Nido Home Finance Limited SR III 15-Sep-26	1,000	11,000	11.04	1,000	11,000	11.14
10.00% Nido Home Finance Limited SR IV 01-Mar-27	1,000	25	0.03	1,000	25	0.03
10.00% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR IV NCD 26-Jul-27	1,000	10	0.01	1,000	85	0.09
10.75% Nido Home Finance Limited SR X 01-Mar-34	1,000	10	0.01	1,000	10	0.01
10% Edel Finance Company Limited SR L7L403A NCD 17-Dec-27	-	-	-	1,00,000	10,999	1,157.16
9.20% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR III NCD 26-Oct-26	-	-	-	1,000	20,000	20.27
10.35% Edel Finance Company Limited SR C8C502A NCD 10-Mar-28	1,00,000	1	0.10	1,00,000	1	0.10
9.67% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VI NCD 29AP29 FVRS1000	1,000	8,498	8.70	-	-	-
9.67% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VI NCD 29JN29 FVRS1000	1,000	11,000	11.26	-	-	-
10.50% Edelweiss Financial Services Limited SR VII NCD 26JL29 FVRS1000	1,000	6,000	6.64	-	-	-
Expected credit loss - Bonds			(3,089.09)			(439.10)
Investments in partnership firms						
Current account	-	-	3.04	-	-	2.93
			5,742.78			10,284.68



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

19 Trade receivables

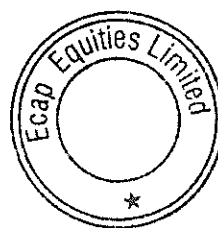
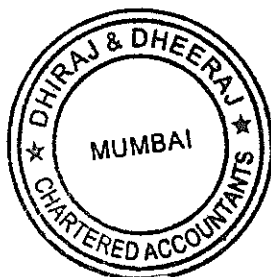
Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Receivables considered good - unsecured	303.53	95.33
Receivables - credit impaired	1.01	1.48
	304.54	96.81
Less : Allowance for expected credit losses	3.82	2.14
	300.72	94.67

Reconciliation of impairment allowance on trade and lease receivables:

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Impairment allowance measured as per simplified approach		
Impairment allowance - Opening balance	2.14	1.88
Add/ (less): asset originated or acquired (net)	1.68	0.26
Impairment allowance - Closing balance	3.82	2.14

Ageing of Trade receivables

Trade receivables days past due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	Total
As at 31 March 2026				
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	303.53	-	-	303.53
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered doubtful	-	0.56	0.45	1.01
ECL provision	(2.98)	(0.39)	(0.45)	(3.82)
Net carrying amount	300.55	0.17	-	300.72
As at 31 March 2025				
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	95.33	-	-	95.33
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered doubtful	-	0.16	1.32	1.48
ECL provision	(0.71)	(0.11)	(1.32)	(2.14)
Net carrying amount	94.62	0.05	-	94.67



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

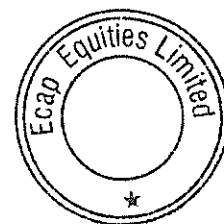
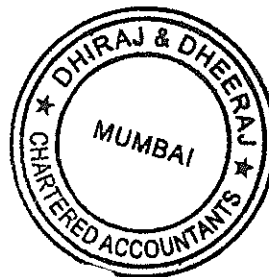
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
20 Cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	914.25	716.60
	914.25	716.60

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
21 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
Accrued interest on fixed deposits	0.03	-
	0.03	-

22 Loans

At amortised cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Others		
Corporate credit	4,653.48	3,734.81
Total Gross	4,653.48	3,734.81
Less: Impairment loss allowance	867.10	1,085.55
Total (Net)	3,786.37	2,649.26
Secured by tangible assets (Property including land, building & securities)	1,444.32	1,444.32
Unsecured	3,209.15	2,290.49
Total Gross	4,653.48	3,734.81
Less: Impairment loss allowance	867.10	1,085.55
Total (Net)	3,786.37	2,649.26
Loans in India		
Public Sectors	-	-
Others	4,653.48	3,734.81
Total Gross	4,653.48	3,734.81
Less: Impairment loss allowance	867.10	1,085.55
Total (Net)	3,786.37	2,649.26



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

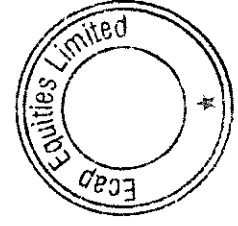
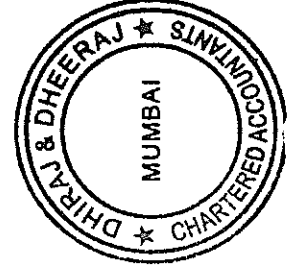
22.1 Loans at amortised cost

Gross carrying amount of loan assets allocated to Stage I, Stage II, Stage III :

Particulars	31 March 2026				31 March 2025			
	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Total	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Total
Loans (at amortised cost)								
Performing								
High grade	7,615.04	-	-	7,615.04	5,760.49	-	-	5,760.49
Standard grade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Substandard grade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-performing								
Impaired	-	-	1,444.32	1,444.32	-	-	1,444.32	1,444.32
Total	7,615.04	-	1,444.32	9,059.36	5,760.49	-	1,444.32	7,204.81

Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount of loan assets and allowances for expected credit loss

Particulars	Non-credit impaired			Credit impaired			Total	
	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL
As at 1 April 2025	5,760.49	172.47	-	1,444.32	1,069.23	-	7,204.81	1,241.70
Transfers:								
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage I)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage II)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage III)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net new and further lending/ repayments (including Investments transferred to loans)	1,854.55	117.17	-	-	-	-	1,854.55	117.17
Remeasurement of ECL	-	-	-	-	(253.00)	-	-	(253.00)
As at 31 March 2026	7,615.04	289.64	-	1,444.32	816.23	-	9,059.36	1,105.87

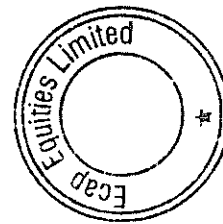
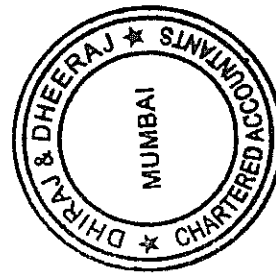


Ecap Equities Limited
Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

22.1 Loans at amortised cost

Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount of loan assets and allowances for expected credit loss (continued)

Particulars	Non-credit impaired			Credit impaired			Total	
	Stage I		Stage II	Stage III		Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL
	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL		Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL			
As at 1 April 2024	10,137.75	54.53	-	4,557.14	3,929.05	14,694.89	3,983.58	
Transfers:								
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage I)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage II)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage III)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net new and further lending/ repayments	(4,377.26)	117.94	-	(5.00)	(5.00)	(4,382.26)	112.94	
Remeasurement of ECL	-	-	-	-	253.00	-	253.00	
Sale of Loans	-	-	-	(757.43)	(3,107.82)	(757.43)	(3,107.82)	
Loss on sale of loans	-	-	-	(2,350.39)	-	(2,350.39)	-	
Loss on restructuring of loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Loans written off	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
As at 31 March 2025	5,760.49	172.47	-	1,444.32	1,069.23	7,204.81	1,241.70	



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

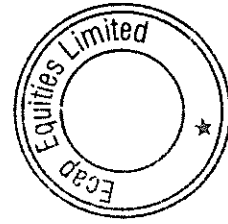
(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

23 Derivative financial instruments

(a) The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or liabilities together with their notional amounts.

31 March 2026						
Particulars	Notional		Fair value of asset (INR in millions)	Notional		Fair value of liability (INR in millions)
	Unit	Notional amount*		Unit	Notional amount*	
(i) Commodity linked derivatives						
- Futures	Number of units	-	-	Number of units	100	0.22
Less: amounts offset			-			0.22
Sub total (i)			-		-	0.22
(ii) Equity linked derivatives						
- Stock Futures	Number of shares	-	-	Number of shares	14,02,387	27.19
- Options purchased	Number of shares	-	-	Number of shares	-	-
- Options sold (written)	Number of shares	-	-	Number of shares	-	-
Less: amounts offset			-			27.19
Sub total (ii)			-		-	27.19
(iii) Index linked derivatives						
- Index Futures	Number of index units	-	-	Number of index units	13,975	6.86
- Options purchased	Number of index units	-	-	Number of index units	-	-
- Options sold (written)	Number of index units	-	-	Number of index units	-	-
Less: amounts offset			-			6.86
Sub total (iii)			-		-	6.86
(iv) Embedded derivatives						
- In market linked debentures	Number of index units	-	127.38	Number of index units	-	218.85
Sub total (iv)			127.38		-	218.85
Total Derivative Financial Instruments			127.38			218.85

* Notional amount represents quantity in case of equity linked and index linked derivatives



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

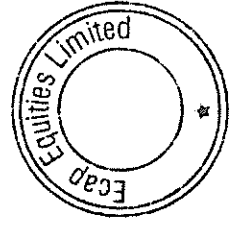
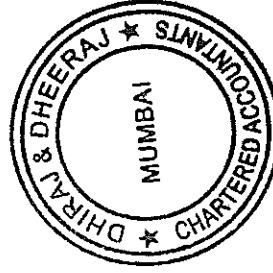
(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

23 Derivative financial Instruments

(a) The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or liabilities together with their notional amounts.

31 March 2025						
Particulars	Notional		Fair value of asset (INR in millions)	Notional		Fair value of liability (INR in millions)
	Unit	Notional amount*		Unit	Notional amount*	
(i) Commodity linked derivatives						
-Futures	Number of units	1,000	0.20	Number of units	-	-
Less: amounts offset			0.20			-
Sub total (i)			0.20			-
(ii) Equity linked derivatives						
-Stock Futures	Number of shares	7,35,975	16.37	Number of shares	17,73,700	18.78
-Options purchased	Number of shares	-	-	Number of shares	-	-
-Options sold (written)	Number of shares	-	-	Number of shares	-	-
Less: amounts offset			16.37			18.78
Sub total (ii)			16.37			18.78
(iii) Index linked derivatives						
-Index Futures	Number of index units	-	-	Number of index units	54,225	4.99
-Options purchased	Number of index units	1,86,335	15.90	Number of index units	-	-
-Options sold (written)	Number of index units	-	-	Number of index units	1,47,250	18.25
Less: amounts offset			15.90			23.24
Sub total (iii)			15.90			4.99
(iv) Interest rate derivatives						
-Interest Rate Futures	Number of units	-	-	Number of currency units	2,87,10,000	8.64
-Options purchased	Number of units	-	-	Number of currency units	-	-
-Options sold (written)	Number of units	-	-	Number of currency units	-	-
Less: amounts offset			-			8.64
Sub total (iv)			-		-	8.64
(v) Embedded derivatives						
- In market linked debentures	Number of index units	-	76.73	Number of index units	-	719.35
Sub total (v)			76.73			719.35
Total Derivative Financial Instruments			92.63			737.60

* Notional amount represents quantity in case of equity linked and index linked derivatives



Ecap Equities Limited**Notes to the financial statements (Continued)**

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

23 Derivative financial instruments**(b) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities****Financial assets subject to offsetting 31 March 2026**

	Offsetting recognised in the balance sheet		
	Gross asset before offset	Amount offset	Net asset recognised in balance sheet
Derivative financial assets	127.38	-	127.38

Financial liabilities subject to offsetting 31 March 2026

	Offsetting recognised in the balance sheet		
	Gross liability before offset	Amount offset	Net liability recognised in balance sheet
Derivative financial liabilities	253.12	34.27	218.85

As at the reporting date, the amount of gross derivative assets & liabilities that has been offset against the cash margin is Rs. NIL and Rs. 34.27 millions respectively.

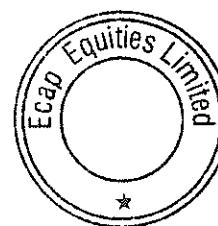
Financial assets subject to offsetting 31 March 2025

	Offsetting recognised in the balance sheet		
	Gross asset before offset	Amount offset	Net asset recognised in balance sheet
Derivative financial assets	109.19	16.57	92.63

Financial liabilities subject to offsetting 31 March 2025

	Offsetting recognised in the balance sheet		
	Gross liability before offset	Amount offset	Net liability recognised in balance sheet
Derivative financial liabilities	770.01	32.41	737.60

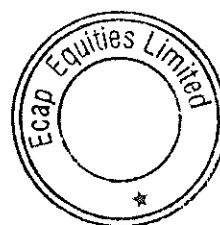
As at the reporting date, the amount of gross derivative assets & liabilities that has been offset against the cash margin is Rs. 16.57 millions and Rs. 32.41 millions respectively.



Ecap Equities Limited**Notes to the financial statements (Continued)**

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
24 Other financial assets		
<i>Unsecured considered good</i>		
Rental deposits	0.03	-
Margin placed with broker	60.07	624.65
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	0.01	2.09
	60.11	626.74
25 Current tax assets (net)		
Advance income taxes (net of provision for tax)	227.70	88.40
	227.70	88.40
26 Other current assets		
Input tax credit	251.48	297.97
Advances to others	340.81	339.08
Other deposits	-	0.03
Others	14.61	-
Prepaid expenses	43.31	105.60
Vendor advances	2.14	4.42
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	0.00	5.39
Advances to employees	0.13	-
	652.48	752.49



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

27	Equity share capital	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
	Authorised :		
	5,20,50,000 (Previous year: 5,20,50,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	520.50	520.50
	37,25,000 (Previous year: 37,25,000) preference shares of Rs. 10 each	37.25	37.25
	12,50,000 (Previous year: 12,50,000) preference shares of Rs. 1 each	1.25	1.25
		<u>559.00</u>	<u>559.00</u>
	Issued, subscribed and paid up:		
	1,84,49,240 (Previous year: 1,84,49,240) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	184.49	184.49
		<u>184.49</u>	<u>184.49</u>

a. Movement in share capital :

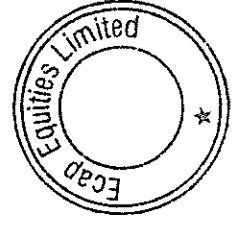
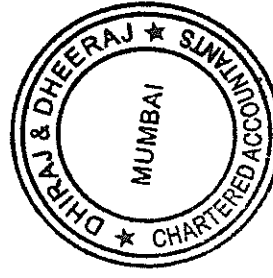
	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,84,49,240	184.49	1,84,49,240	184.49
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,84,49,240	184.49	1,84,49,240	184.49

b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares :

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Shares held by holding Company, Promoter

	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	No. of shares	%	No. of shares	%
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, the holding company and its nominees	1,84,49,240	100.00	1,84,49,240	100.00
	1,84,49,240	100.00	1,84,49,240	100.00



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

28	Instruments entirely equity in nature	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
	0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs) of Rs.1000 each.	20,00,000	2,000.00
	0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs) of Rs.10 each.	1,46,00,00,000	14,600.00
		1,46,20,00,000	16,600.00
		1,06,20,00,000	12,600.00

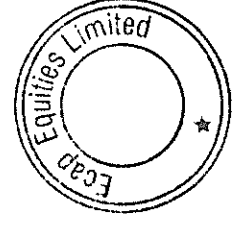
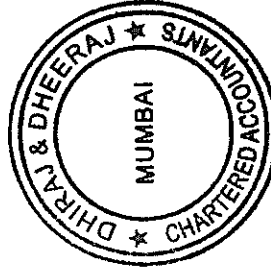
a.	Movement in instruments during the year :	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
	0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs)		
	Outstanding at the beginning of the year	No of CCDs	Amount
		1,06,20,00,000	12,600.00
	Issued during the year	40,00,00,000	4,000.00
	Redeemed during the year	-	-
	Outstanding at the end of the year	1,46,20,00,000	16,600.00
		1,06,20,00,000	12,600.00

b. Terms/rights attached to Instruments entirely equity in nature :

The interest rate is 0.01% per annum and CCDs will be convertible into equity shares within period not exceeding 10 years from the date of issue.

c. Details of holders holding more than 5%

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
	No. of CCD's	%
0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs) of Rs.1000 each		
Edel Finance Company Limited	20,00,000	100%
	20,00,000	100%
0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs) of Rs.10 each		
Edel Finance Company Limited	1,46,20,00,000	100%
	1,46,20,00,000	100%

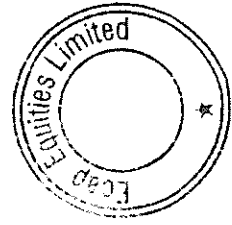


Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
29 Other equity		
Capital redemption reserve		
Opening balance	67.00	67.00
Add : Additions during the year	-	-
	67.00	67.00
Capital reserve		
Opening balance	184.58	184.58
Add : Additions during the year	-	-
	184.58	184.58
Securities premium		
Opening balance	1,637.38	1,637.38
Add : Additions during the year	-	-
	1,637.38	1,637.38
ESOP reserve		
Opening balance	22.00	22.00
Add : Additions during the year	-	-
	22.00	22.00
Debt redemption reserve		
Opening balance	1,051.41	1,051.41
Add : Additions during the year	-	-
	1,051.41	1,051.41
Revaluation reserve		
Opening balance	256.39	272.18
Less: Transfer to Retained Earnings	(14.87)	(15.79)
	241.52	256.39
Retained Earnings		
Opening Balance	(1,027.47)	(6,624.21)
Add: Transferred from revaluation reserve -OCI (net)	14.87	15.79
Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year	(6,863.11)	5,575.50
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year	(1.39)	(0.36)
Add: ESOP reversal on lapse of vesting period	0.11	5.81
	(7,876.99)	(1,027.47)
	(4,673.10)	2,191.29



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

29 Other Equity (continued)

1 Capital redemption reserve:

As per Companies Act, 2013, capital redemption reserve is created when Company purchases its own shares out of free reserves or securities premium. A sum equal to the nominal value of the shares so purchased is transferred to capital redemption reserve. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 69 of the Companies Act, 2013.

2 Capital reserve:

It represents reserve created on account of merger.

3 Securities premium:

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares and the reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

4 ESOP reserve:

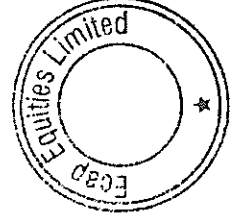
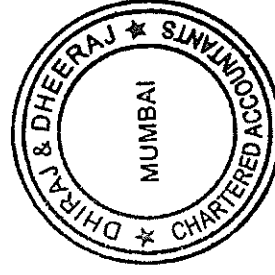
Certain employees of the Company have been granted options to acquire equity shares of the Parent Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited). This reserve represents the cost of these options based on their fair value at the grant dates as recognised over the vesting period of such options, to the extent that the Parent Company has not recovered such cost from the Company.

5 Debenture redemption reserve:

The Companies Act 2013 requires companies that issue debentures to create a debenture redemption reserve from annual profits until such debentures are redeemed. The Company is required to transfer a specified percentage (as provided in the Companies Act, 2013) of the outstanding redeemable debentures to debenture redemption reserve. The amounts credited to the debenture redemption reserve may not be utilised except to redeem debentures. On redemption of debentures, the amount may be transferred from debenture redemption reserve to retained earnings.

6 Revaluation reserve:

The Company decided to move to revaluation model from cost model for accounting a class of asset (i.e. property and building) as at 31st March 2020. The management approved revaluation of owned land and buildings classified under property plant and equipment after assessing the valuation made by duly appointed independent valuer. The difference between valuation amount and the carrying value of land and buildings is accounted under Revaluation Reserve through other comprehensive income.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

30 Borrowings

30 (a) Non current borrowings
at amortised cost:

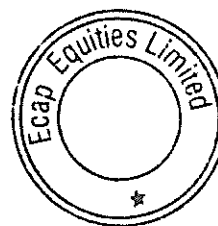
Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Secured:		
Non-convertible debentures ^{1&5}	9,167.18	25,957.64
Unsecured:		
Non-convertible debentures ⁵	7,839.67	2,753.16
Preference share capital ⁷	0.01	0.01
Total	17,006.86	28,710.81

30 (b) Current borrowings
at amortised cost:

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Secured:		
Non-convertible debentures ^{1&5}	15,853.90	5,168.10
From other financial institutions ^{2&6}	-	2,504.09
Unsecured:		
Term Loans from related parties ^{3&6}	7,512.88	29.60
Inter corporate deposits ^{4&6}	18.45	17.72
Total	23,385.23	7,719.51

Note:-

- *The debentures issued under Debenture Trust Deed dated 10 May 2019, 09 September 2021, 30 August 2022 and 11 December 2025 are secured by a pari passu charge on the immovable property, property, plant and equipment, trade receivables, loans, investments, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and stock in trade to the extent equal to the principal and interest amount i.e. redemption value of debentures .
For FY 2024-25, the debentures issued under Debenture Trust Deed dated 15 June 2023 are secured by charge on investments made in Edelweiss Infrastructure Yield Plus Fund to the extent equal to 1.25 times the principal and interest amount i.e. redemption value of debentures.
The debentures issued under Debenture Trust Deed dated 11 March 2024 and 24 July 2024 are secured by charge on investments made in Edelweiss Asset Management Limited by the holding company Edelweiss Financial Services Limited and fellow subsidiary company Edelweiss Securities & Investments Private Limited.
The debentures issued under Debenture Trust Deed dated 23 February 2023 are secured by charge on investments made in Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited by the holding company Edelweiss Financial Services Limited and fellow subsidiary company Edelweiss Securities & Investments Private Limited.
The Company has complied with all the covenants of debt securities issued during the current year ended 31 March 2026 and previous year ended 31 March 2025
- At interest rate of 11.11%. Secured by way of pledge of shares
- At interest rate ranging from 9.85% to 13.55% p.a. (Previous year: 12.44% to 13.89% p.a.)
- Unsecured, inter-corporate deposits repayable on demand, at interest rate 6.55% p.a. (Previous year 6.55% p.a.)



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

30 Borrowings (continued)

5 Following is the repayment schedule of Debt Securities

Debt Securities as at 31 March 2026

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
8.00 - 8.99%	-	-	-	-
9.00 - 9.99%	-	-	-	-
12.41 - 13.80%	15,853.90	9,064.14	7,942.71	32,860.75
Total	15,853.90	9,064.14	7,942.71	32,860.75

Debt Securities as at 31 March 2025

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
8.00 - 8.99%	-	-	-	-
9.00 - 9.99%	-	-	-	-
12.41 - 12.45%	5,168.10	28,710.80	-	33,878.90
Total	5,168.10	28,710.80	-	33,878.90

6 Following is the repayment schedule of Borrowings (other than debt securities)

Term loans from other financial institutions - Unsecured as at 31 March 2026

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
NIL	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

Term loans from other financial institutions - Unsecured as at 31 March 2025

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
11.11%	2,504.09	-	-	2,504.09
Total	2,504.09	-	-	2,504.09

Term loans and inter-corporate deposits from Others - Unsecured as at 31 March 2026

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
6.55% to 13.55%	7,531.33	-	-	7,531.33
Total	7,531.33	-	-	7,531.33

Term loans and inter-corporate deposits from Others - Unsecured as at 31 March 2025

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
6.55% to 13.89%	47.32	-	-	47.32
Total	47.32	-	-	47.32

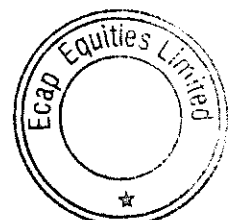
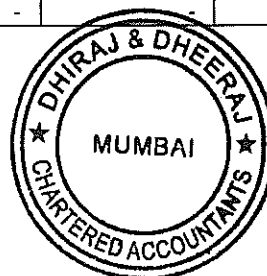
7 Terms and conditions related to subordinated liabilities

Subordinated liabilities as at 31 March 2026

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
0.01%	-	-	0.01	0.01
Total	-	-	0.01	0.01

Subordinated liabilities as at 31 March 2025

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
0.01%	-	-	0.01	0.01
Total	-	-	0.01	0.01



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
31 Other financial liabilities		
Rental Deposits	62.67	91.24
Accrued salaries and benefits	1.62	128.90
	64.29	220.14
32 Provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity	75.90	16.17
Compensated leave absences	21.65	3.27
	97.55	19.44
33 Trade payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	240.20	207.29
	240.20	207.29

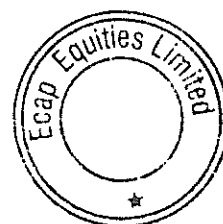
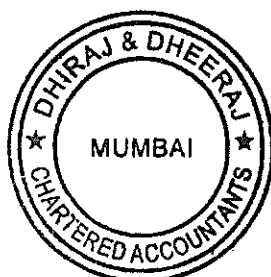
Details of dues to micro and small enterprises

Trade payables includes Rs. Nil (Previous year: Rs. NIL) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. No interest has been paid/is payable by the Company during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this act. The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Company to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said act.

Trade Payables - Ageing

As at 31 March 2026	Outstanding for following periods from due date of receipt					
Particulars	Unbilled	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	134.36	105.41	0.43	-	-	240.20
Total	134.36	105.41	0.43	-	-	240.20

As at 31 March 2025	Outstanding for following periods from due date of receipt					
Particulars	Unbilled	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	76.86	130.16	0.27	-	-	207.29
Total	76.86	130.16	0.27	-	-	207.29

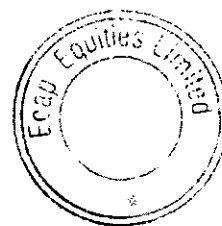
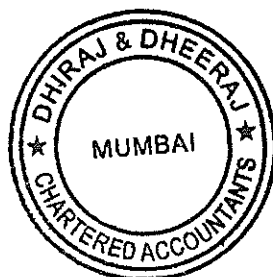


Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian Rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
34 Other financial liabilities		
Other payables	16.13	8.48
Accrued salaries and benefits	89.99	318.04
Retention money payable	8.97	8.97
Others	62.00	-
	177.09	335.48
35 Other non-financial liabilities		
Revenue received in advance	25.94	-
Other advances	2.09	3.34
Other payable	0.20	0.07
Withholding taxes and others	148.77	235.10
	177.00	238.51
36 Provisions		
<i>Provision for employee benefits</i>		
Gratuity	13.81	3.16
Compensated leave absences	4.03	1.63
	22.82	4.79
37 Current tax liabilities (net)		
Provision for taxation (net of advance tax)	-	53.76
	-	53.76

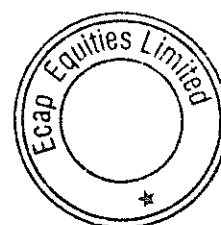
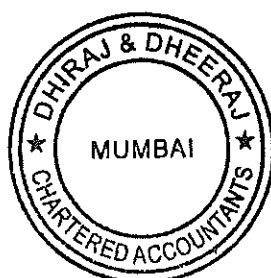


Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Revenue from operations		
38 Fee and commission income		
Guarantee commission, advisory and other fee income	838.17	42.56
	838.17	42.56
38.1 Fee Income		
Service transferred at a point in time	838.17	42.56
Service transferred over time	-	-
Total revenue from contract with customers	838.17	42.56
39 Net gain on fair value changes		
On trading portfolio		
Investments at FVTPL	(1,461.71)	8,363.42
Derivatives at FVTPL	(74.75)	1,050.52
Others		
Other financial instruments	360.91	265.78
Total net gain on fair value changes	(1,175.55)	9,679.73
Fair value changes:		
Realised gain	256.00	10,300.55
Unrealised (loss)/gain	(1,431.55)	(620.82)
Total net gain on fair value changes	(1,175.55)	9,679.73
40 Dividend income		
Dividend on stock in trade	-	4.26
Dividend on long term investment	35.10	324.00
	35.10	328.26
41 Interest Income		
Interest income on Loans - amortised cost		
On loans to fellow subsidiaries	134.11	1,358.64
On Loan to subsidiary companies	131.04	1,257.76
On Loan to holding company	-	12.25
On intercorporate deposits	-	153.78
On non convertible debentures	545.12	-
Interest income from financial instruments - amortised cost		
Interest income on debt instrument (for non-finance company) - amortised cost	2.54	11.00
Interest Income - preference capital	1.98	-
Interest income from financial instruments - fair value through profit and loss		
On Debt instrument	740.92	434.50
Other interest income - amortised cost		
On margin with brokers	2.72	5.58
On others	21.05	19.08
	2,060.50	3,252.60

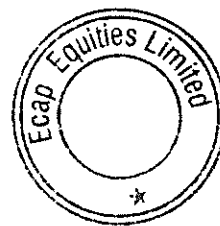


Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
42 Rental income		
Rental income	118.23	173.92
	118.23	173.92
43 Other operating revenue		
Income from Training Centre	49.03	52.39
	49.03	52.39
44 Other income		
Liabilities written back	2.66	-
Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)	30.71	0.12
Miscellaneous income	1.33	0.22
Interest on income tax refund	38.62	12.29
Interest income on fixed deposits	2.01	5.82
	75.33	18.45

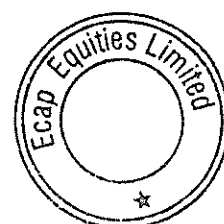
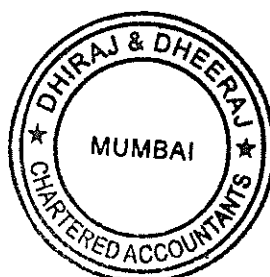


Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
45 Employee benefit expenses		
Salaries and wages	380.72	536.54
Contribution to provident and other funds	27.41	9.16
Expense on employee stock option scheme (ESOP)	1.90	0.11
Staff welfare expenses	57.37	2.67
Expense on Employee Stock Appreciation Rights	23.11	9.64
	490.51	558.12
45.1 Employee stock option plans		
The Holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL")) has Employee Stock Option Plans in force. Based on such ESOP schemes, parent entity has granted an ESOP option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to Company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost		
46 Finance costs		
Interest on borrowings - amortised cost		
Interest on Inter-corporate deposits	0.82	0.82
Interest on term loan	95.12	192.75
Interest on loan from holding company	-	477.68
Interest on loan from fellow subsidiaries	509.01	232.71
Interest on debt securities - amortised cost		
Cost of benchmark linked debentures	1,622.98	3,991.33
Discount on commercial paper and debentures	-	36.20
Interest on debentures	2,306.16	1.26
Other interest expense - amortised cost		
Financial and bank charges	70.20	704.53
Interest on Margin	8.33	26.22
Interest - others	-	143.16
Interest on SLBM trades	-	71.46
Interest on shortfall in payment of Advance Income Tax	0.03	-
	4,612.65	5,878.12
47 Impairment on financial instruments		
At amortised cost		
On loans	117.17	(694.46)
On investments	2,395.82	436.94
On trade receivables	2.28	0.77
	2,515.27	(256.75)

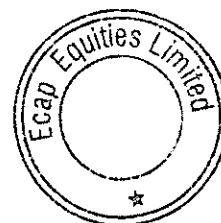
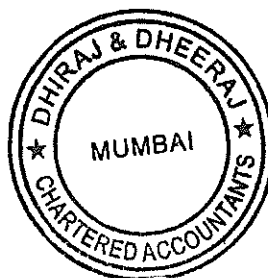


Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
48 Other expenses		
Advertisement and business promotion	3.35	1.72
Auditors' remuneration (refer note below)	3.57	2.79
Commission and brokerage	0.76	124.50
Communication	4.48	1.38
Computer expenses	76.91	44.94
Computer software	36.34	5.33
Clearing and custodian charges	0.06	30.51
Directors' sitting fees	1.50	1.40
Corporate social responsibility - donation	-	31.46
Electricity charges	18.35	15.48
Foreign exchange loss (net)	0.20	-
Insurance	0.09	1.54
Legal and professional fees	456.87	230.76
Loss on sale of fixed assets	0.13	-
Membership and subscription	7.69	4.61
Office expenses	45.43	13.85
Printing and stationery	0.38	0.26
Rates and taxes	5.73	26.08
Rating support fees	8.40	-
Rent	74.65	16.30
Repairs and maintenance	20.26	16.77
Securities transaction tax	7.37	215.35
Goods and service tax expenses	19.88	121.36
Stamp duty	3.83	26.09
Stock exchange expenses	4.52	109.76
Transportation charges	0.55	0.12
Travelling and conveyance	11.17	6.05
Training Centre Expenses	28.96	28.33
Housekeeping and security charges	2.54	11.05
Miscellaneous expenses	-	0.09
	843.97	1,087.88
48.1 Auditors' remuneration:		
As Auditors	3.50	2.64
Others	-	0.09
Towards reimbursement of expenses	0.07	0.06
	3.58	2.79



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

48.2 Other expenses

(a) Foreign currency transaction

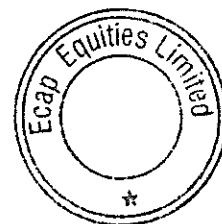
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Expenses		
Professional fees	-	0.34
Membership & Subscription charges	-	0.36
Income		
Fee income	-	-

(b) Cost sharing:

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, being the holding company along with fellow subsidiaries incurs expenditure like Group Medclaim, insurance, rent, electricity charges etc. which is for the common benefit of itself and its certain subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries including the Company. This cost so expended is reimbursed by the Company on the basis of number of employees, area occupied, actual identifications, etc. On the same lines, costs like rent, electricity charges incurred by the Company for the benefit of fellow subsidiaries and associate companies are recovered as reimbursement by the Company from the subsidiaries and associate companies on similar basis. Accordingly, and as identified by the management, the expenditure heads include reimbursements paid and are net of reimbursements received based on the management's best estimate.

(c) Corporate social responsibility (CSR)

As per the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not required to spend any amount during the year



Ecap Equities Limited**Notes to the financial statements (Continued)**

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

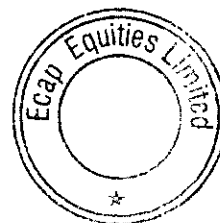
49 Income tax

- (a) The components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025 are:

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Current tax	-	2,262.42
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	(234.95)	-
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(315.29)	(1,635.70)
Deferred tax asset recognised on unused tax credit or unused tax losses	809.11	-
Total tax charge	258.87	626.72
Current tax	(234.95)	2,262.42
Deferred tax	493.82	(1,635.70)

- (b) Reconciliation of total tax charge :

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Accounting profit / (loss) before tax as per financial statements	(6,604.24)	6,202.22
Tax rate (in percentage)	25.17%	25.17%
Income tax expense calculated based on this tax rate	(1,662.16)	1,560.97
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	(234.95)	-
Effect of income not subject to tax:		
Long term capital gain on sale of shares	-	(87.63)
Others	(0.01)	(0.01)
Effect of non-deductible expenses:		
Others - disallowable items	1,194.51	14.71
Effect of utilisation of tax losses on which deferred tax asset earlier not recognised OR deferred tax assets on losses earlier recognised now considered not recoverable	935.30	-
Impact of tax rate changes	-	(1,183.81)
Impact of certain items being taxed at different rates (for example, capital gains at different rates, etc.)	-	338.83
Others	26.18	(16.34)
Tax charge for the year recorded in statement of profit and loss	258.87	626.72



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

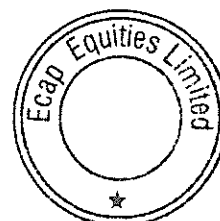
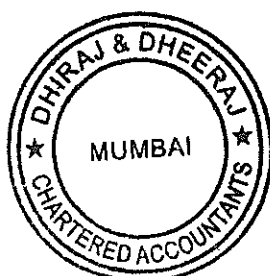
(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

49 Income tax

(c) The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the income tax expense:

	Opening deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS	Movement for the period (2025-26)			Closing deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS
		Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Total movement	
Deferred taxes in relation to:					
Property, plant and equipment	(149.38)	1.53	-	1.53	(147.84)
Intangible assets	(0.64)	0.37	-	0.37	(0.27)
Fair valuation of investments	538.99	283.41	-	283.41	822.41
Loans	248.83	29.49	-	29.49	278.32
Trade receivable	0.53	0.42	-	0.42	0.95
Employee benefits obligations	38.53	(9.56)	0.46	(9.10)	29.43
Fair valuation of derivatives	1.62	9.63	-	9.63	11.25
Unused tax losses (including but not limited to business losses, unabsorbed depreciation)	2,708.94	(809.11)	-	(809.11)	1,899.83
Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,387.42	(493.82)	0.46	(493.36)	2,894.07

	Opening deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS	Movement for the period (2024-25)			Closing deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS
		Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Total movement	
Deferred taxes in relation to:					
Property, plant and equipment	(150.48)	1.09	-	1.09	(149.38)
Intangible assets	(1.39)	0.75	-	0.75	(0.64)
Fair valuation of Investments	(1,095.62)	1,634.60	-	1,634.60	538.99
Loans	268.34	(19.51)	-	(19.51)	248.83
Trade receivable	0.47	0.06	-	0.06	0.53
Employee benefits obligations	30.05	8.36	0.12	8.48	38.53
Fair valuation of derivatives	(15.59)	17.21	-	17.21	1.62
Unused tax losses (including but not limited to business losses, unabsorbed depreciation)	2,715.80	(6.86)	-	(6.86)	2,708.94
Total	1,751.58	1,635.70	0.12	1,635.82	3,387.42



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

50 Segment reporting

The Company's business is organised and the management reviews the performance, based on the business segments as mentioned below:

Segment	Activities covered
Capital based business	Interest Income on loans and other capital based activities
Training and Leadership Centre	Income from Training centre
Treasury	Income from treasury operations including commodities, income from investments, interest income on debt instruments and dividend income
Agency business	Broking and referral services

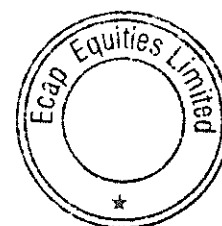
Income for each segment has been specifically identified. Expenditures, assets and liabilities are either specifically identified with individual segments or have been allocated to segments on a systematic basis.

Based on such allocations, segment disclosures relating to revenue, results, assets and liabilities have been prepared.

Since the business operations of the Company are primarily concentrated in India, the Company is considered to operate only in the domestic segment and therefore there is no reportable geographic segment.

The following table gives information as required under the Ind AS -108 - Operating Segment Reporting:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
I Segment revenue		
a) Capital based business	883.50	3,381.46
b) Agency business	835.41	-
c) Training and Leadership centre (Fountain head)	49.08	52.39
d) Treasury (including commodities)	194.20	26,186.63
e) Unallocated	38.62	12.29
Total	2,000.81	29,632.77
II Segment results		
a) Capital based business	(6,394.46)	(856.79)
b) Agency business	409.06	-
c) Training and Leadership centre (Fountain head)	(36.92)	(38.29)
d) Treasury (including commodities)	(552.59)	7,210.21
e) Unallocated	17.17	(112.91)
Total	(6,557.74)	6,202.22
Profit / (loss) before exceptional items	(6,557.74)	6,202.22
Exceptional items	46.50	-
Profit / (loss) before taxation	(6,604.24)	6,202.22
Less : Provision for taxation	258.87	626.72
Profit / (Loss) after taxation	(6,863.11)	5,575.50
III Segment assets		
a) Capital based business	41,602.58	34,211.63
b) Agency business	288.63	-
c) Training and Leadership centre (Fountain head)	432.73	468.80
d) Treasury	6,334.00	13,783.03
e) Unallocated	4,843.33	4,759.65
Total	53,501.28	53,223.11
IV Segment liabilities		
a) Capital based business	35,641.45	26,837.63
b) Agency business	105.01	-
c) Training and Leadership centre (Fountain head)	32.53	37.38
d) Treasury	5,459.55	11,084.37
e) Unallocated	151.36	287.95
Total	41,389.89	38,247.33



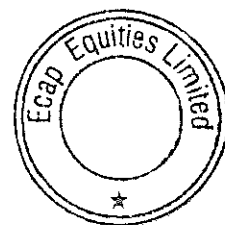
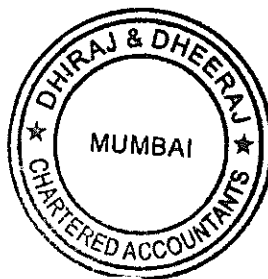
Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

50 Segment reporting (continued)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
V Capital expenditure (Including capital work-in-progress)		
a) Capital based business	46.29	3.31
b) Agency business	45.32	-
c) Training and Leadership centre (Fountain head)	0.46	0.87
d) Treasury	10.53	9.89
Total	102.60	14.07
VI Depreciation and amortisation		
a) Capital based business	46.62	37.71
b) Agency business	13.70	-
c) Training and Leadership centre (Fountain head)	32.64	36.77
d) Treasury	3.19	10.05
Total	96.15	84.53
VII Significant non-cash expenses other than depreciation		
a) Capital based business	2,519.08	(255.99)
b) Agency business	10.13	-
c) Training and Leadership centre (Fountain head)	(0.93)	0.25
d) Treasury	1.49	3.01
Total	2,529.77	(252.73)



Ecap Equities Limited

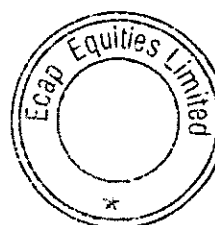
Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

51 Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 - Related Party Disclosure

i. List of related parties and relationship:

Name of related party by whom control is exercised	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (Holding company)
Name of related parties over whom control is exercised	Edelcap Securities Limited Ecap Securities and Investments Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited (now merged with ECL Finance Limited) Edel Investments Limited Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited (upto 26-Mar-26) Edelweiss International Singapore (Pte) Limited Edge Advisory and Mangement Services Private Limited (formerly Allium Corporate Services Private Limited) (from 04-Apr-2025)
Fellow subsidiaries (with whom transactions have taken place)	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited Nido Home Finance Limited EAAA India Alternatives Limited (formerly Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited) Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited (formerly Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited) Edelweiss Asset Management Limited (upto 17-Dec-25) Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited (from 27-Mar-26) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edel Finance Company Limited Edge Advisory and Mangement Services Private Limited (formerly Allium Corporate Services Private Limited) (upto 03-Apr-2025) ZUNO General Insurance Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited EdelGive Foundation Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited (upto 17-Dec-25)
Associates (with whom transactions have taken place)	ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited
Name of related parties over whom significant influence is exercised	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Private Equity Tech fund Edelweiss Employees Welfare Trust Edelweiss Employees Incentives & Welfare Trust
Jointly controlled entity	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited (from 18-Dec-25) Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited (from 18-Dec-25)
Key Management Personnel	Piyush Chamria Ritesh Jain (Chief Financial Officer) Swadesh Agrawal (Executive Director and Company Secretary)



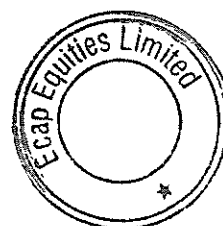
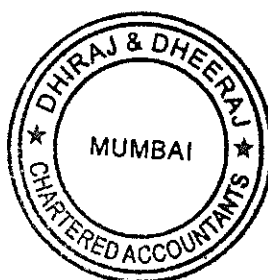
Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

51 ii. Transactions with related parties :

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
	Capital account transactions during the year			
1	Advances taken from	Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	-	1,425.00
2	Advances repaid to	Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	-	1,425.00
3	Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures of	Edelcap Securities Limited	1,000.00	4,000.00
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	3,500.00	2,600.00
4	Investment in preference shares of	Edelcap Securities Limited	1,500.00	-
5	Issue of compulsorily convertible debentures to	Edel Finance Company Limited	4,000.00	-
6	Purchase of equity shares from	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	-	3,085.08
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	301.68
		Edel Finance Company Limited	575.34	-
		ECL Finance Limited	288.76	-
7	Sale of investments in equity shares to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	1,400.40
		Edel Finance Company Limited	250.26	-
8	Sale of investments in compulsorily convertible debentures to	Edel Finance Company Limited	2,925.59	-
9	Purchase of units of funds from	ECL Finance Limited	2,374.40	-
10	Capital redemption from venture funds	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	0.24	-
11	Investment in venture funds	Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund	0.22	-
12	Purchase of compulsorily convertible debentures of	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	-	813.67
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	3,525.39
13	Purchase of debentures from	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	-	4,630.50
	Current account transactions during the year			
14	Loans taken from	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	740.00
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	4,950.00
		ECL Finance Limited	-	1,000.00
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	7,911.60	540.00
		Edel Finance Company Limited	10,859.40	5,001.88
		Edelweiss Employees Welfare Trust	4,260.00	2,430.00
		Edelweiss Employees Incentives & Welfare Trust	725.00	-
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	400.00
15	Loans repaid to	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	740.00
		ECL Finance Limited	-	1,000.00
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	4,950.00
		Edelweiss Employees Welfare Trust	-	2,430.00
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	5,511.60	5,240.10
		Edel Finance Company Limited	10,859.40	5,001.88
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	400.00
		Edelweiss Employees Incentives & Welfare Trust	25.00	-



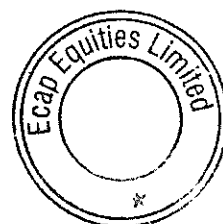
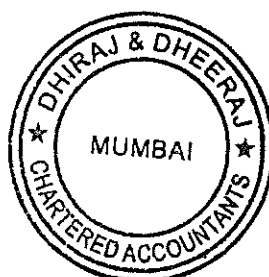
Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
16	Loans given to	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	3,663.50	17,675.00
		Edel Investments Limited	4,087.70	4,848.90
		Edelcap Securities Limited	5,130.00	8,979.50
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,870.00	1,845.38
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	1,500.00
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	25,102.28
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	1.00	3.90
		ECL Finance Limited	-	420.00
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	8,451.50	7,516.86
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	4,985.00	5,972.70
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	1,000.00
17	Loans repaid by	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	3,663.50	17,675.00
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	4,915.20	4,017.50
		Edelcap Securities Limited	5,130.00	10,213.70
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,870.00	3,889.33
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	26,002.28
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	1,500.00
		Edel Investments Limited	4,087.70	4,848.90
		ECL Finance Limited	-	420.00
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	7,502.80	11,478.92
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	1.00	20.43
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	1,595.42
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	1,000.00
18	Issue of Commercial Paper to	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	750.00
19	Buyback of Commercial Paper from	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	736.44
20	Margins placed with	Edel Investments Limited	11.21	326.79
21	Margins withdrawn from	Edel Investments Limited	10.57	326.13
22	Amount paid to broker for Cash segment	Edel Investments Limited	761.59	40,898.29
23	Amount received from broker for Cash segment	Edel Investments Limited	624.84	41,119.52
24	Purchase of debt securities from	Edelcap Securities Limited	-	0.10
		Edel Investments Limited	1,182.64	236.91
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	1,123.73
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	2.55	-
25	Sale of debt securities to	Edelcap Securities Limited	2,473.57	3,300.07
		Edel Investments Limited	-	367.02
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	3,768.89	1,265.25
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	102.79
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	2,005.01	152.86
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	2,259.80	-
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	528.54
26	Investment in debt securities	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	250.00
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	2,010.50
27	Redemption of debentures held in	Edel Finance Company Limited	1,186.59	-
28	Redemption of Non-convertible debentures (including accrued interest and premium)	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	966.07	26.24
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	1,260.24
		ECL Finance Limited	20.49	35.61
		Nido Home Finance Limited	66.04	4.22
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	25.01	14.61
		Edel Finance Company Limited	76.93	-
29	Resale of bought back debentures to	Edelcap Securities Limited	395.70	289.57



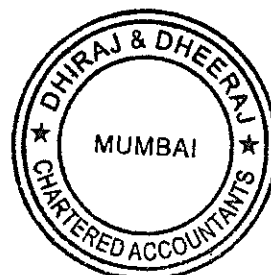
Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
30	Redemption / buyback of debentures held by	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	443.72
		Edel Investments Limited	-	663.50
		Edelcap Securities Limited	3,019.36	207.48
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	628.91	206.36
31	Security deposits accepted from	Nido Home Finance Limited	-	7.92
32	Rent income from	Nido Home Finance Limited	17.69	18.44
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.18	0.22
		Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	0.14	-
		ECL Finance Limited	28.55	29.78
		Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	22.47	22.27
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited	29.26	29.27
		Edel Investments Limited	3.21	1.34
33	Business services charges income from	Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	0.88	-
		EAAA India Alternatives Limited	2.64	-
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	4.59	-
		Edel Finance Company Limited	106.36	-
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	105.66	-
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	11.02	-
		Edel Investments Limited	12.88	-
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	28.56	-
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited	9.29	-
		Nido Home Finance Limited	0.65	-
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	17.49	-
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	3.77	-
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.36	-
		Edelcap Securities Limited	29.17	-
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	20.31	-
		EdelGive Foundation	0.86	-
		Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited	0.01	-
		Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	1.11	-
		ECL Finance Limited	1.90	-
34	Enterprise Allocation income from	Edel Finance Company Limited	11.43	-
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	13.03	-
		Edel Investments Limited	12.58	-
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	14.42	-
		Nido Home Finance Limited	5.43	-
		Edelcap Securities Limited	82.00	-
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	76.15	-
		Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	7.40	-
		ECL Finance Limited	15.83	-
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.15	-
35	Technology shared service income from	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	210.79	-
36	Interest income on debt instrument of	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	1.65
		ECL Finance Limited	4.59	5.10
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	229.88
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	656.17	26.81
		Edel Finance Company Limited	59.91	139.92
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	14.14	25.21
		Nido Home Finance Limited	6.10	5.94
37	Interest income on compulsorily convertible debentures of	Edelcap Securities Limited	0.75	0.40
		Edel Investments Limited	0.08	0.08
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	1.15	0.09
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited *	0.02	-
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	0.54	0.01



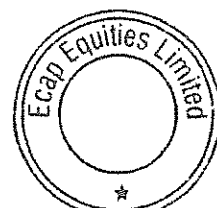
Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
38	Interest income on preference shares of	Edelcap Securities Limited	1.98	-
39	Interest expense on compulsorily convertible debentures issued to	Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited *	-	0.00
		Edel Finance Company Limited	1.31	1.01
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited *	-	0.25
40	Interest income on loans given to	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	112.04	379.76
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	569.62
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	3.71	309.29
		Edelcap Securities Limited	37.38	75.47
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	6.57
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	12.25
		ECL Finance Limited	-	0.64
		Edel Investments Limited	50.10	23.63
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	18.34	472.17
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	43.56	772.33
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.01	1.53
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	5.39
41	Dividend income received from	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	30.80	-
42	Cost reimbursements recovered from	Nido Home Finance Limited	1.76	2.14
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	0.67
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.01	0.01
		ECL Finance Limited	3.11	-
		Edel Investments Limited	0.24	0.10
		Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	2.39	2.68
		Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	0.01	-
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited	2.31	2.82
		ECL Finance Limited	-	3.78
43	Interest expense on loans taken from	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	1.51
		ECL Finance Limited	-	25.17
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	168.54	477.68
		Edel Finance Company Limited	53.18	17.02
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	129.01
		Edelweiss Employees Welfare Trust	246.15	51.49
		Edelweiss Employees Incentives & Welfare Trust	41.14	-
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	8.52
44	Interest expense on debt instruments	Edelcap Securities Limited	16.60	-
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	17.95	-
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	10.58	-
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	12.42	-
45	Loan processing fees paid to	Edel Finance Company Limited	2.06	-
46	Interest expense on Commercial Paper	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	36.20
47	Interest expense on advances taken from	Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	-	91.18
48	Cost reimbursements paid to	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	2.85	21.40
		Edel Investments Limited	2.24	21.42
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2.00	-
49	Management fees paid to	EAAA India Alternatives Limited	9.83	9.05
		ECL Finance Limited	257.06	57.77
50	Share of loss in partnership firm	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.04	0.03
51	Shared Premise cost paid to	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	68.95	7.22



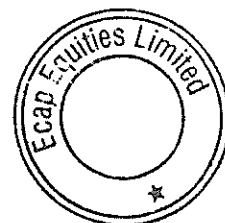
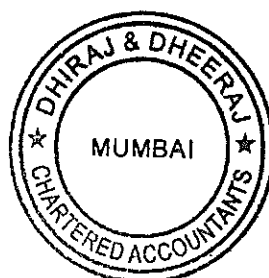
Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 Mar 2026	For the year ended 31 Mar 2025
52	Brokerage paid to	Edel Investments Limited	1.35	36.06
53	Corporate Guarantee support fee paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	44.13	85.19
54	Professional fees paid to	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	1.69
55	ESOP and SAR expenses paid	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	25.01	9.74
56	Guarantee commission income from	Nido Home Finance Limited	2.27	3.36
		ECL Finance Limited	3.33	2.24
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	11.94
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	10.03
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	15.00
57	Loan processing fee income	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1.06	-
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	0.49	-
58	Advisory fees paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.84	5.00
59	Technology shared service cost paid to	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	18.45	-
60	Interest accrued on overdue amounts payable to	ECL Finance Limited	-	51.97
61	Sale of Fixed Asset to	Edelcap Securities Limited	2.37	0.17
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	0.02	0.42
		Edel Investments Limited	0.07	0.03
		ECL Finance Limited	0.03	-
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	1.32	-
62	Purchase of Fixed Asset from	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited *	0.27	0.03
		Edel Investments Limited	0.11	0.42
		Edelcap Securities Limited	3.73	0.76
		Nido Home Finance Limited *	-	0.00
63	Income from Training Centre	ECL Finance Limited	1.12	0.07
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	0.66	0.83
		Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	0.16	0.61
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.46	0.72
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.41	1.04
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	0.24
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	0.47
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited	0.29	0.10
		Edelcap Securities Limited	0.36	0.05
		EAAA India Alternatives Limited	0.67	-
		Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	0.10	-
		Edelgive Foundation	0.18	-
64	Remuneration paid to	Ritesh Jain	7.95	7.77
		Swadesh Agrawal	8.60	7.88
65	Sitting fees paid to	Bharat Bakshi	0.85	0.80
		Vinod Juneja	0.65	0.60



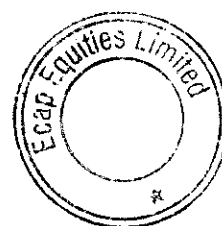
Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
	Balances with related parties			
66	Short term loans given to (refer note below)	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	948.70	-
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	2,025.00	1,955.20
67	Short term loans taken from (refer note below)	Edelweiss Employees Welfare Trust	4,260.00	-
		Edelweiss Employees Incentives & Welfare Trust	700.00	-
68	Long term loans taken from (refer note below)	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,400.00	-
69	Investment in debt securities	ECL Finance Limited	54.44	54.21
		Nido Home Finance Limited	19.22	81.64
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	3.79	1,258.53
		Edel Finance Company Limited	0.10	2,912.39
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	97.35	142.36
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	18.27
		Edelcap Securities Limited	5.05	5.07
70	Nifty linked debentures held by (at face value)	Edelcap Securities Limited	6,851.70	2,716.30
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	2,353.40	300.00
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	240.60	296.30
71	Long term deposits payable to	ZUNO General Insurance Limited	25.21	25.21
		ECL Finance Limited	20.52	20.52
		Nido Home Finance Limited	7.92	21.59
		Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	9.03	9.03
72	Subordinated liabilities	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.01	0.01
73	Compulsorily convertible debentures held by	Edel Finance Company Limited	16,600.00	12,600.00
74	Trade payables to	Edel Investments Limited	0.41	1.09
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	7.75	79.09
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	9.53	2.70
		EAAA India Alternatives Limited	0.46	0.75
		ECL Finance Limited	71.12	43.69
		Edel Finance Company Limited	16.20	-
75	Other payable to	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	0.70	-
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	7.28	6.84
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited *	-	0.00
		Edel Investments Limited	-	1.60
76	Other receivable from	Edel Finance Company Limited *	-	0.00
		Edelcap Securities Limited *	0.00	-
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited *	0.00	-
		Edel Investments Limited *	0.00	2.10
		Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited *	-	0.00
77	Payable to clearing house	Edel Investments Limited	38.39	-
78	Interest payable on loans taken from	Nido Home Finance Limited	-	10.17
		Edelweiss Employees Welfare Trust	92.23	-
		Edelweiss Employees Incentives & Welfare Trust	15.47	-
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	23.85	2.22
		Edel Finance Company Limited	21.32	14.12
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	3.09



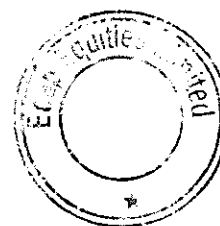
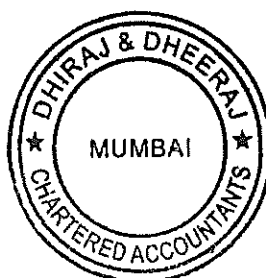
Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
79	Investments in equity shares of	Edelcap Securities Limited	1,075.60	912.24
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	1,134.89
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	179.14	-
		ECL Finance Limited	2,856.02	1,721.12
		Edel Investments Limited	3,085.08	3,085.08
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	301.68
		Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	575.34	-
80	Investment in preference shares of	Edelcap Securities Limited	1,338.62	-
81	Investments in venture funds of	Edelweiss Private Equity Tech fund	570.19	21.08
		Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	1,283.32	65.27
82	Investment in partnership firm	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.05	0.05
83	Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures of	Edelcap Securities Limited	8,250.00	7,250.00
		Edel Investments Limited	750.00	750.00
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	813.67	813.67
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	6,100.00	2,600.00
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	3,525.39
84	Partner's current account - receivable from	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	3.04	2.93
85	Trade receivables from	Nido Home Finance Limited	4.59	2.22
		ECL Finance Limited	3.17	-
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited	3.10	3.46
		Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited	0.22	0.58
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	6.71	-
		Edel Investments Limited	45.87	76.95
		Edelcap Securities Limited	20.03	-
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	-	0.02
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	51.81	1.14
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	1.85	-
		Edge Advisory and Management Services Private Limited	0.24	-
		Edel Finance Company Limited	55.47	-
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	54.83	-
		Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	22.59	-
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.18	-
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	30.68	-
		Edelgive Foundation	0.27	-
		EAAA India Alternatives Limited	0.60	-
86	Interest receivable on loans given to	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	17.90	43.74
		Edel Finance Company Limited	-	12.79
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	3.34	23.75
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	13.88
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	13.25	53.78
		Edelcap Securities Limited	-	10.87
		Edel Investments Limited	-	1.80
87	Loan processing fees paid in advance	Edel Finance Company Limited	12.94	-
88	Loan processing fees income received in advance	Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	11.44	-
		Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	14.51	-
89	Margins placed with	Edel Investments Limited	-	163.46



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

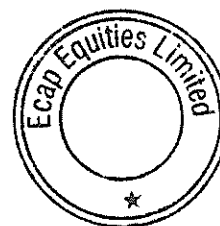
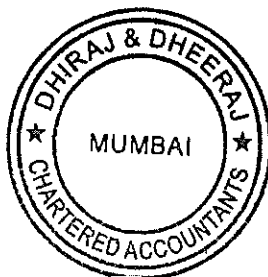
(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

ii. Transactions with related parties (continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
	Off balance sheet item			
90	Corporate guarantee given for	Nido Home Finance Limited	336.56	339.92
		ECL Finance Limited	223.44	220.08
91	Corporate guarantee received from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,142.60	12,855.50

Note:

- * 0.00 represents amount less than Rs. 5,000
- Loan given/taken to/from related parties and margin money placed / refund received with/ from related parties are disclosed based on the total of debit and credit of transaction amount given/taken and placed/refund received during the reporting period.
- As part of fund based activities, intergroup company loans and advances activities undertaken are generally in the nature of loans repayable at any time before maturity. Such loans and advances, voluminous in nature, are carried on at arm's length and in the ordinary course of business. Pursuant to Ind AS 24 – Related Party Disclosures, sum of loans given and repaid are disclosed above as in the view of the management it provides meaningful reflection of such related party transactions on the financial statements. Interest income and expenses on such loans and advances are disclosed on the basis of full amounts of such loans and advances given and repaid.
- Information relating to remuneration paid to key management personnel mentioned above excludes provision made for gratuity, leave encashment and deferred bonus which are provided for group of employees on an overall basis. These are included on cash basis. The variable compensation included herein is on cash basis.
- Disclosure under section 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 for loans and guarantee: Loans have been given for general business purpose.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares and interest on the convertible bond, in each case, net of tax) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
(a) Profit / (loss) after tax (as per statement of profit and loss)	(6,863.11)	5,575.50
(b) Calculation of weighted average number of equity Shares of Rs. 10 each		
Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,84,49,240	1,84,49,240
Number of Shares issued during the year	-	-
Number of shares on conversion of Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs)	95,76,44,110	93,99,40,000
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	97,60,93,350	95,83,89,240
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (based on the date of issue of shares)	97,60,93,350	95,83,89,240
Number of dilutive potential equity shares	-	-
(c) Basic and diluted earnings per share (in rupees) (a)/(b)	(7.03)	5.82

53.1 Contingent liabilities and commitments

(a) Contingent liabilities

The Company has pending taxation matters of Rs. 9.81 million as at balance sheet date (Previous year: Rs. 0.57 million).

Corporate / other guarantee not acknowledged as debt:

Corporate / other guarantee given by the Company on behalf of its group companies which is outstanding as at 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025 is given below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Guarantee to banks for loan facility availed by Group Company	560.00	560.00
Total	560.00	560.00

(b) Commitments

The Company has capital commitments of Rs. NIL towards fixed assets as at the balance sheet date (Previous year: Rs. NIL)

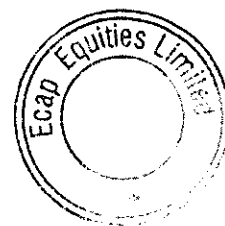
Company has capital commitment towards undrawn commitments for Alternative Investment Funds (refer note 55.8 D)

53.2 Pursuant to the Income Tax Authorities ("the ITA") investigation conducted from March 2, 2023 to March 9, 2023, the Company has received the income tax assessment orders and demand notices for the assessment year 2020-21 to 2023-24, for certain disallowances during the year-to-date March 31, 2025.

Based on the legal opinion obtained, the Management is of the view that the demand is not sustainable and would have no material impact on financial statements and liability is considered as remote and no contingent liability is required to be disclosed.

As per the Company, as at March 31, 2026, the said matter is pending at Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals).

53.3 The Company, entered into an amended agreement dated February 27, 2025. Under this agreement, in the event that the majority investors in a specific Alternative Investment Fund (AIF) do not achieve the agreed Internal Rate of Return (IRR), the Company is obligated to either facilitate the sale of the underlying assets to a third-party buyer or acquire the assets itself to ensure the agreed IRR is delivered. Based on the management's assessment and current estimates of cash flows from the underlying assets, the likelihood of any shortfall requiring such a payout is considered remote.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

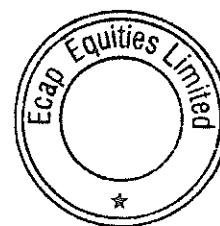
54 Approach to capital management

Company objectives, when managing capital, are to (a) maximise shareholder value and provide benefits to other stakeholders and (b) maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purposes of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, reserves and all instruments that are entirely equity in nature.

Company monitors capital using debt-equity ratio, which is total debt divided by total equity.

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Total Debt	40,392.10	36,430.32
Equity	12,111.39	14,975.78
Net Debt to Equity	3.34	2.43



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55 Risk Management

55.1 Introduction and risk profile

The Company provides a broad range of financial products and services to a substantial and diversified client base that includes corporations, institutions and individuals. The Company's products and services span multiple asset classes and consumer segments across domestic and global geographies. The Company's key lines of business can broadly be classified as below

- o Credit (Corporate Credit)
- o Capital Markets

The Company's diversified businesses acts as an inherent risk management mechanism. However, the prevailing market environment exposes the Company to various risks like credit, market, liquidity, compliance, technology amongst others.

55.2 Risk management strategy:

The strategy at an execution level is supported by -

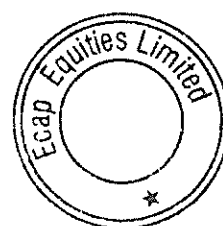
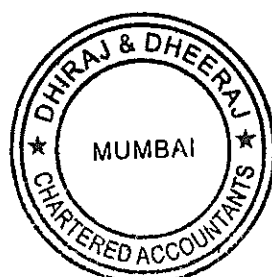
- 1 Risk Management Committee
- 2 Risk Management framework to ensure each risk the Group is exposed to is given due importance and managed through a well-defined framework and guidelines
- 3 Defined exposure limits and thresholds for businesses to operate
- Well-defined Standard Operating Procedures and Product approval framework to ensure risks are mitigated at
- 4 operational level
- 5 Adequate segregation of duties to ensure multi-layered checks and balances
- 6 Exception reporting framework to ensure process and policy deviations are adequately addressed

55.3 Risk management structure

To support the risk strategy and effective risk management, the Company has a Risk Management Committee to oversee the risk management framework.

The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee are as follows:

- o To devise process / framework for management of operational risk,
- o Identifying concerns & risks,
- o Evaluating risks as to consequences & likelihoods,
- o Assessment of options for Risk Management, Investment and Credit Committees
- o Prioritizing the Risk Management efforts,
- o Development of Risk Management Plans,
- o Authorization for the implementation of the Risk Management Plans,
- o Tracking the Risk management efforts and manage accordingly,
- o Follow on Budgeting-Variance Analysis; and
- o Design, develop and implement various measures for cyber security as may be required.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55.4 Risk management framework

The Company has a Risk Framework, which describes the risk management approach and provides clear accountability for managing risk across the Company. The framework is subject to continuous evaluation based on existing internal as well external environment.

The current "Eleven risk framework" covers the following vectors of risks

- o Business Risk
- o Credit Risk
- o Market Risk
- o Liquidity Risk
- o Regulatory Risk
- o Reputation Risk
- o Technology Risk
- o Operational and Process Risk
- o Fraud Risk
- o People Risk
- o Physical and Infrastructure Risk

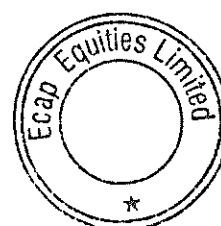
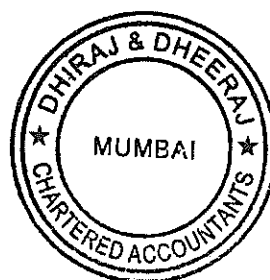
The Company uses different types of tools and techniques for mitigating risk, depending upon the type of risk and quantum. For example:

- o Financial risks are mitigated through thorough counterparty, client assessment before any exposure is taken, and defined product/program level risk limits to ensure exposure does not exceed risk appetite. Committee based approval mechanism is adopted to ensure high exposures are approved with adequate representation and there is no bias in approvals.
- o Non-financial risks viz technology, operational, fraud, etc are mitigated through process documentation defining clear ownership for each activity, having adequate system/process level controls like maker-checker, reconciliation, testing and reviews.
- o Enterprise level risks viz. reputation, compliance, regulatory, etc are controlled through policies and framework, educating employees through training and risk socialisation sessions.

55.5 Excessive risk concentration

Company's diversified business model acts as an inherent mechanism to avoid excessive concentrations of risk.

On the trading portfolio, limit structures have been put in place to address potential concentration risks within each trading portfolio. Any exposure beyond the approved limits and losses exceeding the VaR limits gets reported as an Exception to the Risk Committee and is monitored by the Company and business risk teams.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55.6 Credit risk

55.6.1 Analysis of risk concentration

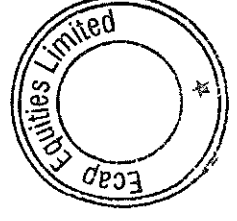
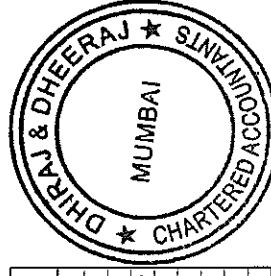
Industry analysis - Risk concentration for 31 March 2026

Particulars	Financial services	Retail and wholesale	Construction	Real Estate	Services	Others	Total
Financial assets							
Derivative financial instruments	127.38	-	-	-	-	-	127.38
Investments carried at fair value through profit and loss	7,942.50	-	-	76.19	-	239.10	8,257.79
Cash and cash equivalent	914.25	-	-	-	-	-	914.25
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent	0.37	-	-	-	-	-	0.37
Trade receivables	296.71	-	0.27	0.29	0.09	3.36	300.72
Loans	4,402.46	844.84	167.83	50.51	1,996.17	491.68	7,953.49
Investments at amortised cost	18,138.19	-	-	4,201.84	-	-	22,340.03
Investments at cost	7,774.26	-	-	-	-	-	7,774.26
Other financial assets	65.31	-	-	-	-	3.90	69.21
	39,661.43	844.84	168.10	4,328.83	1,996.26	738.04	47,737.50
Other Commitments	244.92	-	-	-	-	-	244.92
Total	39,906.35	844.84	168.10	4,328.83	1,996.26	738.04	47,982.42

Industry analysis - Risk concentration for 31 March 2025

Particulars	Financial services	Retail and wholesale	Construction	Real Estate	Services	Others	Total
Financial assets							
Derivative financial instruments	92.63	-	-	-	-	-	92.63
Investments carried at fair value through profit and loss	12,379.32	-	210.11	76.19	-	239.52	12,905.14
Cash and cash equivalent	716.60	-	-	-	-	-	716.60
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent	0.33	-	-	-	-	-	0.33
Trade receivables*	80.47	-	-	-	-	14.20	94.67
Loans	2,425.44	844.84	167.83	288.46	1,996.17	240.37	5,963.11
Investments at amortised cost	15,336.15	-	-	4,201.84	-	-	19,537.99
Investments at cost	7,157.99	-	-	-	-	-	7,157.99
Other financial assets	631.97	-	-	-	-	3.90	635.87
	38,820.90	844.84	377.94	4,566.49	1,996.17	497.99	47,104.33
Other Commitments	240.71	-	-	-	-	-	240.71
Total	39,061.61	844.84	377.94	4,566.49	1,996.17	497.99	47,345.04

* 0.00 represents amount less than Rs. 5,000



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

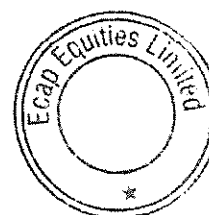
(Currency: Indian Rupees in millions)

55.6 Credit risk (continued)

55.6.2 Collateral held and other credit enhancements

The tables on the following pages show the maximum exposure to credit risk by class of financial asset. They also shows the total fair value of collateral, any surplus collateral (the extent to which the fair value of collateral held is greater than the exposure to which it relates), and the net exposure to credit risk.

	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	Maximum exposure to credit risk	Principal type of collateral	Maximum exposure to credit risk	Principal type of collateral
Financial assets				
Loans:				
Loans - Secured (Gross)	628.09	(Land, real estate property and securities)	628.09	(Land, real estate property and securities)
Loans - Unsecured (Gross)	7,325.40	Unsecured	5,335.02	Unsecured
Trade receivables	300.72	Unsecured	94.67	Unsecured
Debt instruments at amortised cost	22,340.03	Unsecured	19,140.89	Unsecured
Debt instruments at amortised cost	-	Secured	397.10	Secured
Other financial assets	69.21	Unsecured	635.87	Unsecured
Total financial assets at amortised cost Total (A)	30,663.45		26,231.64	
Derivative financial instruments	127.38	Unsecured	92.63	Unsecured
Investments at FVTPL	179.86	Secured	2,714.23	Secured
Investments at FVTPL	8,077.93	Unsecured	10,190.91	Unsecured
Total financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss. Total (B)	8,385.17		12,997.77	
Debt instruments at fair value through OCI	-		-	
Total debt instruments at fair value through OCI	-		-	
Investments at cost (C)	7,774.26		7,157.99	
Total (A) + (B)	46,822.88		46,387.40	
Loan commitments	-		-	
Financial guarantee contracts (Refer note 53.1 (a))	-		-	
Other commitments (max exposure)	-		-	
Total	46,822.88		46,387.40	



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees in millions)

55.6 Credit risk (continued)

55.6.3 Financial assets that are stage III and related collateral held in order to mitigate potential losses are given below:

	31 March 2026				31 March 2025			
	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL)	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of collateral	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL)	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of collateral
Financial assets								
Loans								
Loans - Secured	1,444.32	816.23	528.09	1,490.58	1,444.32	1,069.23	375.09	2,000.66
Loans - Unsecured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets at amortised cost	1,444.32	816.23	528.09	1,490.58	1,444.32	1,069.23	375.09	2,000.66
Debt instruments at fair value through OCI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	1,444.32	816.23	528.09	1,490.58	1,444.32	1,069.23	375.09	2,000.66
Loan commitments								
Financial guarantee contracts								
Total	1,444.32	816.23	528.09	1,490.58	1,444.32	1,069.23	375.09	2,000.66

Company holds collateral (of financial or non-financial assets) and is permitted to sell or repledge the collateral in the case of default by the owner of the collateral. The details of collateral held by the Company on Secured loans is as below:

Assets type	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Land, real estate property and securities	1,490.58	2,000.66
Total	1,490.58	2,000.66



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55.7 Disclosure related to collateral:

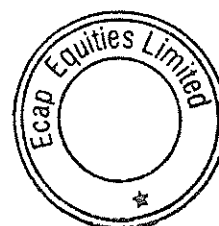
Following table sets out availability of Company's financial assets to support funding:

31 March 2026	Pledge as collateral	others 1*	Available as collateral	others 2**	Total carrying amount
Cash and cash equivalent including bank balance	0.37	914.25	-	-	914.62
Trade receivables	-	300.72	-	-	300.72
Derivative assets	-	-	-	127.38	127.38
Loans	-	7,953.49	-	-	7,953.49
Investments	8,401.46	29,970.62	-	-	38,372.08
Other financial assets	-	-	-	69.21	69.21
Current tax assets (net)	-	-	-	783.54	783.54
Deferred tax assets (net)	-	-	-	2,894.07	2,894.07
Investment property	-	-	795.55	-	795.55
Property, plant and equipment	573.11	-	-	-	573.11
Goodwill	-	-	-	60.94	60.94
Other Intangible assets	-	-	-	0.38	0.38
Other non- financial assets	-	-	-	656.19	656.19
Total assets	8,974.94	39,139.09	795.55	4,591.69	53,501.28

31 March 2025	Pledge as collateral	others 1*	Available as collateral	others 2**	Total carrying amount
Cash and cash equivalent including bank balance	0.33	716.60	-	-	716.93
Trade receivables	-	94.67	-	-	94.67
Derivative assets	-	-	-	92.63	92.63
Loans	-	5,963.11	-	-	5,963.11
Investments	10,603.49	28,997.63	-	-	39,601.12
Other financial assets	-	-	-	635.87	635.87
Current tax assets (net)	-	-	-	357.65	357.65
Deferred tax assets (net)	-	-	-	3,387.42	3,387.42
Investment property	871.40	1.32	-	-	872.72
Property, plant and equipment	535.68	-	-	-	535.68
Goodwill	-	-	-	60.94	60.94
Other Intangible assets	-	-	-	2.56	2.56
Other non- financial assets	-	-	-	901.81	901.81
Total assets	12,010.90	35,773.33	-	5,438.88	53,223.11

* (Represents assets which are not pledged but are kept for asset security cover towards debentures issued and Company believes it is restricted from using to secure funding for legal or other reason)

** (Represents assets which are not restricted for use as collateral, but that the Company would not consider readily available to secure funding in the normal course of business)



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

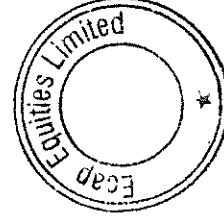
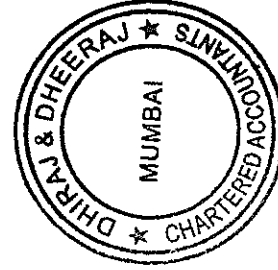
55.8 Remaining contractual maturities

A. Analysis of non-derivative financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities: Repayments which are subject to notice are treated as if notice were to be given immediately. However, the Company expects that the counterparties will not request repayment on the earliest date it could be required to pay.

As at 31 March 2026	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Trade payables	240.20	-	-	-	240.20
Debt securities	5,768.25	10,085.65	9,064.14	7,942.71	32,860.75
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	7,531.33	-	-	7,531.33
Subordinated financial liabilities	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
Other financial liabilities	178.71	20.52	42.15	-	241.38
Total	6,187.16	17,637.50	9,106.29	7,942.72	40,873.67

As at 31 March 2025	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Trade payables	207.29	-	-	-	207.29
Debt securities	1,023.81	4,144.29	28,710.80	-	33,878.90
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	67.87	2,483.54	-	-	2,551.41
Subordinated financial liabilities	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
Other financial liabilities	335.48	-	220.14	-	555.62
Total	1,634.45	6,627.83	28,930.94	0.01	37,193.23



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

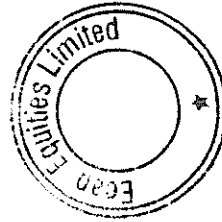
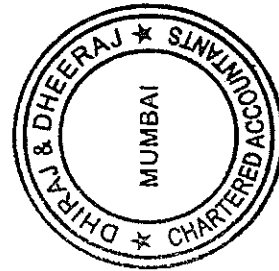
55.8 Remaining contractual maturities

B. Analysis of non-derivative financial assets by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the undiscounted cash flows of the Company's non-derivative financial assets

As at 31 March 2026	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	914.28	-	0.34	-	914.62
Trade receivables	300.72	-	-	-	300.72
Loans	3,735.86	50.51	4,167.12	-	7,953.49
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	652.00	-	-	7,605.79	8,257.79
Investments at cost	3.04	-	-	7,771.22	7,774.26
Investments at amortised cost	1,835.68	3,252.06	1,338.62	15,913.67	22,340.03
Other financial assets	60.08	-	-	9.13	69.21
Total	7,501.66	3,302.57	5,506.08	31,299.81	47,610.12

As at 31 March 2025	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	716.60	-	0.33	-	716.93
Trade receivables	94.67	-	-	-	94.67
Loans	2,622.54	26.72	783.10	2,530.75	5,963.11
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	6,079.91	-	-	6,825.23	12,905.14
Investments at cost	2.93	-	-	7,155.06	7,157.99
Investments at amortised cost	4,200.25	-	397.09	14,940.65	19,537.99
Other financial assets	626.75	-	-	9.13	635.88
Total	14,343.65	26.72	1,180.52	31,460.82	47,011.71



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55.8 Remaining contractual maturities

C. Maturity analysis for derivatives:

All derivatives which are entered into for trading purposes are shown in the earliest time band. With respect to other derivatives, the remaining contractual maturity information has been given based on undiscounted cash flows.

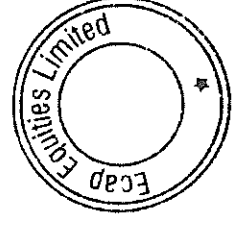
As at 31 March 2026	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Net settled derivatives entered into for trading purposes	-	-	-	-	-
Other net settled derivatives (other than those entered into for trading purposes)	(91.47)	-	-	-	(91.47)
Total	(91.47)	-	-	-	(91.47)

As at 31 March 2025	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Net settled derivatives entered into for trading purposes	(2.35)	-	-	-	(2.35)
Other net settled derivatives (other than those entered into for trading purposes)	(642.62)	-	-	-	(642.62)
Total	(644.97)	-	-	-	(644.97)

D. The table below shows the contractual expiry by maturity of the Company's contingent liabilities and commitments:

As at 31 March 2026	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Undrawn commitments for AIF funds	244.92	-	-	-	244.92
Total	244.92	-	-	-	244.92

As at 31 March 2025	0 to 180 days	181 days to 365 days	1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Undrawn commitments for AIF funds	240.71	-	-	-	240.71
Total	240.71	-	-	-	240.71



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55.9 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Company classifies exposures to market risk into either trading or non-trading portfolios and manages each of those portfolios separately.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) of the Company's statement of profit and loss and equity.

	2025-26				
	Increase in borrowing rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in borrowing rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax
Currency of borrowing / advances	0.25	-	-	0.25	-
INR					

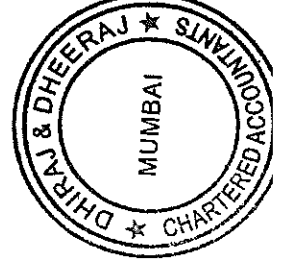
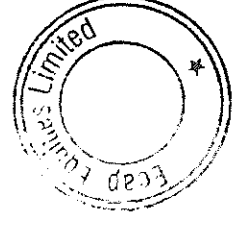
	2025-26				
	Increase in IRF rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in IRF rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax
IRF	5	-	-	5	-
INR					

	2024-25				
	Increase in borrowing rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in borrowing rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax
Currency of borrowing / advances	0.25	(6.25)	-	0.25	6.25
INR					

	2024-25				
	Increase in IRF rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in IRF rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax
IRF	5	(148.11)	-	5	148.11
INR					

(ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arise majorly on account of currency derivative trading.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

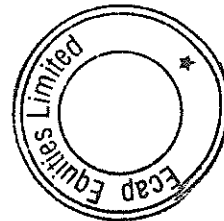
55.9 Market risk

(iii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of individual investment in equity share prices.

2025-26						
Impact on	Increase in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Equity Derivatives	5	50.43	-	5	(50.43)	-
Commodity Derivatives	5	(0.75)	-	5	0.75	-
Equity/ETF	5	20.91	-	5	(20.91)	-
Mutual Fund	5	23.60	-	5	(23.60)	-
Debt securities	5	7.88	-	5	(7.88)	-
Nifty link debenture	5	0.65	-	5	(0.65)	-
AIF Funds	5	344.94	-	5	(344.94)	-

2024-25						
Impact on	Increase in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Equity Derivatives	5	119.88	-	5	(119.88)	-
Commodity Derivatives	5	0.45	-	5	(0.45)	-
Equity/ETF	5	50.27	-	5	(50.27)	-
Mutual Fund	5	89.09	-	5	(89.09)	-
Debt securities	5	73.98	-	5	(73.98)	-
Nifty link debenture	5	64.58	-	5	(64.58)	-
AIF Funds	5	301.52	-	5	(301.52)	-



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

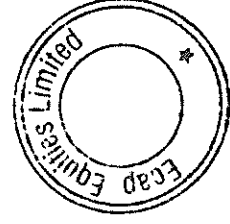
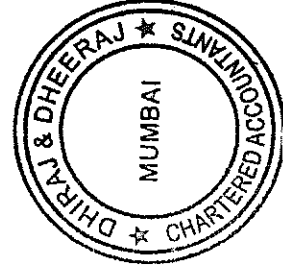
55.9 Market risk

(iv) Index price risk

Index price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of equity indices.

2025-26						
Impact on	Increase in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Derivatives	5	15.67	-	5	(15.67)	-
Embedded derivatives (Nifty-linked debentures)	5	(4.57)	-	5	4.57	-

2024-25						
Impact on	Increase in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Derivatives	5	63.97	-	5	(63.97)	-
Embedded derivatives (Nifty-linked debentures)	5	(32.13)	-	5	32.13	-



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

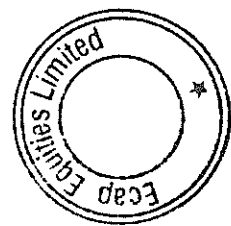
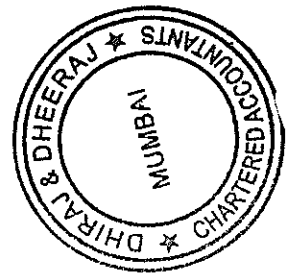
(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

56 Total market risk exposure

Fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Company classifies exposures to market risk into either trading or non-trading portfolios and manages each of those portfolios separately. Such risks the market risk for the trading portfolio is managed and monitored based on a VaR methodology that reflects the interdependency between risk variables. Non-trading positions are managed and monitored using other sensitivity analysis.

Particulars	31 March 2026			31 March 2025		
	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk
Assets						
Cash and cashequivalent and other bank balances	914.62	-	914.62	716.93	-	716.93
Derivative financial instruments	127.38	127.38	-	92.63	92.63	-
Financial assets at FVTPL	8,257.79	8,257.79	-	12,905.14	12,905.14	-
Loans	7,953.49	-	7,953.49	5,963.11	-	5,963.11
Trade receivables	300.72	-	300.72	94.67	-	94.67
Investments at cost	7,774.26	-	7,774.26	7,157.99	-	7,157.99
Financial investments- amortised cost	22,340.03	-	22,340.03	19,537.99	-	19,537.99
Other financial assets	69.21	60.07	9.14	635.87	624.65	11.22
Total	47,737.50	8,445.24	39,292.26	47,104.33	13,622.42	33,481.91

Particulars	31 March 2026			31 March 2025		
	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk
Liability						
Borrowings (other than debt Securities)	7,531.33	-	7,531.33	2,551.41	-	2,551.41
Derivative financial instruments	218.85	218.85	-	737.60	737.60	-
Debt securities	32,860.75	-	32,860.75	33,878.90	-	33,878.90
Trade payables	240.20	-	240.20	207.29	-	207.29
Subordinated liabilities	0.01	-	0.01	0.01	-	0.01
Other liabilities	241.38	-	241.38	555.62	-	555.62
Total	41,092.52	218.85	40,873.67	37,930.83	737.60	37,193.23



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

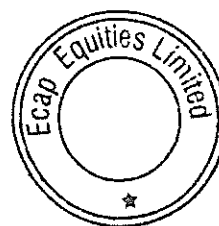
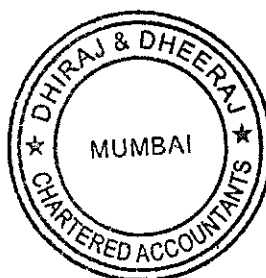
(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57 Fair values of financial instruments

(a) Fair values of assets and liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2026			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (assets):				
Exchange-traded derivatives	-	-	-	-
Embedded derivative assets in market-linked debentures	-	-	127.38	127.38
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)	-	-	127.38	127.38
Investments				
Debt securities	-	163.13	3.79	166.92
Market-linked debentures	-	-	13.06	13.06
Mutual fund units	472.01	-	-	472.01
Equity instruments	-	-	288.76	288.76
Units of Alternative Investment Funds	-	-	6,898.79	6,898.79
Preference shares	-	-	315.29	315.29
Other debt securities	-	-	102.96	102.96
Total investments measured at fair value	472.01	163.13	7,622.65	8,257.79
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	472.01	163.13	7,750.03	8,385.17

Particulars	31 March 2026			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis -				
Exchange-traded derivatives	34.27	-	-	34.27
Embedded derivatives in market-linked debentures	-	-	218.85	218.85
Total derivative financial instruments (liabilities)	34.27	-	218.85	253.13
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Provision for short sale - SLBM trading	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities at FVTPL	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis	34.27	-	218.85	253.13



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

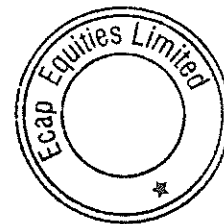
(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

(a) Fair values of assets and liabilities (continued)

Particulars	31 March 2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (assets):				
Exchange-traded derivatives	32.36	0.11	-	32.47
Embedded derivative assets in market-linked debentures	-	-	76.73	76.73
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)	32.36	0.11	76.73	109.20
Investments				
Debt securities	-	1,524.36	1,271.75	2,796.11
Market-linked debentures	-	-	1,291.53	1,291.53
Mutual fund units	1,781.75	-	-	1,781.75
Equity instruments*	588.55	-	0.42	588.97
Units of Alternative Investment Funds	-	-	6,030.34	6,030.34
Preference shares	-	-	315.29	315.29
Other debt securities	-	-	101.15	101.15
Total investments measured at fair value	2,370.30	1,524.36	9,010.48	12,905.14
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	2,402.66	1,524.47	9,087.21	13,014.34

Particulars	31 March 2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis -				
Exchange-traded derivatives	50.52	0.14	-	50.66
Embedded derivatives in market-linked debentures	-	-	719.35	719.35
Total derivative financial instruments (liabilities)	50.52	0.14	719.35	770.01
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss -				
Provision for short sale - SLBM trading	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities at FVTPL	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis	50.52	0.14	719.35	770.01



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

Fair valuation techniques:

(i) Debt securities

Whilst most of these instruments are standard fixed or floating rate securities, however nifty linked debentures have embedded derivative characteristics. Fair value of these instruments is derived based on the indicative quotes of price and yields prevailing in the market as at the reporting date. Company has used quoted price of national stock exchange wherever bonds are traded actively. In cases where debt securities are not actively traded Company has used CRISIL Corporate Bond Valuer model for measuring fair value.

(ii) Equity instruments, Preference shares, Mutual fund units and units of Alternative Investment Funds

The majority of equity instruments and mutual fund units are actively traded on recognized stock exchanges with readily available active prices on a regular basis. Such instruments are classified as Level 1. Units held in Alternative Investment Funds are measured based on fund net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such instruments are generally Level 3. Equity instruments and preference shares in non-listed entities are initially recognised at transaction price and re-measured at each reporting date at valuation provided by external valuer at instrument level. Unlisted equity securities are classified at Level 3.

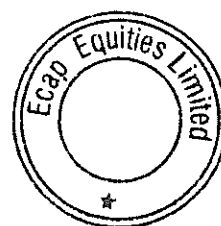
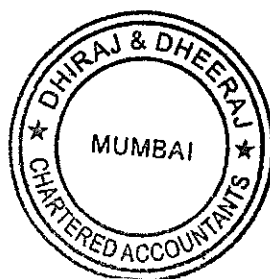
(iii) Derivatives

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments with various counter-parties, primarily banks with investment grade credit ratings. Derivatives valued using valuation techniques with market observable inputs are exchange traded futures and options contracts. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include quoted price for exchange traded derivatives and Black Scholes models (for option valuation).

(iv) Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative.

Company uses valuation models. Inputs to valuation models are determined from observable market (Indices) data wherever possible, including prices available from exchanges, dealers, brokers. Company classify these embedded derivative as level 3 instruments.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

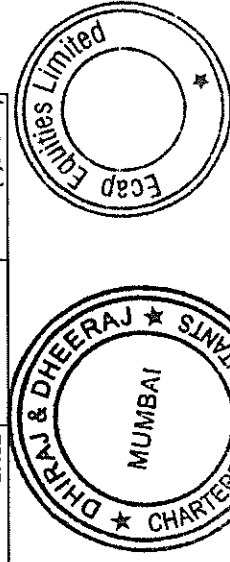
57 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

(b) Movement in level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening balances and the closing balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Particulars	Investments in other debt securities	Investments in Nifty linked debentures	Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures Assets	Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures Liabilities	Investments in units of AIF	Investments in debt securities and preference shares	Investments in unquoted equity shares	Total
At 1 April 2025	1,271.75	1,291.53	76.73	(719.35)	6,030.34	416.44	0.42	8,367.86
Purchase	-	1,184.83	-	-	2,374.62	-	288.76	3,848.21
Sales / Redemption	(966.29)	(2,525.88)	-	-	(796.52)	-	-	(4,288.69)
Issuances	-	-	-	(27.18)	-	-	-	(27.18)
Settlements / Redemption	-	-	(12.35)	522.83	-	-	-	510.48
Gains / (losses) for the period (2025-26) recognised in profit or loss (including accrued interest)	(301.67)	62.58	63.00	4.85	(709.65)	1.82	(0.42)	(879.49)
At 31 March 2026	3.79	13.06	127.38	(218.85)	6,898.79	418.26	288.76	7,531.19
Unrealised gains / (losses) related to balances held at the end of the period	(333.95)	2.03	62.99	4.84	(2,119.98)	19.62	-	(2,364.45)

Particulars	Investments in other debt securities	Investments in Nifty linked debentures	Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures Assets	Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures Liabilities	Investments in units of AIF	Investments in debt securities and preference shares	Investments in unquoted equity shares	Total
At 1 April 2024	173.61	2,317.39	189.51	(625.32)	7,040.53	404.23	0.42	9,500.37
Purchase	1,124.22	247.22	-	-	-	-	-	1,371.44
Sales / Redemption	(26.25)	(1,285.04)	-	-	(385.87)	-	-	(1,697.16)
Issuances	-	-	-	(1.05)	-	-	-	(1.05)
Settlements / Redemption	-	-	(6.44)	4.56	-	-	-	(1.88)
Gains / (losses) for the period (2024-25) recognised in profit or loss	0.17	11.96	(106.34)	(97.54)	(624.32)	12.21	-	(803.86)
At 31 March 2025	1,271.75	1,291.53	76.73	(719.35)	6,030.34	416.44	0.42	8,367.86
Unrealised gains / (losses) related to balances held at the end of the period	(32.33)	(18.22)	(106.35)	(97.55)	(1,286.75)	17.82	-	(1,523.38)



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

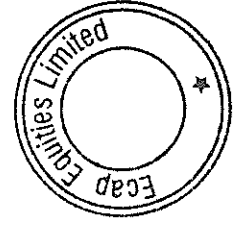
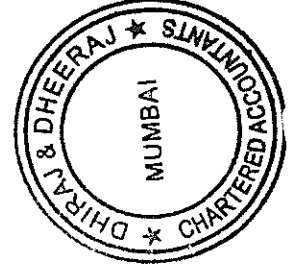
(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

(c) Unobservable inputs used in measuring fair value categorised within Level 3 :

Following tables set out information about significant unobservable inputs used at respective balance sheet dates in measuring financial instruments categorised as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy:

Type of financial instruments	Fair value of asset as on 31 March 2026	Fair value of liability as on 31 March 2026	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable input	Range of estimates (weighted-average) for unobservable input	Increase in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value	Decrease in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value
Investments in other debt securities	3.79	-	Discounted cash flow	Expected future cash flows	Rs. 100 to 10,994 per debenture	5%	-	5%	-
Investments in Nifty linked debentures	13.06	-	Fair value of index	Discount rate	12%	0.5%	-	0.5%	-
Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures	127.38	(218.85)	Fair value of index	Price per debenture	Rs 101,056 to 235,111 per debenture	5%	0.65	5%	(0.65)
Investments in units of AIF	6,898.79	-	Net assets approach	Index levels	-	5%	(4.57)	5%	4.57
Investments in debt securities and preference shares	418.26	-	Comparable transaction and P/E	Fair value of underlying investments	Rs. 117 to 226,554 per Unit	5%	344.94	5%	(344.94)
Investments in unquoted equity shares	288.76	-	Comparable transaction and P/E	Fair value per share	Rs. 24 to 214,140 per share	5%	20.91	5%	(20.91)
Total	7,750.05	(218.85)		Fair value per share	Rs. 7.80 per share	5%	14.44	5%	(14.44)
							376.37		(376.37)



Ecap Equities Limited

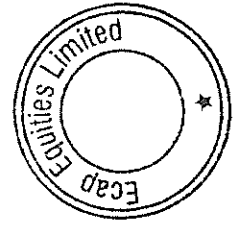
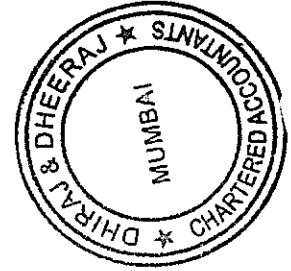
Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

(c) Unobservable inputs used in measuring fair value categorised within Level 3 (continued):

Type of financial instruments	Fair value of asset as on 31 March 2025	Fair value of liability as on 31 March 2025	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable input	Range of estimates (weighted-average) for unobservable input	Increase in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value	Decrease in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value
Investments in other debt securities	1,271.75	-	Discounted cash flow	Expected future cash flows	Rs. 1,667 to 632,359 per debenture	5%	-	5%	-
Investments in Nifty linked debentures	1,291.53	-	Fair value of index	Discount rate	12%	0.5%	-	0.5%	-
Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures	76.73	(719.35)	Fair value of index	Price per debenture	Rs. 100,000 to 215,101 per debenture	5%	64.58	5%	(64.58)
Investments in units of AIF	6,030.34	-	Net assets approach	Index levels	-	5%	(32.13)	5%	32.13
Investments in debt securities and preference shares	416.44	-	Comparable transaction and P/E	Fair value of underlying investments	Rs. 8,987 to 175,152 per Unit	5%	301.52	5%	(301.52)
Investments in unquoted equity shares	0.42	-	Comparable transaction and P/E	Fair value per share	Rs. 24 to 214,140 per share	5%	20.82	5%	(20.82)
Total	9,087.21	(719.35)		Fair value per share	Rs. 386 per share	5%	0.02	5%	(0.02)
							354.81		(354.81)



Ecap Equities Limited**Notes to the financial statements (Continued)**

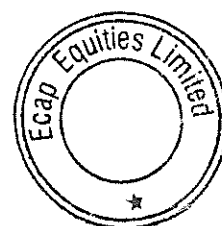
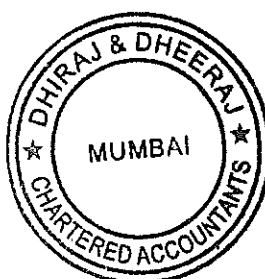
(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)**(d) Financial instruments not measured at fair value**

The following table sets out the fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value and analysing them by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which each fair value measurement is categorised.

31 March 2026					
Particulars	Total carrying amount	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:					
Loans	7,953.49	7,953.49	-	-	7,953.49
Investments at amortised cost	22,340.03	22,340.03	-	22,340.03	-
Investments at cost	7,774.26	7,774.26	-	7,774.26	-
Total	38,067.78	38,067.78	-	30,114.29	7,953.49
Financial liabilities:					
Debt securities	32,860.75	32,860.75	-	32,860.75	-
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	7,531.33	7,531.33	-	7,531.33	-
Subordinated liabilities	0.01	0.01	-	0.01	-
Total	40,392.09	40,392.09	-	40,392.09	-

31 March 2025					
Particulars	Total carrying amount	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:					
Loans	5,963.11	5,963.11	-	-	5,963.11
Investments at amortised cost	19,537.99	19,537.99	-	19,537.99	-
Investments at cost	7,157.98	7,157.98	-	7,157.98	-
Total	32,659.08	32,659.08	-	26,695.98	5,963.11
Financial liabilities:					
Debt securities	33,878.90	33,878.90	-	33,878.90	-
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	2,551.41	2,551.41	-	2,551.41	-
Subordinated liabilities	0.01	0.01	-	0.01	-
Total	36,430.32	36,430.32	-	36,430.32	-



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

58 Disclosure pursuant to IND AS 19 - Employee benefits

(a) Defined contribution plan (provident fund)

Amount of Rs. 22.23 million (Previous year: Rs. 9.16 million) is recognised as expenses and included in "Employee benefit" – Note 45 in the statement of profit and loss.

(b) Defined benefit plan (gratuity):

The following tables summarise the components of the net employee benefit expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan.

Statement of profit and loss of the year:

Net employee benefit expenses (recognised in employee cost):

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Current service cost	10.18	1.89
Interest on defined benefit obligation	3.29	1.30
Past service cost	26.87	-
Actuarial loss/(gain)	-	-
Total included in employee benefit expenses	40.34	3.19

Balance sheet:

Details of provision for gratuity:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Liability at the end of the year	89.71	19.33
Amount in balance sheet	89.71	19.33

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Liability at the beginning of the year	19.34	18.06
Transfer in/(out)	32.90	0.50
Interest cost	3.29	1.30
Current service cost	10.18	1.89
Past service cost	26.87	-
Benefits paid	(4.72)	(2.89)
Re-measurement	1.85	0.48
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations	-	-
Liability at the end of the year	89.71	19.34

Non-current liability at the end of the year

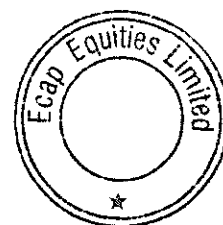
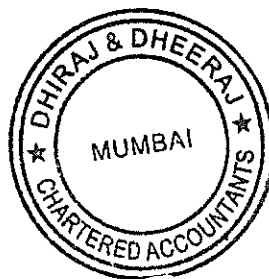
75.90

16.18

Current liability at the end of the year

13.81

3.16



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

58 Disclosure pursuant to IND AS 19 - Employee benefits (continued)

Amount recognised in the balance sheet:

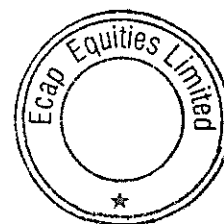
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Liability at the end of the year	89.71	19.34
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	-	-
Interest cost	89.71	19.34

Experience adjustment:

	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
On plan liabilities (gain)/loss	1.85	(0.24)	0.10	0.39	0.03
On plan assets (gain)/loss	-	-	-	-	-
Estimated contribution for next year	1.85	(0.24)	0.10	0.39	0.03

Principle actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Discount rate current	6.30%	6.30%
Salary escalation current	7.00%	7.00%
Employees attrition rate	16%	16%
Excepted return on plan assets	7.00%	7.00%
Mortality rate	IALM 2012-14 (Ult.)	IALM 2012-14 (Ult.)



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

58 Disclosure pursuant to IND AS 19 - Employee benefits (continued)

Movement in other comprehensive income

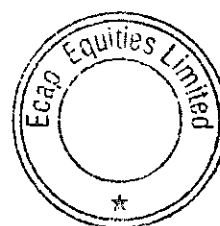
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Balance at start of year (Loss)/ Gain	0.76	1.24
Re-measurements on defined benefit obligation		
a) Actuarial Loss/(Gain) from changes in demographic assumptions	-	-
b) Actuarial Loss/(Gain) from changed in financials assumptions	-	(0.72)
c) Actuarial Loss/(Gain) from experience over last past year	(1.85)	0.24
Re-measurements on plan assets		
Return on plan assets excluding amount including in net interest on the net defined benefit liability / (asset)	-	-
Balance at end of year (Loss)/ Gain	(1.09)	0.76

Sensitivity analysis:

DBO increases/ (decreases) by	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
1% Increase in Salary Growth Rate	4.17	0.77
1% Decrease in Salary Growth Rate	(3.94)	(0.74)
1% Increase in Discount Rate	(3.93)	(0.73)
1% Decrease in Discount Rate	4.24	0.79
1% Increase in Withdrawal Rate	(0.14)	(0.03)
1% Decrease in Withdrawal Rate	0.16	0.03
		Negligible
Mortality (increase in expected lifetime by 1 year)	3	Change
Mortality (increase in expected lifetime by 3 years)	8	1,000.00

Movement in surplus / (deficit)

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Surplus / (Deficit) at start of year	(19.34)	(18.06)
Net Transfer (In)/ Out	(32.90)	(0.50)
Current Service Cost	(10.18)	(1.89)
Benefits Paid	4.72	2.89
Past Service Cost	(26.87)	-
Net Interest on net DBO	(3.29)	(1.30)
Re-measurements	(1.85)	(0.48)
Surplus / (Deficit) at end of year	(89.71)	(19.34)



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

59 Other Disclosures

(i) Details of Benami Property held

There have been no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

(ii) During the year, the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall :

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(ii) provide any guarantee, security, or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(iii) During the year, the Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall :

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(ii) provide any guarantee, security, or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(iv) Disclosure of Ratios

Sr. No.	Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
1	Total debts to total assets (refer note 1)	0.75	0.68
2	Net profit margin (%) (refer note 2)	-343.02%	18.82%
3	Debt service coverage ratio (refer note 3)	-0.22	1.84
4	Interest Service Coverage Ratio (refer note 4)	-0.43	2.10

1. Total debts to total assets = Total Debt / Total assets

2. Net profit margin (%) = Net profit after tax / Total Income

3. Debt Service Coverage Ratio = Profit before interest and tax/ (Interest Expense + Principal repayment in next six months)

4. Interest Service Coverage Ratio = Profit before interest and tax/Interest expense

(v) Wilful Defaulter

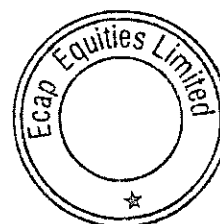
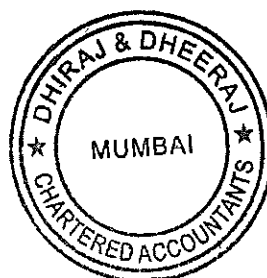
The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any other lender.

(vi) Relationship with Struck off Companies

There are no transactions with the companies struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

(vii) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)

The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

59 Other Disclosures (continued)

(viii) Undisclosed income

The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

(ix) Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.

(x) Loans or advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person

During the year the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person.

(a) repayable on demand or

(b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment

(xi) Revaluation of PPE

The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of use assets) or intangible assets during the year ended March 31, 2026.

(xii) Declaration of Dividend

During the year Company has not declared or paid any dividend.

(xiii) The Company has a process whereby periodically all long term contracts (including derivative contracts) are assessed for material foreseeable losses. At the year end, the Company has reviewed and ensured that adequate provision as required under any law/ accounting standards for material foreseeable losses on such long term contracts (including derivative contracts) has been made in the books of accounts.

(xiv) Events after reporting date

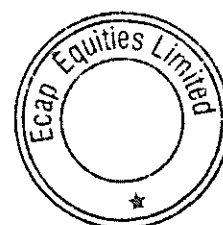
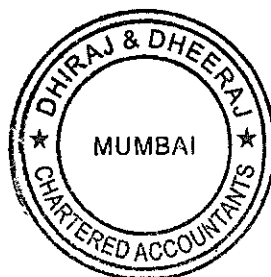
The Company has evaluated all events that occur after balance sheet date through the date when the financial statements were issued to determine if they must be reported. The management of the Company determined that there were no reportable subsequent events.

(xv) Details of borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets

The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores in aggregate from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets.

(xvi) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.



Ecap Equities Limited**Notes to the financial statements (Continued)**

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

60 Cash flow disclosure

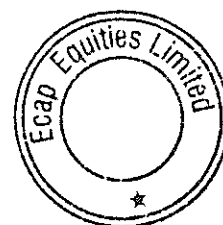
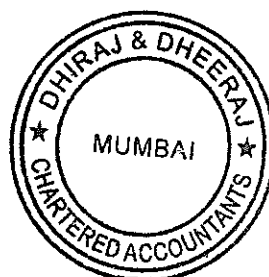
Change in liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	01 April 2025	Cash flows	Changes in fair values	Others*	31 March 2026
Debt securities	33,878.90	(3,534.18)	-	2,516.03	32,860.75
Borrowings other than debt securities	2,551.41	4,876.46	-	103.46	7,531.33
Subordinated Liabilities	0.01	-	-	-	0.01
Total liabilities from financing activities	36,430.32	1,342.28	-	2,619.49	40,392.09

* Others Includes interest accrued but not paid on financing liabilities.

Particulars	01 April 2024	Cash flows	Changes in fair values	Others*	31 March 2025
Debt securities	34,691.51	(264.99)	-	(547.62)	33,878.90
Borrowings other than debt securities	4,803.68	(2,216.56)	-	(35.71)	2,551.41
Subordinated liabilities	0.01	-	-	-	0.01
Total liabilities from financing activities	39,495.20	(2,481.55)	-	(583.33)	36,430.32

* Others Includes interest accrued but not paid on financing liabilities.



Ecap Equities Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

61 Prior period comparatives

Previous year's figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary to conform to current year's presentation
As per our report of even date attached.

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 102454W

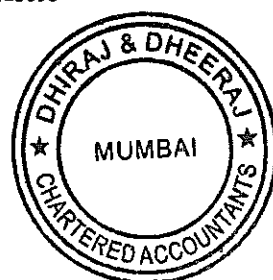
CA Shailendra Dadhich

Partner

Membership No.: 425098

Mumbai

27 April 2026



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Piyush Chamria

Executive Director

DIN: 08814424

Swadesh Agrawal

Executive Director and Company Secretary

DIN: 10417688

Ritesh S Jain

Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai

27 April 2026

