

Edel Finance Company Limited

Corporate Identification Number: U65920MH1989PLC053909

Annual Report - FY 2023-24

BOARD'S REPORT

To the Members of Edel Finance Company Limited,

Your Directors hereby present the 35th Board's Report on the business, operations and state of affairs of the Company together with the audited financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2024:

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

I. Standalone Financial Performance:

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Total Income	4,046.85	3,105.92
Total Expenditure	3,904.37	2,243.12
Profit before Tax	142.48	862.80
Provision for Tax (including deferred tax benefit/(expense)	(649.00)	208.78
Profit after Tax	791.48	654.02
Other comprehensive Loss	2.31	0.14
Total comprehensive	793.79	654.16
Earnings per share (Rs.) (Face Value of Rs. 100 each):-		
Basic	7.75	9.04
Diluted	7.75	9.04

II. Consolidated Financial Performance:

(Rs. in million)

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Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Total Income	18,065.43	10,081.49
Total Expenditure	20,078.29	11,468.01
Loss before share in profit of associates and tax	(2,012.86)	(1,386.52)
Share in Profit/(Loss) of associates	333.78	(106.31)
Loss before tax	(1,679.08)	(1,492.83)
Tax Expenses	(1,067.01)	503.95
Loss after tax for the year	(612.07)	(1,996.78)
Other Comprehensive Income	(120.43)	(0.60)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(732.50)	(1,997.38)
Profit/(Loss) for the year attributable to:-		
Owners of the parent	(559.78)	(2,015.10)
Non-Controlling interests	(52.29)	18.32
Other Comprehensive Income /(Loss) attributable to:-		
Owners of the parent	(120.12)	(0.72)
Non-Controlling interests	(0.31)	0.12
Total Comprehensive Income /(Loss) attributable to:-		
Owners of the parent	(679.90)	(2,015.82)
Non-Controlling interests	(52.60)	18.44
Earnings per Equity Share (Rs.) (Face Value of Rs.100 each):-		
Basic	(5.47)	(27.84)
Diluted	(5.47)	(27.84)

INFORMATION ON THE STATE OF AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

Information on the operational and financial performance, is given in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report, forming part of this Report, and is in accordance with the applicable Directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI').

During the financial year ended March 31, 2024, the total consolidated income was Rs.18,065.43 million as compared to Rs. 10,081.49 million during the previous year. The loss for the year was Rs. 612.07 million as against loss of Rs. 1,996.78 million in the previous year.

During the financial year ended March 31, 2024, total standalone income was Rs. 4,046.85 million as compared to Rs. 3,105.92 million during the previous year. The profit after tax for the year was Rs. 791.48 million as against profit of Rs. 654.02 million in the previous year.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements (both consolidated and standalone) are prepared in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder ('the Act') and the applicable Accounting Standards and forms part of this Report.

The Auditors' Report issued by M/s. Dhiraj & Dheeraj, Chartered Accountants, the Auditors of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 is unmodified and is annexed to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, the Company had allotted 2,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100/each aggregating to Rs. 200 crores to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, the holding company, on rights basis.

Consequently, as at March 31, 2024, the total paid-up share capital of the Company stood at Rs. 11,21,67,388 divided into 9,56,67,388 Equity Shares of the face value of Rs. 100/- each and 1,65,00,000 Preference Shares of the face value of Rs. 100/- each.

FINANCE

During the year under review, the Company issued Non-convertible Debentures (NCDs) on private placement basis.

During the year under review, the Company had also allotted 80,00,000 – 0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures of the face value of Rs. 1,000 each aggregating to Rs. 800 crores to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, the holding company, on rights basis.

SUBSIDIARIES

With effect from March 28, 2024, ECL Finance Limited has become a subsidiary of the Company.

The salient features of the financial statements of each of the subsidiaries as required under the Act is provided in the financial statements in Form AOC-1. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are available on the website of the Company at <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com</u>. Any Member interested in obtaining a copy of financial statements of the subsidiaries may write to the Company Secretary.

LOANS, INVESTMENTS AND GUARANTEES

Particulars of loans given, investments made, guarantees given and securities provided are reported in the financial statements, forming part of this Annual Report.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All the Related Party Transactions entered by the Company are on arm's length and in the ordinary course of business. The Company has not entered into transactions with the Promoters, Directors and Key Managerial Personnel, which may have potential conflict of interest with the Company.

In accordance with the provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('the Listing Regulations'), the Company has formulated the Related Party Transactions Policy, which is available on the website of the Company at <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com</u>.

Particulars of contracts or arrangements with the related parties as prescribed in Section 188 of the Act and forming part of this Report is provided in in Form AOC-2 annexed as Annexure I to this Report. All the Related Party Transactions as required under the applicable Accounting Standards are reported in the financial statements.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

(i) Independent Directors

In accordance with the provisions of Section 149 of the Act and the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have given a declaration that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in the said Section and in the Listing Regulations. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors are persons of integrity and possess relevant expertise, experience and proficiency.

(ii) Executive Directors

Pursuant to the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board, subject to the approval of the Members, had appointed Ms. Vidya Shah (00274831) as an Executive Director for a period of 3 years w.e.f. August 3, 2023.

The Members at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on August 18, 2023, had approved the appointment of Ms. Vidya Shah and Ms. Ananya Suneja as Executive Directors.

(iii) Non-executive Directors

Ms. Priyadeep Chopra (DIN: 00079353), who was appointed as Director by the Members at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on August 18, 2023, retires by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, has offered herself for re-appointment.

(iv) Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)

Ms. Christina D'souza was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company w.e.f. February 10, 2024, in place of Mr. Tarun Khurana.

Ms. Christina D'souza is also the Company Secretary of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited, wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (ERCSL) and draws remuneration from ERCSL.

NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS HELD

During the year ended March 31, 2024, the Board met 6 times. The details of the Board meetings and the attendance of the Directors at the meetings are provided in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Report.

REMUNERATION POLICY

The Company has formulated a Remuneration Policy pursuant to Section 178 of the Act and the Listing Regulations. The Policy is provided as Annexure II to this Report.

EVALUATION OF THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BOARD

A Board Evaluation Policy (the Policy) for evaluating the performance of the Board, its Committees, the Executive Directors, the Non-executive Directors and the Independent Directors has been adopted by the Company. The Policy *inter alia* provides the criteria for performance evaluation such as Board effectiveness, quality of discussion, contribution at the meetings, business acumen, strategic thinking, time commitment, relationship with the stakeholders, corporate governance practices, review of the terms of reference of the Committees and the contribution of the Committees to the Board in discharging its functions, etc.

A separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held wherein the annual performance of the Non-Independent Directors, performance of the Board as a whole (including the Committees) in terms of the provisions of the Act, the Listing Regulations and the Guidance Note issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India in this regard was discussed.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. The Company's internal control system is designed to ensure operational efficiency, protection and conservation of resources, accuracy and promptness in financial reporting and compliance with the laws and regulations. The internal control system is also supported by an internal audit process.

M/s. JHS & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants, were appointed as Internal Auditors of your Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

Risk management is an integral part of the Company's business strategy that seeks to minimise adverse impact on business objectives and capitalise on opportunities. The Group Risk Management Committee oversees the risk management framework of the Company through regular and proactive intervention by identifying risks and formulating mitigation plans. Further details are provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis Section forming part of this Report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises of the following Independent Directors of the Company:

Dr. Vinod Juneja (Chairman) Mr. Atul Ambavat Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar.

Further details of the Audit Committee are provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Report.

WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY/ VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy to report genuine concerns/grievances. The Policy is available on the website of the Company at: <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com.</u>

The Policy provides for adequate safeguards against victimisation of the persons who use the vigil mechanism. The vigil mechanism is overseen by the Audit Committee.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

The Board has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee in accordance with the provisions of the Act. As of date, the CSR Committee comprises of:

Ms. Vidya Shah- Executive DirectorMs. Ananya Suneja- Executive Director.Mr. Atul Ambavat- Independent Director

A report on the Corporate Social Responsibility in accordance with the provisions of the Section 135 of the Act is provided in Annexure III to this Report. The CSR Policy is available on the website of the Company at: <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com</u>.

Further, details of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee are provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Report.

AUDITORS

In accordance with the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder (the Act) and the Guidelines issued by the RBI, M/s. Dhiraj & Dheeraj, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 102454W) were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company by the Members at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on December 27, 2021. M/s. Dhiraj & Dheeraj, Chartered Accountants, Statutory Auditors of the Company hold office until the conclusion of the forthcoming Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company.

The Board of Directors of the Company, based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee, at its Meeting held on August 1, 2024 had subject to the approval of the Members, approved the appointment of M/s. Tambi & Jaipurkar, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 115954W) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company, to hold office from the conclusion of the ensuing AGM till the conclusion of the 38th AGM to be held in the calendar year 2027.

M/s. Tambi & Jaipurkar, Chartered Accountants, have confirmed their eligibility and qualification required under the Act and the Guidelines issued by the RBI, for holding the office as Auditors of the Company.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

M/s. Sahani & Kothari Associates, Company Secretaries, were appointed as the Secretarial Auditors to conduct the Secretarial Audit for the financial year ended March 31, 2024. The Report of the Secretarial Auditors is provided as Annexure IV to this Report. The Secretarial Audit Report is unmodified.

PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

The Company has a Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace. No cases were reported during the year under review. There were no complaints pending as on March 31, 2024. The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS/ OUTGO

A. Conservation of energy

- i. The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy The operations of the Company are not energy intensive. However, adequate measures have been taken for conservation of energy wherever possible.
- ii. The steps taken by the Company for utilising alternate sources of energy Though the operations of the Company are not energy intensive, the Company explores alternative sources of energy, as and when the necessity arises.
- iii. The capital investment on energy conservation equipments Nil.

B. Technology absorption

- i. The efforts made towards technology absorption The Company extensively uses the information technology in its operations and has absorbed the technology required in this regard.
- ii. The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution The Company has leveraged the technology to optimise cost reduction and product development.

- iii. In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year):
 - (a) the details of technology imported: Not Applicable
 - (b) the year of import: Not Applicable
 - (c) whether the technology has been fully absorbed: Not Applicable
 - (d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof: Not Applicable
- iv. The expenditure incurred on Research and Development Not Applicable.

C. Foreign exchange earnings and outgo

During the year under review, there was no foreign exchange inflow (previous year: Nil) and no foreign exchange outgo (previous year: Nil).

OTHER DISCLOSURES

- i) There are no significant material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company that occurred between the end of financial year and the date of this Report.
- ii) There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.
- iii) There was no revision in the financial statements of the Company.
- iv) There was no application made or proceeding pending against the Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. There was no instance of one-time settlement with any Bank/Financial Institution in respect of loan taken by the Company.
- v) No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- vi) No fraud has been reported by the Auditors to the Audit Committee and the Board.
- vii) Disclosure pertaining to maintenance of cost records as specified under the Act is not applicable to the Company.
- viii) The Company has not issued equity shares with differential voting rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.

- ix) The Company has not accepted any deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act.
- x) The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Sections 92 and 134 of the Act, the Annual Return as at March 31, 2024 in Form MGT-7, is available on the website of the Company at: <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com</u>.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintain the highest standards of Corporate Governance and adheres to the Corporate Governance requirements set out by SEBI. The Company has implemented several best governance practices.

Pursuant to the Listing Regulations, the Report on Corporate Governance together with the certificate issued by M/s. Sahani & Kothari Associates, Company Secretaries, on compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance during the financial year ended March 31, 2024 is provided in Annexure V and forms part of this Report.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134 of the Act, the Directors confirm that:

- i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable Accounting Standards have been followed;
- ii) such accounting policies have been selected and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024 and the profits of the Company for the financial year ended on that date;
- iii) proper and sufficient care had been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- v) internal financial controls have been laid down and the same are adequate and were operating effectively; and

vi) proper systems had been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Board acknowledges the valuable guidance and continued support extended by the Reserve Bank of India, the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Stock Exchanges, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, other government authorities, Banks and other stakeholders. Your Directors would also like to take this opportunity to express their appreciation for the dedicated efforts of the employees of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board **Edel Finance Company Limited**

Vidya Shah Executive Director DIN: 00274831 Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN: 07297081

August 1, 2024

Edel Finance Company Limited

Form AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto:

I. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: None

r	~	1	1	1			ł	(₹ in million)	
Sr. No.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	Date of approval by the Board	Amount paid as advances, if any	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	
	Not Applicable								

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(₹ in million)

Sr. No.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transact ions	Duration of the contracts/arrang ements/transact ions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	Date of approval by the Board	Amount paid as advance s, if any
1	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	Purchase of equity shares		26,408.40	January 30, 2023	
2	Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	Purchase of equity shares		329.87	January 30, 2023	
3	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	Interest expense on loans taken		1,768.01	January 30, 2023	

For Edel Finance Company Limited

Vidya Shah **Executive Director** DIN: 00274831

Ananya Suneja **Executive Director** DIN: 07297081

August 1, 2024

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Annexure II

Remuneration Policy

Objective

The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') requires a Company to frame policy for determining the remuneration payable to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs) and other employees.

The objective of the Remuneration Policy (the Policy) of the Company is to provide a framework for the remuneration of the Independent Directors, Non-executive Directors, Managing Director/Executive Directors, KMPs, and other Senior level employees of the Company.

The objective of this Policy is to ensure that:

- i. the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain talent required to run the company successfully;
- ii. relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
- iii. remuneration to the Directors, KMPs and senior management comprises a balance of fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

Remuneration of the Independent Directors & Non- executive Directors

- The Independent Directors & Non-executive Directors are eligible for sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof.
- The Independent Directors & Non-executive Directors are also eligible for commission, subject to limits prescribed under the Act and the Rules framed there under.
- The Independent Directors are not eligible for stock options.
- The Non-executive Directors (other than promoter Directors) shall be eligible for stock options.

Remuneration of the Managing Director & Executive Directors

• The remuneration of the Managing Director/Executive Directors is recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ('NRC') to the Board. Based on the recommendations of the NRC, the Board determines and approves the remuneration of the Managing Director/Executive Directors, subject to necessary approvals, if any.

- The remuneration paid to the Managing Director/Executive Directors is within the limits prescribed under the Act and approved by the shareholders of the Company. The remuneration structure includes fixed salary, perquisites, bonus, other benefits and allowances and contribution to Funds, etc.
- The Executive Directors (other than the promoter Directors) shall be eligible for stock options.

Remuneration of the KMP (other than Executive Directors) and Senior level employees

- The key components of remuneration package of the KMP (other than Executive Directors) and Senior level employees shall comprise of fixed salary, perquisites, annual bonus, other benefits and allowances and contribution to Funds, etc.
- They shall be eligible for stock options.

Policy Review

- The Policy may be amended as may be necessary.
- The NRC shall implement the Policy, and may issue such guidelines, procedures etc. as it may deem fit.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Edel Finance Company Limited

Vidya Shah Executive Director DIN: 00274831

August 1, 2024

Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN: 07297081

Annexure III

Edel Finance Company Limited Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility Activities for the financial year March 31, 2024

As prescribed under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.

To leverage the capacity and capital to equip and enable the social sector to achieve the greatest impact on the lives of the poor in India.

S1. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Ms. Vidya Shah	Executive Director	1	1
2	Mr. Atul Ambavat	Independent Director	1	1
3	Dr. Vinod Juneja (appointed w.e.f. April 25, 2023 and ceased to be a Committee member w.e.f. May 24, 2023)	Independent Director	1	0
4	Ms. Ananya Suneja (appointed w.e.f. May 24, 2023)	Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer	0	0

2. Composition of the CSR Committee:

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the Company:

The composition of CSR Committee and the CSR Policy are available on the website of the Company at <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com.</u>

4. Provide the executive summary along with the weblink of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable:

Not Applicable

- 5. (a) Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): NIL
 - (b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): NIL
 - (c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: Nil
 - (d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: NIL
 - (e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (5a+5b-5c): NIL
- 6. (a) CSR amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing and other than Ongoing Project): Not Applicable
 - (b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NIL
 - (c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Not applicable
 - (d) Total amount spent for the financial year (a)+(b)+(c): NIL

(e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

	Amount Unspent						
Amount	as per sect		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5)				
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer		
Nil	-	-	-	-	-		

(f) Excess amount for set off, if any:

S1. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
• •	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	-
(ii)	Total amount spent for the financial year	-
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	-
	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	-
	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	-

S1. No.		Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	the reporting Financial Year (in	to any fur under Sci as per sec	5	remaining to be spent	5		
1	FY 2020-21								
2	FY 2021-22		Nil						
3	FY 2022-23								
	Total		Nil						

7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three financial years:

- 8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: **Not Applicable**
- 9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5): **Not Applicable**

For and on behalf of the Board of Edel Finance Company Limited

Vidya ShahAnanya SunejaExecutive DirectorExecutive Director & CFODIN: 00274831DIN: 07297081

May 10, 2024



SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, Edel Finance Company Limited Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Edel Finance Company Limited** (CIN: U65920MH1989PLC053909) having its Registered Office at Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098 (hereinafter called the "Company") for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2024 (the "Audit Period"). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, registers, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the Audit Period complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2024 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings¹;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI Act"):

¹Not applicable to the Company during the audit period



- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011²;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009³;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014⁴;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009⁵;
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998⁶; and
- (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 in respect of the Non-Convertible Debentures of the Company issued by the Company on a private placement basis and listed on BSE Limited (the "Stock Exchange").
- (vi) The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and the Circular(s), Direction(s), Notification(s) and Regulation(s) issued by the Reserve Bank of India as applicable to a Core Investment Company, being laws that are specifically applicable to the Company based on their sector/industry.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standard on Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India related to meetings and minutes.

During the Audit Period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above and in respect of the laws specifically applicable (to the extent applicable) to the Company based on its

² Not applicable to the Company during the audit period

³ Not applicable to the Company during the audit period

⁴ Not applicable to the Company during the audit period

⁵ Not applicable to the Company during the audit period

¹Not applicable to the Company during the audit period



sector/industry, in so far as registration, submission of various returns/information to be filed with the respective authorities.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all the Directors to schedule the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings; agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in compliance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Secretarial Standards 1 and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All Resolutions (including Circulars) of the Board of Directors and its Committees are approved on the basis of majority and are duly recorded in the respective Minutes. There were no dissenting views by any member of the Board of Directors during the Audit Period. The Company has maintained all the recordings of the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings held through audio visual means and has carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company which are commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and standards.

We further report that during the Audit Period:

- (i) The Company has obtained the approval of members by way of Special Resolution passed at the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on August 18, 2023 to appoint Ms. Vidya Shah (DIN: 00274831) and Ms. Ananya Suneja (DIN: 07297081) as the Executive Directors and Ms. Priyadeep Chopra (DIN:00079353) as Non-executive Director on the Board of Directors of the Company;
- (ii) The Company has obtained the approval of members under Sections 5 & 14 of the Act by way of Special Resolution passed at the Annual General Meeting held on September 30, 2023 for alteration of Articles of Association of the Company by insertion of sub-clause (3) after the existing sub-clause (2) of Article 49;
- (iii) The Company has obtained the approval of members under Sections 42 & 71 of the Act by way of Special Resolution passed at the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on February 13, 2024, to issue, offer and allot Non-convertible Debentures aggregating to Rs. 2,000 crores on a private placement basis, in one or more tranches;
- (iv) The Company has allotted 2,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100/- each for cash at par aggregating to Rs. 200 Crores to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, the Holding Company on a Rights Basis;



- (v) The Company has obtained the approval of members under Sections 62 & 71 of the Act by way of Special Resolution passed at the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on March 27, 2024, to issue, offer and allot upto 80,00,000 – 0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures of the face value of Rs. 1,000 each, aggregating to Rs. 800 Crores, for cash at par, to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, the Holding Company of the Company, on Rights Basis; and
- (vi) The Company has allotted 80,00,000 0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures of the face value of Rs. 1,000 each aggregating to Rs. 800 Crores to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, the Holding Company on a Rights Basis.

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

For M/s. SAHANI & KOTHARI ASSOCIATES

Company Secretaries "A Peer Reviewed Unit" ICSI Unique Code: P2016MH056500





Partner Mem. No. F12007 COP: 17287

UDIN: F012007F000350774

Place: Bangalore Date: May 10, 2024



'Annexure A'

To, The Members, **Edel Finance Company Limited** Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provided a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and book of accounts of the Company.
- 4. No Audit has been conducted on the compliance with finance and taxation laws as the same are subject to audit by the Statutory Auditor of the Company and their observations, if any, shall hold good for the purpose of this Audit Report.
- Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulation, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For M/s. SAHANI & KOTHARI ASSOCIATES

Company Secretaries "A Peer Reviewed Unit" ICSI Unique Code: P2016MH056500





Partner Mem. No. F12007 COP: 17287

UDIN: F012007F000350774

Place: Bangalore Date: May 10, 2024

Management Discussion & Analysis

MACRO ECONOMIC REVIEW & OUTLOOK

India is experiencing robust economic growth, driven by a combination of business-friendly reforms, massive infrastructure spending, and a digital revolution. Key reforms like the Goods and Services Tax (GST) and corporate tax reductions are fostering a conducive environment for entrepreneurship. The National Infrastructure Pipeline is enhancing critical infrastructure, while digital initiatives like Aadhaar and the Unified Payments Interface (UPI) are promoting financial inclusion and efficiency. India's young, tech-savvy population with growing disposable incomes further boosts the domestic market.

Globally, 2023 was marked by inflation concerns and geopolitical tensions, but improvements in inflation metrics and resilient labor markets in the U.S. and Eurozone provided stability. However, challenges included banking sector disruptions and ongoing geopolitical conflicts.

India's FY24 outlook is strong, with controlled inflation, effective monetary policies, and robust investment activities driving growth. Real GDP has been estimated to grow by 8.2% in FY 2023-24 as compared to the growth rate of 7.0% in FY 2022-23. India also achieved significant milestones, such as the Chandrayaan-3 lunar landing and hosting a successful G20 summit, enhancing its global influence.

Looking ahead to 2024, while global economic growth faces challenges from geopolitical tensions and rising interest rates, India's economic outlook remains promising. High growth rates, bolstered by manufacturing and infrastructure spending, resilient consumption, and digital transformation, position India as a key destination for investment. Technological integration and government policies are driving innovation and financial inclusion, while the focus on clean energy aims to enhance energy security. However, global risks like AI-generated misinformation and climate-related threats require attention.

India is poised for significant economic expansion, emphasizing innovation, inclusive growth, and responsible governance to create opportunities and drive progress.

INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENTS

India's economy continues to grow, primarily propelled by robust domestic demand and notable expansions in manufacturing and services sectors. This growth trajectory is anticipated to sustain strong demand for credit, especially among Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) and retail credit.

NBFCs have emerged as pivotal financial sources, serving a broad spectrum of the population, including SMEs and economically underserved individuals. Their expansive reach, understanding of diverse financial needs, and rapid turnaround times have facilitated efficient borrowing processes. NBFCs have contributed significantly to financial inclusion by fostering the growth of numerous MSMEs and self-employed individuals. The financial services sector has witnessed substantial growth, with various players adopting diverse business models. NBFC AUM is projected to grow by 14-17% in FY25 and cross the ₹ 32 trillion mark by Mar'25.

Here are the key highlights of FY24 for the industry:

- The repo rate remained unchanged throughout FY24. However, MCLR-linked bank loans were repriced upwards due to a lag, resulting in higher borrowing costs for NBFCs and impacting their NIMs.
- The regulatory landscape for NBFCs saw significant changes with the introduction of risk weights for consumer credit exposure. Additionally, there was increased scrutiny to ensure timely compliance with existing regulations.

- Strategic partnerships between banks and NBFCs, among NBFCs, and between NBFCs and Fintech companies continued to reshape the sector by creating a robust ecosystem.
- The co-lending assets under management of NBFCs touched the 1 lakh crore mark.

EDEL FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED OVERVIEW

Edel Finance Company Limited (EFCL) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited. It is a non-banking financial institution (Core Investment Company) registered with the Reserve Bank of India. EFCL is primarily engaged in the business of credit and investment.

EFCL has obtained a certificate of registration dated June 28, 2004 bearing registration no. B-13.01771 issued by The Reserve Bank of India under section 45IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, to commence/carry on the business of non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits subject to the conditions given in the certificate of registration under the name Dropadi Finance Limited when it was a subsidiary of Anagram group.

Subsequent to acquisition of Anagram Capital Limited by Edelweiss group in FY11, the name of Dropadi Finance Limited was changed to Edel Finance Company Limited on February 26, 2011. Pursuant to RBI circular dated November 10, 2018, EFCL had become systemically important Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) falling under Multiple NBFCs from December 2014.

The Company was granted the registration as Core Investment Company (NBFC-CIC-ND-SI) on October 9, 2018 subject to the conditions given in the certificate of registration by the Reserve Bank of India.

EFCL PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR FY24

A summary of our FY24 financial highlights together with financials for FY23 as per Ind AS is as under:

Total Revenue: Rs. 4046.9 million (Rs. 3,105.92 million for FY23), **Total Expenses:** Rs. 3904.3 million (Rs. 2,243.12 million in FY23) **Profit after Tax**: Rs. 791.5 million (Profit of Rs. 654.02 million for FY23) **Networth:** Rs. 26,028.9 million (Rs. 15,235.11 million at the end of FY23)

PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

EFCL performs the functions of a Core Investment Company (CIC) and broadly offers investment and lending activities for the Edelweiss group companies. It has ceased to extend credit after its conversion to CIC.

Balance Sheet Gearing

EFCL has a total net worth of Rs. 26,028.9 million as at the end of FY24 compared to Rs. 15,235.11 million as at the end of FY23. Amount of debt on the Balance Sheet as on March 31, 2024 was Rs. 48,268.5 million (Rs. 26,746.32 million as on March 31, 2023). The gross Balance Sheet size at the end of FY24 was Rs.74,409.94 million compared to Rs. 42,038.93 million at the end of FY23.

Capital Adequacy Ratio

As per the Non-Banking Financial Companies Prudential Norms stipulated by Reserve Bank, all NBFCs-ND-SI are required to maintain a minimum Capital to Risk-weighted Assets Ratio ("CRAR") of 30%. EFCL's CRAR as on March 31, 2024 was 32.09% as compared to total CRAR of 33.25 % as on March 31, 2023.

ANALYSIS OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN FINANCIAL RATIOS

As per the recent amendments to the SEBI Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements (LODR), we give below additional information in respect of financial parameters that are applicable to our company:

Details of significant changes (i.e. change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) in key financial ratios, along with detailed explanations therefor, including:

- (a) Debt Equity Ratio was 1.85 times at the end of FY24 compared to 1.76 times at the end of FY23.
- (b) Profit before Tax Margin was 3.5% at end of FY24 as compared to 27.8% at the end of FY23.
- (c) Net Profit Margin was 19.62% at the end of FY24 compared to 21.06% at the end of FY23.
- (d) Return on Average Equity for FY24 is 4.22% compared to 5% for FY23.

Other parameters, namely Debtors Turnover, Inventory Turnover, Interest Coverage Ratio and Current Ratio, are not applicable to our company.

EDELWEISS OUTLOOK & STRATEGY

EDELWEISS OUTLOOK

A paradigm shift is underway within India's financial services sector. Technology, personalization, and a growing emphasis on sustainability are converging to reshape the industry. This powerful confluence empowers both individuals and businesses to navigate the complexities of a rapidly evolving world and emerge stronger. Fuelled by a growing demand for innovative financial solutions, supportive government policies, and an ever-expanding market reach, a wave of significant opportunity is gathering momentum. We, at Edelweiss, stand at the forefront of this transformation, are actively positioning ourselves to capitalize on these prospects and contribute to the continued growth and evolution of India's financial landscape.

OPPORTUNITIES

Within the ever-evolving domain of financial services, several key trends and factors present a compelling strategic framework for our organization's continued expansion. By meticulously analysing these opportunities, we can solidify our position as a preeminent leader in the industry.

Supportive Policy Framework - Government policies exert a significant influence on nurturing a vibrant financial services industry. India's ongoing reforms and the implementation of digital-centric tax and compliance frameworks go beyond mere bureaucratic streamlining; they represent the foundational pillars of a transparent and efficient ecosystem. Streamlined regulations, coupled with a reduction in administrative burdens and a focus on promoting operational efficiency, create a fertile ground for businesses like ours to flourish. This supportive environment empowers us to concentrate on innovation and consistently deliver exceptional value to our clientele.

Technology-Driven Financial Inclusion- The rise of financial inclusion in India underscores the transformative power of technology. Initiatives such as the Jan Dhan Yojana and Stand Up India programs extend beyond simply opening bank accounts; they equip millions, particularly those within vulnerable segments of society, with the tools and access necessary to construct a secure financial future. Technological advancements, such as mobile banking and digital wallets, transcend mere convenience; they represent gateways to financial empowerment. Furthermore, the expanding participation of High Networth Individuals (HNIs) signifies a maturing market brimming with untapped potential. By meticulously developing innovative financial solutions tailored to this sophisticated segment, we can strategically expand our reach and solidify our pre-eminence within the marketplace.

AI-Powered Personalization- The digital transformation era signifies a paradigm shift beyond mere technological adoption; it represents a fundamental change in how we cultivate relationships with our clientele. Artificial intelligence (AI) is rapidly transitioning from rudimentary automation to a sophisticated toolset capable of fostering deeper client understanding. Generative AI, the next frontier of this technological revolution, will dynamically tailor financial products and services to individual needs and preferences. This empowers us to curate hyper-personalized experiences across all client touchpoints – from mobile applications and online platforms to in-person interactions. By fostering deeper customer relationships built upon a foundation of trust and comprehensive understanding, we can unlock significant business growth through a technology-driven, client-centric approach.

Commitment to Sustainability- The contemporary marketplace demands not only robust financial performance but also a demonstrably strong commitment to a sustainable future. By prioritizing sustainability initiatives and meticulously integrating Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) principles into our overarching business strategy, we unequivocally demonstrate our alignment with the evolving expectations of stakeholders. This unwavering commitment to positive social impact not only enhances our brand image but also attracts environmentally and socially conscious clients and investors, ultimately contributing to our long-term success and solidifying our position as a responsible industry leader.

By embracing these trends and capitalizing on the associated opportunities, we strategically position ourselves for sustained growth, resilience, and leadership within the ever-evolving landscape of our industry. This comprehensive framework empowers us to not only achieve exceptional business growth but also contribute meaningfully to the construction of a more inclusive and sustainable financial future for India.

THREATS

The global financial services industry today stands at a critical juncture. Geopolitical tensions – from trade wars to regional conflicts – alongside economic uncertainties threaten to disrupt vital resources and overall stability. Domestically, rising interest rates, increased regulatory scrutiny aimed at curbing financial risks, and persistent inflation create a challenging environment for Indian financial institutions. In this unpredictable landscape, adaptability, strategic foresight, and a customer-centric approach will be the hallmarks of success.

Fortifying the Digital Frontier

In a world dominated by digital interactions, the spectre of cyber threats looms large. Safeguarding sensitive data like account information and transaction details is paramount. Financial institutions must invest in robust cybersecurity infrastructure, implementing advanced encryption and fraud detection systems. Furthermore, India's cybersecurity laws and regulations need to keep pace with evolving threats, ensuring effective enforcement and international cooperation. However, defence alone is not enough. Empowering consumers through financial literacy programs is equally critical. By equipping individuals with the knowledge to navigate online transactions and identify suspicious activity, we can build a collective resilience against cybercrime and financial exploitation. Educational initiatives can range from interactive workshops to gamified learning platforms, making financial literacy engaging and accessible for all age groups.

Attracting and Retaining Talent

The digital transformation in financial services has intensified the competition for talent, particularly in tech roles, leading to a critical shortage of skilled professionals. To stand out and retain critical talent, organizations must commit to professional growth by offering mentorship programs, continuous learning opportunities, and reskilling initiatives in key areas such as data analytics, artificial intelligence, and cloud computing. Adapting to the evolving work landscape by embracing remote work flexibility and fostering collaboration through well-designed programs can support the growing preference for work-life balance. Ultimately, financial institutions that prioritize building a culture of innovation, growth, and flexibility will be best positioned to attract and retain the talent necessary to thrive in the digital age.

Rising Global Competition

India's financial services landscape is no longer solely domestic. The entry of international players brings a new layer of complexity and fierce competition. These global giants, armed with vast resources, cutting-edge technology, and innovative financial products, present a significant challenge. To remain competitive, domestic institutions must embrace a culture of continuous innovation. This means developing new products and services that cater to evolving customer preferences, such as personalized wealth management solutions or seamless mobile banking experiences. Collaboration with FinTech startups, known for their agility and tech-driven approach, could also be a strategic move.

ENTERPRISE GROUPS

GOVERNANCE

At our core, a strong commitment to governance guides everything we do. This goes beyond just following regulations; it's about upholding ethics and values. For us, good governance embodies trust, legitimacy, accountability, competence, and respect for the law. We believe these are essential for building a transparent, genuine, and fair culture – all crucial for our organization's success.

Our board plays a vital role in ensuring these high governance standards permeate every organizational level. Their unwavering focus on ethical behaviour, integrity, transparency, and fairness has established a robust framework for conduct, behaviour, and process oversight.

To ensure good governance takes root throughout the organization, we have established clear rules for individual and entity-level behaviour and conduct. These cover crucial areas like conflict of interest, insider trading, and handling sensitive information. We're also leveraging technology to enhance our practices and ensure smooth operation, even in a work-from-home environment, allowing us to maintain the highest compliance standards.

Ultimately, our commitment to good governance reflects our unwavering dedication to our stakeholders – customers, employees, shareholders, and the communities we serve. By upholding these values, we build trust, maintain legitimacy, and hold ourselves accountable to the highest standards of excellence in all aspects of our work.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management stands as the cornerstone of success for any financial services firm, serving as a vital mechanism to identify, assess, and mitigate potential threats that could undermine its stability, profitability, and reputation. In an industry characterized by volatility, uncertainty, and regulatory scrutiny, effective risk management is not just a prudent practice but a strategic imperative. For a listed financial services firm like Edelweiss, which operates in a dynamic and highly competitive environment, the ability to anticipate and manage risks is paramount to sustaining long-term growth and delivering value to stakeholders.

At Edelweiss, our commitment to robust risk management practices is deeply ingrained in our organizational culture and business operations. To further formalise this process, we have developed an in-house "Eleven-risk framework" that guides us in the continuous assessment, voidance, management, and mitigation of risks across all our business verticals.



Fig: Eleven-risk framework

Over the course of the year, we have undertaken several initiatives targeting the eleven key risk areas identified within our framework. We recognize that the financial services landscape is rife with various risks, including market risk, credit risk, operational risk, regulatory risk, and reputational risk, among others. Each of these risks presents unique challenges and requires a tailored approach to effectively manage and mitigate its impact on our business.

Our risk management philosophy revolves around the proactive identification, assessment, and mitigation of risks across all dimensions of our operations. We understand that failure to manage risks effectively can have far-reaching consequences, ranging from financial losses and regulatory sanctions to reputational damage and loss of stakeholder trust. As such, we have implemented a comprehensive Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) framework that provides a structured approach to managing risks holistically across our organization.

Furthermore, risk management is not just about minimizing downside exposure; it is also about seizing opportunities and driving innovation. By understanding our risk appetite and leveraging our risk management capabilities, we can make informed decisions that optimize risk-return trade-offs and create value for our clients, investors, and other stakeholders. Whether it's identifying new market opportunities, launching innovative products and services, or expanding into new geographic regions, our risk management framework serves as a compass to navigate through uncertainties and capitalize on emerging trends.

In addition to its strategic significance, risk management plays a crucial role within our Governance, Risk, and Compliance (GRC) framework, ensuring transparency, accountability, and integrity in our business operations. By embedding risk management principles into our governance structure, we promote a culture of risk awareness and responsibility at all levels of the organization. This integrated approach to GRC enables us to align our risk management practices with our business objectives, regulatory requirements, and ethical standards, thereby enhancing our overall corporate governance framework.

One of the key areas of focus within our risk management framework is technology risk, particularly cybersecurity. As financial services firms increasingly rely on technology to deliver products and services, they become more vulnerable to cyber threats and vulnerabilities. A cyber-attack or data breach can not only disrupt operations but also expose sensitive information and erode customer trust. Therefore, we have made significant investments in fortifying our IT infrastructure, implementing robust cybersecurity measures, and enhancing our cyber resilience capabilities to mitigate the evolving cyber threats landscape.

Moreover, the recent enactment of the Data Protection and Privacy Act (DPDPA) 2023 by the government has introduced new compliance obligations for financial services firms like ours. Compliance with DPDPA 2023 represents a significant risk project for Edelweiss, as it mandates stringent measures to protect consumer data privacy and confidentiality. Failure to comply with these regulations could result in severe penalties, legal liabilities, and reputational damage. Therefore,

ensuring adherence to DPDPA 2023 requirements is not just a legal obligation but a strategic imperative to safeguard our reputation and maintain the trust of our stakeholders.

In conclusion, effective risk management is fundamental to the success and sustainability of a financial services firm like Edelweiss. By proactively identifying, assessing, and mitigating risks, we can navigate through uncertainties, capitalize on opportunities, and deliver sustainable value to our stakeholders. As we continue to evolve and adapt to changing market dynamics and regulatory requirements, our commitment to upholding the highest standards of risk management excellence remains unwavering.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Internal Financial Controls

The internal controls at Edelweiss are well established and robust which are commensurate with the nature of its businesses, size & scale and complexity of its operations to ensure orderly and efficient conduct of business. These controls have been designed to ensure assurance with regards to maintaining proper accounting controls, substantiation of financial statements and adherence to Ind AS requirements, safeguarding of resources, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, ensuring operating effectiveness, reliability of financial reporting, compliance with applicable regulations and relevant matters under the requirements of the Companies Act 2013.

The internal control framework of Edelweiss continues to follow the assurance practices like the COSO framework, assurance on process efficiency and reliability of internal controls being aligned to risks identified in Risk Control Self-Assessment (RCSA), etc. to strengthen the overall system.

Independent Audit and Assurance

The internal auditors of Edelweiss follow standards on internal audit, along with guidelines issued by the regulators and ensure compliance with section 138 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 13 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended and notified from time to time. The Internal Audit function operates under the supervision of the Audit Committee of the Board.

The internal audits are carried out by external professionals who provide independent view and assurance by assessing the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls, compliance to internal and external guidelines, and risk management practices across the Group.

TECHNOLOGY

In today's fiercely competitive financial services landscape, technology has become the cornerstone of differentiation and success. The global pandemic served as a stark reminder of the critical importance of possessing a resilient and adaptable technological infrastructure. Moving forward, it is imperative to view technology not merely as a tool, but as a fundamental pillar of the organizational business model. Through thoughtful implementation, technology can deliver a transformative impact, not only by significantly enhancing customer experience, but also by bolstering governance and internal control frameworks. This strategic approach fosters the creation of a more agile, efficient, and future-proof institution.

Key Pillars of Technology Resiliency:

Edelweiss has fortified its technology resilience through two key pillars. Firstly, cloud optimization saw strategic expansion of cloud adoption, harnessing multiple providers for flexibility and cost control. Concurrently, new applications and platforms were launched on the cloud, fuelling growth across business segments. Secondly, automation and modernization were prioritized, with Edelweiss embracing low-code tools to automate processes and instill agility, a cornerstone of their technology ethos.

Strategic Investments:

EFSL unbundled its technology services, creating independent operating platforms for each business entity. This allows them to focus on achieving their strategic goals with increased efficiency. They also invested in upgrading key systems like Financial Reporting and Employee Management, boosting efficiency, controls, and scalability.

AI Adoption for Enhanced Productivity:

We've successfully integrated Gen AI into our operations, specifically leveraging Co-pilot, an AI-powered tool, to streamline workflows and improve user productivity.

Information Security & IT Governance:

- **ISO Certification Upgrade:** In our pursuit of excellence, we've upgraded our ISO certificate from 27001:2013 to 27001:2022, reflecting our commitment to implementing the best practices in information security management.
- **Increased Information Security Awareness:** Our commitment to security extends to our entire workforce, achieving a 90% adoption rate on Information Security trainings, demonstrating their dedication to maintaining a secure and reliable digital environment.
- Data Leak Protection Solutions: We've deployed Data Leak Protection solutions to prevent unauthorized access to sensitive data and mitigate the risk of data breaches. This step strengthens our security posture and ensures compliance with data protection regulations, safeguarding the privacy of our customers and employees.

By prioritizing a robust and adaptable technology backbone, Edelweiss Group fosters business continuity, drives growth, and ensures the security of its clients' data. Our commitment to continuous improvement and innovation in these areas ensures we provide the best service to our customers and partners.

HUMAN RESOURCES

At the core of our organization, we recognize our employees as our most valuable assets, vital for sustaining and advancing our commitment to all stakeholders. We are guided by our core principles, fostering a culture shaped in shared values, which propels us towards continued and future success. With confidence in our dedicated team, we are poised to meet forthcoming challenges and opportunities with excellence.

Talent

Our talent strategy integrates comprehensive people practices nurturing an environment that is both agile and adaptable, emphasizing collaboration, progress, and achievement. We are dedicated to attracting and retaining exceptional talent, offering pathways for professional growth, recognition, and advancement.

Engagement and satisfaction among our staff are crucial to our success; hence, we celebrate their dedication, innovation, and enthusiasm through diverse recognition initiatives. Central to our talent strategy is the optimization of work design, enhancing our organizational agility. This includes the implementation of flexible work processes and frameworks, alongside tailored reskilling and upskilling programs that address current competencies and future project needs.

We foster a community spirit through various employee interactions, from individual meetings with leaders to extensive forums and town halls led by senior management. Moreover, promoting a culture that values enjoyment at work, we commemorate achievements and special occasions with team activities and social events that strengthen bonds and foster a sense of belonging.

Performance management is another cornerstone of our commitment, designed to support our team members in realizing their full potential through clear objectives, regular feedback, and reflective practices.

Workplace

Our workplace environment encourages cross-team collaboration and supports flexible working arrangements, whether on-site or in a hybrid model. We continuously prioritize the safety and health of our employees by implementing robust safety protocols, providing regular training, and monitoring our safety standards.

We uphold an open-door policy, enabling staff to freely discuss ideas or concerns with leadership, fostering a culture of transparency and inclusiveness. Our commitment to equality is unwavering, offering equal opportunities regardless of personal characteristics, and supported by policies that promote work-life balance. We rigorously enforce a zero-tolerance policy towards discrimination, harassment, or bullying, underpinned by stringent internal procedures that adhere to POSH regulations. To reinforce this commitment, we require all employees to complete mandatory online training sessions designed to foster a respectful and inclusive workplace environment.

Our commitment to human rights is underscored by a comprehensive policy dedicated to ensuring every employee receives fair treatment and protection from discrimination and exploitation. Our active engagement in diversity, equity, and inclusion extends beyond mere policies, reflecting in daily practices that enhance inclusivity. This deep-rooted commitment ensures that our core values are evident throughout our organization, making each individual feel valued and included.

Well-Being

Our comprehensive approach to well-being covers physical, mental, emotional, and social aspects, supported by accessible resources and benefits. These include competitive leave policies and enhanced Mediclaim benefits, affirming our commitment to the health and well-being of our employees and their families.

In crisis situations, our central incident room operates round-the-clock, offering immediate assistance and clear communication on emergency protocols. Beyond immediate support, our outreach programs ensure ongoing assistance, helping our employees thrive in all facets of life, as their well-being is fundamental to our collective success.

Leadership

Effective leadership in today's hybrid work environment requires innovative strategies, particularly in virtual settings where building trust and engagement are paramount. Our leaders leverage advanced technology to ensure seamless communication regarding organizational plans, decisions, and achievements.

We are committed to the continuous development of our leaders and workforce. Our businesses consistently foster top talent across all levels, having established a range of tiered development opportunities that serve employees at every stage. These programs demonstrate our strong commitment to nurturing talent and currently encompass 2% of our workforce. Our senior leadership is at the forefront of fostering innovative and forward-thinking leadership that drives our organisation forward.

EDELWEISS BRAND

Edelweiss is a brand that believes in the possibilities of ideas and the power of values to protect them. The company's name is shared with a rare white alpine flower that best represents this tenet. Just as the flower's deep 'felt-like' covering protects it from the elements, Edelweiss has a steadfast dedication to the principles of Being Unlimited, which has helped it not only weather the storms but also emerge stronger. Its efforts to simplify its business structure and refine its individual brands demonstrate a deep commitment to providing the best possible service to its customers. Furthermore, the brand's numerous public service initiatives demonstrate a profound sense of responsibility and care towards the communities it operates in, earning it the respect and admiration of its stakeholders.

CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE

Edelweiss has carved a distinct path in the financial industry by prioritizing our customers. This unwavering focus on customer-centricity sets us apart. We make it simple for customers to access the services they need, ensuring a hassle-free experience. More importantly, we understand each customer's unique financial situation and craft innovative solutions tailored to their specific goals. This commitment extends beyond products. We skillfully blend cutting-edge technology with personalized service, fostering strong, long-lasting relationships built on trust and mutual understanding.

Technology plays a crucial role in our customer-centric approach. By leveraging innovative tools, we streamline processes, boosting efficiency and delivering a smoother experience for customers. This focus on technology translates to enhanced customer satisfaction. We empower our team to provide the highest level of service and support, ensuring each customer receives the assistance they need, whenever they need it.

This dedication to the customer experience has been a driving force behind our remarkable growth and success, even during challenging times. Our commitment has resulted in a strong and loyal customer base. We've earned customer trust by consistently exceeding expectations – delivering innovative solutions and exceptional service, no matter the circumstances.

Cautionary Statement Statements made in this Annual Report may contain certain words or phrases that are forward-looking statements, which are tentative, based on current expectations of the management of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited or any of its subsidiaries and associates ("Edelweiss"). Actual results may vary from such statements contained in this report due to various risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include the effect of economic and political conditions in India and outside India, volatility in interest rates and in the securities market, new regulations and Government policies that may impact the businesses of Edelweiss as well as the ability to implement its strategy. The information contained herein is as of the date referenced and Edelweiss does not undertake any obligation to update these statements. Edelweiss has obtained all market or industry data and other information from sources believed to be reliable or through its internal estimates unless otherwise stated, although its accuracy or completeness cannot be guaranteed. Some part of the report relating to business-wise financial performance, balance sheet, asset books of Edelweiss and industry data herein is reclassified/regrouped based on Management estimates and may not directly correspond to published data. The numbers have also been rounded off or approximated in the interest of easier understanding. Prior period or other figures have been regrouped/reclassified/re-casted wherever necessary. All information in this presentation has been prepared solely by the company and has not been independently verified by anyone else.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Company's Philosophy on Corporate Governance

At Edelweiss, we strongly uphold good governance practices to promote fairness, transparency, accountability and integrity. In line with this philosophy, Guiding Principles have been articulated and these form an integral part of the Company's corporate governance practices. Processes have been designed to run the businesses responsibly and harmonize diversified interests of various stakeholders thereby enhancing stakeholder value.

Board of Directors

Composition, Meeting and Attendance

The Board of Directors of the Company comprises of Executive and Non-executive and the same is in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations).

The annual calendar of the Board Meetings is agreed upon at the beginning of the year. The agenda for the Board Meetings is circulated in advance and is backed by comprehensive background information to enable the Board to take informed decisions. During the financial year 2023-24, the Board met 6 times i.e. on: May 24, 2023, August 3, 2023, September 25, 2023, November 8, 2023, February 9, 2024 and March 24, 2024. The Meetings of the Board and Committees were conducted physically and through electronic platform (i.e. Audio-videoconferencing) also. Adequate facilities were provided to the Directors and invitees for active participation at the Meetings.

The names and categories of the Directors on the Board, their attendance at the Board Meetings held during the financial year 2023-24 and at the last Annual General Meeting (AGM), the number of directorships and committee positions held by them in other public limited companies and the name of the other listed entities where he/she is a Director and category of directorships as on March 31, 2024, are as under:

Name and DIN of the Directors	Category	No. of Board Meetings Attended	last AGM	No. of directorships in other Public Limited Companies\$	Name of other Listed entities where person is Director - Category of Directorship	Committe Position*	
						Member	Chairman
Ms. Vidya Shah (DIN 00274831)	Executive, Non- Independent	5	Yes	3	Independent Director - Vardhman Special Steels Limited	2	1
Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311)	Independent	6	No		Independent Director 1. Shristi Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited 2. Shyam Telecom Limited	7	1

Name and DIN of the Directors	Category	No. of Board Meetings Attended	Attendance at the last AGM held on September 30, 2023	No. of directorships in other Public Limited Companies\$	Name of other Listed entities where person is Director - Category of Directorship	Committe Position*	
						Member	Chairman
Mr. Atul Ambavat (DIN: 00195875)	Independent	6	Yes	-	-	2	1
Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar (DIN: 00005164)	Independent	5	No	3	-	7	1
, ,	Executive, Non- Independent	5	Yes	6	Nil	1	-
Ms. Priyadeep Chopra (DIN: 00079353)	Non- Executive, Non-Independent	4	No	3	Nil	1	-

\$ Only Directorships of public limited companies incorporated in India have been considered and excludes private limited companies, section 8 companies and foreign companies.

*Only Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, in other public limited companies, have been considered for the Committee position.

None of the Directors hold office in more than 10 public companies as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act). No Director holds Directorships in more than 7 listed companies. Further, none of the Non-executive Directors serve as Independent Director in more than 7 listed companies as required under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('the Listing Regulations'). None of the Directors on the Board is a member of more than 10 Committees and Chairperson of more than 5 Committees, across all public limited companies in which he/she is a Director. Independent Directors are Non-executive Directors as defined under the Listing Regulations and the Act along with Rules framed thereunder. In terms of Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation which exists or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties.

Ms. Vidya Shah is one of the promoters of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, the Holding Company of the Company.

Based on the declarations received from the Independent Directors, the Board has confirmed that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under the Listing Regulations and that they are independent of the management. Further, the Independent Directors have, in terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, confirmed that they have enrolled themselves in the Independent Directors' Databank maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors are persons of integrity and possess relevant expertise, experience and proficiency.

All the Directors of the Company have confirmed that they are not disqualified for appointment as Directors pursuant to Section 164 of the Act.

M/s. Sahani & Kothari Associates, Company Secretaries, have issued a certificate certifying that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Securities & Exchange Board of India (SEBI), the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and any such statutory authority.

Board skills/expertise/competence matrix

The Board have identified the following parameters with respect to the skill/expertise/ competence that are available with the Board in the context of the business and sector for it to function effectively:

Directors		ndustr owled perier	ge/		4			Behavioural Competencies			
	Financial and Capital Markets	Understanding of laws and regulations	International Experience	Accounting and Finance	Risk Management	Strategic Management	Legal and Compliance	Information Technology	Governance	Leadership and Mentoring Skills	Interpersonal Relations
Ms. Vidya Shah	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	*	*	*	*
Dr. Vinod Juneja	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	-	*	*	*
Mr. Atul Ambavat	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ms. Ananya Suneja	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ms. Priyadeep Chopra	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Committees of the Board:

A) Audit Committee

Meetings held:

During the Financial Year 2023-24, the Committee met 4 times on May 24, 2023, August 3, 2023, November 8, 2023 and February 9, 2024.

The Committee comprises of the Independent Directors only. The composition as on March 31, 2024 and attendance of the Members at the Committee Meetings during the financial year ended March 31, 2024 is as under:-

Name of the Members	No. of Meetings Attended
Dr. Vinod Juneja – Chairman	4
Mr. Atul Ambavat	4
Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar	3

All the members have financial management expertise. The constitution and terms of reference of the Committee are in compliance with the requirements of the Act and the Listing Regulations.

Brief description of the terms of reference of the Audit Committee inter alia include:

- 1) Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible
- 2) Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company
- 3) Approval of payment to the statutory auditors for any other service rendered by the statutory auditors
- 4) Reviewing, with the Management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval with particular reference to:
 - a. matters required to be included in the Directors Responsibility statement to be included in the Board's Report in terms of clause (c) of sub section 3 of the Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013
 - b. changes if any, in the accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same
 - c. major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgement by management
 - d. significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings
 - e. compliance with the listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements
 - f. disclosure of any related party transactions
 - g. qualifications in the draft audit report.
- 5) Reviewing, with the Management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval
- 6) Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems
- 7) Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory auditors and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems
- 8) Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up thereon
- 9) Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern
- 10) To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower/Vigil mechanism
- 11) Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.

The Auditors, Internal Auditors and the Chief Financial Officer are invited to attend the meetings of the Committee. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

B) Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Meetings held:

During the Financial Year 2023-24, the Committee met three times on May 24, 2023, August 3, 2023 and February 9, 2024.

The composition as on March 31, 2024 and attendance of the Members at the Committee Meetings during the financial year ended March 31, 2024 is as under:-

Name of the Members	No. of Meetings Attended
Dr. Vinod Juneja – Chairman	3
Mr. Atul Ambavat	3
Ms. Vidya Shah ^{&}	1
Ms. Priyadeep Chopra ^{\$}	2

[&] Member of the Committee from April 25, 2023 to May 24, 2023.

^{\$} Ms. Priyadeep Chopra appointed as a member with effect from May 24, 2023.

Brief description of the terms of reference of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee *inter alia* include:

- 1) Identifying the persons who can become Directors
- 2) Formulating the criteria for determining the qualifications, positive attributes etc. and independence of a Director;
- 3) Recommending to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration for the Directors & Key Managerial Personnel;
- Recommend to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management;
- 5) Specify the manner for effective annual evaluation of performance of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors.;

The Company has formulated a Remuneration Policy which is annexed to the Board's Report.

Board Evaluation

During the year, in accordance with the Board Evaluation Policy and the Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by SEBI, an annual evaluation of its own performance and that of the Committees and Directors pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations was carried out by the Board on various parameters which inter alia included composition, diversity, effectiveness, quality of discussion, contribution at the Meetings, business acumen, strategic thinking, time commitment, relationship with the stakeholders, corporate governance practices, contribution of the Committees etc.

A separate Meeting of the Independent Directors was held wherein the performance of the Non-Independent Directors, performance of the Board as a whole (including the Committees) in terms of the provisions of the Act, the Listing Regulations and the Guidance Note issued by SEBI in this regard was discussed.

Familiarization Programme

The Independent Directors are familiarized with their roles, rights, responsibilities etc. in relation to the nature of the financial services sector and the business model of the Company. The details are available on the website of the Company at: www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com.

Remuneration to the Directors

The Company was paying sitting fees of ₹50,000 per meeting to the Independent Directors for attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof.

The details of the remuneration paid to the Directors during the financial year ended March 31, 2024 are as under:

Name of the Director	(fixed &	Perquisites	Sitting Fees	(Commission	Rs. in million) Total
	performance bonus)				
Ms. Vidya Shah	16.70	0.02	-	-	16.72
Dr. Vinod Juneja			0.80	-	0.80
Mr. Atul Ambavat			0.90	-	0.90
Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar			0.45	-	0.45
Ms. Ananya Suneja			-	-	-
Ms. Priyadeep Chopra		-	-	-	-

None of the Directors hold any shares in the Company.

Service contract of the Executive Directors is as approved by the Members and the notice period is as per the Rules of the Company. Severance fees – Not applicable.

During the year under review, some of the Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs) of the Company were also the KMPs of the subsidiaries and drew remuneration from those subsidiaries.

C) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

Meetings held:

The composition of the Committee as on March 31, 2024 and attendance of the Members at the Committee Meeting held during the financial year ended March 31, 2024 is as under:-

	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Atul Ambavat - Chairman	1
Ms. Vidya Shah	1
Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar	1

During the financial year ended March 31, 2024, the Committee met once on November 8, 2023.

Ms. Christina D'souza is the Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company.

Based on the reports received from the Registrar & Transfer Agents during the year ended March 31, 2024, the Company did not receive any requests/complaints during the year ended March 31, 2024. As on March 31, 2024, there were no outstanding requests/complaints.

D) Group Risk Management Committee

Meetings held:

The composition of the Committee as on March 31, 2024 and attendance of the Members at the Committee Meeting held during the financial year ended March 31, 2024 is as under:-

Name of the Members	No. of Meetings Attended
Dr. Vinod Juneja - Independent Director	2
Mr. Atul Ambavat - Independent Director	2
Ms. Ananya Suneja – Executive Director and Chief	2
Financial Officer	
Ms. Priyadeep Chopra - Non-executive Director®	1
Mr. Tarun Khurana - Manager & Company	2
Secretary ^{\$}	
Ms. Christina D'souza – Company Secretary*	-

[®] Ms. Priyadeep Chopra appointed as Member of the Committee with effect from May 24, 2023.

\$ Mr. Tarun Khurana resigned as Manager with effect from May 24, 2023 and as Company Secretary with effect from February 9, 2024.

* Ms. Christina D'souza appointed as the Company Secretary and Member of the Committee with effect from February 9, 2024

During the financial year ended March 31, 2024, the Committee met twice on May 24, 2023 and November 8, 2023.

Brief description of the terms of reference of the Group Risk Management Committee *inter alia* include:

- 1) To devise process / framework for management of operational risk
- 2) Identifying concerns & risks
- 3) Evaluating risks as to consequences & likelihoods
- 4) Assessment of options for Risk Management
- 5) Prioritizing the Risk Management efforts
- 6) Development of Risk Management Plans
- 7) Authorization for the implementation of the Risk Management Plans
- 8) Tracking the Risk management efforts and manage accordingly
- 9) Follow on Budgeting-Variance Analysis
- 10) Design, develop and implement various measures for cyber security as may be required.

The Group Risk Management Committee has framed and implemented a Risk Management Framework and Strategy. The Company did not have any exposure in commodity price and hedging activities during the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

General Body Meetings

The date, time and venue of the last three Annual General Meetings are given below:

Financial Year	Date	Time	Venue	No. of Special Resolutions passed
2022-2023	September 30, 2023	4.00 p.m.	Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098.	1
2021-2022	September 30, 2022	5.00 p.m.	Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098.	Nil
2020-2021	September 2, 2021	4.30 p.m.	Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098.	Nil

Means of Communication

The financial results are submitted to BSE Limited, where the Non-convertible Debentures are listed and also uploaded on the website of the Company at <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com</u>. The financial results are generally published in Free Press Journal (English) and Nav Shakti (Marathi).

I. General Shareholder Information

i.	AGM: Date, time and venue/ mode	Monday, September 30, 2024 at 3:00 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098
ii.	Financial Year:	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024
iii.	Book Closure dates:	Not Applicable
iv.	Dividend payment date:	Not Applicable

II. Listing of Securities on Stock Exchanges:

The equity shares of the Company are not listed on the stock exchange.

Non-convertible Debentures

The Company has issued Secured Non-convertible Debentures (NCDs) on private placement. Some of the NCDs are listed on BSE. The Company has paid the listing fees to BSE for the financial year 2023-24.

Debenture Trustee:

The details of the Debenture Trustees

SBICAP Trustee Company Limited	Beacon Trusteeship Limited	Catalyst Trusteeship Limited
Mistry Bhavan, 4th Floor,	5W, 5th Floor, Metropolitan Building	Unit No. 901, 9th Floor,
122 Dinshaw Wachha Road,	E Block, Bandra Kurla Complex (BKC),	Tower - B, Peninsula Business Park,
Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020	Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051.	Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel
Tel: +91 22 - 43025555	Tel: 022-4606 0278.	West), Mumbai – 400 013.
Email:	Email:	Tel.: +91 22 4922 0555
corporate@sbicaptrustee.com	compliance@beacontrustee.co.in	Email: <u>ComplianceCTL-</u>
Website:	Website: www.beacontrustee.co.in	Mumbai@ctltrustee.com
www.sbicaptrustee.com		Website:
_		www.catalysttrustee.com

III.Registrar & Transfer Agent:

a. Equity Shares

Link Intime India Private Limited

C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400083 Tel: +91 81081 16767 Fax: +91 22 4918 6060 e-mail: <u>rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in</u> Website: <u>www.linkintime.co.in</u>

b. Non-Convertible Debentures

Link Intime India Private Limited	KFin Technologies Limited		
C 101, 247 Park,	Selenium Tower B, Plot Nos. 31&32,		
	Gachibowli, Financial District,		
L.B.S Marg,	Nanakramguda,		
Vikhroli (West),	Hyderabad - 500 032		
Mumbai - 400 083	Tel: +91 40 6716 2222		
Tel: +91 22 81081 16767	Fax: +91 40 6716 1563		
Fax: +91 22 4918 6060			
Email: bonds.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in	Email: einward.ris@kfintech.com		
Website: www.linkintime.co.in	Website: www.kfintech.com		

IV. Share Transfer System:

Transfer of equity shares in electronic form are effected through the depositories without any involvement of the Company.

V. Distribution of shareholding and shareholding pattern as on March 31, 2024

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, which holds 9,56,67,388 Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each representing 100% of the equity share capital of the Company.

VI. Dematerialisation of shares

As at March 31, 2024, the entire share capital of the Company is in dematerialised form.

VII. Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity:

The Company has not issued GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any other instrument convertible into equity except issuance of compulsorily convertible debentures.

- IX. Plant locations Not Applicable
- **X. Credit ratings:** The credit ratings obtained by the Company during the year 2023-24 are as under:-

Rating Agency*	Rating	Instruments	Date of revision (if any)	Remarks
ACUITE	ACUITE A+	LT-NCD	No revision	-
ACUITE	ACUITE A1+	Commercial Paper	No revision	-
BWR	BWR A1+	Commercial Paper	kma 7, 2024	Revised to BWR A1
DVVK	BWR AA-	LT-NCD	June 7, 2024	Revised to BWR A+
	CARE PP-MLD A	LT-PPMLD	No revision	-
CARE	CARE A	LT-NCD	No revision	-
	CARE A1	Commercial Paper	No revision	-
	CRISIL PPMLD A+	LT-PPMLD	No revision	-
CDICII	CRISIL A1+	Commercial Paper	No revision	-
CRISIL	CRISIL A+	LT-NCD	No revision	-
	CRISIL PPMLD A1+	ST-PPMLD	No revision	-
ICRA	ICRA A+	LT-NCD	No revision	-

*All the rating agency placed the Company on rating watch with negative implications

X. Other Disclosures

i. In accordance with the provisions of the Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated the Related Party Transactions Policy, which is available on the website of the Company at <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com</u>

All the Related Party Transactions entered by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2024, were at arm's length and in the ordinary course of business. The Company has not entered into transactions with the Promoters, Directors and Key Managerial Personnel, which may have potential conflict of interest with the Company and its subsidiaries.

The Company did not enter into any materially significant related party transactions having a potential conflict with the interest of the Company and its subsidiaries at large. Transactions with the related parties are disclosed in the financial statements.

- ii. The financial statements (both standalone and consolidated) have been prepared in accordance with the applicable Accounting Standards.
- iii. The Company has a Whistle Blower Policy/Vigil Mechanism to report concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of our code of conduct and confirms that no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee.
- iv. Code for Prohibition of Insider Trading of the Company, the Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries and the Policy on Related Party Transactions are available at: www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com
- v. The details of the material subsidiaries of the Company as required under the Listing Regulations are as under:-

Sr. No.	Name of the Subsidiary	Details of Ind	-	Details of Statutory Auditors as on March 31, 2024		
		Place	Date	Name	Date of appointment	
1	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited		October 17, 2006	M/s. Nangia & Co. LLP	September 28, 2023	
2	ECL Finance Limited	Mumbai		and	September 24, 2021 December 3, 2021	

- vi. There have been no instances where the Board has not accepted recommendations of any Committee of the Board, during the financial year.
- vii. M/s. Dhiraj & Dheeraj, Chartered Accountants, the statutory auditors of the Company, were paid a consolidated amount of Rs. 10.73 lakhs by the Company for all the services provided by them during the financial year ended March 31, 2024.
- viii. Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:
 - a) Number of complaints filed during the Financial Year: Nil
 - b) Number of complaints disposed of during the Financial Year: Nil
 - c) Number of complaints pending as on end of the Financial Year: Nil.
- ix. The Company has adopted the discretionary requirements as specified in Part E of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations the financial statements are accompanied with an unmodified audit report.

x. The disclosures on loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

XI. Disclosure of certain types of agreements binding listed entities

There is no agreement impacting the management and control of the Company or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the Company.

XII. CEO / CFO Certificate

The CEO and CFO have certified to the Board, the requirements of the Listing Regulations, with regard to financial statements.

XIII. Compliance Certificate

Pursuant to the Listing Regulations, a certificate issued by M/s. Sahani & Kothari Associates, Company Secretaries, certifying the compliance by the Company with the provisions of the Corporate Governance forms part of this Report.

Address for correspondence:

For any assistance, request or instruction regarding transfer or transmission of securities, dematerialisation of securities, change of address, non-receipt of annual report, dividend warrant and any other query relating to the securities of the Company, the investors may write to:

The Company Secretary	Link Intime India Private Limited	KFin Technologies Limited
Edel Finance Company Limited	C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S Marg,	Selenium Tower B,
Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road,	Vikhroli (West),	Plot Nos. 31&32,
Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098.	Mumbai - 400 083.	Gachibowli, Financial District,
Tel: +91 22 4079 5199	Tel: +91 81081 16767	Nanakramguda,
Email: cs@edelweissfin.com	Email:	Hyderabad -500 032
Website:	rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in	Tel: +91 40 6716 2222
www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com	Website: www.linkintime.co.in	Email: einward.ris@kfintech.com
		Website: www.kfintech.com

Declaration by the Directors under SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 regarding adherence to the Code of Conduct

In accordance with the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, it is hereby confirmed that for the financial year ended March 31, 2024, the Directors and the Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct.

For and on behalf of the Board **Edel Finance Company Limited**

Vidya Shah Executive Director DIN: 00274831 Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN: 07297081

August 1, 2024



COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

[Pursuant to Schedule V Para E of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)]

To, The Members, **Edel Finance Company Limited** Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098.

We have examined the compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance of Edel Finance Company Limited ("the Company") for the year ended on 31st March, 2024, as prescribed in the Regulations 17 to 27, 62(1A), and Para C, D and E of Schedule V of The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance, as specified in the aforesaid provisions of the Listing Regulations. The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management.

Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the Financial Statements of the Company. We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

> For **M/s. SAHANI & KOTHARI ASSOCIATES** Company Secretaries "A Peer Reviewed Unit" ICSI Unique Code: P2016MH056500

> > Kirti Kothari Partner Mem. No. F12007 COP: 17287

UDIN: F012007F000952023

Mumbai, August 12, 2024



Corporate Identity Number: U65920MH1989PLC053909

Consolidated Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Edel Finance Company Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Edel Finance Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as " the Holding Company"), its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associate comprising of the consolidated Balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, including other comprehensive income, the consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as " the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associate, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended (" the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associate as at March 31, 2024, their consolidated loss including other comprehensive loss, their consolidated cash flows and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associate in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of audit procedures performed by us and by other auditors of components not audited by us, as reported by them in their audit reports furnished to us by the management, including those procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements

es) ccedures included considering the appropriateness of s laid down by the management for assessment of in the value of investments in subsidiary and other nies combined with procedures performed as follows: we considered management's assessment of int wherever considered necessary and assessed any impairment indicators existed for investment in l subsidiary and other group companies. d the net-worth of the individual subsidiary and other mpanies from their audited financial statements.
essed the information used to determine the key ons including growth rates and discount rates. essed the disclosures relating to investments in y and other group companies included in the ated financial Statements in accordance with the nents of Ind AS.
t procedures those reported in the auditors report of ary companies, comprised the following:
covered in the IT General Control audit were
n len iii



Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
manner. Any gaps in the IT control environment could result in a material	(ii) Program Change Management
misstatement of the financial accounting and reporting records.	 (iii) Other related ITGCs – to understand the design and test the operating effectiveness of such controls;
Therefore, due to the pervasive nature and complexity of the IT environment, the assessment of the general IT controls and	 Assessed the changes that were made to the key systems during the audit period and assessing changes that have impact on financial reporting;
the application controls specific to the accounting and preparation of the financial information is considered to be a key audit matter.	 Tested the periodic review of access rights. We inspected requests of changes to systems for appropriate approval and authorization.
	 Performed tests of controls (including other compensatory controls wherever applicable) on the IT application controls and IT dependent manual controls in the system.
	 Tested the design and operating effectiveness of compensating controls, where deficiencies were identified and, where necessary, extended the scope of our substantive audit procedures.
Sale/Assignment of Financial Assets	
	The audit procedures thus reported in the auditor's report of a subsidiary company, comprised the following:
	 Read and assessed the Company's accounting policies for computation and accounting of sales /assignment of loan portfolios as per the provisions of Ind AS 109.
	 Read and assessed the contracts entered by the Company for sale/assignment to verify the gains/ losses on the transactions.
	 Verified the procedures followed by the company while carrying out the sale/assignment.
	 Read and assessed the amendments to the contracts entered by the Company with ARC trusts for change in the rights assigned to the underlying Security Receipts (SR) resulting in to de-recognition of Investment in SR and recognition of Investment in SR representing the residual interest (Equity) to be measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income.
	 Verification of confirmation and fair valuation of Security receipts.

We have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report.



Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, which we obtained prior to the date of this auditors report, and the Annual report, which is expected to me made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the Board Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those Charged with Governance.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group including its associate in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and of its associate and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associate to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associate.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associate to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associate to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fairpresentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associate of which we are the independent auditors, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audited carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh-the-public interest benefits of such communication.



Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements and other financial information, in respect of:

- I4 subsidiaries, whose financial statements include total assets of Rs 24,962.44 crores as at March 31, 2024 and total revenues of Rs.1,624.73 crores and net cash inflow of Rs 892.74 crores for the year ended on that date. These financial statement and other financial information have been audited by other auditors, which financial statements, other financial information and auditor's reports have been furnished to us by the management.
- I associate company forming part of the Group, whose statements include Group's share of net profit after tax of Rs. 1.61 crores and Group's share of total comprehensive loss of Rs. 1.61 crores for the period from April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024, as considered in the consolidated financial statement, whose financial statement, other financial information have been audited by other auditor and whose report have been furnished to us by the Management.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and associate company, and our report in terms of sub- sections (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and associate company, is based solely on the report(s) of such other auditors.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements and other financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (" the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of the subsidiary companies and associate, incorporated in India, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph we give in the " Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraph3(xxi) of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of subsidiaries and associate, as noted in the 'other matter' paragraph we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- (a) We/the other auditors whose report we have relied upon have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidation of the financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and reports of the other auditors;
- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
- (e) On the basis of the confirmation received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors who are appointed under Section 139 of the Act, of its subsidiary companies and associate, none of the directors of the Group's companies and its associate, incorporated in India, is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.



- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies and associate, incorporated in India, and the operating effectiveness of such controls refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
- (g) In our opinion and based on the consideration of reports of other statutory auditors of the subsidiaries and associate, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2024 has been paid / provided by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associate incorporated in India to their directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associate, as noted in the 'Other matter' paragraph:
 - The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on its consolidated financial position of the Group and its associate in its consolidated financial statements – Refer Note 51.1 to the consolidated financial statements;
 - ii) The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii) There have been no amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associate, incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2024;
 - iv) a. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and associate which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associate respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 58(A) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the respective Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

b. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and its associate which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associate respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 58(B) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the respective Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c. Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries and associate which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditor's notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under subclause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.

v) No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and its associate.



vi) Based on our examination which included test checks and that performed by the respective auditors of the subsidiaries whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, the Holding Company and subsidiaries have used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

For **Dhiraj and Dheeraj** Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number:

eno

Shauendra Dadhich Partner Membership Number: UDIN: 24425098BKEIQN6917 Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: 10th May 2024



Annexure-1: Referred to in Paragraph Under the Heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of Our Report of Even Date on the Consolidated Financial Statements of Edel Finance Company Limited

Based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of the subsidiary companies and associate, incorporated in India, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph we state that:

3(xxi) There are no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in their report on Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements except for following where the respective auditor have reported unfavorable or adverse remarks in their audit report to the principal auditor.

Name	CIN	Holding Company/ Subsidiary/ Associate	Clause number of the CAROreport which is unfavorable or adverse
Edel Finance Company Limited	U65920MH1989PLC053909	Holding	xvii
Nido Home Finance Limited (formerly Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)	U65922MH2008PLC182906	Subsidiary	iii (c) and iii (d)
Comtrade Commodities Services	U66990GJ1995PLC025267	Subsidiary	xvîi
Edelcap Securities Limited	U67120MH2008PLC422229	Subsidiary	xvii
ECL Finance Limited	U65990MH2005PLC154854	Subsidiary	iii (c), iii (d) and xvii
Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	U67120MH1997PLC285490	Subsidiary	iii (c) and iii (d)
	U74140TG2008PLC120334	Subsidiary	iii (c), iii (d) and xvii
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services		Subsidiary	iii (c), iii (d), vii (a), and xvii
Ecap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	U74900MH2008PLC287466	Subsidiary	iii(c), iii(d), and xvii
Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	U65990MH2009PTC344641	Associate	iii(c), iii(d), viii(d) and xvi

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number:

Shaitendra Dadhich Partner Membership Number: UDIN: 24425098BKEIQN6917 Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: 10th May 202



Annexure-2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of Even Date on the Consolidated Financial Statements of Edel Finance Company Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Edel Finance Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as " the Group") and its associate, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its associate, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both, issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statement is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



Annexure-2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of Even Date on the Consolidated Financial Statements of Edel Finance Company Limited (Continued)

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Group and its associate, which are companies incorporated in India, have, maintained in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance note issued by the ICAI.

Other Matters

Our report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, in so far as it relates to these 14 subsidiaries and an associate, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such subsidiaries incorporated in India.

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number:

Shailendra Dadhich Partner Membership Number: UDIN: 24425098BKEIQN6917 Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: 10th May 2024



Consolidated Balance Sheet

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)	Note	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
ASSETS			
Financial assets		- Helder Anternet	
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	7	10,204.77	1,289.22
(b) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	8	2,953.03	2,458.95
(c) Derivative financial instruments		1,031.38	-
(d) Trade receivables	10	5,268.23	391.88
(e) Loans	11	69,097.68	41,687.17
(f) Investments	12	1,17,521.41	29,974.20
(g) Other financial assets	13	2,686.18	1,429.57
Total financial assets		2,08,762.68	77,230.99
Non-financial assets			
(a) Current tax assets (net)	14	5,205.23	2,232.13
(b) Deferred tax assets (net)	15	9,518.42	1,314.71
(c) Investment property	16	3,327.85	3,032.59
(d) Property, Plant and Equipment	17	2,947.34	2,109.89
(e) Capital work in progress	18	5.71	-
(f) Intangible assets under development	18	23.50	12.40
(g) Goodwill on consolidation		209.83	146.82
(h) Other Intangible assets	17	198.78	66.32
(i) Right of use asset	17	414.71	109.09
(j) Other non- financial assets	19	1,330.69	478.15
Total non-financial assets		23,182.06	9,502.10
		2 21 044 74	86 733 00
TOTAL ASSETS		2,31,944.74	86,733.09
LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities	*		
(a) Derivative financial instruments	9	1,155.83	-
(b) Trade payables	20		0.47
i. total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		10.27	8.47
ii. total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		10,238.55	393.41
(c) Debt securities	21		40,067.29
(d) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	22	75,695.02	28,750.44
(e) Deposits	23		
(f) Subordinated liabilities	24	13,892.05	1,070.13
(g) Other financial liabilities	25	16,169.28	12,391.47
Total financial liabilities		2,17,726.73	82,681.21
Non-financial liabilities			
www	26	210.25	33.44
(a) Current tax liabilities (net) (b) Provisions	20	128.77	58.42
	15	49.46	43.59
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-financial liabilities	28	371.87	135.52
Total non-financial liabilities	20	760.35	270.97
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,18,487.08	82,952.18
		2,10,407.00	62,552.16
EQUITY			
(a) Equity share capital	29	9,566.75	7,566.75
(b) Instruments entirely equity in nature	30	9,650.00	1,650.00
(c) Other equity	31	(10,064.13)	(6,176.38)
Equity attributable to Owners of the parent	·····	9,152.62	3,040.37
Equity attributable to Non-controlling Interests		4,305.04	740.54
TOTAL EQUITY		13,457.66	3,780.91
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		2,31,944.74	86,733.09
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

1 to 61

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

UN DEL ſ. 9 Shailendra Dadhich

Partner Membership No: 425098



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suneja

ApranysSunejaVidya ShahExecutive Director & CFOExecutive DirectorDIN:07297081DIN:00274831



Christina D'souza Company Secretary H<u></u> Vidya Shah



Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)	Note	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Revenue from operations			
Interest income	32	6,725.97	5,999.69
Dividend income	33	16.29	4.12
Fee income	34	749.33	917.11
Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes	35	9,803.55	1,905.84
Other operating revenue	36	476.03	355.39
Total revenue from operations		17,771.17	9,182.15
Other income	37	294.26	899.34
Total Income		18,065.43	10,081.49
Expenses			
Finance costs	38	13,392.23	8,678.30
Impairment on financial instruments		239.90	(245.93)
Employee benefits expense	The second s	2,659.65	1,093.40
Depreciation and amortisation	16,17 & 18	407.73	366.14
Other expenses	41	3,378.78	1,576.10
Total expenses		20,078.29	11,468.01
Profit / (loss) before share in profit of associates and tax		(2,012.86)	(1,386.52)
Share in profit / (loss) of associates			(106.31)
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(1,679.08)	(1,492.83)
Tax expenses:	42		
Current tax	· · · · ·		90.11
Deferred tax			413.84
Profit / (Loss) for the year			(1,996.78)
Other comprehensive income / (loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans (OCI)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(120.00)	(1.26)
Income tax - OCI - that will not be reclassified			0.66
Total other comprehensive income / (loss)		(120.43)	(0.60)
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(732.50)	(1,997.38)
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(559.78)	(2,015.10)
Non controlling interests		(52.29)	18.32
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(120.12)	(0.72)
Non controlling interests		(0.31)	0.12
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(679.90)	(2,015.82)
Non controlling interests		(52.60)	18.44
Earnings per share (Face value of ₹ 100 each)	44		
		(5.47)	(27.84)
- Diluted (₹)		(5.47)	(27.84)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

1 to 61

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

 \searrow Shailendra Dadhich

Partner Membership No: 425098



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN:02297081



Christina R'souza Company Secretary May 10, 2024

Vidya Shah Executive Director DIN : 00274831



Consolidated Statement of Cash flows

(Cu	rrency: Indian rupees in millions)	For the year ended	For the year ender
<u> </u>		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
<u>A</u>	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit / (Loss) before tax	(1,679.08)	(1,492.83
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortisation	407.73	366.14
	(Profit) / loss on sale of investments		838.00
	Impairment on financial instruments (net)	239.90	(245.93
	Fair value of financial instruments (net)	9,803.55	1,905.84
	Provision for gratuity and compensated absences	52.64	3.38
	(Profit) / loss on sale of of fixed assets (net)	0.19	-
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes	8,824.93	1,374.60
	Adjustments for:		
	Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables	(4,879.85)	(487.47
	Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets	(1,688.18)	13.08
	Decrease / (increase) in loans	(27,391.87)	738.64
	Sale / (purchase) of Investments (net)	(97,967.24)	(4,659.88
	Decrease / (increase) in other non financial assets	(852.54)	(44.77
	Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	9.744.22	73.30
· · · ·	Increase / (decrease) in non financial liabilities	(10,601.95)	18.56
	Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities	3,872.47	2,710.51
		(1,20,940.02)	(263.42
	Income taxes paid (net of refund)	911.18	(294.46
	Net cash used in operating activities -A	(1,20,028.84)	(557.88
в	Cash flow from investing activities		
<u> </u>	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (net)	(1,635.14)	303.87
	Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities - B	(1,635.14)	303.87
С	Cash flow from financing activities		,
	Proceeds from issuance of share capital	10,000.00	2,000.00
	Proceeds / (repayment) from debt securities (refer note 1 below)	60,481.46	7,360.83
	Proceeds / (repayment) from borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note	46,944.58	(9,668.35
	1 below)		
	Proceeds / (repayment) from deposits (refer note 1 below)	16.98	-
	Proceeds / (repayment) from subordinated liabilities (refer note 1 below)	12,821.92	(1,806.06
	Changes in non-controlling interest	3,617.10	
	Effect of change in group's interest	(3,302.51)	576.04
	Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities - C	1,30,579.53	(1,537.55
			12,007.00
	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		(1,791.56
	Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year	1,289.22	3,080.78
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,204.77	-,,





Edel Finance Company Limited Consolidated Statement of Cash flows (continued)

Notes:

- 1 Net figures have been reported on account of volume of transactions.
- 2 Above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 prescribed under the Companies Act (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 under the companies Act ,2013.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

1 to 61

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

. Yr /Shailendra Dadhich

Partner Membership No: 425098



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Knanya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN:07297081

Vidya Shah **Executive Director** DIN:00274831

Christina D'souza **Company Secretary**

May 10, 2024



Mumbai, May 10, 2024

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

A.1 Equity Share Capital

Particulars		As at March 31, 20	24	As at March 31, 2023			
	Outstanding as on April 1, 2023	Issued during the year	Outstanding as on March 31, 2024	Outstanding as on April 1, 2022	Issued during the year	Outstanding as on March 31, 2023	
Issued, subscribed and paid up	7,566.75	2,000.00	9,566.75	5,566.75	2,000.00	7,566.75	

A.2 Instruments entirely equity in nature

Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)

Particulars	E	As at March 31, 2	024	As at March 31, 2023			
	Outstanding as on April 1, 2023	Issued during the year	Outstanding as on March 31, 2024	Outstanding as on April 1, 2022	issued during the year	Outstanding as on March 31, 2023	
Issued, subscribed and paid up	1,650.00	•	1,650.00	1,650.00	-	1,650.00	

Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCD)

Particulars		As at March 31, 24)24	As at March 31, 2023				
	Outstanding as on April 1, 2023	issued during the year	Outstanding as on March 31, 2024	Outstanding as on April 1, 2022	Issued during the year	Outstanding as on March 31, 2023		
Issued, subscribed and paid up	-	8,000.00	8,000.00	-	•	•		
Total of Instruments entirely equity in nature	1.650.00	8.000.00	9,650,00	1.650.00		1.650.00		

B. Other Equity

Uther Equity					Reserves and Su	rplus				Other Compreh	ensive income	Total attributable	Non-Controlling Interest
Particulars	Capital Reserve	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium Account	Special Reserve under section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Reserve under section 29C of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987	Retained Earnings	Deemed Capital Contribution - Equity	Impairment Reserve	Debenture Redemption Reserve	Revaluation Reserve through Other Comprehensive Income	Financial instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	to owners of the parent	
Balance as at April 1, 2022	(3,596.26)	114.34	4,269.44	1,414.01	575.4Z	(10,007.99)	52.55	32.27	1,458.31	915.44	· ·	(4,772.47)	757.97
Loss for the year	•			-	-	(2,015.10)	-	•	•		•	(2,015.10)	
Other comprehensive loss	-		· ·	-	- 1	(0.72)	•	•	•	-	•	(0.72)	0.12
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year	(3,596.26)	114.34	4,269,44	1,414.01	575.42	(12,023.81)	52.55	32.27	1,458.31	915.44	•	(6,788.29)	776.41
Transfer Under 29C NHB				-	32.13	(32.13)	-	•		-	-	-	-
Transfer Under 45 -IC RBI				130.81	•	(130.81)	-	•	•	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Debenture Redemption Reserve	-		· ·	-	-	1,239.24	-	•	(1,239.24)		-	•	-
Transfer from Revaluation reserve		•	•	-		51,12	-	•	•	(51.12)	-	•	•
Reversal on account of lapses of ESOP/SAR	-	- 1		•	-	27.52	-	•	•	-	•	27.52	-
Effect of changes in group's interest		•	· ·		•	584.39	-	•		•	•	584.39	(35.87)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	(3,596.26)	114.34	4,269.44	1,544.82	607.55	(10,284.48)	52.55	32.27	219,07	864.32	-	(6,176.38)	740.54
Loss for the year	-		-	•	-	(559.78)	-	•	•			(559.78)	(52.29)
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	- 1	•	-	{120.12]	-	•	-	-	(417.53)	(537,65)	(0.31)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year	(3,596.26)	114.34	4,269.44	1,544.82	607.55	(10,964.38)	52.55	32,27	219.07	864.32	(417.53)	(7,273.81)	687.94
Transfer Under 29C NHB	-	•	· ·	-	38.60	(38.60)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Transfer Under 45 -IC RBI		•		482.62	-	(482.62)	•	•		•	•	•	-
Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve		•	۰ (-	-	543.37	-	•	(543.37)	· · · ·	· ·	•	•
Transfer from Revaluation reserve	· ·	· ·	- 1	-	-	116.53	•	•	•	(116.53)	· ·	•	· ·
Reversal on account of lapses of ESOP/SAR	· ·	-	· ·	-	-	94.69	•	•	-	· · ·	· ·	94.69	
Effect of changes in group's interest	3,412.67	167.00	2,608.82	5,824.90	-	(18,765.61)	182.04	•	3,088.40	597.77		(2,885.01)	3,617.10
Balance as at March 31, 2024	(183.59)	281.34	5,878.26	7,852.34	646.15	(29,497.62)	234.59	32.27	2,764.20	& DHE	(417.53)	(10,064.13)	4,305.04





Edel Finance Company Limited Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (continued)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Dhira] & Dheeraj Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

Shallendra Dadhich Partner Membership No: 425098



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Aprinya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN:07297081 Christina D'souza Company Secretary

May 10, 2024

1 to 61

Vidya Shah Executive Director DIN : 00274831



Mumbai, May 10, 2024

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

1. Background

Edel Finance Company Limited ('the Company') a public limited company domiciled and incorporated under the provisions applicable in India under the Companies Act, 1956. The Company was incorporated on October 16, 1989 and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

The Company was primarily engaged in the business of lending and investment and is registered with the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') as a Systematically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC-ND-SI). Company got converted to Core Investment Company ('CIC') as NBFC-CIC-ND-SI on 09th October 2018.

2. Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements relate to Edel Finance Company Limited ('the Company') and its subsidiaries (together 'the Group') and associates. The Group is primarily engaged in (a) agency business, which includes advisory and other fee based services; (b) Capital business which includes lending business and investment activities; and (c) Treasury business includes income from trading activities.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time). These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 10 May 2024.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for entities under liquidation/ dissolution and certain financial instruments such as financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) instruments, derivative financial instruments, fair value through Profit or Loss and other financial assets held for trading, certain property plant and equipment which have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to the nearest million, except when otherwise indicated.

3. Presentation of financial statements

The Group presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity in compliance with the Division III of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current).

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business
- The event of default
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the company and or its counterparties

4. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements as on 31 March 2024, comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2024 including any controlled structured entities. The Company consolidates a subsidiary when it controls it. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements.
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.
- The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee, if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets **Habilities**, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated that the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.





4. Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that Group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies. However, no subsidiaries, associates and consolidated structure entities have followed different accounting policies than those followed by the Group for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidation procedure:

- a. Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- b. Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary. Business combinations policy explains how to account for any related goodwill.
- c. Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, are eliminated in full). Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. With respect to put options granted by the Group to the holders of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary, where the Group does not have a present ownership interest in the shares subject to put, till the put remains unexercised, non-controlling continues to be recognised including allocation of profit or loss, other comprehensive income and other changes in equity of the subsidiary. However, at each reporting date, the non-controlling interest is derecognised as if it were acquired at that date and a financial liability is recognised and measured at its fair value. The difference between these two amounts is recognised as an equity transaction and attributed to owners of the parent.

Given the level of judgement required regarding consolidation of structured entities, these considerations are described further in the significant accounting judgements. Disclosures for investment in subsidiaries, and structured entities are provided in notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decision of the investee, but it's not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investments in its associate is accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate since the acquisition date. The Statement of Profit and Loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the Statement of Changes in Equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.





5. Material accounting policies

5.1 Recognition of Interest income and Dividend income

5.1.1 Effective interest rate (EIR)

Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and debt instrument measured at FVOCI. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate a shorter period to the gross carrying amount of financial instrument.

The EIR is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Group recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the financial asset. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle including prepayments penalty interest and charges.

If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk, the adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income.

5.1.2 Interest Income

The Group calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than creditimpaired assets.

When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Group calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the amortised cost (net of expected credit loss) of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Group reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis.

Penal interest income on delayed EMI or pre EMI is recognised on receipt basis.

5.1.3 Dividend Income

The Group recognised dividend income when the Group's right to receive the payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

5.1.4 Fee and Commission Income

Fee and commission income include fees other than those that are an integral part of EIR. The Group recognises the fee and commission income in accordance with the terms of the relevant contracts / agreement and when it is probable that the Group will collect the consideration.

5.1.5 Other Income

Other Income represents income earned from the activities incidental to the business and is recognised when the right to receive the income is established as per the terms of the contract. Other ancillary charges are recognized upon realisation.

5.1.6 Brokerage Income

Brokerage income is recognised as per contracted rates at the execution of transactions on behalf of the customers on the trade date and is reflected net of related sub-brokerage expenses, Goods and Service Tax ("GST"), transaction charges and stock exchange expenses.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

- 5. Significant accounting policies (Continued)
- 5.1 Recognition of Interest income and Dividend income (Continued)
- 5.1.7 Business support services Income

Business support services including web based services are accounted on accrual basis in accordance with the terms and contracts entered into between the Group and the counterparty.

- 5.1.8 Profit / loss on sale of investments is recognised on trade date basis.
- **5.1.9** Commodities sales are accounted when all obligations connected with the transfer of risks and rewards to the buyer have been fulfilled after the price has been determined and collection of the receivable is reasonably certain
- 5.1.10 Warehouse income is recognised on accrual basis by reference to the agreements entered with customers.
- 5.1.11 Interests on delayed payments, warehousing charges and rental income are recognised on accrual basis by reference to the agreements entered.
- 5.1.12 Profit / (loss) from share in partnership firm is accounted once the amount of the share of profit/ (loss) is ascertained and credited / debited to the Group's account in the books of the partnership firm.
- 5.1.13 Real estate advisory income is recognised basis the terms and conditions mentioned in the agreement.

5.1.14 Revenue from Investment management services

Revenue from Investment management services is recognised over the tenure in accordance with the terms and conditions of the investment management agreement with group companies. The investment manager, in addition to management fee, also receives a performance profit allocation in respect of all classes of units. The incentive fee is calculated at the end of every performance period on a unit-by-unit basis so that each class of unit is charged an incentive fee, which equates fairly with that unit's performance. At the end of each performance period, the incentive fee is calculated as a % of the appreciation in the NAV per class of unit (before accrual or deduction of the incentive fee) over the reference price per class of unit and after accounting for the hurdle rate.

Portfolio management fees are recognised over the tenure in accordance with portfolio management agreement entered with respective clients.

Revenue from fund management services (excluding mutual fund business) is recognised over the tenure in accordance with the terms and conditions of the investment management agreement between the Group and the Fund for which the Group acts as a fund manager.

5.1.15 The trusteeship fee is recognised as mutually agreed between the trustee and the settler.

5.1.16 Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured at transaction price i.e., the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to the customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group consider the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. Where the consideration promised is variable, the Group excludes the estimates of variable consideration that are constrained. The Group applies the five-step approach for the recognition of revenue:

- I. Identification of contract
- II. Identification of the separate performance obligation in the contract
- III. Determination of transaction price
- IV. Allocation of transaction price to separate performance obligation and
- V. Recognition of revenue when (or as) each performance obligation is satisfied.





5.2 Financial Instruments

5.2.1 Date of recognition

Financial assets and liabilities with exception of loans and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. Loans are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account. The Group recognises borrowings when funds are available for utilisation to the Group.

5.2.2 Initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

5.2.3 Day 1 profit and loss

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Group recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

5.2.4 Classification & measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

The Group classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in carrying value of financial assets is recognised in profit and loss account.

Sale that occur for below reason are considered as consistent with business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.

- If those sales are infrequent (even if significant in value) or insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate (even if frequent).
- If such sales are made close to maturity of financial asset and proceeds from sale approximate the collection of the remaining contractual cash flow
- Selling a financial asset because of significant increase in credit risk.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are neasured FVTPL. The Group measures all financial assets classified as FVTPL at fair value at each reporting date. The change in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Profit and loss account.

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5.3 Financial assets and liabilities

5.3.1 Amortized cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

5.3.2 Financial assets held for trading

The Group classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. Held for trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in net gain on fair value changes.

Financial assets measured at FVOCI - Loans

Unrealised gains or losses on debt instruments measured at FVOCI are recognised in other comprehensive income, and on derecognition of such instrument accumulated gains or losses are recycled to profit and loss statement. Interest income on such instrument is recognised in profit and loss statement using EIR method.

5.3.3 Investment in equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, unless the management has elected to irrevocably classify some of its strategic equity investments to be measured at FVTOCI. Such classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Investments in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost as permitted under Ind AS 27 (Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements). The investment in other group companies are carried at cost less provision for impairment. (subsidiaries, associates, and other group companies).

5.3.4 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost except loan commitments, financial guarantees, and derivative financial liabilities.

5.3.5 Derivative financial instruments

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps and forward commodity contracts, to hedge its foreign currency risks, interest rate risks and commodity price risks, respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.





5.3.5 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement (continued)

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in OCI and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedge item affects profit or loss or treated as basis adjustment if a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability.

The Group issues non-convertible debentures, the return of which is linked to performance of specified indices over the period of the debenture. Group enters into derivative contracts to effectively mitigate the risk on such exposure by either minimising the loss or earn a minimum committed income (say for example purchased call and put options) with a wide range of strike prices. This risk mitigation plan has been approved by the risk committee.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently re-measured at fair value and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a standalone derivative An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified interest rate, foreign exchange rate, or other variable, provided that, in the case of a non-financial variable, it is not specific to a party to the contract.

Derivatives embedded in all other host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value though profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss, unless designated as effective hedging instruments.

Forward Rate Agreement (FRA) and Interest Rate Futures (IRF)

The Group enters into interest rate derivative transactions i.e. Forward Rate Agreement (FRA) and Interest Rate Futures (IRF) to hedge the interest rate risk arising out of highly probable forecasted future cash inflows.

A Forward Rate Agreement ("FRA") is a forward contract to hedge the risk of movements in interest rates. In FRA contract, Group fixes the yield on the government bond for the period till the maturity of the contract. The Group has entered into FRA to hedge interest rate risk on forecasted premium receivable from already written policies at future dates.

Forward Rate Agreement derivative contracts are over-the-counter (OTC) transactions, agreeing to buy notional value of a debt security at a specified future date, at a price determined at the time of the contract with an objective to lock in the price of an interest bearing security at a future date.

The Forward Rate Agreement (FRA) contract is valued at the difference between the market value of underlying bond at the spot reference yield taken from the SEBI approved rating agency and present value of contracted forward price of underlying bond including present value of intermediate coupon inflows from valuation date till FRA contract settlement date, at applicable INR-OIS rate curve.

Interest rate futures are standardized interest rate derivative contracts which are permitted by IRDAI to hedge risks on forecasted transactions. These are traded on a recognized stock exchange to buy or sell a notional security or any other interest-bearing instrument or an index of such instruments or interest rates at a specified future date, at a price determined at the time of the contract.

The instrument is classified as FVTPL securities and the net gain on fair value change is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derivatives Instruments are initially recognized at fair value at the date of one side Dia the derivative contracts and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The story follows Cash Flow Heder accounting. Hedge effectiveness is ascertained at the inception of the Regge and periodicary hereafter.

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5.3.5 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

At the inception of the hedge, the Company documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, the risk management objective, strategy for undertaking the hedge and the methods used to assess the hedge effectiveness. Hedge effectiveness is the degree to which changes in the fair value or cash flows of the hedged item that are attributable to a hedged risk are offset by changes in the fair value or cash flows of the hedging instrument. Hedge effectiveness is ascertained at the time of inception of the hedge and periodically thereafter at Balance Sheet date.

The portion of fair value gain/loss on the IRD that is determined to be an effective hedge is recognized directly in appropriate account i.e. 'Fair value gain/loss on derivatives' under the head Other Comprehensive Income and accumulated under the head of Cash Flow Hedge Reserve in the Balance Sheet and the portion of IRD fair value gain/loss that gets determined as ineffective hedge or ineffective portion of effective hedge, basis the hedge effectiveness assessment is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The accumulated gains or losses that were recognised directly in the Hedge Reserve are reclassified into Statement of Profit and Loss, in the same period during which the income from hedged forecasted cash flows affect the Statement of Profit and Loss (such as in the periods that income on the investments acquired from underlying forecasted cashflow is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss). In the event that all or any portion of loss or gain, recognised directly in the Hedge Reserve is not expected to be recovered in future periods, the amount that is not expected to be recovered is reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Gains or losses arising from hedge ineffectiveness, if any, are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Costs associated with derivative contracts are considered as at a point in time cost.

5.3.6 Debt securities and other borrowed funds

After initial measurement, debt issued, and other borrowed funds are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the instrument.

The Group has issued certain non-convertible debentures, the return of which is linked to performance of specified indices over the period of the debenture. Such debentures have a component of an embedded derivative which is fair valued at a reporting date. The resultant 'net unrealised loss or gain' on the fair valuation of these embedded derivatives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The debt component of such debentures is measured at amortised cost using yield to maturity basis.

5.3.7 Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and financial liabilities in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109. Management only designates an instrument at FVTPL upon initial recognition when one of the following criteria are met. Such designation is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

- The designation eliminates, or significantly reduces, the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; Or
- The liabilities are part of a group of financial liabilities, which are managed, and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy; Or
- The liabilities containing one or more embedded derivatives, unless they do not significantly modify the cash flows that would otherwise be required by the contract, or it is clear with little or no analysis when a similar instrument is first considered that separation of the embedded derivative(s) is prohibited.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in profit and loss with the exception of movements in fair value of liabilities designated at FVTPL due to changes in the Company's own credit risk. Such changes in fair value are recorded in the Own credit reserve through OCI and do not get recycled to the profit or loss. Interest earned or incurred on instruments designated at FVTPL is accrued in interest income or finance cost, respectively, using the EIR, taking into account any discount/ premium and qualifying transaction costs being an integral part of instrument. Interest earned at FVTPL is recorded using contractual interest rate.





5.3.8 Financial guarantee

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the Group to make specified payments to reimburse to holder for loss that it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when it is due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee issued or commitments to provide a loan at below market interest rate are initially measured at fair value and the initial fair value is amortised over the life of the guarantee or the commitment. Subsequently they are measured at higher of this amortised amount and the amount of loss allowance

5.3.9 Loan commitment

Undrawn loan commitments are commitments under which, the Group is required to provide a loan with pre-specified terms to the customer during the duration of commitment

5.3.10 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Group's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

5.3.11 Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Group does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Group acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. Financial Liabilities are never reclassified.

5.3.12 Derecognition of financial Instruments

5.3.12.1 Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Group also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Group has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either.

- The Group has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- It retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumed a contractual
 obligation to pay the cash flows in full without material delay to third party under pass through
 arrangement.

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Group retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following conditions are met:

- The Group has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount lent plus accrued interest at market rates.
- The Group cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients.

The Group has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual express without material delay. In addition, the Group is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for wetment on ash or cash equivalents including interest earned, during the period between the collection one and the date of oppuired remittance to the cell COM

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eventual recipients.

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The Group considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

The Group also derecognises a financial asset, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new financial asset, with the difference recognised as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The newly recognised financial assets are classified as Stage 1 for ECL measurement purposes, unless the new financial asset is deemed to be POCI.

If the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different, the modification does not result in derecognition. Based on the change in cash flows discounted at the original EIR, the Group records a modification gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

5.3.12.2 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing financial liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

5.4 Impairment of financial assets

The Group records provisions based on expected credit loss model ("ECL") on all loans, other debt financial assets measured at amortised cost together with undrawn loan commitment and financial guarantee contracts, in this section all referred to as "Financial instrument". Equity instruments are not subject to impairment.

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. A credit loss is the difference between the cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive discounted at the original effective interest rate. Because ECL consider the amount and timing of payments, a credit loss arises even if the entity expects to be paid in full but later than when contractually due.

Simplified approach

The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables. However, if receivables contain a significant financing component, the Group chooses as its accounting policy to measure the loss allowance by applying general approach to measure ECL.

General approach

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (12m ECL). The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of an evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring.

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Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) (i.e., the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default (EAD), for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Group recognises an impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss in the reformatted consolidated statement of profit and loss with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

If a financial instrument includes both a loan (i.e., financial asset) and an undrawn commitment (i.e. loan commitment) component and the Group cannot separately identify the ECL on the loan commitment component from those on the financial asset component, the ECL on the loan commitment have been recognised together with the loss allowance for the financial asset. To the extent that the combined ECL exceed the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, the ECL have been recognised as a provision. Also, for other loan commitments and all financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowance has been recognised as a provision.

5.5 Collateral valuation

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Group seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit/guarantees, real estate, receivables, inventories, other non-financial assets and credit enhancements such as netting agreements. Collateral, unless repossessed, is not recorded on the balance sheet. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a periodical basis. However, some collateral, for example, cash or securities relating to margining requirements, is valued daily.

To the extent possible, the Group uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Other financial assets which do not have readily determinable market values are valued using models.

5.6 Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Group has no reasonable expectation of recovery. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to impairment on financial instrument on statement of profit and loss.

5.7 Redeemable preference shares

Redeemable preference shares issued are classified as financial liabilities and are measured at fair value at inception and at amortised cost subsequently.

Where the transaction price for the preference shares issued differs from the fair value, the difference is recognized in profit or loss unless the difference is a deemed capital contribution from the Group, in which case, the said difference is recognized in equity.

In accounting for these preference shares at amortised cost subsequent to initial recognition, interest expense based on the effective interest rate is recognized in profit or loss. This effective interest rate is based on the initial measurement of the preference shares (fair value) and the maturity amount. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss unless the difference is due to a transaction with a related party, in which case, the same is recognized as a deemed distribution or return of deemed capital contribution, as the case may be.





5.8 Compulsory Convertible Instruments

Compulsory Convertible Debentures/ Preference shares are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract. At the inception of the Compulsory Convertible Instruments, the following two elements will be separated:

- (a) a liability component arising from the interest payments; and
- (b) an equity component representing the delivery of fixed number of equity shares in future.

On issuance of the Compulsory Convertible Instrument, the fair value of the liability portion is determined using a market interest rate for an equivalent non convertible bonds. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion of the bonds. The remainder of the proceeds is attributable to the equity portion of the compound instrument since it meets Ind AS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation, criteria for fixed to fixed classification. The carrying amount of the equity component is not subsequently re-measured.

5.9 Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

Determination of fair value

The Group measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

- Level 1 financial instruments –Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from
 active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group has access to at the measurement date. The Group
 considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of
 the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance
 sheet date.
- Level 2 financial instruments-Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.

• Level 3 financial instruments –Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole. For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is a significant to the fair value measurement is a significant to the end of each reporting period. The Group periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the significant to the significant.





Therefore, the Group applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Group evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.

5.10 Leases

Group as a lessee

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right of use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short term lease

The Group has elected not to recognise right of use asset and lease liabilities for short term leases of property that has lease term of 12 months or less. The Group recognises lease payment associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over lease term.

Group as a lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset is classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the Group to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.





5.11 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

5.12 Foreign currency transactions

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is also functional currency of the Group. Transactions in currencies other than Indian Rupees (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

5.13 Retirement and other employee benefit

5.13.1 Provident fund and national pension scheme

The Group contributes to a recognised provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

5.13.2 Gratuity

The Group's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Group's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Benefits in respect of gratuity are funded with an insurance company approved by Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA).

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.





5.13.3 Compensated Absences

The eligible employees of the Group are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Group recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.

5.14 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees are granted by the ultimate parent Group. These are measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. These includes Stock Appreciation Rights ("SAR"s) where the right to receive the difference between the SAR price and the market price of equity shares of the ultimate parent Group on the date of exercise, either by way of cash or issuance of equity shares of the ultimate parent Group, is at the discretion of the ultimate parent Group. These are classified as equity settled share based transaction.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the 'ESOP reserve'. In cases where the share options granted vest in instalments over the vesting period, the Group treats each instalment as a separate grant, because each instalment has a different vesting period, and hence the fair value of each instalment differs.

Employee Stock Option Plans (ESOPs) / Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs)

The Holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL")) has Employee Stock Option Plans and Stock Appreciation Rights in force. Based on such schemes, parent entity has granted an ESOP/SAR option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost.

5.15 Property, plant and equipment and right - of - use assets

the date of disposal.

Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent costs incurred on an item of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the carrying amount thereof when those costs meet the recognition criteria as mentioned above. Repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided up to

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Group has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:





5.15 Property, plant and equipment and right - of - use assets (continued)

Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Nature of assets	Estimated Useful Life
Building (Other than Factory Building)	60 years
Plant and equipments	15 years
Furniture and fittings	10 years
Vehicles	8 years
Office equipments	5 years
Computers - Servers and networks	6 years
Computers - End user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.	3 years

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Land and buildings are subsequently shown at fair value based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings. Valuations will be carried out on a regular basis, unless the management consider it appropriate to have an earlier revaluation, such that the carrying amount of property does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the end of the reporting period. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Subsequent measurement of land and building under revaluation model

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to other comprehensive income and shown as a revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity. An exception is a gain on revaluation that reverses a revaluation decrease (impairment) on the same asset previously recognised as an expense. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged in other comprehensive income and debited against the revaluation reserve directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. Each year the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to profit or loss and depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings.

Right-of-use assets are presented together with property and equipment in the statement of financial position. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.





5.16 Intangible assets:

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

Intangibles such as software are amortised over a period of 3 years based on its estimated useful life.

Intangible assets under development are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets.

5.17 Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed, and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

5.18 Provisions and other contingent liabilities:

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. Claims against the Group, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

5.19 Income tax expenses:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

5.19.1 Current tax:

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

5.19.2 Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.





5.19.2 Deferred tax (continued):

Deferred tax assets are also recognised with respect to carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

It is probable that taxable profit will be available against which a deductible temporary difference, unused tax loss or unused tax credit can be utilised when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences which are expected to reverse in the period of reversal of deductible temporary difference or in periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back. When this is not the case, deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that:

- the entity will have sufficient taxable profit in the same period as reversal of deductible temporary difference or periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back; or
- tax planning opportunities are available that will create taxable profit in appropriate periods.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

5.19.3 Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

5.20 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

5.21 Investment property

Properties, including those under construction, held to earn rentals and/or capital appreciation are classified as investment property and are measured and reported at cost, including transaction costs.

Depreciation is recognised using written down value method so as to write off the cost of the investment property less their residual values over their useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or in the case of assets where the useful life was determined by technical evaluation, over the useful life so determined. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future benefits embodied in the investment property. The estimated useful life and residual values are also reviewed at each financial year end and the effect of any change in the estimates of useful life/residual value is accounted on prospective basis.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of property is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the same period.





6 Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 5, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

6.1. Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

a. Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance is measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Group monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the quantum, the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Group's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

a. Significant increase in credit risk

ECL is measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

b. Consolidation of structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. In the context of the Group, structured entities comprise securitisation trusts in asset reconstruction business, mutual fund schemes and alternative investment funds / schemes thereof. The Group consolidates the structured entities that it controls. When making this judgement, the Group also considers voting and similar rights available to itself and other parties, who may limit the Group's ability to control, including rights to appoint, reassign or remove members of the structured entity's key management personnel who have the ability to direct the relevant activities, the exposure to variability of returns and whether the Group has the ability to use its power to affect the amount of the Group's returns i.e. the variability of returns in relation to the total returns of the investee entity.

c. Determining lease term for lease contracts with renewal and termination option

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain, whether or not, to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to every settle option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customer of the termination asset).





6.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

a. Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values.

For Investments made into Security receipts (SRs), Group uses discounted cash flow model, given that the SRs are less liquid instruments. Expected cash flow levels including timing of cash flows are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including default rates, nature and value of collaterals, manner of resolution and other economic drivers. For any valuation which are based on models, Judgements and estimates are applied, which include considerations of liquidity, credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

b. Impairment of financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Group's ECL calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- PD calculation includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.
- The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss and the qualitative assessment.
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis.
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EAD and LGD
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models.

It is Group's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

c. Effective interest rate method

The Group's EIR methodology, as explained in Note 5, recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of characteristics of the product life cycle.

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes in fee income/expense that are thread parts of the instrument.





6.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

d. Accounting for deferred taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

The Group has recognised deferred tax assets on carried forward tax losses with respect to certain subsidiaries where the Group believes that the said deferred tax assets shall be recoverable based on the estimated future taxable income which in turn is based on approved business plans and budgets. The losses are allowed to be carried forward to the years in which the Group expects that there will be sufficient taxable profits to offset these losses.

e. Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. Incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

7. Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Cash in hand	0.01	-
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	8,803.90	1,178.07
- in fixed deposits with original maturity less than 3 months	1,400.86	111.15
Total	10,204.77	1,289.22

8. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Fixed deposits at amortised cost (refer Note 1 below)	2,512.49	2,430.22	
Other bank balances (refer Note 2 below)	440.54	28.73	
Total	2,953.03	2,458.95	

Note 1:

• Pledged fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ 1,944.69 million (previous year ₹ 1,502.65 million) with bank for securing credit facilities, obtaining bank guarantees, securitisation/ assignment under partial credit guarantee scheme.

• Pledged fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ 63.98 million (previous year ₹ 4 million) with exchange and banks to meet margin requirement.

• Pledged fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ 81.89 million (previous year ₹ 65.84 million) with VAT, Sales Tax and Custom authorities.

• Pledged fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ Nil million (previous year ₹ 13.09 million) with agriculture produce market committee for obtaining Mandi license.

Note 2:

• Bank Balance aggregating to ₹ 440.54 million (Previous year: ₹ 28.73 million) have been held in Escrow account is charged against debt securities





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9. Derivative financial instruments

March 21, 2024	Notional amount	Fair value of asset	Notional amount	Fair value of
March 31, 2024	(units)	(₹)	(units)	liability (₹)
(i) Commodity linked derivatives				
Futures	27,000	2.32	-	-
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)	•	(2.32)	-	-
(ii) Interest rate derivatives				
Interest rate swaps	17,750	91.28	7,800	21.98
Interest rate futures	_		4,33,46,000	8.02
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)		•	-	(8.02)
Subtotal (ii)		91.28	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	21.98
(iii) Index linked derivatives	<u> איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז</u>		· · ·	
Index Futures	1,76,590	15.93	47,895	3.40
Options purchased	15,83,110	312.57	-	-
Options sold (written)	-	· -	8,38,915	249.79
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)	-	(15.93)	-	(3.40)
Subtotal (iii)		312.57		249.79
(iv) Embedded deivatives				
In market linked debentures		299.64	-	652.91
Subtotal (iv)		299.64	· · · · ·	652.91
(v) Equity linked derivatives				
Stock Futures	1,25,79,286	139.06	62,69,122	34.29
Options	93,26,378	327.90	93,26,753	231.15
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)	-	(139.06)		(34.29)
Subtotal (v)		327.90		231.15
Total		1,031.38		1,155.83

	Notional amount	Fair value of asset	Notional amount	Fair value of
	(units)	(₹)	(units)	liability (₹)
(i) Currency derivatives				
Currency Futures	10,93,000	89.97		•
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)		(89.97)		
Subtotal (i)	99994400-1956 - 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 17, 18, 18, 19, 18, 18, 19, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18	-		
(ii) Index linked derivatives				
Index Futures				
Options purchased		-		-
Options sold (written)		-		
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)		-		
Subtotal (ii)		-		
(iii) Equity linked derivatives				
Stock Futures	-	-	-	
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)		-		
Subtotal (iii)		-		
Total		-		

Note:

Notional amount in the above tables refer to number of underlying equity shares in case of stock futures and options, number of underlying index units in case of index-linked derivatives, number of underlying currency units in case of currency derivatives, number of underlying government securities / bonds in case of interest rate future, amount of notional currency in case of interest rate swaps.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9.A Offsetting

The tables below summarise the financial assets and liabilities subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting and similar agreements, as well as financial collateral received to mitigate credit exposures for these financial assets, and whether offset is achieved in the balance sheet:

	Offsetting	Offsetting recognised in balance sheet			Netting potential not recognised in balance sheet			Total Assets	Maximum Exposure to Risk
Financial assets subject to offsetting	Gross asset before offset	Amount offset	Net asset recognised on the balance sheet	Financial assets	Collaterals paid	Assets after consideration of netting potential	Assets recognised on the balance sheet	Recognised in the balance sheet	After consideration of netting potential
Derivative Assets	157.31	(157.31)			yhosto guodesije	da esta esta esta esta esta esta esta est		ante se (se s	
	Offsetting	recognised sheet	l in balance	Netting p	otential not re shee	cognised in balance t	Liabilities not subject to netting arrangements	Total Liabilities	Maximum Exposure to Risk
Financial liabilities subject to offsetting	Gross Liabilities before offset	Amount offset	Net Liabilities recognised on the balance sheet	Financial Assets	Collaterals Paid	Liabilities after consideration of netting potential	Liabilities recognised on the balance sheet	Recognised in the balance sheet	After consideration of netting potential
Derivative Liabilities	45.71	(45.71)						.	
March 31, 2023:	Offsetting	recognised sheet	in balance	Netting p	otential not re shee	cognised in balance	Assets not	Total	Maximum
						t	subject to netting arrangements	Assets	Exposure to Risk
Financial assets subject to offsetting	Gross asset before offset	Amount offset	Net asset recognised on the balance sheet	Financial assets	Collaterals paid	t Assets after consideration of netting potential			After
•	before		recognised on the balance sheet		Collaterals	Assets after consideration of	arrangements Assets recognised on the balance	Recognised in the balance	consideration of netting
offsetting	before offset 89.97	offset (89.97	recognised on the balance sheet	assets -	Collaterals paid	Assets after consideration of netting potential - -	arrangements Assets recognised on the balance sheet	Recognised in the balance sheet - Total	After consideration of netting
offsetting	before offset 89.97	offset (89.97 recognised	recognised on the balance sheet) -	assets -	Collaterals paid - otential not re	Assets after consideration of netting potential - -	arrangements Assets recognised on the balance sheet - Liabilities not subject to netting	Recognised in the balance sheet - Total Liabilities Recognised in the	After consideration of netting potential Maximum Exposure to Ris





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

10. Trade receivables

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Trade receivables		
Receivables considered good - secured	•	-
Receivables considered good - unsecured	5,269.77	392.44
Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	10.65	6.52
Receivables - credit impaired	385.83	362.75
Gross Receivables	5,666.25	761.71
Allowance for expected credit losses - Receivables considered good - Unsecured	(5.17)	(0.56)
Allowance for expected credit losses - Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	(9.90)	(6.52)
Allowance for expected credit losses - Credit impaired	(382.95)	(362.75)
Total receivables net of provision	5,268.23	391.88





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

10. Trade receivables (Continued) 10.1 Trade receivables ageing scheduk

As at March 31, 2024	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Less than 6 6 months -1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years years						
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good-Gross	5,230.20 39.57 5,269.77						
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk-Gross	- 1.18 2.94 6.53 - 10.65						
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired-Gross	7.84 0.11 1.32 - 376.56 385.83						
Gross receivables (A)	5,238.04 40.86 4.26 6.53 376.56 5,666.25						
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good-ECL	(4.54) (0.63) (5.17)						
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk-ECL	- (0.43) (2.94) (6.53) - (9.90)						
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired-ECL	(4.96) (0.11) (1.32) - (376.56) (382.95)						
Total ECL provision on receivables (B)	(9.50) (1.17) (4.26) (6.53) (376.56) (398.02)						
Total receivables net of provision = (A)+(B)	5,228.54 39.69 (0.00) 5,268.23						

As at March 31, 2023	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good-Gross	392.44	•	•	-	-	392.44	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk-Gross	-	-	6.52	-	-	6.52	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired-Gross	1.52	-	4.86	12.31	344.06	362.75	
Gross receivables (A)	393.96	•	11.38	12.31	344.06	761.71	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good-ECL	(0.56)	-			-	(0.56)	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk-ECL	•	•	(6.52)	-	-	(6.52)	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired-ECL	(1.52)	-	(4.86)	(12.31)	(344.06)	(362.75)	
Total ECL provision on receivables (B)	(2.08)	-	(11.38)	(12.31)	(344.06)	(369.83)	
Total receivables net of provision = (A)+(B)	391.88	•	•	-	•	391.88	

There are no unbilled or not due trade receivables as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

10.2. Reconciliation of impairment allowance on trade receivables:

Particulars	As at	As at
Faturals	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Impairment allowance measured as per simplified approach		
Impairment allowance - opening balance	369.83	392.97
Add/ (less): asset originated or acquired (net)	28.19	(23.14)
Impairment allowance - closing balance	398.02	369.83

Notes:

1) No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person 2) No trade or other receivables are due from firms or private companies in which directors is partner, a director or a member.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		March 3	1, 2024	esta para a		March 3	1, 2023	
Particulars	at amortised cost	at FVTPL	at FVOCI	Total	at amortised cost	at FVTPL	at FVOCI	Total
Term Loans								
Corporate and Retail Credit	75,187.31	2,641.84	3,962.40	81,791.55	47,085.67	2,645.09	-	49,730.76
Total gross (A)	75,187.31	2,641.84	3,962.40	81,791.55	47,085.67	2,645.09	-	49,730.76
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(12,336.99)	-	(356.88)	(12,693.87)	(8,043.59)	-	-	(8,043.59
Total (Net) (A)	62,850.32	2,641.84	3,605.52	69,097.68	39,042.08	2,645.09	-	41,687.17
		0.0469.0067.0294.227) (jin jin çin çin çin çin çin çin çin çin çin ç	kon son son so				
Collateral :								
Secured by tangible assets	35,678.07	907.48	3,034.66	39,620.21	29,241.43	425.88	-	29,667.31
Secured by inventories, unlisted securities,	778.52		870.25	1,648.77	-	-	-	-
project receivables & other marketable securities	STAR ADDRESS							
Unsecured	38,730.72	1,734.36	57.49	40,522.57	17,844.24	2,219.21	-	20,063.45
Total gross (B)	75,187.31	2,641.84	3,962.40	81,791.55	47,085.67	2,645.09	-	49,730.76
				-				
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(12,336.99)		(356,88)	(12,693.87)	(8,043.59)		-	(8,043.59
Total (Net) (B)	62,850.32	2,641.84	3,605.52	69,097.68	39,042.08	2,645.09	-	41,687.17
Loans in India								
Public sector						-	-	-
Others	75.187.31	2.641.84	3,962,40	81.791.55	47,085.67	2.645.09	-	49,730.76
		www.entropy.com	en for version (normalise	nod / a participation d				
Total gross (C)	75,187.31	2,641.84	3,962.40	81,791.55	47,085.67	2,645.09	-	49,730.76
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(12,336.99)		(356.88)	(12,693.87)	(8,043.59)	-	-	(8,043.59
					, and a second			
Total (Net) (C) (I)	62,850.32	2,641.84	3,605.52	69,097.68	39,042.08	2,645.09	•	41,687.17
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Loans outside India					-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance					-	-	+	-
Total (Net) (C) (II)				and Leonard States - 1	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (I) and (C) (II)	62,850.32	2,641.84	3,605.52	69,097.68	39,042.08	2,645.09		41,687.17





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

11. Loans (Continued) 11.1 Credit quality

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's year-end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross of impairment allowances. Details of the Group's internal grading for stage classification are explained in Note 55.D.1 and policies on whether ECL allowances are calculated on an individual or collective basis are set out in Note 55.D.1

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024		As at Marc	h 31, 2023	
	Stage I Stage II Stage II Stage II	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Total
Performing					
High grade	58,921.84 - 58,921.84	35,471.90	-	-	35,471.90
Standard grade	- 3,357.13 - 3,357.13	-	3,420.74	-	3,420.74
Non-Performing					
Impaired	- 12,908.34 12,908.34	-	-	8,193.03	8,193.03
Total	58,921.84 3,357.13 12,908.34 75,187.31	35,471.90	3,420.74	8,193.03	47,085.67

Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporate and retail customers:

The following disclosure provides stage wise reconciliation of the Group's gross carrying amount and ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporates and retail customers. The transfers of financial assets represents the impact of stage transfers upon the gross carrying amount and associated allowance for ECL. The net remeasurement of ECL arising from stage transfers represents the increase or decrease due to these transfers.

The 'New assets originated /repayments received (net)' represent the gross carrying amount and associated allowance ECL impact from transactions within the Group's lending portfolio.

Gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL reconciliation - Loans

		Non Credit I	mpaired		Credit Im	paired	Tota	
	Stag	e]	Sta	ge II	Stage	111		
Particulars	Gross Carrying	Allowance	Gross	Allowance	Gross carrying	Allowance	Gross carrying	Allowance
	Amount	for ECL	carrying	for ECL	Amount	for ECL	Amount	for ECL
			Amount					QUI STATE
Balance as at 31 March 2023	35,471.90	299.61	3,420.74	243.20	8,193.03	7,500.78	47,085.67	8,043.59
Assets originated due to consolidation	14,627.32	177.49	1,639.76	158.04	4,936.44	3,872.46	21,203.52	4,207.99
Transfers:								
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	1,111.87	60.18	(1,086.99)	(56.16)	76.89	(2.55)	101.77	1.47
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage 2)	(507.55)	(3.31)	523.06	6.11	6.29	11.70	21.80	14.50
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)	(316.42)	(2.41)	(164.87)	(30.54)	357.71	16.98	(123.58)	(15.97)
Remeasurement of ECL arising from transfer of stage (net)		(57.38)		22.56		336.12		301.30
Net new and further lending/(repayments) (including write-off)	8,538.53	(14.53)	(970.16)	(31.82)	(824.53)	(146.94)	6,743.84	(193.29)
and sale to ARC / AIF								
Loans sold to assets reconstruction		99409409 <u>4</u> 0493			239.24	60.61	239.24	60.61
Amounts written off	(3.81)	(1.72)	(4.41)	(5.75)	(76.73)	(75.74)	(84.95)	(83.21)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	58,921.84	457.93	3,357.13	305.64	12,908.34	11,573.42	75,187.31	12,336.99

Gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL reconciliation - Loans

		Non Credit Ir	npaired		Credit Im	paired	Total	
	Stage I Stage II				Stage	111		
Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL
Balance as at 31 March 2022	33,243.65	302.25	5,440.81	475.71	3,138.05	2,542.82	41,822.51	3,320.78
Transfers:								
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	(253.08)	54.48	(561.24)	(28.17)	(168.83)	(26.31)	(983.15)	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage 2)	(820.78)	(5.05)	906.13	18.29	(85.35)	(13.24)	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)	(319.33)	(1.60)	(388.07)	(30.11)	707.40	31.71	-	•
Net re-measurement of ECL arising from transfer of stage	-	(50.39)	-	30.65	-	52.64	-	32.90
Loans sold to assets reconstruction	-	-	-	-	(410.09)	(28.56)	(410.09)	(28.56)
New assets originated / (repayments) received (net)	3,622.43	-	(1,971.78)	(220.10)	5,035.65	4,950.53	6,686.30	4,730.43
Amounts written off	(0.99)	(0.08)	(5.11)	(3.07)	(23.80)	(8.81)	(29.90)	(11.96)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	35,471.90	299.61	3,420.74	243.20	8,193.03	7,500.78	47,085.67	8,043.59





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	Amortised cost Through OCI FVTPL At Cost Tot
March 31, 2024	(Associates & Others)
Equity instruments	
Debt Securities	750.00 - 31,174.12 - 31,924,1
Preference Shares	863.53
Security Receipt	- 39,768.21 1,432.30 - 41,200.5
Warrant	
Units of AIF	- 7,646.47
Mutual Fund	3,065.62 - 3,065.6
Others	- 637.6
Investment in compulsory convertible instruments	- 106.63 - 106.63
Total	1,106.80 39,768.21 67,029.99 10,069.61 1,17,974.6
(i) Investments outside India	730.13
(ii) Investment in India	1,106.80 39,768.21 66,299.86 10,069.61 1,17,244.4
Total	1,106.80 39,768.21 67,029.99 10,069.61 1,17,974.6
Less: Allowance for impairment	- (453.11) (0.10) (453.2
Total	565,576.88 (1006.80 (117,521.4) (117,521.4)

Note: During the quarter ended March 31, 2024, one of the subsidiary of the Group and EFSL, the ultimate holding company has agreed to discontinue risk and reward agreement in respect of security receipts (SRs).

	Amortised cost	Through OCI	FVTPL	At Cost	Total
March 31, 2023				(Associates	
······································				& Others}	
Equity instruments	-	-	4,103.26	6,045.51	10,148.77
Debt Securities	-	-	4,879.70	•	4,879.70
Preference Shares	-	-	-	858.92	858.92
Security Receipt	-	-	2,155.73	•	2,155.73
Warrant	-	-	-	•	-
Units of AIF	-	-	3,667.28	•	3,667.28
Mutual Fund	-	-	244.98	•	244.98
Others	502.37	-	-	3.16	505.53
Investment in compulsory convertible instruments	1,000.10		•	6,600.00	7,600.10
Total	1,502.47		15,050.95	13,507.59	30,061.01
(i) Investments outside India	•	-	•	•	
(ii) Investment in India	1,502.47	-	15,050.95	13,507.59	30,061.01
Total	1,502.47	-	15,050.95	13,507.59	30,061.01
Less: Allowance for impairment		-	(86.81)	-	(86.81)
Total	1,502.47	-	14,964.14	13,507.59	29,974.20

12.1 Investments measured at amortised cost:

i) Credit quality of assets:

The table below shows the gross carrying amount of the Group's investments measured at amortised cost by credit risk, based on the Group's internal credit rating system and year-end stage classification. The amount presented are gross of impairment allowances. Details of the Group's internal grading system and policies on whether ECL allowances are calculated on an individual or collective basis are set out in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

March 31, 2024 Particulars	Gross Gross Gross Gross Gross Gross Gross carrying carrying carrying carrying carrying amount amount amount amount
Performing	(Stage I) (Stage II) (Stage III) (Stage II
High grade	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	n na sana ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang
Total	1,106.80

March 31, 2023					
	Gross	Gross	Gross	Gross	a Dus
Particulars	carrying	carrying	carrying	carrying	NO OHE
Particulars	amount	amount	amount	amount	
	(Stage I)	(Stage II)	(Stage III)	7412	7
Performing	1,502.47	•	-	1,502 4/Q	·
High grade	•	•	-	الدالا	MUMBAI
				[]× [NUCLIN
Total	1,502.47		-	1,502	(

ii) Reconciliation of gross carrying amount for investments measured at amortised cost

	March 31, 2024	March 3	1, 2023		
	Gross 12 months	Gross	12 months		
Particulars	Carrying ECL	Carrying	ECL		~
	Amount allowance	Amount	allowance	The CON	In l
	(Stage I) (Stage I)	(Stage I)	(Stage I)	135	CAN (
Gross carrying amount - opening balance	1,502.47 -	2,126.26	(5.67)	\$[
Assets acquired or recognised	1,106.80	1,502.47	-	व	
Unwinding of discount (recognised in interest income)		-	-	11-11	-) 🖻
Changes to contractual cash flows due to modifications not resulting in derecognition		-		1151	15
Assets derecognised or matured	(1,502.47)	(2,126.26)	5.67		181
Closing balance	1,106.80 -	1,502.47	-		_//

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Deposits placed with/ for exchange/ depositories	209.92	14.42
Deposits- others	105.75	72.34
Rental deposits	7.68	5.19
Margin placed with broker	791.15	1.23
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	1.489.72	1,335.72
Others	81.96	0.67
Total	2,686.18	1,429.57
4. Current tax assets (net)		
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Advance income taxes (Net of provision for tax)	5,205.23	2,232.13
Total	5,205.23	2,232.13
5. Deferred tax assets and liabilities		
Deferred tax assets	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Provision for expected credit losses	1,106.51	696.39
Unused tax losses / credits	12,470,14	1,810.62
Employee benefits obligations	78.22	2.26
Fair valuation of Financial Assets	(3,104.60)	(638.59)
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	(894.66)	(508.12)
Adjustment of effective interest rate on Borrowings	(137.19)	(47.85)
Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(viii)	i verden er de tra-	
Total	9,518.42	1,314.71
Deferred tax liabilities	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Provision for expected credit losses	(88.88)	(116.32)
Employee benefits obligations	(10.28)	(9.60)
Fair valuation of Financial Assets	(27.15)	35.62
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	54.44	124.20
Adjustment of effective interest rate on Borrowings	8.83	7.36
Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(viii)	112.50	2.33





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

16. Investment property

	Inv	vestment Property	
Particulars	Land	Real Estate	Total
as at March 31, 2022	137.43	4,577.60	4,715.03
Additions	-	44.06	44.06
Disposals		(438.74)	(438.74)
as at March 31, 2023	137.43	4,182.92	4,320.35
Additions	228.35	1,145.02	1,373.37
Disposals	(36.93)	(1,064.06)	(1,100.99)
as at March 31, 2024	328.85	4,263.88	4,592.73
Depreciation and amortisation:			
as at March 31, 2022		1,176.02	1,176.02
Impairment charge/ (reversals) for the year			-
Depreciation/amortisation for the year		111.74	111.74
Disposals	-	-	
as at March 31, 2023		1,287.76	1,287.76
Impairment charge/ (reversals) for the year		-	-
Depreciation/amortisation for the year		111.58	111.58
Addition / adjustments	-	267.75	267.75
Disposals		(402.21)	(402.21)
as at March 31, 2024		1,264.88	1,264.88
Net Book Value			
As at March 31, 2024	328.85	2,999.00	3,327.85
As at March 31, 2023	137.43	2,895.17	3,032.60

Fair value of investment properties

Property	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Land	1,327.43	1,327.43
Real estate property	9,425.52	9,913.31
Total	10,752.95	11,240.74

Note:

During the current financial year, one of the subsidiary of the Group reclassified certain assets that were previously categorized under Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) to Investment Property. As a result of this reclassification, assets with net block value of ₹ 206.09 million were transferred from PPE to Investment Property.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

17. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

						Property	, plant and equ	lipment						łr	tangible Assets		
Particulars	Building (Flat)*	Land*	Leasehold Improvements	Plant and Equipment	Plant and Machinery- Solar power	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipment	Vessel (Boat)	Computers	Total PPE	Right-of-use Asset (ROU)	Grand Total	Computer Software	Goodwill	Total	Total
as at March 31, 2022	2,329.67	164.23	18.73	0.50	62.05	78.24	3.29	69.29	-	157.38	2,883.38	329.09	3,212.47	129.64	18.68	148.32	3,360.79
Additions	-	•	2.12	•	-	1.37	•	3.72	-	10.16	17.37	33.34	50.71	63.13	-	63,13	113.84
Disposals	•	-	(0.05)	-	-	(0.83)	(1.41)	(23.25)	-	(86.65)	(112.19)	(8.10)	(120.29)	(9.10)	-	(9.10)	(129.38)
as at March 31, 2023	2,329.67	164.23	20.80	0.50	62.0S	78.78	1.88	49.76	-	80.89	2,788.55	354.33	3,142.90	183.67	18.68	202.35	3,345.25
Adjustment								0,96			0.96		0.96				0.96
Additions	1,767.43	41.42	12.49	12.31	-	138.67	6,54	90.18	4.84	201.73	2,275.61	732.01	3,007.62	317.33	-	317.33	3,324.95
Disposals	(288.18)	٠	(2.95)	-	(1.97)	(3.32)	(2.32)	(4.21)	-	(47.87)	(350.82)	(39.49)	(390.31)	•	-	-	(390.31)
as at March 31, 2024	3,808.92	205.65	30.34	12.81	60,08	214.13	6.10	136.69	4.84	234.75	4,714.30	1,046.85	5,761.17	501.00	18.68	519.68	6,280.85
Depreciation :																	
as at March 31, 2022	284.76	•	13.12	0.31	39.20	45.04	1.46	54.73		129.29	567.91	214.65	782.56	115.60	18.68	134.28	916.84
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	181.19	-	3.39	0,03	4.14	7.91	1.30	7.18	-	10.64	215.78	30.98	246.76	7.65	-	7.65	254.41
Disposals	-		(0.05)	-		(0.54)	(0.97)	(22.59)	-	(80.87)	(105.02)	(0.39)	(105.41)	(5.90)	•	(5.90)	(111.31)
as at March 31, 2023	465.95	•	16.46	0.34	43.34	52.41	1.79	39.32		59.06	678.68	245.24	923.91	117.35	18.68	136.03	1,059.94
Adjustment	255.44		9.76	3.31		55.63	4,28	70.98	2.77	114.38	516.55	339.67	856.22	139.02		139.02	995.24
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	131.08	-	2.04	1.00	3.38	24.82	0.08	6,39	0.35	33.92	203.06	47.24	250.30	45.85	-	45.85	296.15
Disposals	407.53	-	(1.96)	-	(1.47)	(1.68)	(0.51)	(2.28)	•	(30.95)	368.69	-	368.69	-	-	-	368.69
as at March 31, 2024	1,260.00	-	26.30	4.65	45.25	131.18	5.65	114.41	3.12	176.41	1,766.97	632.15	2,399.12	302.22	18.68	320.90	2,720.02
Net Book Value																	
As at March 31, 2024	2,548.92	205.65	4.04	8.16	14.83	82.95	0.45	22.28	1,72	58.34	2,947.34	414.71	3,362.05	198.78	-	198.78	3,560.83
As at March 31, 2023	1,863.72	164.23	4.34	0.16	18.71	26.37	0.08	10.44	-	21.83	2,109.89	109.09	2,218.98	66.32	-	66.32	2,285.31

*Pledged against issuance of NCDs and Corporate Guarantee.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

18. Capital Work in Progress (CWIP) and Intangible Assets Under Development

a. Capital Work in Progress (CWIP)

		C	WIP	
Description of assets	As at 01-Apr-2023	Addition	Capitalisation	As at 01-Apr-2024
CWIP	A. I. Bern Michael (1997) Ale and a straight (1997) Ale an	5.71		5.71
Total		5.71	-	5.71
			WIP	
Description of assets	As at 01-Apr-2022	Addition	Capitalisation	As at 01-Apr-2023
CWIP	-	-	-	-

CWIP ageing schedule

As at 31 March 2024

	Amount in Intangible Assets Under Development for a period of
Particulars	Less than 1 year 1-2 Years 2-3 years years years
Project in progress	5.71 5.71
Total	5.71 5.71

As at 31 March 2023

	Amount in Intangible Assets Under Development for a period of					
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Project in progress	•	-	-	-	-	
Total		**	**	-	-	

b Intangible assets under development aging schedule

As at 31 March 2024

	Amount in Intangible Assets Under Development for a period of
Particulars	Less than 1 year 1-2 Years 2-3 years years years
Project in progress	23.50
Total	23.50

As at 31 March 2023

	Amount in Inta	ngible Assets Un	der Development	for a period of	
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Project in progress	12.40	-		-	12.40
Total	12.40	-	-	-	12.40

c There are no Intangible Assets Under Development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Input tax credit	675,81	329.84
Prepaid expenses	185.77	45.96
Vendor Advances	53.36	49.46
Advances to employees	7.37	4.19
Deposits	18.55	18.83
Others	389.83	29.87
Total	1,330.69	478.15

20. Trade Payables

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (MSME)	10.27	8.47
Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	10,238.55	393.41
Total	10,248.82	401.88

20.A Details of dues to micro and small enterprises

Trade Payables includes ₹ 10.27 million (Previous Year ₹ 8.47 million) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. Interest paid by the Group during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this Act is ₹ NIL million (Previous year: ₹ NIL million). The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Group to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said Act.

20.B Trade Payables ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2024	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3	Total
			year			years	
(i) MSME	0.24	•	10.03	-	-	-	10.27
(ii) Others	114.06	•	10,084.25	18.29	3.96	17.99	10,238.55
Total	114.30	•	10,094.28	18.29	3.96	17.99	10,248.82

As at March 31, 2023	Out	standing for	following perio	ds from due (date of payme	nt	
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3	Total
Particulars			year			years	
(i) MSME	0.30	-	8.17	-	-	-	8.47
(ii) Others	22.53	-	365.28	2.60	0.74	2.26	393.41
Total	22.83	-	373.45	2.60	0.74	2.26	401.88

21. Debt securities

the state of the second s	
March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
statisticki satu	
biologi, biol	
77,228.41	21,789.44
11,524.75	11,378.02
11,795.59	6,899.83
1,00,548.75	40,067.29
1,00,548.75	40,067.29
professional and a	-
1,00,548.75	40,067.29

Note:

For secured debt, the Group has provided collateral in the nature of Pari Passu charge of immovable property, receivable from financing business, securities held for trading, investments, property (excluding intangible assets) and other assets.

Debt Securities as at March 31, 2024

Maturities	<1 Years 444 1-3 Years 44-3 Years 44 Total Control of Total
Rate of Interest	en ha en bier biele gester bie bie die bier dat weisen eine
8.00 - 8.99%	- 3,406.96 3,381.29 6,788.25
9.00 - 9.99%	12,245.15 6,978.00 7,851.09 27,074.24
10.00 - 10.99%	1,526.99 4,028.14 6,320.03 11,875.17
11.00 - 15.00%	- 1,707.41 1,027.17 2,734.58
16.00 - 18.00%	22.35 2,572.32 - 2,594.67
Zero Coupon Debentures	243.52 - 243.52
Provision for redemption premium on NCD	
Various (benchmark linked)	5,061.59 32,355.22 7,657.80 45,074.61
Accrued Interest and EIR	1,562.18
Total*	20,661.78 51,048.05 26,237.38 97,947.22

* Compulsory Convertible Debentures amounting to ₹ 2601.53 million not considered for maturity pattern.

Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Rate of Interest				
8.00 - 8.99%	1,070.00	815.12	-	1,885.12
9.00 - 9.99%	5,939.74	4,756.17	6,295.93	16,991.84
10.00 - 10.99%	-	5,144.18	7,838.17	12,982.35
11.00 - 15.00%	-		-	-
16.00 - 18.00%	-	-	-	-
Zero Coupon Debentures	•	-	-	-
Various (benchmark linked)	1,974.40	3,390.05	2,106.15	7,470.60
Accrued Interest and EIR	-	-	-	737.38
Total	8,984,14	14,105.52	16.240.25	40,067.29





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
At amortised cost	a la Shina Barti	
Secured		
Term Loans	an ng thuana si	
- From Banks	12,783.69	9,049.91
- National Housing Bank	1,096.53	917.05
- Financial Institutions	3,782.89	-
Secured by charge on receivable, cash and cash equivalents, immovable property / Fixed Assets,		
Investments, other assets from financing business and corporate guarantee from group company]		
		<u>_</u>
Bank Overdraft	1,377.30	-
[Secured by charge on receivable from financing business and fixed deposit]		
Bank overdraft is in nature of Committed Cash Credit Lines repayable on demand.		
Working Capital demand loan (WCDL)	5,000.01	-
[Secured by charge on receivable from financing business]		
Tri party REPO	19,799.66	-
[Secured by pledge of government securities]		
Unsecured		
Loan and advances from related parties	31,854.94	18,783.48
(interest rate 11.00% to 14.50%) (11.00% to 14.50%)		
	75,695.02	28,750.44
Borrowings in India	75,695.02	28,750.44
Borrowings outside India	3 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	
Total	75,695.02	28,750.44

Following is the repayment terms of term loans:

Term loans from Banks - Secured as at 31 March 2024

Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Rate of Interest				
7.00 - 7.99%	10.00 - 0.00			
8.00 - 8.99%				
9.00 - 9.99%	2,593.40	2,604.98	1,362.43	6,560.81
10.00 - 10.99%	2,372.73	2,405.00	1,420.50	6,198.23
11.00 - 11.99%	947.72	100.02	•	1,047.74
12.00 - 12.99%	3,000.00			3,000.00
14.00 - 14.99%			•	÷
				(240.20)
Accrued Interest and EIR	したいため考慮されない	a na ser se 🚽 a construction de	na a shu a bi ∰ i na bu b	
Accrued Interest and EIR Total	8,913.85	5,110.00	2,782.93	16,566.58
	<1 Years	5,110.00	2,782.93	
Total Term loans from Banks - Secured as at 31 March 2023	n an na manana an a	•	•	16,566.58
Total Term Ioans from Banks - Secured as at 31 March 2023 Maturities	n an na manana an a	•	•	16,566.58
Total Term Ioans from Banks - Secured as at 31 March 2023 Maturities Rate of Interest	<1 Years	•	•	16,566.58 Total
Total Term Ioans from Banks - Secured as at 31 March 2023 Maturities Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99%	<1 Years 451.00	1-3 Years	>3 Years	16,566.58 Total 451.00
Total Term Ioans from Banks - Secured as at 31 March 2023 Maturities Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99%	<1 Years 451.00 554.10	1-3 Years	>3 Years	16,566.58 Total 451.00 1,288.85
Total Term Ioans from Banks - Secured as at 31 March 2023 Maturities Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 9.00 - 9.99%	<1 Years 451.00 554.10 1,838.88	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total 451.00 1,288.85 5,358.45

Maturities	<1 Years 1-3 Years >3 Years Total
Rate of Interest	
4.00 - 4.99%	
5.00 - 5.99%	
6.00 - 6.99%	154.67 68.90 73.51 297.08
7.00 - 7.99%	
8.00 - 8.99%	47.67 62.78 - 110.45
9.00 - 9.99%	119.64 239.28 330.08 689.00
Total	321.98 370.96 403.59 1,096.53

Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Tota
Rate of Interest				
4.00 - 4.99%	159.04	157.32		316.36
5.00 - 5.99%			-	
6.00 - 6.99%	5.80	3.85	-	9.65
7.00 - 7.99%	-	-	-	
8.00 - 8.99%	132.78	255.35	202.91	591.04
9.00 - 9.99%	-	-	•	-
Total	297.62	416.52	202.91	917.05





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

23. Deposits (at amortised cost)

Unsecured	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Inter-corporate deposits	12.46	-
Repayable on demand (Interest rate 6.55% p.a.) (PY 6.55% p.a.)		
Interest accrued - inter-corporate deposits	4.52	-
Total	16.98	-
Inter-corporate deposits in India	16.98	-
Inter-corporate deposits outside India	9-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19	-
Total	16.98	

24. Subordinated Liabilities (at amortised cost)

Unsecured	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Non- convertible subordinated debt	13,892.05	643.03
Preference share capital		427.10
Total	13,892.05	1,070.13
Subordinated liabilities in India	13,892.05	1,070.13
Subordinated liabilities outside India		-
Total	13,892.05	1,070.13

24.A Maturity profile and rate of interest of subordinated liabilities are set out below:

Terms and condition related to subordinated liabilities:

Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Tota
Rate of Interest				
9.00 - 9.99%		620.00	2,740.01	3,360.01
10.00 - 10.99%	terreter 🛓 terrete	2,700.00	3,147.25	5,847.25
11.00 - 11.99%		3,788.00	1419-13-9 4 0,8491	3,788.00
14.00 - 14.99%		n plays , desais	den en de la de la de	na dada da ba
Zero Coupon Debentures	n Although a start for the start of the start	1999-1996 <mark>-</mark> 299-1999-199	debberger y n jone je	lipelijandi (je
Accrued Interest and EIR	687.75	ana an Antara	209.04	896,79
Total Subordinated Liabilities – March 31, 2023	<u>94%</u> 687.75 %	7,108.00	6,096.30	13,892.05
Subordinated Liabilities – March 31, 2023				13,892.05
Subordinated Liabilities – March 31, 2023 Maturities	<1 Years	7,108.00	6,096.30	13,892.05 Tota
Subordinated Liabilities – March 31, 2023 Maturities Rate of Interest				Tota
Subordinated Liabilities – March 31, 2023 Maturities Rate of Interest				
Subordinated Liabilities – March 31, 2023 Maturities			>3 Years	Tota
Subordinated Liabilities – March 31, 2023 Maturities Rate of Interest 9.00 - 9.99%		1-3 Years	>3 Years	
Subordinated Liabilities – March 31, 2023 Maturities Rate of Interest 9.00 - 9.99% 10.00 - 10.99% 11.00 - 11.99%	<1 Years 	1-3 Years 	>3 Years	
Subordinated Liabilities – March 31, 2023 Maturities Rate of Interest 9.00 - 9.99% 10.00 - 10.99% 11.00 - 11.99% 14.00 - 14.99%	<1 Years 	1-3 Years 481.91 150.00	>3 Years 20.00	Tota 20.00 481.91 150.00
Subordinated Liabilities – March 31, 2023 Maturities Rate of Interest 9.00 - 9.99% 10.00 - 10.99%	<1 Years 	1-3 Years 481.91 150.00	>3 Years 20.00 	Tota 20.00 481.91 150.00 386.68





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

25. Other financial liabilities (at amortised cost unless otherwise specified)

Particulars	March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023		
Book overdraft	- 3.96		
Payable to employees	84.31	58.62	
Lease liabilities	550.88	134.24	
Payable on account of securitisation	13,454.44	10,817.12	
Other Liabilities	2,075.69	1,381.49	
Totai	16,169.28	12,391.47	

26. Current tax liabilities (net)

Particulars	March 31, 2024 Mar	March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023		
Provision for taxation (Net of advance tax)	210.25	33.44		
Total	210.25	33.44		

27. Provisions

Particulars	March 31, 2024 March 31, 20		
Provision for employee benefits			
Gratuity	93.68 35.77		
Compensated leave absences	33.65 10.95		
Provision for expenses	- 1.44		
Others	- 11.70		
Total	128.77 58.42		

28. Other non-financial liabilities

March 31, 2024 Ma	March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023		
213.37	67.27		
83.48	23.06		
75.02	45.19		
371.87	135.52		
	213.37 83.48 75.02		





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

29. Equity share capital

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Faiticulars	No. of shares Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Authorised :			
Equity Shares of ₹ 100 each	22,85,00,000 22,850.00	22,85,00,000	22,850.00
Preference shares of ₹ 100 each	5,00,00,000 5,000.00	5,00,00,000	5,000.00
	27,85,00,000 27,850.00	27,85,00,000	27,850.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:			
Equity Shares of ₹ 100 each	9,56,67,388 9,566.75	7,56,67,388	7,566.75
Total	9,56,67,388 9,566.75	7,56,67,388	7,566.75
A Reconciliation of number of shares			
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31	l, 2023
	No. of shares Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	7,56,67,388 7,566.75	5,56,67,388	5,566.75
Additional equity shares issued during the year	2,00,00,000 2,000.00	2,00,00,000	2,000.00
Outstanding at the end of the year	9,56,67,388 9,566.75	7,56,67,388	7,566.75

Notes:

During the financial year 2023-24 the Company has issued 2,00,00,000 fully paid-up equity shares of ₹ 100 each aggregating to ₹ 2,000 millions to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

29.B Terms/rights attached to equity shares :

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 100/-. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any, in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

29.C Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
		No. of shares	% holding
Holding company			
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (EFSL)*	9,56,67,388 100.00%	7,56,67,388	100.00%
Total	9,56,67,388 100.00%	7,56,67,388	100.00%

* including 6 shares held by Nominees of EFSL

29.D Details of shares held by promoters in the Company

Promoter name	No. of shares at the beginning of	Change during the year	lite to Marca en Aletta it e ale	%of total shares	% Change during the year
	the year				
		japo (al caletta p			
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited*	7,56,67,388	2,00,00,000	9,56,67,388	100.00%	•
			ta kang bahang pè		
Total	7,56,67,388	2,00,00,000	9,56,67,388	100.00%	
					1121
As at March 31, 2023					
As at March 31, 2023	No. of shares	Change during		%of total shares	11 12 14/10
· · · ·	at the	Change during the year	the end of the	%of total shares	%dkange during the year
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	at the beginning of			%of total shares	
As at March 31, 2023 Promoter name	at the		the end of the	%of total shares	
Promoter name	at the beginning of the year	the year	the end of the year		
· · · · · ·	at the beginning of		the end of the	%of total shares 100.00%	the year
Promoter name	at the beginning of the year	the year	the end of the year		

* including 6 shares held by Nominees of EFSL

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

29. Equity share capital (Continued)

29.E Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31	, 2023
	No. of shares % holding	No. of shares	% holding
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited*	9,56,67,388 100.00%	7,56,67,388	100.00%
Total	9,56,67,388 100.00%	7,56,67,388	100.00%

* including 6 shares held by Nominees of EFSL

29.F There are no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestment.

30. Instruments entirely equity in nature

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31	, 2023
Faiticulais	No. of shares Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)			
(16,500,000 CCPS - 0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS") of face value of ₹ 100/-)	1,65,00,000 1,650.00	1,65,00,000	1,650.00
Total	1,65,00,000 1,650.00	1,65,00,000	1,650.00

The entire CCPS issued by the company of ₹ 1,650 millions is held by Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

Reconciliation of number of CCPS

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31	, 2023
Particulais	No. of shares Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,65,00,000 1,650.00	1,65,00,000	1,650.00
Additional CCPS issued during the year			
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,65,00,000 1,650.00	1,65,00,000	1,650.00

Terms of Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS")

The Company has issued and alloted 65,00,000 0.01% CCPS on March 9, 2021 convertible into Equity shares on March 8, 2026 at a ratio of 1:1.

The Company has issued and alloted 1,00,00,000 0.01% CCPS on March 20, 2021 convertible into Equity shares on March 19, 2026 at a ratio of 1:1.

March 31, 2024	March 3	1, 2023
No. of shares Amount	No. of shares	Amount
80,00,000 8,000.00	-	
80,00,000 8,000.00	-	-
	No. of shares Amount 80,00,000 8,000.00	No. of shares Amount No. of shares 80,00,000 8,000.00 -

The entire CCD issued by the company of ₹ 8,000 millions is held by Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

Reconciliation of number of CCD

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
rai diculai s	No. of shares Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	ta tanàna mandritra dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kao Ny INSEE dia mampiasa dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia ka	-	-
Additional CCD issued during the year	80,00,000 8,000.00		
Outstanding at the end of the year	80,00,000 8,000.00	-	

Terms of Compulsorily Convertible Debentures ("CCD")

The Company has issued and allotted 80,00,000 0.01% CCDs on March 28, 2024 and CCDs will be converted into equity shares within period not exceeding 10 years from the date of allotment.

		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	& DHE	Amount	Amount
Total of Instruments entirely equity in nature (A+B)	ALL CARD	9,650.00	1,650.00
	* MUMBAI 22		THE
	ICO NO		

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

31. Other Equity

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Capital redemption reserve	281.34	114.34
Capital Reserve	(183.59)	(3,596.26)
Securities premium reserve	6,878.26	4,269.44
Statutory Reserve under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	7,852.34	1,544.82
Statutory Reserve under Section 29C of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	646.15	607.55
Retained earnings	(29,497.62)	(10,284.48)
Deemed capital contribution - Equity	234.59	52.55
Debenture Redemption Reserve	2,764.10	219.07
Revaluation Reserve through other comprehensive income	1,345.56	864.32
Impairment reserve	32.27	32.27
Financial instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	(417.53)	•
Total	(10,064.13)	(6,176.38)

31.1 Capital redemption reserve

The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

31.2 Capital Reserve

Capital reserve represents the gains of capital nature which is not freely available for distribution.

31.3 Securities premium reserve

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

31.4 Statutory Reserve under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

Reserve created under 45-IC(1) in The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 a sum not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the profit and loss account and before any dividend is declared.

31.5 Statutory Reserve under Section 29C of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

In terms of Section 29C of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987 every housing finance institution which is a company is required to create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum not less than twenty percent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the profit and loss account before any dividend is declared. Housing Finance Companies (HFCs), are permitted to withdraw from the said reserve fund, the excess amount credited (in excess of the statutory minimum of 20%) in the previous years for any business purposes subject to suitable disclosure in the balance sheet and in the case of HFCs which have transferred only the statutory minimum in the previous years to selectively permit them to withdraw from the reserve fund only for the purpose of provisioning for non-performing assets subject to the conditions that there is no debit balance in the profit and loss account and that the reason for such withdrawal are stated explicitly in the balance sheet.

31.6 Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprises of the Company's undistributed earnings after taxes.

31.7 Deemed capital contribution - Equity

Deemed capital contribution relates to share options granted to eligible employees of the Company by the parent company under its employee share option plan.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

31 Other Equity (Continued)

31.8 Debenture Redemption Reserve

The Companies Act 2013 requires companies that issue debentures to create a debenture redemption reserve from annual profits until such debentures are redeemed. Company being NBFS has to maintain Debenture Redemption reserve upto 25% of the value of debentures issued through public issue. The amounts credited to the debenture redemption reserve may not be utilised except to redeem debentures. On redemption of debentures, the amount may be transferred from debenture redemption reserve to retained earnings.

31.9 Revaluation Reserve through other comprehensive income

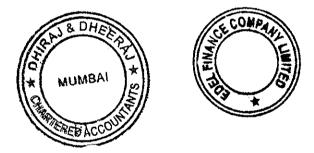
Group has decided to change to revaluation model from cost model of accounting for a class of asset. Similarly, group entities have also changed their existing model for Flats and building to align with the Group policy.

31.10 Impairment reserve

As per the RBI circular RBI/2019-20/170 dated 13th March, 2020, where impairment allowance under Ind AS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRACP (including standard asset provisioning), NBFCs (CICs) shall appropriate the difference from their net profit or loss after tax to a separate 'Impairment Reserve'. Further, no withdrawals shall be permitted from this reserve without prior permission from the RBI.

31.11 Equity instruments through other comprehensive income

The Group has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in financial instruments in other comprehensive income. These changes are accumulated within the FVOCI within equity. The Group transfers amounts from this reserve to retained earnings when the relevant financial instruments are derecognised.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

2. Intere			
Partic		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	nancial assets measured at amortised cost		
	erest on loans	5,133.76	5,101.04
	erest income from Investments	217.96	(4.20
Inte	erest on fixed deposits with banks	187.13	119.43
Otl	her interest Income	168.33	91.4
on fin	nancial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Inte	erest on loans	•	221.32
Int	erest income from Investments	1,018.79	470.71
Total		6,725.97	5,999.6
Divid	end income		
Partic	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	March 31, 2024	March 31, 202
DIVIDE	end on Investment	16.29	4.1
Total		16.29	4.1
TULAT			4.1
. <u>Fee a</u> Partic	nd commission income	March 31, 2024	March 31, 202
	ory and other fees income	749.33	917.1
AUVIS		No. 2010 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	91/.1
Total	•	749.33	917.1
Below	v is the disaggregation of the revenue from contracts with customers and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ported in stateme
of pro Partic	ofit and loss:	March 31, 2024	March 31, 202
	ce transferred at a point in time		
			205.6
Servic	ce transferred over time	742.33	711.4
T = 4 = 1	revenue from contract with customers	749.33	917.
TOTAL	Tevenue nom contract with customers	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	517.
	ain / (loss) on fair value changes		
Partic	culars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 202
Partic Net g		March 31, 2024	March 31, 202
Partic Net g On tra	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		March 31, 202
Partic Net g On tra Inv	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at FVTPL		
Partic Net g On tra Inv	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading	2,712.26	1,522.9
Partic Net g On tra Inv	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net)		1,522.5 27.5
Partic Net g On tra Inv	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss <u>ading portfolio</u> restment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments	2,712.26 6,876.64	1,522.5 27.5 0,1
Partic Net g On tra Inv	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio vestment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts	2,712.26	1,522.5 27.5 0,1
Partic Net g On tra Inv	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL	2,712.25 6,876.64 (1,006.40)	1,522.5 27.5 0,1
Partic Net g On tra Inv	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio vestment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts	2,712.26 6,876.64	1,522.5 27.5 0.1 (4.6
Partic Net g On tra Inv	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at PVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL On derivatives financial instrument	2,712.25 6,876.64 (1,006.40)	1,522.5 27.5 0.1 (4.6
Partic Net g On tra Inv De Other	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at PVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL On derivatives financial instrument	2,712.25 6,876.64 (1,006.40)	1,522. 27. 0.1 (4.6 - 50.1
Partic Net g On tra Inv De	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL On derivatives financial instrument rs Other financial instruments	2,712.25 5,876.54 (1,006.40) 2,847.01	1,522.5 27.5 0.1 (4.6 - 50.1
Partic Net g On tra Inv De	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL On derivatives financial instrument rs	2,712.25 5,876.54 (1,006.40) 2,847.01	1,522.5 27.5 0,1 (4.6 - 50,1 309,5
Partic Net g On tra Inv De	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL On derivatives financial instrument rs Other financial instruments	2,712.26 5,876.64 (1,006.40) 2,847.01 (1,625.96)	1,522.5 27.5 0,1 (4.6 - 50,1 309,5
Partic Net g On tra Inv	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio vestment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL On derivatives financial instrument rs Other financial instruments Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes	2,712.26 5,876.64 (1,006.40) 2,847.01 (1,625.96) (1,625.96) 9,803.55	1,522.5 27.5 0,1 (4.6 - 50,1 309,5
Partic Net g On tra Inv De Other Total	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL On derivatives financial instrument rs Other financial instruments Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes ralue changes	2,712.25 6,876.64 (1,006.40) 2,847.01 (1,625.96) 9,803.55	1,522.9 27.9 0.1 (4.6 - 50.1 309.3 1,905.8
Partic Net g On tra Inv De Other Total	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL On derivatives financial instrument (5 Other financial instruments Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes ralue changes Realised	2,712.25 6,876.64 (1,006.40) 2,847.01 (1,625.96) 9,803.55 9,803.55	1,522.5 27.5 0.1 (4.6 50.1 309.3 1,905.8 1,905.8
Partic Net g: On tra inv De Other Total	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at PVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL On derivatives financial instrument fs Other financial instruments Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes ralue changes Realised Unrealised	2,712.25 6,876.64 (1,006.40) 2,847.01 (1,625.96) 9,803.55 9,803.55 443.74 9,359.81	1,522. 27. 0.1 50.1 309. 1,905. 1,905. 1,199.7 706.
Partic Net g On tra Inv De Other Total	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at PVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL On derivatives financial instrument fs Other financial instruments Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes ralue changes Realised Unrealised	2,712.25 6,876.64 (1,006.40) 2,847.01 (1,625.96) 9,803.55 9,803.55	1,522. 27. 0.1 50.1 309. 1,905. 1,905. 1,199.7 706.
Partic Net g On tra Inv De Other Other Total	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio vestment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL On derivatives financial instrument rs Other financial instruments Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes realised Unrealised r operating income	2,712.26 6,876.64 (1,006.40) 2,847.01 (1,625.96) 9,803.55 443.74 9,359.81 9,803.55	1,522.9 27.9 0.1 (4.6 - - 50.1 309.2 1,905.8 1,199.7 706.1 1,905.8
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Partic Net g On tra Inv De Other Total Fair v Total Fair v Total Fair v Partic Renta Incon Total	culars ain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss ading portfolio restment at FVTPL On investments and securities held for trading On trading of securities (net) On Sale of debt instruments On security receipts rivatives at FVTPL On derivatives financial instrument rise Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes Realised Unrealised r operating income culars al income ne from Training Centre r income culars t / (loss) on sale of investments	2,712.25 6,876.64 (1,006.40) 2,847.01 (1,625.96) 9,803.55 9,803.55 443.74 9,359.81 9,803.55 3,803.55 March 31, 2024 420.68 55.35 476.03 March 31, 2024 43.69	1,522.9 27.9 0.1 (4.6 - - - 50.1 309.3 1,905.8 1,199.7 706.1 1,905.8 March 31, 202 355.3 - - 355.3 March 31, 202 838.0
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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

38. Finance costs (at amortised cost unless otherwise stated)

March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
4,605.19	4,223.05
6,509.48	3,212.47
283.79	265.35
1,993.76	977.43
13,392.23	8,678.30
	4,605.19 6,509.48 283.79 1,993.76

39. Impairment on financial instruments

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
On loans	337.27	(999.07)
On investments	(163.46)	510.13
On trade receivables	66.09	243.01
Total	239.90	(245.93)

40. Employee benefits expense

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Salaries and wages	2,485.46	950.83
Contribution to provident and other funds	88.32	53.75
Expense on Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOP) and SAR (refer note below)	4.86	7.23
Staff welfare expenses	64.90	72.36
Gratuity Expenses	16.11	9.23
Total	2,659.65	1,093.40

Notes:

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL") the holding Company has granted an ESOP option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to Company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Advertisement and business promotion	11.29	8.74
Auditors' remuneration (refer note 41.A)	27.90	16.45
Commission and brokerage	39.37	4.08
Communication expenses	42.87	27.07
Computer expenses	283.10	236.60
Contribution towards Corporate Social responsibility	11.21	5.72
Directors' sitting fees	11.68	3.86
Dematerialisation charges	151.91	2.30
Electricity charges	54.13	41.14
Insurance	9.02	2.44
Legal and professional fees	933.87	679.29
Loan origination costs amortised	82.26	70.00
Management fees	404.36	-
Office expenses	116.43	95.33
Rates and taxes	562.33	216.17
Rent	49.17	5.57
Repairs and maintenance	54.58	14.17
Stamp duty	44.15	20.97
Security transaction tax	197.95	5.07
Transportation and Freight Expenses	69.59	42.70
Housekeeping and security charges	18.18	•
Miscellaneous expenses	203.43	78.42
Total	3,378.78	1,576.10

41.A Auditors' remuneration:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Audit fees	17.83	13.57
Tax Audit	0.04	•
Limited Review	6.65	1.65
Certification	2.23	1.02
Reimbursement of expenses	1.15	0.21
Total	27.90	16.45





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

42. Income tax

The components of income tax expense recognised in profit or loss for the years ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 are:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Current tax	132.09	84.58
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	(15.33)	5.53
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(2,371.26)	413.84
Deferred tax relating to unused tax losses and unused tax credits (including write-downs) (net)	1,187.49	
Total tax expense	(1,067.01)	503.95
Total current tax	116.76	90.11
Total deferred tax	(1,183.77)	413.84

42.1 Reconciliation of the total tax expense

The tax expense shown in the statement of profit and loss differs from the tax expense that would apply if all profits had been charged at India corporate tax rate. A reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for the years ended, as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Profit / (Loss) before tax	(2,012.86)	(1,386.52)
Tax rate	40.71%	25.17%
Income tax expense calculated based on above tax rate	(819.41)	(348.96)
Adjustment in respect of income tax of prior years	(15.33)	5.53
Write-down / reversal of write down of deferred tax assets on unused tax credits and unused tax losses (net)	17.66	215.46
Effect of non-recognition of deferred tax asset on current-period losses	960.74	805.71
Effect of recognition of deferred tax asset on prior period losses - earlier not recognised	(150.22)	-
Impact of tax rate change	(1,396.30)	(171.49)
Others	335.85	(2.30)
Tax expense recognised in profit or loss	(1,067.01)	503.95





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

43. Components of deferred tax The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the Balance sheet and changes recorded in the income tax expense:

	Opening deferred tax	Addition/Reduct ion on account	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other	Others To	3.5.755763.527.577777.7.7.7	Closing deferred tax
31 March 2024	asset/(liability)	of acquisition / divestment during the year		comprehensive income (OCI)			asset/(liability)
Provision for expected credit losses	727.93	431.63	(26.70)	-	•	404.93	1132.86
Unused tax losses / credits	1810.60	8385.00	2274.55	•	-	10659.55	12470.15
Employee benefits obligations	11.86	48.52	28.12	(0.39)	-	76.25	88.11
Fair valuation of Financial Assets	(581.63)	(1415.50)	(997.59)	(0.04)	•	(2413.13)	(2994.76)
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	(542.68)	(343.76)	(94.79)	·	-	(438.55)	(981.23)
Adjustment of effective interest rate on Borrowings	(48.30)	(91.39)	6.02	-	-	(85.37)	(133.67)
Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(viii)	(106.66)	0.00	(5.84)	-	•	(5.84)	(112.50)
Total	1,271.12	7,014.50	1,183.77	(0.43)	-	8,197.84	9,468.96

	Ореліпд	Addition/Reducti	Recognised in profit	Recognised in	Others	Total Movement	Closing deferred
	deferred tax	on on account of	or loss	other			tax
31-Mar-23	asset/(liability)	acquisition /		comprehensive			asset/(liability)
		divestment		income (OCI)			
		during the year					
Provision for expected credit losses	992.10	-	(264.17)	-	-	(264.17)	727.93
Unused tax losses / credits	1569.33	-	241.27	-	-	241.27	1,810.60
Employee benefits obligations	13.28	-	(2.08)	0.66	-	(1.42)	11.86
Fair valuation of Financial Assets	(125.40)	•	(456.39)	-	0.16	(456.23)	(581.63)
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	(546.94)	-	4.26	-	-	4.26	(542.68)
Adjustment of effective interest rate on Borrowings	(117.21)	-	68.91	*	-	68.91	(48.30)
Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(viii)	-101.02	-	(5.64)		-	(5.64)	(106.66)
Total	1684.14	-	(413.84)	0.66	0.16	(413.02)	1,271.12





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

43. Components of deferred tax (Continued)

43.1. Details of temporary differences where deferred tax assets have not been recognised in the balance sheet

Financial Year to which the loss relates to	Deductible temporary differences		Unused tax losses						
	Amount	nount Expiry year - financial year	Unabsorbed Depreciation Unabsorbed Long Term capital loss			Business Loss/ Short term Total capital loss			
			Amount	Expiry year - financial year	resta en aconteción en el fi	Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount
2023-24	83.42	Not applicable	104.91	No expiry	-	-	1,945.22	2031-32	2,050.13
2022-23	556.00	Not applicable	127.25	No expiry	-	-	2,530.60	2030-31	2,657.85
2021-22	140.55	Not applicable	153.90	No expiry	-		1,788.99	2029-30	1,942.89
2020-21	9,632.05	Not applicable	1.82	No expiry	936.18	2028-29	2,488.00	2028-29	3,426.00
2019-20	1,693.36	Not applicable	2.96	No expiry	-	-	1,380.72	2027-28	1,383.68
2018-19	-	Not applicable	4.24	No expiry	-	-	588.75	2026-27	592.99
2017-18	-	Not applicable	2.63	No expiry	-	-	439.31	2025-26	441.94
2016-17	-	-	4.80	No expiry	-	-	496.41	2024-25	501.21
2013-14	-	-	0.74	No expiry	-		-		0.74
Total	12,105.38		403.25		936.18		11,658.00		12.997.43

As at March 31, 2023

Financial Year to which the	Deductible temporary differences		Unused tax losses						
loss relates to	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Unabsorbed	Depreciation		ng Term capital ss		ss/ Short term al loss	Total
		_	Amount	Expiry year - financial year		Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount
2022-23	856.00	Not Applicable	2.27	No Expiry	-	-	2,636.34	2030-31	2,638.61
2021-22	140.55	Not Applicable	153.90	No Expiry	-	-	1,789.86	2029-30	1,943.76
2020-21	9,937.35	Not Applicable	1.73	No Expiry	936.18	2028-29	2,471.38	2028-29	3,409.29
2019-20	1,693.36	Not Applicable	2.80	No Expiry		-	1,380.17	2027-28	1,382.97
2018-19	-	-	0.73	No Expiry		-	27.06	2026-27	27.79
2017-18	-	-	0.71	No Expiry	-	-	74.50	2025-26	75.21
2016-17	-	•	0.82	No Expiry	-	-	72.25	2024-25	73.07
2015-16	-	-	0.12	No Expiry	-		222.29	2023-24	222.41
Total	12,627.26		163.08		936.18		8,673.85		9,773.11

44. Earnings per Share (EPS)

In accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 - "Earnings Per Share" prescribed by Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015, the computation of earnings per share is set out below:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Profit /(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	(559.78)	(2,015.10)
Weighted average number of shares		
- Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	7,56,67,388	5,56,67,388
- Number of equity shares issued during the year	2,00,00,000	2,00,00,000
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	9,56,67,388	7,56,67,388
Total number of CCPS outstanding at the end of the year	1,65,00,000	1,65,00,000
Total number of CCD outstanding at the end of the year	80,00,000	-
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (based on the date of issue of shares)	10,24,27,060	7,23,86,566
Weighted average number of diluted equity shares outstanding during the year	10,24,27,060	7,23,86,566
Adjusted net profit for diluted EPS	(559.78)	(2,015.10)
Basic earnings per share (₹)	(5.47)	(27.84)
Diluted earnings per share (₹)	(5.47)	(27.84)





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

45. Segment information

Primary Segment (Business segment)

The Group's business is organised and management reviews the performance based on the business segments as mentioned below:

Segment	Activities covered
Capital based business	Capital intensive business includes Lending, investing and investment property
Financing business	Wholesale and retail financing
Treasury management	Interest income and trading in securities

Income for each segment has been specifically identified. Expenditure, assets and liabilities are either specifically identified with individual segments or have been allocated to segments on a systematic basis. Based on such allocations, segment disclosures relating to revenue, results, assets and liabilities have been prepared.

Secondary Segment

Since the business operations of the Group are primarily concentrated in India, the Group is considered to operate only in the domestic segment and therefore there is no reportable geographic segment

The following table gives information in terms of provisions of Accounting Standard on Segment Reporting (Ind AS 108)

Segment information	Particulars	Year Ended	
	T di di di di di	March 31, 2024 Ma	arch 31, 2023
Segment Revenue*			
	Capital based business	5,299.40	9,860.42
	Financing business	5,354.60	-
	Treasury management	7,648.59	99.21
	Unallocated	96.62	15.55
	Total Income	18,399.21	9,975.18
I Segment Results (Profit/(legendress))			
	Capital based business	(4,015.40)	(1,127.61
	Financing business	184.29	-
	Treasury management	2,329.56	(379.07
	Unallocated	(177.54)	13.85
	Profit / (Loss) before taxation	(1,679.08)	(1,492.83
III Segment Assets			
	Capital based business	46,012.79	83,171.18
	Financing business	1,11,920.80	-
	Treasury management	58,314.47	678.17
	Unallocated	15,696.67	2,883.74
	Total assets	2,31,944.74	86,733.09
V Segment Liabilities			
	Capital based business	82,353.76	82,725.62
	Financing business	81,158.30	-
	Treasury management	54,450.59	156.96
	Unallocated	524,42	69.60
	Total liabilities	2,18,487.08	82,952.18

*Segment revenue includes share in profit/(loss) in associates.





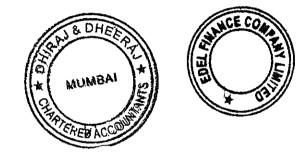
Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

46. Transfer of financial assets

The following tables provide a summary of financial assets that have been transferred in such a way that part or all of the transferred financial assets do not qualify for derecognition, together with the associated liabilities

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Securitisations		
Carrying amount of transferred assets (held as Collateral)	15,828.02	11,144.33
Carrying amount of associated liabilities	15,389.60	10,832.69
Fair value of assets	15,801.58	11,406.76
Fair value of associated liabilities	14,709.77	10,832.69
Net position at fair value	1,091.81	574.07



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

47. Disclosure of interest in other entities

1 Details of non wholly subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests.

	Place of incorporation and principal	Proportion of ownership interests held		interests	on- controlling
Name of subsidiary	place of business	by non- controlling	•		
	DUSINESS	interests - Mar 2024	2023	31.Mar.74	31-Mar-23
Allium Finance Private Limited	India	11.72%	26.24%	14.70	10.29
Nido Home Finance Limited	India	5.00%	5.00%	9.62	8.15
Ecap Equities Limited	India	19.77%	0.00%	276.71	-
Edelcap Securities Limited	India	19.77%	0.00%	55.12	-
Edelweiss Retail Finance Finance Limited	India	18.38%	0.00%	26.39	-
Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund	India	4.40%	0.00%	(9,45)	-
Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	India	3.95%	0.00%	(56.19)	-
India Credit Investment Fund III	India	0.00%	0.00%	(123.88)	-
India Credit Investment Fund - 5	india	0.00%	0.00%	(245.63)	

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intra-group eliminations.

Allium Finance Private Limited	Asat	As at
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Financial assets	1,431.04	1,305.26
Non-financial assets	5.07	6.08
Financial liabilities	0.32	0.36
Non-financial liabilities	1.97	2.63
Equity attributable to owners of the company	1,265.77	965.03
Non-controlling interest	168.04	343.31
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Revenue from operations	157.22	58.35
Total income	157.22	58.37
Total expenses	(1.17)	(4.47)
Profit / (loss) before tax	158.39	62.84
Tax expense	32.92	26.14
Profit / (loss) for the year	125.47	36.70
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	125.47	36.70
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	110.76	26.41
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	14.70	10.29
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	352.79	(18.38)
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	1,075.84	20.52
Cash flows (used) / generated from financing activities		-
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	1,428.63	2.14
Nido Home Finance Limited	As at	As at
Financial assets	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Non-financial assets	36,875.65	37,319.47
Financial liabilities	773.81	542.91
	29,283.40	29,763.68
Non-financial liabilities	218.18	154.02
Equity attributable to owners of the company	7,740.49	7,547.45
Non-controlling interest	407.39	397.23





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

Net cash inflow/(outflow)

47. Disclosure of interest in other entities (Continued)

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Revenue from operations	4,587.89	4,414.62
Total income	4,657.12	4,446.85
Total expenses	4,396.57	4,238.78
Profit / (loss) before tax	260.55	208.07
Tax expense	67.50	47.44
Profit / (loss) for the year	193.05	160.63
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	192.49	162.99
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	182.87	154.84
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	9.62	8.15
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	955.51	(533.63)
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	(132.13)	(49.18)
Cash flows (used) / generated from financial activities	(631.56)	(1,343.37)
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	191.82	(1,926.18)
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
	As at	As at
Ecap Equities Limited	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Financial assets	47.445.90	-
Non-financial assets	4,014.36	-
Financial liabilities	41,968.18	-
Non-financial liabilities	97.24	-
Equity attributable to owners of the company	7,537.47	-
Non-controlling interest	1,857.36	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Revenue from operations	14,386.77	-
Total income	14,388.97	-
Total expenses	13,523.30	-
Profit / (loss) before tax	865.67	-
Tax expense	(534.22)	-
Profit / (loss) for the year	1,399.89	•
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	1,399.66	• •
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	1,122.94	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	276.71	•
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	1.197.38	
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	(1,684.99)	
Cash flows (used) / generated from financing activities	761.62	

Edelcap Securities Limited	As at 31-Mar-24	As at 31-Mar-23
Financial assets	6,432.48	-
Non-financial assets	469.14	-
Financial liabilities	2,757.73	-
Non-financial liabilities	47.95	-
Equity attributable to owners of the company	3,286.17	-
Non-controlling interest	809.77	-

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended	
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	
Revenue from operations	1,515.92	-	
Total income	1,524.52	-	
Total expenses	1,284.67	-	
Profit / (loss) before tax	239.86	•	
Tax expense	(39.57)		
Profit / (loss) for the year	279.42	•	
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	278.83	-	
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	223.71	-	
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	55.12	-	

Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities Cash flows (used) / generated from financing activities Net cash inflow/(outflow)



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

47. Disclosure of interest in other entities (Continued)

Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	As at 31-Mar-24	As at
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Financial assets	9,871.37	-
Non-financial assets	273.55	-
Financial liabilities	4,529.93	-
Non-financial liabilities	104.09	
Equity attributable to owners of the company	4,497.94	-
Non-controlling interest	1,012.96	-

Particulars	For the year ended 31-Mar-24	For the year ended 31-Mar-23
Revenue from operations	1,070.22	-
Total income	1,085.45	•
Total expenses	903.61	-
Profit / (loss) before tax	181.84	-
Tax expense	37.66	•
Profit / (loss) for the year	144.18	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	143.55	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	117.17	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	26.39	•
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	178.96	•
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	794.04	
Cash flows (used) / generated from financing activities	(882,18)	•
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	90.81	•

As at	
31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
516.39	-
	•
0.11	-
0.02	-
493.54	-
22.72	-

Particulars	For the year ended 31-Mar-24	For the year ended 31-Mar-23
Revenue from operations	(17.04)	-
Total income	(17.04)	-
Total expenses	2.09	-
Profit / (loss) before tax	(19.13)	-
Tax expense		-
Profit / (loss) for the year	(19.13)	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	(19.13)	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	(9.68)	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	(9.45)	-
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	(2.28)	•
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities		•
Cash flows (used) / generated from financing activities	(13.78)	•
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	(16.06)	•



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

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47.	Disclosure of i	nterest in other	entities	(Continued)

Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	As at 31-Mar-24	As at
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Financial assets	678.52	-
Non-financial assets	0.04	-
Financial liabilities	0.15	-
Non-financial liabilities	0.05	-
Equity attributable to owners of the company	651.57	-
Non-controlling interest	26.80	-

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Revenue from operations	(111.17)	-
Total income	(111.17)	-
Total expenses	3.62	-
Profit / (loss) before tax	(114.78)	-
Tax expense		-
Profit / (loss) for the year	(114.78)	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	(114.78)	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	(58.60)	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	(56.19)	-
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	(79.50)	-
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	160.00	-
Cash flows (used) / generated from financing activities	(57.88)	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	22.62	-

India Credit Investment Fund III	As at	As at
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Financial assets		-
Non-financial assets		-
Financial liabilities		-
Non-financial liabilities		-
Equity attributable to owners of the company		-
Non-controlling interest		•

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Revenue from operations	67.36	-
Total income	67,36	•
Total expenses	429.48	•
Profit / (loss) before tax	(362.12)	•
Tax expense		•
Profit / (loss) for the year	(362,12)	•
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	(362.12)	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	(238.23)	
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	(123.88)	-
	Book -	
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	(359.91)	-
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	12,398,82	
Cash flows (used) / generated from financing activities	(12,417.45)	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	(378.55)	-

India Credit Investment Fund V	As at	As at
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Financial assets		-
Non-financial assets		-
Financial liabilities		•
Non-financial liabilities		•
Equity attributable to owners of the company	na se	•
Non-controlling interest		-





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

47. Disclosure of interest in other entities (Continued)

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Revenue from operations	(765.12)	-
Total income	(765.12)	-
Total expenses	26.83	-
Profit / (loss) before tax	(791.94)	-
Tax expense		-
Profit / (loss) for the year	(791.94)	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	(791.94)	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	(546.32)	-
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	(245.63)	-
		······································
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	(791.94)	-
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities		-
Cash flows (used) / generated from financing activities	791.94	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow)		-

2 Details of associates

ECap Equities Limited	As at	As at
	31-Mər-24	31-Mar-23
Financial assets		52,118.86
Non-financial assets		4,161.61
Financial liabilities		45,667.70
Non-financial liabilities		291.97
Total equity		10,320.80

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-24	
Revenue from operations		12,705.30
Total income		12,736.92
Total expenses		13,174.95
Profit / (loss) before tax		(438.03)
Other exceptional items		•
Profit / (loss) before tax and after exceptional items		(438.03)
Tax expense		(285.31)
Profit / (loss) for the year		(152.72)
Total comprehensive income / (loss)		(151.46)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Share in profit / (loss) of associates		(106.31)
Share in profit / (loss) of associates in other comprehensive income		-
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities		(621.29)
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities		(2,654.57)
Cash flows (used) / generated from financial activities	. Stratic product a strategy and the second strategy and the second second second second second second second s	4,695.01
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	ni di secondo de la completa de la contra de l No. 1971 - Al 100 a ventra de la contra de la c	1,419.15





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

2 Details of associates (continued)

Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	As at	As at
cuerweiss securities and investments Private chilited	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Financial assets	9,407.86	•
Non-financial assets	418.47	•
Financial liabilities	6,814.53	•
Non-financial liabilities	115.23	•
Total equity	2,896.57	•
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Revenue from operations	1,140.79	•
Total income	1,140.82	-
Total expenses	1,683.33	-
Profit / (loss) before tax	(542.51)	•
Other exceptional items		•
Profit / (loss) before tax and after exceptional items	(542.51)	•
Tax expense	(169.46)	•
Profit / (loss) for the year	(373.05)	•
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	(373.07)	•
Share in profit / (loss) of associates	(16.13)	•
Share in profit / (loss) of associates in other comprehensive income	(16.13)	•
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	(557.47)	-
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	915.30	•
Cash flows (used) / generated from financial activities	(322.87)	•
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	34.96	•

2 Details of associates (continued)

ECL Finance Limited	As at 31-Mar-24	As at 31-Mar-23
Financial assets		-
Non-financial assets		-
Financial liabilities		-
Non-financial liabilities		-
Total equity		-

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-24	
Revenue from operations	12,380.72	-
Total income	12,737.53	-
Total expenses	10,893.31	-
Profit / (loss) before tax	1,844.22	-
Other exceptional items		-
Profit / (loss) before tax and after exceptional items	1,844.22	-
Tax expense	492.35	-
Profit / (loss) for the year	1,351.87	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	927.56	•
Share in profit / (loss) of associates	349.91	•
Share in profit / (loss) of associates in other comprehensive income	+109.13	•
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	19,760.70	•
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	576.13	•
Cash flows (used) / generated from financial activities	(23,972.08)	•
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	(3,635.25)	-





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

48. Retirement benefit plan

a) Defined contribution plan - Provident funds and National Pension Scheme

Amount of ₹ 81.74 million (Previous year: ₹ 48.04 million) is recognised as expenses and included in "Employee benefit expense" in the statement of profit and loss

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity

The following tables summaries the components of the net benefit expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded and unfunded status and amount recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan.

i. Movement in defined benefit liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for defined benefit liability and its components:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening Balance	71.63	74.16
Addition on account of consolidation	96.21	
Current service cost	17.07	12.26
Interest cost	8.17	4.27
	193.08	90.69
Other comprehensive Income		19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (
Experience	4.90	1.42
Financial assumptions	(0.96)	(4.72)
Demographic assumptions		(1.14)
	3.94	(4.44)
Others		
Transfer In/ (Out)	0.11	(1.79)
Benefits paid	(22.58)	(12.83)
Closing Balance	174.55	71.63

ii) Components of defined benefit plan cost:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Recognised in Statement of profit or loss		
Current service cost	17.07	12.26
Interest cost	8.17	-
Net Interest on net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	8.29	0.35
Net Actuarial (gain)/loss recognized in the year	(10.86)	(1.26)
Total	22.68	11.35

iii) Reconciliation of Fair Value of Plan Assets

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Fair Value of Plan Assets at start of the year	112.28	108.56
Contributions by Employer	6.73	12.83
Benefits Paid	(6.73)	(12.83)
Interest Income on Plan Assets	7.97	6.39
Return on plan assets excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit	8.29	(2.67)
liability/(asset)		
Effect of acquisition/ (divestiture)	80.97	_
Fair Value of Plan Assets at end of the year	209.51	112.28
Actual Return on Plan Assets	2.18	7.74





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

48. Defined benefit plan (continued)

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity (continued)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Present Value of DBO	174,54	71.63
Fair Value of Plan Assets	209.51	112.29
Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(34.97)	(40.66)
Funded Status [Surplus/(Deficit)]	34.97	40.66
Amount not recognized as asset [Effect of limiting net assets to asset ceiling]	75.19	47.34
Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	40.22	6.68
Of which, Short term Liability	4.45	10.35
Experience Adjustment on Plan Liabilities: (Gain)/Loss	4.90	1.42

v) Percentage Break-down of Total Plan Assets

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Investment Funds with Insurance Company	86.36%	96.66%
Of which, Unit Linked	76.78%	93.11%
Of which, Traditional/ Non-Unit Linked	9.58%	3.55%
Cash and cash equivalents	13.64%	3.34%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

vi) Movement in Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balance at start of year (Loss)/ Gain	(35.48)	(34.22)
Addition on account of consolidation	(7.30)	-
a. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in demographic assumptions		1.14
b. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in financial assumptions	0.96	4.72
c. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from experience over the past year	(4.90)	(1.42)
Return on Plan assets, excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	8.29	(2.67)
Changes in the effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	(15.21)	(3.03)
Balance at end of year (Loss)/ Gain	(53.64)	(35.48)

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity (continued)

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date:	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Discount Rate	6.90% to 7.00%	5.90%
Salary Growth Rate	7.00%	7.00%
Withdrawal/Attrition Rate (based on categories)	16% to 31%	16.00%
Mortality Rate	IALM 2012-14	IALM 2012-14
	(Ultimate)	(Ultimate)

Sensitivity analysis:

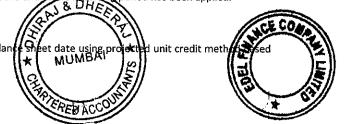
Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
	Increase	Increase	Decrease
Salary Growth Rate (+/- 1%)	5.40 (5.07)	2.62	(2.54)
Discount Rate (+/- 1%)	(5.02) 5.43	(2.51)	2.65

The above sensitivity analysis have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions at the reporting date. In practice, generally it does not occur. When we change one variable, it affects to others. In calculating the sensitivity, project unit credit method at the end of the reporting period has been applied.

c) Compensated absences :

The Company provides for accumulated compensated absences as at the balance sheet on actuarial valuation.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

49. Maturity Analysis of assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled. With regard to loans and advances to customers, the Group uses the same basis of expected repayment behaviour as used for estimating the EIR.

	As	at March 31, 202	24	As a	at March 31, 2023	3
Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
ASSETS						
Financial Assets					······································	
Cash and cash equivalents	10,204.77	-	10,204.77	1,289.22	-	1,289.22
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	1,082.76	1,870.27	2,953.03	2,031.09	427.86	2,458.95
Derivative financial instruments	1,031.38		1,031.38		-	_
Trade receivables	5,268.23		5,268.23	391.88	-	391.88
Loans	33,050.98	36,046.70	69,097.68	16,191.08	25,496.09	41,687.17
Investments	46,275.33	71,246.08	1,17,521.41	9,072.79	20,901.41	29,974.19
Other financial assets	1,189.96	1,496.22	2,686.18	424.36	1,005.21	1,429.57
Total financial assets (A)	98,103.41	1,10,659.27	2,08,762.68	29,400.42	47,830.57	77,230.99
Non-financial assets						
Current tax assets (net)	88.49	5,116.74	5,205.23	9.71	2,222.41	2,232.12
Deferred tax assets (net)		9,518.42	9,518.42		1,314.71	1,314.71
Investment Property		3,327.85	3,327.85		3,032.60	3,032.60
Property, Plant and Equipment		3,362.05	3,362.05	-	2,218.98	2,218.98
Capital work in progress		5.71	5.71		-	
Intangible assets under development		23.50	23.50		12.40	12.40
Goodwill		209.83	209.83	-	146.82	146.82
Other Intangible assets		198.78	198.78	-	66.32	66.32
Other non- financial assets	661.75	668.94	1,330.69	352.71	125.44	478.15
Total non-financial assets (B)	750.24	22,431.82	23,182.06	362.43	9,139.68	9,502.10
TOTAL ASSETS (C = A+B)	98,853.65	1,33,091.09	2,31,944.74	29,762.85	56,970.25	86,733.09
LIABILITIES						n
Financial Liabilities						
Derivative financial instruments	1,155.83		1,155.83	•		
Trade payables	10,208.58	40.24	10,248.82	401.88		401.88
Debt securities	20,661.78	79,886.97	1,00,548.75	9,967.50	30,099.79	40,067.29
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	36,996.21	38,698.81	75,695.02	5,131.20	23,619.24	28,750.44
Deposit	16.98		16.98			
Subordinated Liabilities	687.75	13,204.30	13,892.05	420.13	650.00	1,070.13
Other financial liabilities	5,276.96	10,892.32	16,169.28	3,290.14	9,101.34	12,391.48
Total financial liabilities (D)	75,004.09	1,42,722.64	2,17,726.73	19,210.84	63,470.37	82,681.21
Non-financial liabilities					····•• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Current tax liabilities (net)	192.10	18.15	210.25	15.29	18.15	33.44
Provisions	63.80	64.97	128.77	51.54	6.87	58.42
Deferred tax liabilities (net)		49.46	49.46	-	43.59	43.59
Other non-financial liabilities	302.24	69.63	371.87	133.75	1.77	135.52
Total non-financial liabilities (E)	558.14	202.21	760.35	200.59	70.38	270.97
TOTAL LIABILITIES (F = D+E)	75,562.23	1,42,924.85	2,18,487.08	19,411.43	63,540.75	82,952.18
NET TOTAL ASSETS / (LIABILITIES) (C-F)	23,291.42	(9,833.76)	13 437.66-	10,351.42	(6,570.50)	3,780.91
	231.44C	(3,033.70)		10,331.42	(0,370.30)	3,780.

Note: The Group has sufficient short term net assets to cover the liquidity gap i

erm net a MUMBAI



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

50. Change in liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	As at April 1, 2023	Cash Flows	teres est. Stratic transmission	Others (net)**	As at March 31, 2024
Borrowings*	69,887.86	1,20,264.94	-		1,90,152.80
Total liabilities from financing activities	69,887.86	1,20,264.94			1,90,152.80
				The factor of the second second	
	As at		Changes in Fair		As at
Particulars	As at April 1, 2022	Cash Flows	Changes in Fair value	Others (net)**	As at March 31, 2023
Particulars Borrowings*		Cash Flows (4,113.58)	-	Others (net)** -	

*Comprises of Debt securities, Subordinated Liabilities and other borrowings.

** Refers to interest expense for the year incurred by entities other than non-banking financial companies in the group.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

51. Contingent liabilities, commitments and leasing arrangements:

51.1 Contingent liabilities and commitments

a. Contingent Liability

The Group has received demand notices from tax authorities on account of disallowance of expenditure for earning exempt income under Section 14A of Income Tax Act 1961 read with Rule 8D of the Income Tax Rules, 1962. The Group has filed appeal/s and is defending its position. Based on the favourable outcome in Appellate proceedings in the past and as advised by the tax advisors, Group is reasonably certain about sustaining its position in the pending cases, hence the possibility of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits on this ground is remote.

Note - The Group's pending litigations mainly comprise of claims against the Group pertaining to proceedings pending with Income Tax, Excise, Custom, Sales/VAT tax / GST and other authorities. The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in the financial statements. The Group believes that the outcome of these proceedings will not have a materially adverse effect on the Group financial position and results of operations.

Pursuant to the Income Tax Authorities ("the ITA") search, after March 31, 2024, the Group has received assessment order cum demand notice from ITA for AY 2022-23. Based on the legal opinion obtained by the Group, management believes that the demand is not sustainable. The Group is in the process of filing appeal against the said assessment order. Thus, no adjustment has been made or is required in the financial results of the Group.

Details of contingent liability

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Taxation matters	533.82	372.03
Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debt		
Litigation pending against company		<u> </u>

b. Commitment

To meet the financial needs of customers, the Group enters into various irrevocable commitments, which primarily consist of undrawn commitment to lend.

Details of commitment

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) and not provided for	11.55	1.95
Undrawn committed credit lines subject to meeting conditions	656.91	336.00
Loan sanctioned pending disbursements	1,852.92	1,399.92
Uncalled commitments on investments in AIF/ Venture Fund	2,194.87	384.95
Corporate guarantee	2,468.33	-
Bank Guarantee	475.86	423.44





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

51. Contingent liabilities, commitments and leasing arrangements: (Continued)

51.2 Leases

1) This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee. Group has not given any property on lease.

Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised and the movements	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Balance as at April 1	109.10	114.44
Addition	377.18	33.34
Lease pre-closure (Net)	(24.22)	(7.71)
Amortisation for the year	(47.23)	(30.97)
Balance as at March 31	414.83	109.10

Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the	As at	As at
movements	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balance as at April 1	134.24	142.39
Addition / disposal during year	485.64	31.15
Interest on lease liabilities	18.41	12.58
Lease pre-closure (Net)	(30.78)	(14.45)
Payments during the year/Repayment of lease obligation	(56.63)	(37.43)
Balance as at March 31	550.88	134.24

2) Amounts recognised in profit or loss:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	
Depreciation/Amortization expense of right-of-use assets	47.23	30.97
Interest expense on lease liabilities	18.41	12.58
Reversal of lease pre-closure	(6.56)	(6.74)
Rent on Short Term Leases	1.79	-
Total	60.87	36.81





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 - "Related Party Disclosure":

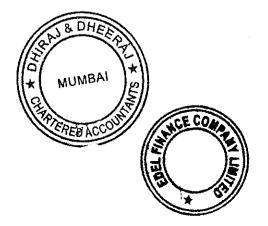
List of related parties and relationship:

- A Holding Company Edelweiss Financial Services Limited
- B Subsidiary Companies ECL Finance Limited (w.e.f. 28 March 2024) Nido Home Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited (w.e.f. 18 April 2023) Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Allium Finance Private Limited Edelcap Securities Limited (w.e.f. 18 April 2023) ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) (w.e.f. 18 April 2023) Comtrade Commodities Services Limited
- С Fellow subsidiaries with whom the transactions have taken place ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited) Edel Investments Limited EdelGive Foundation Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited Edelweiss Real Assets Managers Limited Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP India Credit Investment Fund II Sekura India Management Limited ZUNO General Insurance Limited
- D Entities over whom significant influence is exercised Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund India Credit Investment Fund III India Credit Investment Fund-5
- E Associates with whom transactions have taken place (Refer Note 3) Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as ESL Securities Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)
- F ARC Trusts and trustee with whom transactions have taken place Vardhman Trusteeship Private Limited

Vistra ITCL India Limited EARC TRUST SC - 251 EARC TRUST SC - 391 EARC TRUST SC - 394 EARC TRUST SC - 406 EARC TRUST SC - 463 EARC TRUST SC - 461 EARC TRUST SC 251 EARC TRUST SC 394 EARC Trust SC 401 EARC Trust SC 401 EARC Trust SC 418 EARC Trust SC 447 EARC Trust SC 451 EARC Trust SC 459

G Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Vidya Shah - Executive Director Ananya Suneja - Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer Atul Ambavat - Independent Director Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar - Independent Director Mr. Tarun Khurana - Company Secretary (upto February 9, 2024) Ms. Christina D'souza - Company Secretary (w.e.f. February 9, 2024)



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

	Related Party Name	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Transactions with related parties: 1 Amount paid to broker for cash segment	Edel Investments Limited	45,965.12	• ·····
2 Redemption of Preference Share issued	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		10.0
3 Amount received from broker for cash segment	Edel Investments Limited	45,501.35	-
4 Business support service charges from	ECL Finance Limited	59.75	C0 3
4 Desires support service charges nom	Edel Investments Limited	21.93	68.3 5.4
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		13.9
	Edelcap Securities Limited		65.4
	EdelGive Foundation	7.03	8.1
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	8.32	6.1
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	8.41 37.23	4.8
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	37.23	35.0
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		5
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as		0.:
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as		0.1
	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)		
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ZUNO General Insurance Limited	50.50	46.7
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	62.27 0.05	53.5
	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	0.05 6.64	7,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	•	0.9
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	52.53	44.
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as		244.0
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
		76.02	72.
	Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited	0.00	0.0
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as		0.0
	ESL Securities Limited) Sekura India Management Limited	6.88	0.
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known	0.01	0.
	as ECap Equities Limited)	U.U.	0.1
	Edelweiss Real Assets Managers Limited	0.20	*
5 Investments in funds sold to			513.9
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1,671.4
6 Buyback / redemption- benchmark linked debentures			3,554.6
o baybacky redemption benchmark insee debencares	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as		<u>3,554.</u> 18.
	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)		10.
·····	Edel Investments Limited	107,83	
7 Issue of benchmark linked debentures		- 1995 - 1995	1,700.
	Edel Investments Limited		700.
	Edelcap Securities Limited		970.
8 Redemption/Sale of investment in benchmark linked	Con Cautains Limited (Coursel), Calal Lond (Carterd)		2 0 0 0
debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		3,810.
	ECL Finance Limited	0.98	
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	224.93	-
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	224.93	
9 Purchase of units of fund from	Edelwerss Financial Services Limited ECL Finance Limited	224.93 6,331.98	
	ECL Finance Limited	6,331.98	
	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II	6,331.98 4,419.29	
	ECL Finance Limited	6,331.98	
10 Purchase of Investments - Others	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00	
10 Purchase of Investments - Others	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II	6,331.98 4,419.29	
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00	
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II ECL Finance Limited	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98	
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98	
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to 13 Purchase of perpetual bond from	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98 1,644.24	
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to 13 Purchase of perpetual bond from	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98 1,644.24	492.
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98 1,644.24	2.
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to 13 Purchase of perpetual bond from	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98 1,644.24	
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to 13 Purchase of perpetual bond from 14 Clearing charges paid to AUX & DHESS	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98 1,644.24	2.
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to 13 Purchase of perpetual bond from 14 Clearing charges paid to 15 Commission and sub-power ge paid to	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edel Investments Limited	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98 1,644.24	2. 0. 1.
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to 13 Purchase of perpetual bond from 14 Clearing charges paid to 15 Commission and sub-brokeringe paid to	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edel Investments Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98 1,644.24	2. 0. 1.
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to 13 Purchase of perpetual bond from 14 Clearing charges paid to 15 Commission and sub-provement perpetual to 15 Commission and sub-provement perpetual to 14 MUMBAL	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98 1,644.24	2. 0. 1. 7.
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to 13 Purchase of perpetual bond from 14 Clearing charges paid to 15 Commission and sub-brokeringe paid to	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edel Investments Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98 1,644.24	2. 0. 1. 7.
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to 13 Purchase of perpetual bond from 14 Clearing charges paid to 15 Commission and sub-provement perpetual to 15 Commission and sub-provement perpetual to 14 MUMBAL	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98 1,644.24	2. 0. 1. 7.
10 Purchase of Investments - Others 11 Redemption of units of fund 12 Loss on redemption of ICIF III units paid to 13 Purchase of perpetual bond from 14 Clearing charges paid to 15 Commission and sub-provement perpetual to 15 Commission and sub-provement perpetual to 14 MUMBAL	ECL Finance Limited India Credit Investment Fund II EARC TRUST SC - 453 India Credit Investment Fund II ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edel Investments Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	6,331.98 4,419.29 7,330.00 5,890.98 1,644.24	2. 0. 1.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

. N	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		2,50
16 C	Corporate guarantee fee received from	ECL Finance Limited	0.08	0.0
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		0.00
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		0.0
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	0.18	
7 C	Corporate guarantee support fee paid to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		0.10
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	3.33	0.90
18 T	rusteeship Fees		0.39	-
		Vistra ITCL India Limited	1.38	•
19 D	Directors' sitting fees	Atul Ambavat	1.00	0.3
		Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar	3.76	0.3
	······································	Mr.Vinod Juneja	2.74	1.0
20 B	Remuneration to Key Management Personnel	Mc Christian Diagon	0.01	
	Refer note 1)	Ms.Christina D'souza Vidya Shah	0.61 16.70	
			10170	
21 D	Donation paid to	EdelGive Foundation	10.71	5.7
. <u>∠</u> E	SOP and SAR expenses paid	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	7.95	-
23 E	SOP and SAR cost reimbursement	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.53	3.5
24 Ir	nterest income on securities	ECL Finance Limited	246.67	
7E 14	nterest / dividend on preference shares	SOL Classes Marked		
	interest y unidenti on preference snares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		81.6 110.1
		Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as		2.7
		Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
20 11	nterest expense on Debentures / debt securities	Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		0.4 478.0
		Edelcap Securities Limited		76.3
		ECL Finance Limited	0.45	-
			14.45	
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited	4.88	
.7 lr	nterest expense on loans taken from	ECL Finance Limited	322.99	28.1
		Edel Investments Limited		62.5
			•	32.0
		Edelcap Securities Limited		35.1
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	3,263.37	2,655.9 145.9
28 la	nterest income on loan given to	ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known	374.63	31.2
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	as ECap Equities Limited)		
		ECL Finance Limited	0.80	52.5
		Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	18.50 -	
		Edelcap Securities Limited		30.3
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	25.77	33.6
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	59.91	47.1
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		2.2
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	245.08	287.9
		as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		11.5
			1.97	
29 lr	nterest expense on Non convertible Debentures	ECL Finance Limited	86.06	17.5
		Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)	•	0.1
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		11.3
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited		5.(
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited		0.8
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	<u> </u>	127.3
	K & DH	A securities and Investments Limited	0.00	
30 14	nterest evenese on (CCD) issued to 7/ NJ	A SAU SPELITURES AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED	0.00	
30 lt	nterest expense on (CCD) issued to	ST Deconnes and investments eximited		
	nterest expense on (CCD) issued to		S	143.4
	nterest income on debentures (Children	F1		143.4 52.3
	nterest expense on (CCD) issued to the second secon	ECL Whance Limited Cop Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limit Vice CO Endowed iss Retail Finance Limited		
	nterest expense on (CCD) issued to the second secon	ECT Albance Limited	- 0.08	52.5
	nterest expense on (CCD) issued to nterest income on debentures (CDD) MUMBAI	ECL Whance Limited Cop Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limit Vice CO Endowed iss Retail Finance Limited		52.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
32 Interest expense on subordinate debt	ECL Finance Limited	6.18	6.1
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		7.7
······································	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	37.86	
3 Interest income on investment in debt securities	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	676.81	192.0
	ECL Finance Limited	9.68	*
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	91.28	
A Interact income on Nifty Linked Dehestures	For Friday Distant Generalis Edulars 217 (2010)		
34 Interest income on Nifty Linked Debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		269.5
35 Interest income on securities	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		6.8
	ECL Finance Limited		68.7
36 Investment in debt securities	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	200.00	-
37 Investment in Security Receipts issued by	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	319.90	
38 Investment management support service from	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	10.93	8.2
39 Investments in other	India Credit Investment Fund II		
			2,172.7
10 Investments sold to	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited		495.2
1 Issue of Non- Convertible Debentures to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		1,640.0
	ECL Finance Limited		220.0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		140.0
12 Issue of equity shares to (including securities premium)	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,000.00	2,000.0
and a second		2,000.00	2,000.0
43 Issue of compulsorily convertible debentures to	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	3,000.00	-
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	8,000.00	
54 Land and a start and family and family and the			
44 Legal and professional fees paid to	ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	99.49	-
······································		5.00	
5 Loan purchased from	ECL Finance Limited		1,998.4
		PARTY AND	
46 Loans given repaid by	ECL Finance Limited	850.00	4,820.0
		1,106.30	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited		16,074.7 1,428.5
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	220.00	330.0
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	1,492.87	225.8
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	ter and the state of	1,750.0
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2,638.53	6,882.7
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known		1,000.0
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited) ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known	8 J20 UE	1 200 0
	as ECap Equities Limited)	8,238.05	1,800.0
17 Loans given to	ECL Finance Limited	850.00	4,040.0
······		1,106.30	-
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		15,442.6
	Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	220.00	3,622.1
N. 1990	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	220.00	220.0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	A) / 7/ . LU	1,750.0
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	3,136.40	778.5
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known		1,000.0
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited)	18,349.17	5,171.2
	as ECap Equities Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1,595.42	
			
18 Loans repaid to	ECL Finance Limited	9,650.00	1,590.0
& DHEED	Edel Investments Limited		2,551.4
(Source Pall	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		6,185.8
	Edelcap Securities Limited	33 550 30	2,024.2
PUS DIEEP	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	33,559.29	26,320.1
		N	3,720.0
19 Loans taken from	ECL Finance Limited	7,050.00	1,590.0
Nel /S/		2	1,866.4
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Lash Smited)	1-11 .	7,533.3
TATA CON			
SHATERED ACCOUNT	Edelcap Securities Limited	打	1,079.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	40,925.74	26,010.60
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		250.00
O Management and Advisory Fees paid to	ECL Finance Limited	276.03	360.72
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	189.38	13.92
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	252.40	19.40
	Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	6.85	_
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	5.00	-
Advancement and Advisory from which the			
Management and Advisory fees received from	ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		28.22
			2.97
Principal Repayment from fund	India Credit Investment Fund II		779.63
3 Margin placed with broker	Edel Investments Limited	617.52	
Margin withdrawn from broker	Edel Investments Limited	617.43	-
Margins placed with (Refer note 2 below)	Edel Investments Limited		24.18
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as		1,721.28
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		2,722.20
Margins withdrawn (Refer note 2 below)	Edel Investments Limited		24.22
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as		1,726.87
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		<u></u>
Other financial cost paid to	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known		3.83
manala assipting to	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		3.83
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as		5.70
	ESL Securities Limited)		
3 Profit on trading of derivatives	Edel Investments Limited		42.03
Sale of equity shares	Edolusies Convition And Investments Onlines Multi-		
/ Site of equity anales	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited		578.18
) Purchase of equity shares	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	26,408.40	4,031.50
	Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	329.87	-
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	ECL Finance Limited		0.12
······································	Edel Investments Limited	3.28	0.14
	Edelcap Securities Limited		0.28
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as		0.15
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		0.00
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
2 Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edel Investments Limited	6.16	0.00
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.01	0.01
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as		0.00
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		0.03
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Contractor of oning calling of		
Purchase of securities	ECL Finance Limited	7,548.72	-
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		157.00
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		•
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as		53.35
	ESL Securities Limited)		
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited		252.06
Sale of Securities	ECL Finance Limited	2,925.90	1,889.04
	Edel Investments Limited	873.84	
	Edelcap Securities Limited		450.76
A) & UNEE	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	29.56	•
	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	2,670.24	*
Sile of lease to	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	679.38	
Sale of loans to	ECI Financo Limitod	14(-4(-11)) (14(-11))	
	ECL Finance Limited	169.85	
5 Capital call	ECL Finance Limited	3,742.46	
The second second	Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	50.00	
C Spetrike C V	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	29.31	CE COI
	······································		1131
a Capital call		1,382.39	11-57 -
	ECL Finance Limited		
7 Capital Distribution to unitholder	ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	50.00	

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": (Continued)

Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		1,076.6
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	347.35	352.8
	EARC TRUST SC - 391	205.00	
	EARC TRUST SC - 406	300.00	
	EARC TRUST SC - 394	186.02	-
	EARC TRUST SC - 251	10.85 753.89	·
	EARC TRUST SC - 461 Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		
AND TANK ALLINGTATION		3,859.93	
9 Redemption of debentures held by	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		4,440.1
	Edelcap Securities Limited	- ANG AND	355.5
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	•	8.3
) Reimbursement paid to	ECL Finance Limited	19.52	46.7
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		21.5
	Edelcap Securities Limited		3.0
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	9.20	13.9
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known		18.0
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	2.00	-
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.34	1.8
	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited		-
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		2.8
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as		16.5
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as	•	0.0
	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)		
	Edel Investments Limited	16.54	1.6
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited		0.2
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	17.77	
Reimbursement received from	ECL Finance Limited	34.44	1.3
	Edel Investments Limited	1.02	2.0
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	A. M. Andrewski, M. Starten, C. M. M. M. M. Starten, and M. S. M. Starten, and M. Starten, and M. S. M. Starten, and M. Starten, and M. S. M. Starten, and M. Starten, and M. S. M. Starten, and M. S. M. Starten, and M.	0.4
	Edelcap Securities Limited		1.1
	EdelGive Foundation	0.10	0.0
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	4.80	2.8
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.01	0.8
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	1.96	2.6
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known		0.0
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as		9.8
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as		0.0
	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	5 DO	
ANALY 18, 111-1	ZUNO General Insurance Limited	17.98 17.70	
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	17.70	2.2
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as		0.0
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		4.8
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	22.08	
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as	EE.UU	0.0
	ESL Securities Limited)		0.0
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited		0.0
Rental income from	ECL Finance Limited	43.93	12.0
	Edel Investments Limited	12,25	18.7
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		4.4
······	Edelcap Securities Limited		20.8
	EdelGive Foundation	1.21	1.1
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	97.97	71.7
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.31	13.
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	55.06	64.
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known		1.0
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as		98.
RAJ & DHER	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	30.47	28.6
THE ED	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as		12.9
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		·
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as		0.:
* MUMBAI *		A second seco	
* MUMBAI *	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)	Maria di anazi	
* MUMBAI	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited) Nuvama Asset Management Limited (forgers)		0.0
* MUMBAI	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited) Nuvama Asset Management Limited (for extraction ESL Securities Limited)		0.0
* MUMBAI *	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited) Nuvama Asset Management Limited (former and the former	9.28	0.0
* MUMBAI *	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited) Nuvama Asset Management Limited (for extraction ESL Securities Limited)		0.(- -

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

0.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
73	Maturity of debt securities	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		375.4
74	NCD loan sold to	ECL Finance Limited		1,301.5
75	Issuance of debentures to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		S,500.0
76	Security deposit received from	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited		0.0
	Security deposit repaid to	ECL Finance Limited		
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	_	14.6 13.6
78	Security Receipts Sold to	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		319.7
79	Service Charges paid	ECL Finance Limited		1.0
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		0.8
80	Service fee received from	ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		0.3
				0.0
81	Service Fee paid to	ECL Finance Limited	0.26	
81	Share of loss	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP		0.0
82	Deficit Distribution to unitholder	ECL Finance Limited	239.14	-
		Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	1.87	•
83	Sharing of realised Loss on Security receipt under Risk and Reward	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	110.98	-
84	Share of Profit	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP		0.0
				0.0
	Shared premises cost paid to	ECL Finance Limited	22.07	•
86	Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP		0.1
87	Reimbursement of ARC management fee from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	5.57	11.3
88	Income from training centre	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.53	*
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited ECL Finance Limited	0.98 0.75	-
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0.72	
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.35	_
	Balances with related parties:			
1	Accrued interest expenses on loan taken from	ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited		0.1
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		4.1
			250.31	83.:
2	Corporate Guarantee Given to/for	ECL Finance Limited		149.3
3	Corporate Guarantee taken from	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	•	1,612.0 4,671.9
	Interest accrued but not due on Non convertible debenture	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	17.20	0.:
	······································	ZUNO General Insurance Limited	5.28	0.0
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		1.
5	Interest accrued on subordinate debt	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		4.
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	227,23	5.
6	Interest income accrued on Loans	ECL Finance Limited		5.
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	adala andro andra ang Atra angra angra	8.5
	NJ& DHO	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	•	-
	RAJ&DHERP	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited		11.4
7	Interest payable -Accrued -6/6up/company	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	NCE COMA	0.1
				4
ő	3	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited	E	$\begin{bmatrix} 113.\\ 17. \end{bmatrix}$
	Res Account		13 8	
	- Add			/

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

	n ministration i		
9 Interest receivable - accrued on debentures and bonds of	FCI Finance Limited		217.4
S INTEREST RECEIVABLE - ALCIDED ON DEDERICIES AND DUBBS OF	The second s		
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		1.8
10 Interest receivable-Accrued -Group Company	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		13.7
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	20.82	50.0
			9.7
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	13.84	7.5
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known	92.14	6.8
	as ECap Equities Limited)		
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.97	.
		0.02 1.83	-
1 Investment in Security Receipts issued by at book Value		•	479.6
	Contraction of the second se		209.9
······································	EARC Trust SC 447 EARC Trust SC 451	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	495.0
	EARC Trust SC 459		226.7
	EARC Trust SC 251	1,156.46	111.2
		293.53	
		968.84	-
2 Investments in debentures (Including CCD)	ECL Finance Limited		7 474 0
	ECLE Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		2,474.0 9,686.8
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,369.90	9,686.8
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1,303.30	58.4
	Edel Investments Limited	750.00	
3 Investments in equity shares	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	733.89	733.8
		1,274.10	-
N	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		264.0
			4,031.5
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	5,968.05 329.87	
		523.67	
4 Investments in others	India Credit Investment Fund II		2,611.7
5 Loans given to	ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known	13,982.39	3,371.2
	as ECap Equities Limited)		
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		1,243.8
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	220.00	220.0
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	940.00	685.7
		2,043.96	1,546.0
	Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	- 1,595.42	1,554.7
16 Loans taken from	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	31.590.10	1,460.1
		31,590.10	17,079.4
7 Margin payable to	Edel Investments Limited		0.50
8 Margins placed with	Edel Investments Limited	0.50	
9 Margin receivable from	Edel Investments Limited		0.4
20 Non convertible debentures held by (Face Value)	ECL Finance Limited		220.0
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	•	5,788.8
			1,369.0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		152.2
		620.10	55.8
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited	112.50	10.0
1 Other Payable	ECL Finance Limited		
RAJ & DHEEPT	The second s	1.09	0.0
8 DHE	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	5.05	1.4
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		0.4
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0.10	0.8
<u>//9/11</u>	EdelGive Foundation	1.96	0.2
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.08	12.1
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	3.36	0.8
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Linear COM)		0.6
	Sekura India Management Limited Edelcap Securities Limited	0.22	0.0
		1	0.0
CHARCE ACCOUNT			

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as		0.1
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	2.94	
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.02	-
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	0.00	
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	0.05	-
19 FOR VER UN 184 184. 184.090-1 49100000000000000000000000000000000000		0.22	
22 Payable to clearing house	······································	2.36	•
23 Other Receivable	ECL Finance Limited	1. (2011) 2. (2012) 2. (20	0.6
			156.2
			0.5
	EdelGive Foundation	3.38	0.6
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0.11 0.15	•
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Emitted	0.15 2.63	1.4
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		0.4
		0.01	0.0
		0.86	0,1
	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited ZUNO General Insurance Limited	0.02	- 0.0
		0.13	
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.05	-
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.02	
24 Partner's current account - receivable from	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP		3.1
25 Partner's capital account - receivable from	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP		0.0
26 Security Deposit Placed (Rental)	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	14.56	
27 Rental deposits payable to	ECL Finance Limited		14.6
	······································		14.0
		50.00	50.0
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited		0.1
		17.72	17.7
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	18.59	_
28 Long term deposits payable to	ZUNO General Insurance Limited	25.21	-
	,,,	9.03	
29 Risk and Rewards Guarantee taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		1,840.2
0 Investment in debentures and bonds	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		123.7
· • • • •	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	196.61	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	341.70	
31 Subordinate debt issued to	ECL Finance Limited		56.0
		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	70.0
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	140.00	······································
32 Subordinated liabilities	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		405.6
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.01	
33 Compulsorily convertible debentures held by	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	3,000.00	-
34 Trade Payables to	ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known		
	as ECap Equities Limited)		0.1
			80.6
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		4.9
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	1.21	9.9
		84.41	0.2
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	.	0.2
2 DH	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelcap Securities Limited	0.63	0.0
PJ & DHEE	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	52.68	0.3
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.00	0.0
RADIS DHEEPPTC	Edel Investments Limited	41.69	
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	0.21	
A MOMERTING	ZUNO General Insurance Limited Sekura India Management Limited	0.00	
	EdelGive Foundation	4.30	······
		1-11	
The second	\Z		
35 Trade Receivables from	ECL Finance Limited		36.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 - "Related Party Disclosure": (Continued)

r. No. Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	100030003998	2.91
	Edelcap Securities Limited		16.33
	EdelGive Foundation	0.65	1.62
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	17.40	25.11
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	1.40	3.45
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	12.27	18.10
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,932.18	21.20
	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	2.00	3.38
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		0.94
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	5.06	8.60
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	12,78	10.54
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	0.36	0.05
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known		0.00
	as ECap Equities Limited)		
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited	9.93	4.44
	Ecap Securities and Investments Limited	0.00	*
	Sekura India Management Limited	0.68	-
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as		0.02
	ESL Securities Limited)		
Off Balance Sheet Items			
Corporate guarantee given to	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	2,468.33	-
		isseries and a second	
Corporate guarantee received from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	13,428.49	•
		10000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Risk & Rewards sharing arrangement	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1,249.75	-

0.00 indicates amount less than ₹ 0.01 million

- 1 Information relating to remuneration paid to key managerial person mentioned above excludes provision made for gratuity, leave encashment and provision made for bonus which are provided for group of employees on an overall basis. These are included on cash basis. Remuneration to KMP's shall be within the limit as prescribed by the Companies act.
- 2 Loan given/taken to/from related parties are disclosed based on the maximum of debit and credit of transaction amount and total of debit and credit of transaction amount given/taken during the reporting period.
- 3 Pursuant to the Amendment Agreement dated March 9, 2023 to the Amended and Restated Shareholders' Agreement dated March 18, 2021 between Edelweiss Financial Service Ltd (Holding Company), Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited, PAGAC Ecstasy Pte Ltd and Nuvarna Wealth Management Limited (formerly Edelweiss Securities Limited), the amendment to the articles of association of Nuvarna Wealth Management Limited and the appointment of independent trustee, Nuvarna Wealth Management Limited and its subsidiary Companies ceased to be associate of the Company w.e.f. March 30, 2023.

53. Capital Management

The objective of the Group's Capital Management is to maximise shareholder value, safeguard business continuity and support the growth of its subsidiaries. The Group determines the capital requirement based on annual operating plans and long-term and other strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met through loans and operating cash flows generated.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

- 54. Fair Value Measurement
- 54.1. Valuation Principles :

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques.

Level 1 - valuation technique using quoted market price: financial instruments with quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets that company can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – valuation technique using observable inputs: Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.

Level 3 – valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs: Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

Refer note 5.11 for more details on fair value hierarchy

54.2. Valuation governance :

The Group's fair value methodology and the governance over its models includes a number of controls and other procedures to ensure appropriate safeguards are in place to ensure its quality and adequacy. All new product initiatives (including their valuation methodologies) are subject to approvals by various functions of the Group including the risk and finance functions.

Where fair values are determined by reference to externally quoted prices or observable pricing inputs to models, independent price determination or validation is used. For inactive markets, Group sources alternative market information, with greater weight given to information that is considered to be more relevant and reliable.

The responsibility of ongoing measurement resides with the business and product line divisions. However Finance department is responsible for establishing procedures governing valuation and ensuring fair values are in compliance with accounting standards

54.3. Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy. Exchange traded and OTC derivatives are at gross amount i.e. before offsetting margin money. The impact of offsetting is explained in note 9.A.

Particulars	31-Mar-24
	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	
Derivative financial instruments (assets)	
Exchange-traded derivatives	727.28 - 727.28
OTC derivatives	- 91.28 -
Embedded derivatives in market-linked debentures issued	299.64 299.64
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)	727.28 91.28 299.64 1,118.20
Investments	
Debt securities	29,336.47 164.58 2,924.04 32,425.09
Mutual fund units	3,065.62 - 3,065.62
Security receipts	41,200.51 41,200.51
Equity instruments	2,221.57 19,166.20 619.62 22,007.39
Units of AIF	- 7,646.47 7,646.47
Total investments measured at fair value	34,623.66 19,330.78 52,390.64 1,06,345.08
Loans and other financial assets measured at fair value	- 6,247.36 6,247.36
Property Plant and equipment	- 1,715.11
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	35,350.94 19,422.06 60,652.75 1,15,425.75





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

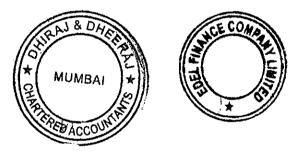
(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

54. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

54.3. Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy (continued)

Particulars —	31-Mar-23							
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis								
Derivative financial instruments (assets)								
Exchange-traded derivatives	-	-	•	-				
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)	-	-	•	-				
Investments								
Debt securities	134.67	3,277.05	1,993.57	5,405.29				
Security receipts	-	-	1,747.78	1,747.78				
Equity instruments	-	-	4,103.26	4,103.26				
Units of AIF	-	•	3,580.47	3,580.47				
Total investments measured at fair value	262.01	3,277.05	11,425.08	14,964.14				
Loans and other financial assets measured at fair value	-	•	2,645.09	2,645.09				
Property Plant and equipment	-	•	2,024.51	2,024.51				
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	262.01	3,277.05	16,094.68	19,633.74				

Note: Equity instruments includes investment in Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (NWML), a former associate of the holding Company which is subject to lock-in till September 2024 in accordance with Securities and Exchange Board of India regulations. This investment is reported under level 2 in fair value disclosure in accordance with Ind AS 113 - Fair Value measurement as at March 31, 2024.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

54. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

54.3. Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy (continued)

Particulars	31-Mar-24							
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis								
Derivative financial instruments (liabilities):								
Exchange-traded derivatives	497.80	4.40		502.20				
OTC derivatives		21.98		21.98				
Embedded derivatives in market-linked debentures issued		a bara arawa	652.91	652.91				
Total derivative financial instruments (liabilities)	497.80	26.38	652.91	1,177.09				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss								
Provision for short sale - SLBM trading	46.95			46.95				
Total financial liabilities at FVTPL	46.95	•		46.95				
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis	544.75	26.38	652.91	1,224.04				
Particulars	31-Mar-23							
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis								
Derivative financial instruments (liabilities):								
Exchange-traded derivatives		_	_					
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis	-	-	•	-				





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

54. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

54.4. Fair valuation techniques :

Debt securities

Whilst most of these instruments are standard fixed or floating rate securities, however nifty linked debentures have embedded derivative characteristics. Fair value of these instruments is derived based on the indicative quotes of price and yields prevailing in the market as at the reporting date. Group has used quoted price of national stock exchange wherever bonds are traded actively. In cases where debt securities are not activity traded Group has used CRISIL Corporate Bond Valuer model for measuring fair value.

Security receipts

The market for these securities is not active. Therefore, the Group uses valuation techniques to measure their fair values. Since the security receipts are less liquid instruments therefore they are valued by discounted cash flow models. Expected cash flow levels are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including prepayment rates, default rates and other economic drivers. Securities receipts with significant unobservable valuation inputs are classified as Level 3.

Equity instruments

The majority of equity instruments are actively traded on recognised stock exchanges with readily available active prices on a regular basis. Such instruments are classified as Level 1. Units held in funds are measured based on fund net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such NAV Such instruments are generally Level 3. Equity instruments in non-listed entities are initially measured at transaction price and re-measured at each reporting date at valuation provided by external valuer at instrument level. Such unlisted equity securities are classified at Level 3.

Units of Alternative Investment Funds and Mutual Fund.

Units held in Alternative Investment funds are measured based on fund net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such instruments are classified at Level 3.

Open-ended funds that are redeemable at any time, and that report a daily net asset value (NAV) and for which sufficient subscriptions and redemptions occur at NAV are measured at NAV and classified as level 1.

Loans measured at fair value through profit or loss

Loans are segregated, as far as possible, into portfolios of similar characteristics. Fair values are based on observable market transactions, when available. When they are unavailable, fair values are estimated using valuation models incorporating range of input assumptions. Group has determine fair value with help of internal valuation team and independent valuer on case to case basis. Valuation is based on discounted cash flow, comparable transaction market price, market research and marked trend as considered appropriate.

Derivatives

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments with various counter-parties, primarily banks with investment grade credit ratings. Derivatives valued using valuation techniques with market observable inputs are mainly interest rate swaps, exchange traded futures and options contracts. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include quoted price for exchange traded derivatives and Black Scholes models (for option valuation).

Exchange traded derivatives

Exchange traded derivatives includes index/stock options, index/stock futures, Group uses exchange traded prices to value these derivative and classify these instrument as level 1.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

54. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

54.5. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The following table sets out the fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value and analysing them by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which each fair value measurement is categorised. The information given below is with respect to financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost for which the fair value is different than the carrying amount. Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade and other payables as on 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 approximate the fair value because of their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of bank deposits, other financials assets and other financial liabilities is not significant in each of the years presented.

	31 March 2024								
Particulars	Total Carrying	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
	Amount								
Financial assets:									
Loans	62,850.32	65,904.21		-	65,904.21				
Investments	11,176.31	11,923.37		- 2,548.28	9,375.09				
Total	74,026.63	77,827.58		- 2,548.28	75,279.30				
Financial liabilities									
Debt securities	1,00,548.75	1,02,271.87		- 85,513.97	16,757.90				
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	75,695.02	75,695.56		- 11,420.99	0-1 				
Deposits	16.98	16.98		- 16.98					
Subordinated liabilities	13,892.05	14,134.86	hiddig an	- 14,134.86					
Total	1,90,152.80	1,92,119.27		- 1,11,086.80	81,032.47				
Off-balance sheet items									
Loan and other commitments	4,704.70	4,704.70		-	4,704.70				
Total	4,704.70	4,704.70		•	4,704.70				

	31 March 2023							
Particulars	Total Carrying	Total fair value	Level 1		Levei 2	Level 3		
	Amount							
Financial assets:								
Loans	39,042.08	39,713.10		•	•	39,713.10		
Financial liabilities								
Debt securities	40,067.29	38,964.26		-	16,957.31	22,006.96		
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	19,681.47	19,509.08		-	744.66	18,764.42		
Subordinated liabilities	1,070.13	1,078.20		-	1,078.20	_		
Total	60,818.89	59,551.54		-	18,780.17	40,771.38		
Off-balance sheet items								
Loan commitments	1,399.90	699.95		-	-	699.95		
Total	1,399.90	699.95		-	-	699.95		

54.5 Valuation methodologies of financial instruments not measured at fair value

Below are the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for the above financial instruments which are not recorded and measured at fair value in the Group's financial statements. These fair values were calculated for disclosure purposes only. The below methodologies and assumptions relate only to the instruments in the above tables and, as such, may differ from the techniques and assumptions explained in notes.

Short Term Financial Assets and Liabilities

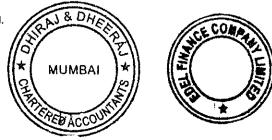
Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade payables approximate the fair value because of their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of other financials assets and other financial liabilities is not significant in each of the years presented.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The fair values financial assets measured at amortised cost are estimated using a discounted cash flow model based on contractual cash flows using actual or estimated yields and discounting by yields incorporating the counterparties' credit risk.

Issued Debt

The fair value of issued debt is estimated by a discounted cash flow model.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

54. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

54.6 Except as disclosed in Note 54.7 below there have been no transfers between levels during the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

54.7 The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening balances and the closing balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Particulars	Security receipts	Units of AIF	Equity instruments/ Warrants	Embedded derivative in market- linked debentures Assets	market- linked	Loans at FVTPL	Investments in debt securities and preference shares	Total
Investments - at April 1, 2023	2,155.73	3,580.47	4,103.26	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		2,645.09	1,585.62	14,070.17
Addition on account of consolidation	51,405.35	14,924.13	6,978.83	585.26	(329.45)	3,605.53	5,403.72	82,573.37
Purchase	14,300.09	17,796.95	1,324.68	122.13	(70.76)	482.74	1,009.32	34,965.15
Sale / redemption	(25,901.02)	(29,663.68)	(1,384.08)	(10.49)	72.30	(82.90)	(4,207.05)	(61,176.92)
Transfer into level 3	•				-		hielen - hielen	•
Transfer from level 3			(10,794.04)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				(10,794.04)
Accrued Interest Income				saaduga i ≤ kosi	2010-1010-1010-1010-1010-1010-1010-1010			
Profit / Fair value change for the year recognised in profit or loss	(759.64)	1,008.60	390.93	(397.26)	(324.97)	(403.10)	(867.57)	(1,353.00)
			odensko se stan					loga (2005) and a state of the
Investments - at March 31, 2024	41,200.51	7,646.47	619.58	299.64	(652.88)	6,247.36	2,924.04	58,284.73
Unrealised gain/(Loss) related to balances held at the end of the year	56.03	(683.71)	282.83	(396.86)	(326.14)	(403.10)	(793.45)	(2,264.40)

	Security	Units of AIF	Equity	Embedded	Embedded	Loans at		Total
	receipts		instruments/	derivative in		FVTPL	debt securities	
Particulars			Warrants	market-	market-		and preference	
				linked	linked		shares	
				debentures	debentures			
				Assets	Liabilities			
Investments - at April 1, 2022	2,702.98	3,847.25	1.00	-		3,361.82	515.32	10,428.37
Purchase	110.33	2,788.27	-	-	-	426.27	6,987.10	10,311.97
Sale / redemption	(652.93)	(2,739.13)	(0.90)	-	•	(1,564.60)	(5,933.06)	(10,890.62)
Transfer into level 3	•	-	4,103.16	-	-	-	•	4,103.16
Transfer from level 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
Accrued Interest Income	-	-	-	-	•	221.32	0.27	221.59
Profit / Fair value change for the year	(4.65)	(315.92)	-	-	-	200.28	15.99	{104.30}
recognised in profit or loss								
Investments - at March 31, 2023	2,155.73	3,580.47	4,103.26	-	-	2,645.09	1,585.62	14,070.17
Unrealised gain/(Loss) related to balances held at the end of the year	(37.64)	(315.92)	-	-	-	24.57	(230.75)	(559.74)





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

54 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

54.8 Impact on fair value of level 3 financial instrument of changes to key unobservable inputs

Type of Financial Instruments	Fair value of asset as on 31 March 2024	Fair value of Jiability as on 31 March 2024	•	: Significant Unobservable Input	for unobservable	Increase in the unobservable input	Change in fair value because of increase in unobservable input	Decrease in the unobservable input	Change in fair value because of decrease is unobservable inpu
Security receipts	41,200.51	•	Net asset value method	NAV per security receipt	51,031.58	5%	2,538.97	5%	(2,538.97
Investments in debt securities and preference shares	1,379.94		Comparable transaction and P/E	Fair value per share	₹0 to ₹ 214,140 per share	5%	53.60	5%	(63.60)
Loans classified as FVTPL	6,247.36		Discounted Cash flow. The present value of expected future economic benefits to be detived from the Toans	Expected future cash flows	15% - 20%	0.25%	(14.54)	0.25%	14.68
Nifty linked debentures	0.60		Fair value of index	Price per debenture	₹ 100,000 to ₹ 12,59,483 per debenture	5%	0.03	5%	(0.03
investments in Participative Non-convertible debentures	1,543.50	-	Discounted Cash flow	Expected future cash flows	₹ 1,667 to ₹ 5,76,523 per debenture	5%		5%	-
Embedded derivative in market-linked debentures	299.64	(652.88)	Fair value of index	Index levels	-	5%	(17.66)	5%	17.66
Investments in units of AIF	7,646.47		Net Assets Approach	Fair value of underlying investments	₹9,542 to ₹ 193,480 per Unit	5%	382.32	5%	[362.32]
Investments in unquoted equity shares	619.58		Comparable transaction and P/E	Fair value per share	₹0 to ₹1,24,864 per share	5%	28.47	5%	(28.47)

Type of Financial Instruments	Fair value of asset as on 31 March 2023	Fair value of liability as on 31 March 2023		Significant Unobservable Input	for unobservable	e unobservable input		unobservable input	Change in fair value because of decrease in unobservable input	
Security receipts	4,225.80		Discounted Cash flow. The present value of expected future economic benefits to be derived from the	l cash flows	4,225.80	5% increase in Expected future Cash flow	194.04	5% Decrease in Expected future Cash flow	(53.27)	
			ownership of the underlying investments of the Trust.	Risk-adjusted discount rate	12.00% To 22.00%	0.5% Increase in Risk- adjusted discount rate	(11.55)	0.5% Decrease in Risk-adjusted discount rate	11.64	
			Discounted projected cash flow	Expected gross recoveries	6,967.38	5%	348.37	5%	(348.37)	
Stock-In-trade	6,967.38	le 6,967.38	•		Discount rates	11.50% to 12.50%	50 basis point	(9.35)	50 basis point	9.35
Loans classified as FVTPL			Comparable transaction value	Discounting rate	15% - 20%	1%	A one percentage point change in the discounting rate used in fair valuation of Level 3 assets docs not have a significant impact in its value	1%	A one percentage point change in the discounting rate used in fair valuation of Level 3 assets docs not have a significant impact in its value	
			Fair value using Black scholes Model or Monte Carlo approach based on	curve		5%	0.21	5%	(0.21)	
Nifty linked debentures	-	-				1%	0.04	1%	(0.04)	
Investments in units of AIF		-	Net Assets Approach	Fair value of underlying investments		5%	183.36	5%	(183.36)	
Investments in unquoted equity shares categorised at Level 3	-		Comparable transaction and P/E and discounted cash flow	Fair value per share	₹ 2238 per share	5%	205.16	5%	(205.16)	





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management

A. Introduction and risk profile

Risk is an inherent part of Group's business activities. The Group (the company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") extends a corporate or retail loan, buys or sells securities in market, or offers other products or services and the Group takes on some degree of risk. The Group's overall objective is to manage its businesses, and the associated risks, in a manner that balances serving the interests of its customers and investors and protects the safety and soundness of the Group.

The Group believes that effective risk management requires:

1) Acceptance of responsibility, including identification and escalation of risk issues, by all individuals within the Group;

- 2) Ownership of risk identification, assessment, data and management within each of the lines of business and Corporate; and
- 3) Firmwide structures for risk governance

The Group strives for continual improvement through efforts to enhance controls, ongoing employee training and development and other measures.

B. Risk Management Structure

The Group has well-defined risk management policy framework for risk identification, assessment and control to effectively manage risks associated with the various business activities. The risk function is monitored primarily by the business risk group. The Group has also established a Risk Committee that is responsible for managing the risk arising out of various business activities at a central level.

Our risk management policy ensures that the margin requirements are conservative to be able to withstand market volatility and scenarios of sharply declining prices. As a result, we follow conservative lending norms. The Group centralises the risk monitoring systems to monitor our client's credit exposure which is in addition to the monitoring undertaken by the respective businesses.

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The board has established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the risk management policies. The Committee holds regular meetings and report to board on its activities.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

C. Risk mitigation and risk culture

The Group's business processes ensure complete independence of functions and a segregation of responsibilities. Credit appraisal & credit control processes, centralised operations unit, independent audit unit for checking compliance with the prescribed policies and approving loans at transaction level as well as our risk management processes and policies allow layers of multiple checks and verifications. Our key business processes are regularly monitored by the head of our business or operations. Our loan approval and administration procedures, collection and enforcement procedures are designed to minimise delinquencies and maximise recoveries.

The Board Risk Committee is the overseeing body for Risk Management. The Committee meets at regular intervals to review the risk profile of the Company.

It is the Group's policy to ensure that a robust risk awareness is embedded in its organisational risk culture. Employees are expected to take ownership and be accountable for the risks the Group is exposed to. The Group's continuous training and development emphasises that employees are made aware of the Group's risk appetite and they are supported in their roles and responsibilities to monitor and keep their exposure to risk within the Group's risk appetite limits. Compliance breaches and internal audit findings are important elements of employees' annual ratings and remuneration reviews.

D. Types of Risks

The Group's risks are generally categorized in the following risk types:

Notes	Risks	Arising from	Measurement, monitoring and management of risk
1	Credit risk Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a customer or counterparty fails to meet an obligation under a contract.		Measured as the amount that could be lost if a customer or counterparty fails to make repayments; Monitored using various internal risk management measures and within limits approved by individuals within a framework of delegated authorities; and Managed through a robust risk control framework, which outlines clear and consistent policies, principles and guidance for risk managers.
2	Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that we do not have sufficient financial resources to meet our obligations as they fall due or that we can only do so at an excessive cost.	Liquidity risk arises from mismatches in the timing of cash flows. Arises when illiquid asset positions cannot be funded at the expected terms and when required.	Measured using a range of metrics, including Asset Liability mismatch, Debt Equity Ratio Regular monitoring of funding levels to ensure to meet the requirement for Business and maturity of our liabilities. Maintain diverse sources of funding and liquid assets to facilitate flexibility in meeting our liquidity requirements of the Company.
3	Market risk Market risk is the risk that movements in market factors, such as Interest rates, equity prices and Index prices, will reduce our income or the value of our portfolios	Exposure to market risk is separated into two portfolios: trading and non-trading.	Measured using sensitivities, detailed picture of potential gains and losses for a range of market movements and scenarios. Monitored using measures, including the sensitivity of net interest income. Managed using risk limits approved by the risk management committee.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management

55.D.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises or incinally from the Group's Trade receivables and Loaps. The Group has adopted a policy of dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtains sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. In case the loans are to be restructured, similar credit assessment process is followed by the Group.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate.

The Group manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties/Groups (Single Borrowing Limit/Group Borrowing Limit) and for industry concentrations, and by monitoring exposures in relation to such limits.

Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on its credit worthiness and historical dealings with the Group and market intelligence. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The credit quality review process aims to allow the Group to assess the potential loss as a result of the risks to which it is exposed and take corrective actions.

Derivative financial instruments:

Credit risk arising from derivative financial instruments is, at any time, limited to those with positive fair values, as recorded on the balance sheet. With gross-settled derivatives, the Group is also exposed to a settlement risk, being the risk that the Group honours its obligation, but the counterparty fails to deliver the counter value.

Impairment Assessment:

The Group applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss. The expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

The expected credit loss is a product of exposure at default, probability of default and loss given default. The Group has devised an internal model to evaluate the probability of default and loss given default based on the parameters set out in Ind AS. Accordingly, the loans are classified into various stages as follows:

Internal rating grade	internal grading S description	tages
Performing		
	0 dpd* to 30	
High grade	dpd* S	tage 1
Standard grade	31 to 90 dpd* S	tage 2
Non-performing		
Individually impaired	90+ dpd* 5	tage 3
 dpd indicates days past due. 		

Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. Expected Credit Loss (ECL) computation is not driven by any single methodology, however methodology and approach used must reflect the following:

1) An unbiased and probability weighted amount that evaluates a range of possible outcomes

2) Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost and effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions;

3) Time value of money

While the time value of money element is currently being factored into ECL measurement while discounting cash flows by the Effective Interest Rate (EIR), the objective of developing a macroeconomic model using exogenous macroeconomic variables (MEVs) is to address the first two requirements. This has been achieved by using the model output to adjust the PD risk component in order to make it forward looking and probability-weighted.

Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

Group considers a financial instrument defaulted, classified as Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for ECL calculations, in all cases when the borrower becomes 90 days past due. Classification of assets form stage 1 to stage 2 has been carried out based on SICR criterion. Accounts which are more than 30 days past due have been identified as accounts where significant increase in credit risk has been observed. These accounts have been classified as Stage 2 assets. When such events occur, the Group carefully considers whether the event should result in treating the customer as defaulted and therefore assessed as Stage 3 for ECL calculations or whether Stage 2 is appropriate.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (continued)

55.D.1 Credit Risk (continued)

Probability of Default

Probability of default (PD) is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. PD estimation process is done based on historical internal data available with the Group. While arriving at the PD, the Group also ensures that the factors that affects the macro economic trends are considered to a reasonable extent, wherever necessary. Group calculates the 12 month PD by taking into account the past historical trends of the Loans/portfolio and its credit performance. In case of assets where there is a significant increase in credit risk / credit impaired assets, lifetime PD has been applied.

Loss Given Default (LGD)

The LGD represents expected losses on the EAD given the event of default, taking into account, among other attributes, the mitigating effect of collateral value at the time it is expected to be realised and the time value of money. The Loss Given Default (LGD) has been computed with workout methodology. Workout LGD is widely considered to be the most flexible, transparent and logical approach to build an LGD model. Along with actual recoveries, value of the underlying collateral has been factored in to estimate future recoveries in LGD computation. Workout LGD computation involves the actual recoveries as well as future recoveries (as a part of the workout process) on a particular facility, as a percentage of balance outstanding at the time of Default/Restructuring. The assessment of workout LGD was then performed. Principal outstanding for each loan was assessed, which went into the denominator of the LGD calculation. LGD computation has been done for each segment and sub-segment segarately.

Exposure at Default (EAD)

The amount which the borrower will owe to the portfolio at the time of default is defined as Exposure at Default (EAD). While the drawn credit line reflects the explicit exposure for the Group, there might be variable exposure that may increase the EAD. These exposures are of the nature where the Group provides future commitments, in addition to the current credit. Therefore, the exposure will contain both on and off balance sheet values. The value of exposure is given by the following formula:

EAD = Drawn Credit Line + Credit Conversion Factor * Undrawn Credit Line

Where,

Drawn Credit Line = Current outstanding amount

Credit Conversion Factor (CCF) = Expected future drawdown as a proportion of undrawn amount

Undrawn Credit Line = Difference between the total amount which the Group has committed and the drawn credit line While the drawn exposure and limits for the customer are available, the modelling of CCF is required for computing the EAD

Forward looking adjustments

"A measure of ECL is an unbiased probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes and using reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions."

To fulfil the above requirement Group has incorporated forward looking information into its measurement of ECL. The objective of developing a macroeconomic model using exogenous macroeconomic variables (MEVs) is to address the requirements of unbiased, probability weighted outcomes while taking into account current conditions as well as future economic conditions. This will be achieved by using the model output to adjust the PD risk component in order to make it forward looking and probability-weighted.

Exogenous macroeconomic parameters were used as independent (X) variables to predict the dependent (Y) variable. Keeping in mind Ind AS requirements around obtaining reliable and supportable information, without incurring undue cost or effort-based on advice of risk committee members and economic experts and consideration of a variety of external actual and forecast information, the Group formulates base case view of the future direction of relevant economic variable as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenario. This process involves developing two or more additional economic scenarios and considering the relative probabilities of each outcome.

Data sourcing

The Group is expected to obtain reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. Keeping in mind the above requirement macroeconomic information was aggregated from Economic Intelligence Unit (EIU), Bloomberg, World Bank, RBI database. The EIU data has a database of around 150 macroeconomic variables as well as their forecasted values. Beyond 2022 macro-economic variables are forecasted by mean reverting the values to their long term average. External information includes economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies and monetary authorities in the country, supranational organisations such as the OECD and the IMF, and selected private sector and academic forecasters.

Probability weighted scenario creations:

To incorporate macroeconomic impact into probability-weighted, each scenario has an associated probability. In order to ensure consistency across macroeconomic models, these probabilities were calculated at an overall level for both Retail and Non-Retail portfolios, keeping in mind that though the impact of a scenario across different portfolios may differ based on endogenous factors, the probability of a scenario unfolding is purely exogenous, and hence should not vary.

The Group has identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses for each portfolio of financial instruments and using an analysis of historical data, has estimated relationship between marcoeconomic variables and credit risk and credit losses.

Predicted relationship between the key indicators and default and loss rates on various portfolios of financial assess have been developed based on analysing historical data over the past 5 years.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (continued)

55.D.2 Risk Concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Group's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Group's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on maintaining a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly.

The following table shows the risk concentration by industry for the components of the balance sheet

Industry analysis - Risk concentration as at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Financial Government Manufacturing Retail and Oil & gas Services Construction Real Estate Agriculture Others Total services wholesale
Financial Assets	
Cash and bank balances	10,204.77
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	2,953.03
Derivative financial instruments	1,031.38
Trade receivables	5,262.13 0.18 0.00 0.20 5,72 5,268.2
Loans	16,032.27 - 2,058.60 36,191.92 - 1,569.23 5,489.39 7,554.61 201.66 - 69,097.6
Investments	43,426.04 28,349.06 1,161.63 7,990.12 - 4,447.34 1.02 31,854.32 - 291.88 1,17,521.4
Other financial assets	2,641.21
Total	81,550.83 28,349.06 3,220.23 44,182.04 - 6,016.75 5,531.48 39,409.13 201.66 301.50 2,08,762.6
Loan and Other Commitments	2,194.87 - 2,263.83 - 246.00 - 4,704.7

Industry analysis - Risk concentration as at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Financial services	Government	Manufacturing	Retail and wholesale	Oil & gas	Services	Construction	Real Estate	Agriculture	Others	Total
Financial Assets											
Cash and bank balances	3,748.17	-	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	3,748.17
Stock in trade	2,138.72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,138.72
Trade receivables	391.88	-	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	391.88
Loans	11,314.08	-	-	5,854.18	-	24,518.91	-	-	-	-	41,687.17
Investments	27,835,48	-	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	-	27,835.48
Other financial assets	1,237.41	-	-	192.07	0.09	•	-	-	-	-	1,429.57
Total	46,665.74	-	•	5,046.25	0.09	24,518.91	· · · · · ·			-	77,230.99
Other Commitments	384.95	•	*	-	-	1,399.92	-	-	-	•	1,784.87





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (continued)

55.D.3 Collateral held and other credit enhancements

The tables on the following pages show the maximum exposure to credit risk by class of financial asset

	Maximum expos	ure to credit risk	_
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	Principal type of collateral
Financial assets			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Trade Receivables	5,268.23	391.88	Fixed deposits and other assets
Loans:			
Corporate and Retail Credit	62,850.32	39,042.08	Investment and other tangible assets
Debt instruments and other investments at amortised cost	1,106.80	1,502.47	Investments and Book debts
Total financial assets at amortised cost	69,225.35	40,936.43	
Derivative financial instruments		-	Margin money
Financial assets at FVTPL	69,218.72	17,609.23	Tangible assets
Total financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	69,218.72	17,609.23	
Total Financial assets	1,38,444.07	58,545.66	
Loan and other commitments	4,704.70		Property; book receivables
Financial guarantee contracts	2,468.33	· · · · · ·	No Collateral
Total commitments	7,173.03		Tangible assets
Total	1,45,617.10	· · · ·	





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55 Risk Management (continued):

55.D.4 Financial assets that are stage 3 and related collateral held in order to mitigate potential losses are given below:

As at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL)	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of collateral
Financial assets				
Loans	12,908.34	11,573.42	1,334.92	2,490.11
Trade Receivables	0.20	0.18	0.02	
Total financial assets at amortised cost	12,908.54	11,573.60	1,334.94	2,490.11
Loan commitments				
Financial guarantee contracts				•
Total	12,908.54	11,573.60	1,334.94	2,490.11

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of collateral	
	ECL)				
Financial assets					
Loans	8,193.03	7,500.78	692.25	816.33	
Total financial assets at amortised cost	8,193.03	7,500.78	692.25	816.33	
Loan commitments	3.11	0.54	2.57	4.00	
Financial guarantee contracts *	386.99	0.09	386.90	386.90	
Total	8,583.13	7,501.41	1,081.72	1,207.23	





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (Continued)

Total undiscounted non- derivative financial liabilities

55.E Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Group might be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due as a result of mismatches in the timing of the cash flows under both normal and stress circumstances.

Group has a Liquidity Contingency Policy in place to ensure various liquidity parameters are defined and tracked regularly. Liquidity Management Team is provided with update on expected liquidity shortfalls in Normal as well as Stress scenario.

To manage the stressed circumstances the Group has ensured maintenance of a Liquidity Cushion in the form of Investments in Government Securities, Mutual Funds and Quoted Equity Shares. These assets carry minimal credit risk and can be liquidated in a very short period of time. A liquidity cushion amounting to 5-9% of the borrowings is sought to be maintained through such assets. These would be to take care of immediate obligations while continuing to honour our commitments as a going concern. There are available lines of credit from banks which are drawable on notice which further augment the available sources of funds. Funding is raised through diversified sources including Banks, Private issue of Debt, Sub Debt etc to maintain a healthy mix.

	Upto 6	6 Months to 1	1 year to 3	More than 3	Total
Non-derivative financial assets	Months	year	years	years	
Financial Assets				e de la companya de La companya de la comp	
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	10,646.98	640.55	1,211.96	658.31	13,157.80
Trade receivables	5,268.15		0.08	lan gegeless a sige	5,268.23
Loans	18,539.93	18,004.99	14,979.80	34,792.11	86,316.83
Investment	40,009.79	6,265.54	2,324.78	68,921.30	1,17,521.41
Other financial assets	502.21	670.86	143.29	1,349.49	2,665.85
Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets	74,967.06	25,581.93	18,659.91	1,05,721.22	2,24,930.12
Non-derivative financial liabilities	Upto 6	6 Months to 1	1 year to 3	More than 3	Total
	Months	year	years	years	
Trade payables	10,208.58		22.25	17,99	10,248.82
Debt securities	14,853.36	8,806.13	59,601.15	26,545.09	1,09,815.73
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	14,800.02	10,558.42	25,010.11	26,798.02	77,176.58
Deposits	16.98		•	•	16.98
Subordinated Liabilities	620.97	709.55	13,893.49	1,757.26	16,981.27
Other financial liabilities	3,485.49	1,694.17	4,505.69	6,483.93	16,169.28
Total undiscounted non- derivative financial liabilities	43,995.40	21,778.27	1,03,032.70	61,602.29	2,30,408.66
As at March 31, 2023 - Analysis of financial liabilities, financial	assets, derivatives and	financial commit	ments by rema	ning contractual	maturities
As at March 31, 2023 - Analysis of financial liabilities, financial	assets, derivatives and Upto 6				maturities
As at March 31, 2023 - Analysis of financial liabilities, financial Non-derivative financial assets		financial commit 6 Months to 1 year	ments by rema 1 year to 3 years	ning contractual More than 3 years	maturities Total
Non-derivative financial assets	Upto 6	6 Months to 1	1 year to 3	More than 3	
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets	Upto 6	6 Months to 1	1 year to 3	More than 3	Total
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets	Upto 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total 3,748.17
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances Trade receivables Loans	Upto 6 Months 2,277.37	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total 3,748.17 391.88
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances Trade receivables Loans	Upto 6 Months 2,277.37 391.88	6 Months to 1 year 1,042.96	1 year to 3 years 85.87	More than 3 years 341.97 -	Total 3,748.17 391.88 41,687.17
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances Trade receivables Loans	Upto 6 Months 2,277.37 391.88 10,980.02	6 Months to 1 year 1,042.96 - 6,942.95	1 year to 3 years 85.87 	More than 3 years 341.97 - 8,596.73	Total 3,748.17 391.88 41,687.17 29,974.20
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances Trade receivables Loans Investment	Upto 6 Months 2,277.37 391.88 10,980.02 8,885.49	6 Months to 1 year 1,042.96 - 6,942.95 345.92	1 year to 3 years 85.87 	More than 3 years 341.97 - 8,596.73 12,061.43	Total 3,748.17 391.88 41,687.17 29,974.20 1,429.57
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances Trade receivables Loans Investment Other financial assets Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets	Upto 6 Months 2,277.37 391.88 10,980.02 8,885.49 422.85	6 Months to 1 year 1,042.96 - 6,942.95 345.92 5.02	1 year to 3 years 85.87 	More than 3 years 341.97 - 8,596.73 12,061.43 754.70	Total 3,748.17 391.88 41,687.17 29,974.20 1,429.57 77,230.99
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances Trade receivables Loans Loans Investment Other financial assets Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets	Upto 6 Months 2,277.37 391.88 10,980.02 8,885.49 422.85 22,957.61	6 Months to 1 year 1,042.96 - 6,942.95 345.92 5.02 - 8,336.85	1 year to 3 years 85.87 	More than 3 years 341.97 - 8,596.73 12,061.43 754.70 21,754.83	Total 3,748.17 391.88 41,687.17 29,974.20 1,429.57
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances Trade receivables Loans Loans Investment Other financial assets Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets	Upto 6 Months 2,277.37 391.88 10,980.02 8,885.49 422.85 22,957.61 Upto 6	6 Months to 1 year 1,042.96 	1 year to 3 years 85.87 	More than 3 years 341.97 -	Total 3,748.17 391.88 41,687.17 29,974.20 1,429.57 77,230.99
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances Trade receivables Loans Investment Other financial assets Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets Non-derivative financial liabilities	Upto 6 Months 2,277.37 391.88 10,980.02 8,885.49 422.85 22,957.61 Upto 6	6 Months to 1 year 1,042.96 	1 year to 3 years 85.87 	More than 3 years 341.97 -	Total 3,748.17 391.82 41,687.17 29,974.2C 1,429.57 77,230.99 Total
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances Trade receivables Loans Investment Other financial assets Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets Non-derivative financial liabilities Financial Liabilities	Upto 6 Months 2,277.37 391.88 10,980.02 8,885.49 422.85 22,957.61 Upto 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year 1,042.96 	1 year to 3 years 85.87 	More than 3 years 341.97 -	Total 3,748.17 391.88 41,687.17 29,974.20 1,429.57 77,230.95 Total 401.88
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances Trade receivables Loans Investment Other financial assets Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets Non-derivative financial liabilities Financial Liabilities Trade payables	Upto 6 Months 2,277.37 391.88 10,980.02 8,885.49 422.85 22,957.61 Upto 6 Months 401.88	6 Months to 1 year 1,042.96 - - 6,942.95 345.92 5.02 8,336.85 6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years 85.87 	More than 3 years 341.97 -	Total 3,748.17 391.88 41,687.17 29,974.20 1,429.57 77,230.99 Total Total 401.88 40,067.25
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances Trade receivables Loans Investment Other financial assets Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets Non-derivative financial liabilities Financial Liabilities Trade payables Debt securities	Upto 6 Months 2,277.37 391.88 10,980.02 8,885.49 422.85 22,957.61 Upto 6 Months 401.88 6,556.99	6 Months to 1 year 1,042.96 - - 6,942.95 345.92 5.02 8,336.85 6 Months to 1 year - -	1 year to 3 years 85.87 	More than 3 years 341.97 - - 8,596.73 12,061.43 754.70 21,754.83 More than 3 years - - 10,085.12	Total 3,748.17 391.88 41,687.17 29,974.20 1,429.57 77,230.99 Total Total 401.88 40,067.25 28,750.44
Non-derivative financial assets Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances Trade receivables Loans Investment Other financial assets Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets Non-derivative financial liabilities Financial Liabilities Trade payables Debt securities Borrowings (other than debt securities)	Upto 6 Months 2,277.37 391.88 10,980.02 8,885.49 422.85 22,957.61 Upto 6 Months 401.88 6,556.99 3,319.75	6 Months to 1 year 1,042.96 - - 6,942.95 345.92 5.02 8,336.85 6 Months to 1 year - - 3,765.68 4,636.74	1 year to 3 years 85.87 15,167.47 8,681.36 247.00 24,181.70 1 year to 3 years 19,659.50 18,260.17	More than 3 years 341.97 - - 8,596.73 12,061.43 754.70 21,754.83 More than 3 years - - 10,085.12	Total 3,748.17 391.88 41,687.17 29,974.20 1,429.57 77,230.99

12,940.66



9,478.73

42,435.13

17,826.69



82,681.21

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (Continued)

55.E Liquidity Risk (continued)

All derivatives which are entered into for trading purpose are shown in the earliest time band. With respect to other derivatives, the remaining contractual maturity information has been given based on undiscounted cash flows.

As at March 31, 2024

Derivatives	Upto 6 6 Months to 1 1 year to 3 More than 3 Total Months year years years
Net Settled derivatives entered into for trading purpose	- 82.53 311.34
Other Net settled derivatives	(3.97) 0.62 (488.28) 55.83 (435.80)
Total	224.84 0.62 (488.28) 138.36 (124.46)

As at March 31, 2023

Derivatives	Upto 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Net Settled derivatives entered into for trading purpose		-	-	-	-
Total		•	-	-	-

Contractual expiry of commitments

The table below shows the contractual expiry by maturity of the Group's commitments.

As at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Upto 6 6 Months to 1 1 year to 3 More than 3 Total Months year years years
Undrawn commitments for AIF funds	1,231.11 - 1,231.11
Estimated amount of contracts capital account	11.34 0.21 - 11.55
Undrawn loan commitments	1,696.38 1,095.64 270.17 0.49 3,062.68
Undrawn commited credit lines	- 410.91 - 410.91
	2,938.83 1,506.76 270.17 0.49 4,716.25

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Upto 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undrawn loan and other commitments	1,046.01	105.33	584.20	0.38	1,735.92
	1,046.01	105.33	584.20	0.38	1,735.92





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (continued)

55.F Market Risk (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The principal risk to which non-trading portfolios are exposed is the risk of loss from fluctuations in the future cash flows or fair values of financial instruments because of a change in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is managed principally through monitoring interest rate gaps and by having pre-approved limits for repricing bands.

ALCO is the monitoring body for compliance with these limits. ALCO reviews the interest rate gap statement and the mix of floating and fixed rate assets and liabilities. Balance Sheet Management Unit is in-charge for day to day management of interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The Board has established limits on the non-trading interest rate gaps for stipulated periods. The Group's policy is to monitor positions on a daily basis and hedging strategies are used to ensure positions are maintained within the established limits.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) of the Group's statement of profit and loss and equity. The sensitivity of the statement of profit and loss is the effect of the assumed changes in interest rates on the profit or loss for a year, based on the floating rate non-trading financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2024 and at March 31, 2023

Interest rate sensitivity

		2023-24							
	Increase in %	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in %	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity			
INR Loans	0.25	53.74	45.19	0.25	(53.74)	(45.19)			
INR Borrowing	0.25	(147.58)	(26.65)	0.25	147.58	26.65			
IRF / Interest Rate Swaps	5/0.25	(125.82)	-	5/0.25	125.82	-			

		2022-23								
	Increase in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity				
INR Loans	0.25	54.68	-	0.25	(54.68)	-				
INR Borrowing	0.25	(81.29)	-	0.25	81.29	-				

Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arise majorly on account of foreign currency borrowings.

The table below indicates the currencies to which the Group had significant exposure at the end of the reported periods. The analysis calculates the effect of a reasonably possible movement of the currency rate against the INR (all other variables being constant) on the statement of profit and loss (due to the fair value of currency sensitive non-trading monetary assets and liabilities) and equity (due to the change in fair value of currency swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts used as cash flow hedges).

		2023-24							
	Increase in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity			
USD	5	0.10	0.10	5	(0.10)	(0.10)			
			202	2-23					
	Increase in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity			
USD	0.25	4.50	-	0.25	(4.50)	-			





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (continued)

55.F Market Risk (continued)

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of individual investment in equity share prices.

	2023-24							
	Increase in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity		
Derivatives	5	320.70	•	5	(320.70)	-		
Commodity Derivatives	5	9.14	-	5	(9.14)			
Equity/ETF/SRs	5	695.74	-	5	(695.74)			
Mutual Fund	5	71.91	· · ·	5	(71.91)	-		
Debt instruments (incl preference)	5	382.00	63.37	5	(382.00)	(63.37)		
Government securities	0.25	70.87	-	0.25	(70.87)	-		
Nifty link debenture	5	115.87	-	5	(115.87)	-		
AIF Funds	5	352.03	-	5	(352.03)	-		
Investments	5	90.41	-	5	(90.41)	-		
Loans classified at FVTPL	5	86.72	-	5	(86.72)	-		

		2022-23								
	Increase în %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity				
Derivatives	5	-	-	5	-	-				
Others	5	5.88	-	5	(5.88)	-				

Index price risk

Index price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of equity indices.

-		2023-24								
	Increase in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity				
Derivatives	5	273.55	-	5	(273.55)	-				
Embedded derivatives (Nifty-linked debentures)	5	(21.79)	-	5	21.79	-				

		2022-23						
	Increase in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in %	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity		
Derivatives	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	•		

Other price risk

		2023-24							
	Increase in price (%)	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in price (%)	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity			
Others				.		-			
	·		20	22-23					
	Increase in price (%)	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in price (%)	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity			
Others	 С	224.18		5	(224.18)				





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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55.G Total market risk exposure

Fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Company classifies exposures to market risk into either trading or non-trading portfolios and manages each of those portfolios separately. Such risks the market risk for the trading portfolio is managed and monitored based on a VaR methodology that reflects the interdependency between risk variables. Non-trading positions are managed

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023			
Particulars	Carrying amount Traded risk Non-traded risk	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	13,157.80 - 13,157.80	3,748.17	-	3,748.17	
Derivative financial instruments	1,031.38 1,031.38 -	-	-	-	
Investments	1,17,521.41 66,096.60 51,424.81	29,974.20	6,037.30	23,936.90	
Loans	69,097.68 - 69,097.68	41,687.17	-	41,687.17	
Trade receivables	5,268.23 - 5,268.23	391.88	-	391.88	
Other financial assets	2,686.18 150.27 2,535.91	1,429.57	1.31	1,428.26	
Total	2,08,762.68 67,278.25 1,41,484.43	77,230.99	6,038.61	71,192.38	

	31 March 2024		31 March 202	3
Particulars	Carrying amount Traded risk Non-traded risk	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk
Liability				
Borrowings (other than debt Securities)	75,695.02 - 75,695.02	28,750.44	-	28,750.44
Derivative financial instruments	1,155.83 1,155.83 -	-		
Deposits	16.98 - 16.98	-		
Debt securities	1,00,548.75 - 1,00,548.75	40,067.29	-	40,067.29
Trade payables	10,248.82 - 10,248.82	401.88	-	401.88
Subordinated liabilities	13,892.05 - 13,892.05	1,070.13	-	1,070.13
Other financial liabilities	16,169.28 246.59 15,922.69	12,391.47	-	12,391.47
Total	2,17,726.73 1,402.42 2,16,324.31	82,681.21	-	82,681.21





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

56. Composition of the Group

			Proportion of ownership	Proportion of ownership
Sr. Name of the Entity	Note	Country of Incorporation	interest as at March 31,	interest as at March 31,
		1810 110	2024	2023
Subsidiaries:				
1 Nído Home Finance Limited		India	95.00%	95.00%
2 Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited		India	100.00%	100.00%
3 Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited		India	100.00%	100.00%
4 Comtrade Commodities Services Limited		India	100.00%	100.00%
5 Allium Finance Private Limited	а	India	88.28%	73.76%
6 Ecap Equíties Limited	d	India	80.23%	0.00%
7 ECL Finance Limited	с	India	100.00%	0.00%
8 Edelcap Securities Limited		India	80.23%	0.00%
9 Edelweiss Retail Finance Finance Limited		India	81.62%	0.00%
10 Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund		India	95.60%	0.00%
11 Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund		India	96.05%	0.00%
12 Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP		India	100.00%	0.00%
13 India Credit Investment Fund III		India	100.00%	0.00%
14 India Credit Investment Fund - 5		India	100.00%	0.00%
Associate				
1 Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited		India	48.00%	0.00%
2 ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land 2 Limited)	b	India	0.00%	52.31%

Notes:

- a. Stake in Allium Finance Private Limited has increased during the year as the holding is considered alongwith all of its subsidiaries as at March 31, 2024
- b. With effect from 18th April 2023, the Company has increased its controlling stake in Ecap Equities Limited from 52.31% to 80.23% and accordingly the same has been consolidated as a subsidiary as at March 31, 2024
- c. With effect from 28th March 2024, the Company has increased its controlling stake in ECL Finance Limited from 25.72% to 100% and accordingly the same has been consolidated as a subsidiary as at March 31, 2024





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

Additional Information, as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary or Associates 57. As at March 31 2024

	Net Assets i.e. Total Total Liabil		Share in Pro	ofit or Loss	Share in Other Co Incom	•	Share in Total Co Incom	•
Name of the Entity	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive Income	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated total comprehensive Income	Amoun (₹ in Million
					······	······································		
Edel Finance Company Limited	193.41%	26,028.90	(129.31)%	791.48	(1.92)%	2.31	(108.37)%	793.79
iaries		***************************************						
Indian								
Nido Home Finance Limited	60.54%	8,147.88	(31.54)%	193.05	0.46%	(0.56)	(26.28)%	192.49
Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	(49.09)%	(6,606.44)	393.40%	(2,407.87)	(0.32)%	0.38	328.67%	(2,407.49
	52.01%	6,998.85	167.69%	(1,026.37)	9.97%	(12.01)	141.76%	(1,038.38
Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.06%	8.23	1.45%		(0.03)%	0.04	1.20%	(8.81
Allium Finance Private Limited	10.65%	1,433.81	(20.50)%	125.47	0.00%	-	(17.13)%	125.47
1 A second se second second s second second se	69.81%	9,394.83	(228.71)%	1,399.89	0.20%	(0.24)	(191.08)%	1,399.66
	205.76%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	30.44%	4,095.94	(45.65)%	279.43	0.50%	(0.60)	(38.07)%	278.83
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	40.95%	5,510.90	(23.56)%	144.18	0.52%	(0.63)	(19.60)%	143.55
	3.84%	516.26	3.13%	(19.13)	0.00%	··· · ·	and the second	(19.13
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and the second second second second second second	a a companya a series a series a france a series	0.00%	-		(114.78
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			0.00%		0.01%	(0.08
							49.35%	(361.50
India Credit Investment Fund - 5	0.00%		129.39%	(791.96)	0.00%		108.12%	(791.96
Non-Controlling Interests	31.99%	4.305.04	8.54%	(52.29)	0.26%	(0.31)	7.18%	(52.59
Adjustments arising out of consolidation	(557.14)%	(74,978.54)	(147.61)%	903.49	(0.26)%	0.31	-123.38%	903.80
Associate (Investment as per the equity method) - Indian	·							
Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	(0.12)%	(16.13)	2.64%	(16.13)	0.00%		2.20%	(16.13
ECL Finance Limited	1.79%	240.77	(57.17)%	349.91	90.62%	(109.13)	-32.87%	240.77
	Edel Finance Company Limited aries Indian Nido Home Finance Limited Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Allium Finance Private Limited Ecap Equities Limited ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Finance Limited Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP India Credit Investment Fund - 5 Non-Controlling Interests Adjustments arising out of consolidation Associate (Investment as per the equity method) - Indian Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	Name of the Entity As % of consolidated net assets Edel Finance Company Limited 193.41% Faries 193.41% Indian 60.54% Nido Home Finance Limited 60.54% Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited (49.09)% Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 52.01% Comtrade Commodities Services Limited 0.06% Allium Finance Private Limited 69.81% ECL Finance Limited 205.76% Edelweiss Retail Finance Finance Limited 30.44% Edelweiss Retail Finance Finance Limited 40.95% Edelweiss Nutil Strategy Fund Advisors LLP 0.06% India Credit Investment Fund 111 0.00% India Credit Investment Fund - 5 0.00% Non-Controlling Interests 31.99% Adjustments arising out of consolidation (557.14)%	Amount net assets Amount (₹ in Million) Edel Finance Company Limited 193.41% 26,028.90 aries Indian 60.54% 8,147.88 Indian 60.54% 8,147.88 Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited (49.09)% (6,606.44) Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited 0.06% 8,23 Allium Finance Limited 0.06% 8,23 Allium Finance Private Limited 0.06% 8,23 1,433.81 Ecap Equities Limited 0.06% 8,23 Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 0.06% 8,23 1,433.81 Ecap Equities Limited 0.06% 8,23 Edelweiss Rurale Limited 10.65% 1,433.81 Ecap Equities Limited 205.76% 27,691.08 Edelcap Securities Limited 30.44% 4,095.94 Edelweiss Retail Finance Finance Limited 30.44% 4,095.94 Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund 5.04% 678.37 Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP 0.06% 7.91 India Credit Investment Fund - 5 0.00% - - - Non-Controlling Interests 31.99% 4,305.04 (74,978.54) Adjustments arisi	Name of the Entity As % of consolidated net assets Amount (₹ in Million) As % of consolidated profit or loss Edel Finance Company Limited 193.41% 26,028.90 (129.31)% Indian 0.54% 8,147.88 (31.54)% Indian 60.54% 8,147.88 (31.54)% Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited (49.09)% (6,606.44) 393.40% Comtrade Commodities Services Limited 52.01% 6,998.85 167.69% Comtrade Commodities Services Limited 10.65% 1,433.81 (20.50)% Ecap Equities Limited 205.76% 27,691.08 0.00% Edelweiss Protae Limited 30.44% 4,095.94 (45.65)% Edelweiss Retail Finance Finance Limited 205.76% 27,691.08 0.00% Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund 3.84% 516.26 3.13% Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund 5.04% 5710.90 (23.56)% Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund 5.04% 5.710.90 123.56% India Credit Investment Fund II 0.00% 5.90.6% 129.39% Non-Controlling Interests 31.99% 4,305.04 8.54%	Name of the EntityAs % of consolidated net assetsAmount (* in Million)As % of consolidated profit or lossAmount (* in Million)Edel Finance Company Limited193.41%26,028.90(129.31)%791.48India193.41%26,028.90(129.31)%791.48India60.54%8,147.88(31.54)%193.05Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited60.54%8,147.88(31.54)%193.05Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited52.01%6,598.85167.69%(1,026.37)Comtrade Commodities Services Limited0.06%8.231.45%(8.85)Allium Finance Private Limited69.81%9,394.83(228.71)%(13.28.77)Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited69.81%9,394.83(228.71)%(14.78)Edelweiss Fural & Corporate Services Limited0.06%8.231.45%(8.85)ELC Finance Private Limited205.76%27,691.080.00%-Edelweiss Fural & Endre Limited40.95%5.51.09(22.56)%279.43Edelweiss Furate Equity Tech Fund3.84%516.263.13%(19.13)Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP0.06%7.910.03%(20.81)India Credit Investment Fund II0.00%-59.06%(361.50)India Credit Investment Fund II0.00%-129.39%(791.96)Non-Controlling Interests31.99%4,305.048.54%(52.29)Adjustments arising out of consolidation(557.14)%(74.97	Total Liabilities Income Name of the Entity As % of consolidated net system Amount consolidated net system Amount consolidated net system Consolidated net system Name of the Entity As % of consolidated net system Amount net system Consolidated net system Consolidated net system Edel Finance Company Limited 193.41% 26,028.90 (129.31)% 791.48 (1.92)% Iaries Indian 193.41% 26,028.90 (129.31)% 791.48 (1.92)% Iaries Indian 60.54% 8,147.88 (31.54)% 193.05 0.46% Edelweiss Nural & Corporate Services Limited 60.54% 8,147.88 (1.026.37) 9.97% Comtrade Commodities Services Limited 10.65% 1,433.81 (20.50% 125.47 0.00% Calciarge United 0.06% 8.23 1.45% (8.85) (0.03)% Calciarge United 0.344% 4.095.94 (45.65% 279.43 0.50% Edelweiss Netall Finance Innace Innace Limited 20.576% 27.691.08 0.00% 2.00% E	Total Liabilities Income Name of the Entity As % of consolidated net assets Amount consolidated net assets Amount consolidated profit or loss Amount consolidated profit or loss Consolidated other consolidated profit or loss Amount consolidated net assets Edel Finance Company Limited 193.41% 26,028.90 (129.31)% 791.48 (1.92)% 2.31 aries Income 193.41% 26,028.90 (129.31)% 791.48 (1.92)% 2.31 aries Income 60.54% 8,147.88 (31.54)% 199.05 0.46% (0.56) Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited 60.54% 8,147.88 (31.54)% 199.05 0.46% (0.32)% 0.32)%	Total Liabilities Income Income Income Name of the Entity As % of consolidated net assets As % of (? in Million) net assets As % of consolidated profit or loss Amount consolidated profit or loss Amount consolidated profit or loss Consolidated Amount other Consolidated (* in Million) Consolidated comprehensive income Consolidated comprehensive incomprehensive income Conso consolidated co

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		Net Assets i.e. Total	Assets minus	Share in Pro	ofit or Loss	Share in Other Co	mprehensive	Share in Total Comprehensive	
Sr. No.	Name of the Entity	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive Income	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated total comprehensive Income	Amouni (₹ in Million)
Pare	nt			······································		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Edel Finance Company Limited	402.95%	15,235.11	(32.75)%	654.02	(23.27)%	0.14	(32.75)%	654.16
Subs	idiaries								
	Indian								
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing								
1	Finance Limited)(NHFL)	210.13%	7,944.68	(8.04)%	160.63	(392.23)%	2.36	(8.16)%	162.99
2	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	(111.06)%	(4,198.95)	58.76%	(1,173.21)	28.25%	(0.17)	58.75%	(1,173.38)
3	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	114.41%	4,325.56	98.59%	(1,968.55)	453.72%	(2.73)	98.69%	(1,971.28)
4	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Comtrade Limited)	0.19%	7.04	0.23%	(4.64)	33.24%	(0.20)	0.24%	(4.84)
5	Allium Finance Private Limited	34.68%	1,311.34	(1.84)%	36.71	0.00%		(1.84)%	36.71
	Non-Controlling interests	19.59%	740.54	(0.92)%	18.32	(19.66)%	0.12	(0.92)%	18.44
	Adjustments arising out of consolidation	(558.50)%	(21,116.38)	-19,34%	386.25	19.94%	(0.12)	-19.33%	386.13
	Associate (Investment as per the equity method) - Indian					····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	(12.38)%	(468.03)	5.32%	(106.31)	0.00%	-	5.32%	(106.31)
	Total	100.00%	3,780.91	100.00%	(1,996.78)	100.00%	(0.60)	100.00%	(1,997.38)





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

58. Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

- 58.A During the year, the Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall : (I) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- 58.8 During the year, the Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall, other than as disclosed in note (1) below: (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security, or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

Note (1)

During the year, the Group has taken loans from its holding company and given loan to its subsidiaries/fellow subsidiary companies in the ordinary course of business, which are at Arm's length and the same is approved by Board Audit Committee of the Group. The Group confirm that the below transactions are in accordance with relevant provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999) and Companies Act, 2013 and the such transactions are not in violation of the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003).

For March 31, 2024

Name of Lender	Nature	Date	₹ in millions	Name of Company in which investment done by the Company	Nature	Date	₹ in millions	Remarks
Ecap Equities Limited (Formerly known as Edel Land Limited)(ELL)	Loan Taken	15•Mar-24	1,600.00	ECap Securities and Investments Limited	Loan Given	15-Mar-24		1) Ecap Equities Limited is a subsidiary and Ecap Securities and Investments Limited is a fellow subsidiary of Edel Finance Company Limited.

For March 31, 2023 Name of Lender

For March 31, 2023								
Name of Lender	Nature	Date	₹ in millions	Name of Company in which Investment done by the Company	Nature	Date	₹ in milliens	Remarks
Ecap Equities limited (Formerly known as Edel Land Umited)(ELL)	Loan Taken	Various Dates	320.10		Investment in AIF Units	27-Mar-23		1) ELL is associate of ERCSL and ICIF II is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL.
			220.00	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited (EAAA)	Loan Given	28-Mar-23	220.00	1) Ecap Equities Limited is associate of ERCSL and EAAA is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL
			1,048.10	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited (EIAL)	Loan Given	Various Dates	1,048.10	1) ELL Is associate of ERCSL and EIAL is subsidiary of ERCSL
ECL Finance Limited (ECLF)	Loan Taken	Various dates	386.70	Ecap Equitles Limited (Formerly known as Edel Land Limited) (ELL)	Loan Given	Various Dates		1) ECL Finance is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL and ELL is an associate of ERCSL 2) ERCSL has repaid its borrowing from ECLF and ELL has repaid its borrowing to ERCSL.
Edel Finance Company Limited (EFCL)	Loan Taken	Various Dates	450.00	Edelcap Securities Limited (Edelcap)	Loan Given	Various Dates	450.00	1) EFCL is holding company of ERCSL and Edelcap is subsidiary of ERCSL. 2) Edelcap has repaid its borrowing from ERCSL
			200.00	Edelweiss Sacurities & Investments Pvt Ltd (ESIPL)			200.00	1) EFCL is holding company of ERCSL and ESIPL is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL. ESIPL has repaid its borrowing from ERCSL.
Edel Investments Limited (EIL)	Loan Taken	Various Dates	750.00	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (EBL)	Loan Given	Various Dates	750.00	1) EIL is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL and EBL is associate of EFSL, 2) Borrowings from EIL has been repaid by ERCSL. EBL has repaid its borrowing to ERCSL
Edelcap Securities Limited (Edelcap)	Loan Taken	07-Арг-22	250.00	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (EBL)	Loan Given	Various Dates	250.00	1) Edelcap is follow subsidiary of ERCSL and EBL is associate of EFSL. 2) Borrowings from Edelcap has been repaid by ERCSL. EBL has repaid its borrowing to ERCSL
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (EFSL)	Loan Taken	28-Dec-22	957.09	ICIF 11	Investment ir AIF Units	28-Dec-22	957.09	1) EFSL is ultimate holding company of ERCSL and ICIF II is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL
	Loan Taken	Various Dates	1,750.00	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited (ERFL)	Loan Given	26-Dec-22	1,750.00	1) EFSL is ultimate holding company of ERCSL and ERFL is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL ERFL has repaid its borrowing from ERCSL.
	Loan Taken	Various Dates		Ecap Equities Limited (Formerly known as Edel Land Limited)(ELL)	Loan Given	Various Dates	450.00	1) EFSL is ultimate holding company of ERCSL and ELL is associate of ERCSL ELL has repaid its borrowing to ERCSL
Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)(NHFL)	Loan Taken	12	MBAI	Ecap Equities Limited (Formerly Known as Edel Land Limited)(ELL)	Loan Given	NINCE	E	
		I TERE	Account		ll.		ETI	

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

58. Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

58.A During the year, the Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity[ies], including foreign entities [Intermediaries] with the understanding that the intermediary shall : (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

Note (2)

Based on the legal opinion obtained by the Holding Company, the transactions undertaken by the Company (CIC-NBFC) of borrowing/lending/investment to and from its holding/subsidiary/affiliate/group entity[ies] (together referred to as the 'Group') or borrowing from outside the Group for onward lending/investments for carrying on their respective business in ordinary course will not attract reporting under Rule 11(e) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (the "Rules"). Accordingly, transactions undertaken by the Company is not disclosed under the Rules.

59. Other Additional Regulatory Information

59.1. Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Group

The Group do not have any immovable properties where title deeds are not held in the name of the Group.

59.2. Loans and Advances

The Group has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, without specifying period of repayment of principal to companies. However, during the year the Group has executed supplementary agreement with such companies to stipulate the schedule for repayment of principal. Of these following are the details of the aggregate amount of loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to promoters or related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act. 2013:

	For March	h 31, 2024	For	r March 31, 2023	
Tune of Restaular	Amount of loan or Per	scentage to the total	Amount of loan or	Percentage to the total Loans and	
Type of Borrower	advance in the Loa	ans and Advances in	advance in the nature	Advances in the nature of loans	
	nature of loan the	e nature of loans	of loan outstanding		
Promotors	Nil	NA	Nil	NA	
Directors	Nit	NA	Nil	NA	
KMPs	Nil	NA	Nil	NA	
Related Parties	Nil	NA	Nil	NA	

59.3. Details of Benami Property held

The Group does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.

59.4. Security of current assets against borrowings

The Group has borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Quarterly return and statement filed by the Group with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Group, wherever applicable.

59.5. Wilful Defaulter

The Group is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

59.6. Relationship with Struck off Companies

For March 31, 2024

Name of struck of Company	Nature of transactions with struck off Cempan	Balance outstanding Y	Relationship with the struck off Company
Aditi Financial Services	Payable	0.03	Vendor
Suraj Petroleum	Receivables	2.94	Customer
Shri Sham Fisheries	Receivables	0.39	Customer
M.S.Clothing	Receivables	0,24	Customer
S M Enterprises	Receivables	0.05	Customer
Godavari Traders	Receivables	0.11	Customer
Ayuh Meditech Solutions Pvt Ltd	Receivables	0.07	Customer
Sri Sal Simbadri Tyres	Receivables	0.10	Customer

For March 31, 2023

Name

e of struck of Company	Nature of	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the
	transactions with		struck off Company
	struck off Compan	Ŷ	

Anahat Organisation Development Consultancy Pvt Ltd	Professional Fees	Nil	Vendor	
Glossy Creation Private Limited	Receivables	0.59	Client	
Shams Cable Network	Office expense	Nil	Vendor	
Kamal Enterprises	Miscellaneous	Nil	Vendor	
M R D Enterprises	Repairs &	NI	Vendor	
	Maintenance			

59.7. Undisclosed income

The Group does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

59.8. The Group is in compliance with number of layers of companies, as prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

59.9. Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

60. Other disclosure

60.1. Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (NCSL), a former associate of the Holding Company, received an order from NSE Clearing Ltd (NCL) in the matter of Anugrah Stock and Broking Pvt. Ltd (Anugrah or Trading member) and Vrise Securities Pvt. Limited. The Group has provided an undertaking on behalf of NCSL to maintain sufficient unencumbered assets worth Rs. 92 crores on the instruction from NCL. The Securities Appellate Tribunal (SAT) has upheld NCL order on December 15, 2023. NCSL has appealed against the SAT order at the Supreme Court of India, asserting compliance with all relevant laws and regulations. The appeal is in the process of admission with the Supreme Court of India,

NCSL believes that it has acted in accordance with the agreement entered with the trading member and in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Accordingly, there is no adjustment required in the consolidated financial statement of the Group.

60.2 The Board of Directors in their meeting have approved the decision of the Company to exit from the Real estate ("RE") and Structured finance ("SF") business and reduce the underlying loan portfolio in the near to mid-term. Consequently, the Company's business model with respect to the Real estate and Structured finance portfolio has changed from "hold to collect" to "hold to collect and sell". As per the requirements of Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments, effective from January 01, 2024, the Company has reclassified its Real estate and Structured finance portfolio measured at amortised cost amounting to \$388 crore to fair value through other comprehensive income.



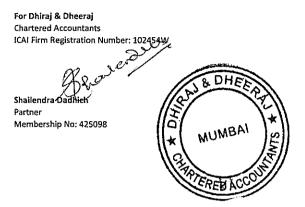


Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

61. Figures for the previous year have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to current year presentation.

As per our report of even date attached



Mumbai, May 10, 2024

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN:07297081

Vidya Shah Executive Director DIN : 00274831

Christina D'souz Company Secretary

May 10, 2024



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Corporate Identity Number: U65920MH1989PLC053909

Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024



DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Edel Finance Company Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Edel Finance Company Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying standalone financial statements.



Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and arefree from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
(a) Impairment of investments in subsidia 10(b) & 10(c) of the Standalone financial st	ary and other group companies (as described in Note 10(a), atements)
The Company has investments in various subsidiaries amounting to Rs. 55,827.00 millions in form of equity shares, compulsorily convertible preference shares and compulsorily convertible debentures which are not listed or quoted. These investments are valued at cost and are required to be assessed for impairment in accordance with Ind AS 36, when any indicators of impairment are observed. In carrying out such impairment assessment, a significant judgement of the management is involved in estimating the investee company's "value in use", in accordance with Ind AS 36. Estimation of thevalue in use requires the management to apply appropriate assumptions with respect to the growth rates for future cash flow projections of the investee company and discount rates for determining present value of such cash flows. In view of the high degree of management's judgement involved in estimation of the recoverable amount of investments in unlisted subsidiaries and the inherent uncertainty relating to the assumptions supporting such estimates, we considered this area as a key audit matter.	Our audit procedures included considering the appropriateness of the processes laid down by the management for assessment of impairment in the value of investments in subsidiary and other group companies combined with procedures performed as follows: • Considered management's assessment of impairment wherever considered necessary and assessed whether any impairment indicators existed for investment in individual subsidiary and other group companies. • Traced the net-worth of the individual subsidiary and other group companies from their audited financial statements. • Assessed information used to determine the key assumptions including growth rates and discount rates. • Assessed the disclosures relating to investments in subsidiary and other group companies included in the Standalone financial Statements in accordance with the Requirements of Ind AS.

We have determined that there are no other key audit matters (other than mentioned above) to communicate in our report



Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and arefree from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible
 for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with
 reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, tomodify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these standalone financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
 - (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2024 has been paid / provided for by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company disclosed the pending litigations in Standalone Ind AS financial statements and believes that the outcome of those litigations will not have a materially adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operation which would impact its financial position (Refer Note 37 to the Standalone Ind AS financial statements);
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for whichthere were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education andProtection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 43 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company

("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;



b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other thanas disclosed in the note 43 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (editlog) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with

For M/s Dhiraj & Dheeraj Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

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Shailendra Dadhich Partner Membership Number: 425098 UDIN: 24425098BKEIPH1872 Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: May 10, 2024



Annexure 1 Referred to in Paragraph 1 Under the Heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of Our Report of Even Date

Re: Edel Finance Company Limited

- i. (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment are physically verified by the management according to a regular program of verification according to which verification is done every 3 years which, inour opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, the title deeds of the immovable properties included in property, plant and equipment are held in the name of the company
- (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets during the year.
- (e) Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, no proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) The Company's business does not require maintenance of inventories and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and accordingly, the requirement to report under this clause is not applicable.
- iii. (a) The Company is a Core Investment Company and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) of the order is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions of the loans given are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in the case of loans given, the repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts have been regular.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans given.
 - (e) The Company is a Core Investment Company and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)e of the order is not applicable.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not given any loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment and accordingly, the requirement to report under this clause is not applicable.



- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73,74,
 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- vi. Having regard to the nature of the Companies' business activities, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order relating to maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act is not applicable.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amount payable in respect of provident fund, income-tax, value added tax, service tax, goods and service tax, cess and other statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2024 on account of disputes are givenbelow:

Name of Statue	Nature of Dues	Amount under dispute (in millions)	Amount paid	Period to which it relates	Forums where dispute is pending
Income taxAct 1961	Income Tax	70.63	-	2014-15	CIT (A)
Income taxAct 1961	Income Tax	44.25	-	2015-16	CIT (A)

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, there is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- ix. (a) According to the records of the company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender as at the balance sheet date.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) According to the records of the company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that nofunds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or associates.



(f) The Company has raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary company as per details below. Further, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of such loans raised.

Nature of	Name of	Amount	Name of	Relation	Details of security
loan taken	lender	of Ioan (Rs in millions)	the Subsidiary		pledged
Term Loan	JM Financial Products Limited and JM Financial Credit Solutions Limited	3,000	ECap Equities Limited	Subsidiary	Pledge of Nuvama Wealth Management Limited shares held by ECap Equities Limited
Non convertible debenture	Catalyst Trusteeship Limited	4,982.60	Edelcap Securities Limited	Subsidiary	Pledge of Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited shares held by Edelcap Securities Limited

- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (Including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(x)(a) of the Order are not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment of preference shares during the year. Accordingly, the requirements of Section 42 and Section 62 of the Act are not applicable.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no fraud by the company or on the company have been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, report under section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4 was not required to be filed. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
 - (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, and as represented to us by the management, no whistle- blower complaints have been received during the year by the company. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Standalone Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act.



- xiv. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has an internal audit system in commensurate with the size and nature of its business,
 - (b) The reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit were considered by us.
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3 (xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvi. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the Company being a CIC company has registered under section 45-iA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (b) The company has conducted non-banking financial Core Investment company (CIC) activities with a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 during the year.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on books and records verified by us the Company is a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India and the Company continues to fulfill the criteria of a CIC.
 - (d) Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the Company, the group does not have any other CIC other than the Company.
- xvii. The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs 304.94 Cr in the current financial year and having cash loss of Rs 32.13 crores in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year, and hence reporting under this clause is notapplicable.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratio ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet form the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the companyas and when they fall due.
- xx. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Act pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses (xx) (a) and (xx) (b) of the Order are not applicable.
- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statement of the Company. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.



Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of Even Date on the Standalone Financial Statements of Edel Finance Company Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **Edel Finance Company Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statement included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to these Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly



reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statementswere operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in theGuidance Note issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For M/s Dhiraj & Dheeraj Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number:

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Shailendra Dadhich Partner Membership Number: 425098 UDIN: 24425098BKEIPH1872 Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: May 10, 2024



Standalone Balance Sheet

(Cu	rrency: Indian rupees in millions)			
-	• • •		As at	As at
		Note	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
AS	SETS			
Fin	ancial assets			
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	7	8.84	20.63
(b)	Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	8	30.30	-
(c)	Loans	9	24.60	9,549.53
(d)	Investments	10	72,945.70	31,802.86
(e)	Other financial assets	11	4.35	2.21
	Total financial assets		73,013.79	41,375.23
Not	1-financial assets			
	Current tax assets (net)	12	493.35	411.99
• • •	Deferred tax assets (net)	13	894.89	246.67
	Property, Plant and Equipment	14	2,22	2.24
	Other non- financial assets	15	5.69	2.80
(,	Total non-financial assets		1,396.15	663.70
	TOTAL ADDITC		74,409.94	42,038.93
	TOTAL ASSETS		/4,409.94	42,030,93
LIA	BILITIES AND EQUITY			
Lia	bilities			
Fina	ancial liabilities			
	Trade payables			
()	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises	16	5.87	16.28
	and small enterprises			
(b)	Debt securities	17	20,225.07	14,810.11
• •	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	18	27,882.18	11,775.09
	Subordinated liabilities	19	161.17	161.12
• •	Other financial liabilities	20	22.92	7.21
	Total financial liabilities		48,297.21	26,769.81
Non	-financial liabilities			
	Current tax fiabilities (net)	21	18.15	18.15
	Provisions	22	2.12	0.08
~ ^	Other non-financial liabilities	23	63.56	15.78
(0)	Total non-financial liabilities		83.83	34.01
Equ		24	0 566 75	7 566 75
	Equity share capital	24 25	9,566.75 9,650.00	7,566.75 1,650.00
	Instruments entirely equity in nature Other equity	25 26	6,812.15	6,018.36
(0)	Total equity	20 <u> </u>	26,028.90	15,235.11
	i otai cijuny		20,020.70	13,433,11
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		74,409.94	42,038.93
	Material accounting policies and accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements	1 to 56		
	As per our report of even date attached			

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W



Partner Membership No: 425098



Vidya Shah Executive Director DIN:00274831



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Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

May 10, 2024

Christina D'spuza

Company Secretary

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions) Note For the year ended For the year ended March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023 **Revenue from operations** 27 790.97 662.61 Interest income 0.09 Fee income 28 29 3,255.80 1,916.30 Net gain on fair value changes Total revenue from operations 4,046.77 2,579.00 30 0.08 526.92 Other income 4,046.85 3,105.92 **Total Revenue** Expenses 3.764.11 2.184.91 31 Finance costs 32 (38.25)30.80 Impairment on financial instruments Employee benefits expense 33 39.15 2.69 Depreciation and amortisation 14 0.13 0.14 139.23 Other expenses 34 24.58 3,904.37 2,243.12 **Total expenses** 142.48 862.80 Profit / (Loss) before tax Tax expenses 35 Current tax (649.00) 208.78 Deferred tax expense / (credit) (net) 208.78 Total Tax (649.00) Profit / (Loss) for the year 791.48 654.02 Other comprehensive income / (loss) (a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 3.09 0.14 Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans (OCI) Income tax - OCI - that will not be reclassified (0.78)2.31 0.14 Total Total comprehensive income / (loss) 793.79 654.16 Earnings per equity share (Face value of Rs. 100 each): 9.04 (1) Basic (₹) 36 7.75 (2) Diluted (₹) 36 7.75 9.04

Material accounting policies and accompanying notes are an integral 1 to 56 part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

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Shailendra Dadhich Partner Membership No: 425098



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suneja

Vidya Shah Executive Director DIN: 00274831

DIN: 07297081

Executive Director & CFO

Christina D'squza Company Secretary



Mumbai May 10, 2024

May 10, 2024

Standalone Statement of Cash flow

011			
(Cu	rrency: Indian rupees in millions)		
		For the year ended	For the year ended
	-	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
A	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit / (Loss) before tax	142.48	862.80
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortisation	0.13	0.14
	Profit on sale of investments	-	(448.85)
	Impairment on financial instruments	(38.25)	30.80
	Fair value of financial instruments	(3,255.80)	(1.916.30)
	Provision for gratuity and compensated absences	5.13	0.21
	Discount on commercial paper	422.87	97.39
	Profit on sale of of fixed assets (net)		(0.08)
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes (net) Adjustments for:	(2,723.44)	(1,373.89)
	Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets	(32.44)	0.12
	Decrease / (increase) in loans	9,563,18	(7,699.42)
	Sale/ (purchase) of Investments	(37,887.04)	(1,843.57)
	Decrease / (increase) in other non financial assets	(2.89)	(2.06)
	Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	(10.41)	(0.96)
	Increase / (decrease) in non financial liabilities	47.78	5.97
	Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities	(255.44)	(1,256.58)
	Cash used in operating activities	(31,300.70)	(12,170.39)
	Income taxes paid (net of refund)	(81.36)	(100.05)
	Net cash used in operating activities -A	(31,382.06)	(12,370.44)
B	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	0.05	0.11
	Net cash generated from investing activities - B	0.05	0.11
с	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Proceeds from issuance of Share capital (including securities premium)	10,000.00	2,000.00
	Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below)	5,241.78	9,348.40
	Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note t below)	16.128.44	931.63
	Net cash generated from financing activities - C	31,370.22	12,280.03
	Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(11.79)	9.70
	Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year	20.63	10.93
	Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year	8.84	20.63

Notes:

1 Net figures have been reported on account of volume of transactions.

Above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 prescribed under the Companies Act (Indian Accounting 2 Standard) Rules, 2015 under the companies Act ,2013.

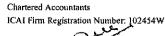
3 The previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to conform to current year's presentation.

Material accounting policies and accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

1 to 56

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj



Shalendra Dadhich Partner

Membership No: 425098



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suncja Executive Director & CFO DIN: 07297081

Vidya Shah

Executive Director

DIN: 00274831

DSON сĒ Christina D'so za Company Secre ary U. May 10, 2024

Mumbai May 10, 2024

Standslone Statement of Changes in Equity

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

A.I Equity Share Capital

		TA BU NUMBER DI, 2024			As at March 31, 2023	
	Outstanding as on April 1, 2023	Issued during the year	Outstanding as on March 31, 2024	Outstaading as on Anril 1, 2022	Issued during the year	Outstanding 24 0# March 31 2023
usued, subscribod and paid up (Equity shares of face value Rs.100 each, fully paid-up)	7,566.75	2,000.00	9,566.75	5,566.75	2.000.00	7,566.75

A.2 lastruments entirely equity in nature

Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)

		As at March 31, 2024			As at March 31, 2023	
	Outstanding us on April 1, 2023	Issued during the year	Outstanding as on March 31, 2024	Outstanding 25 on April 1, 2022	Issued during the year Outstand	Outstanding as of March 31, 2023
sues. susseries and pair up :CPS of face value 8a, 100 cach, fully pairl-up)	1,650.00	•	1,650.00	1,650.00	*	1,650.00

Computsority Convertible Debeatures (CCD)						
		As at March 31, 2024			As at March 31, 2023	
	Outstanding as on April 1, 2023	fssued during the year	Cutstanding as on March Outstanding as on Lested during the year Outstanding as on 31, 2024 Anril 1, 2022 Issued during the year March 11 2022	Outstanding as on Ancil 1, 2022	Issued during the year	Outstanding as on March 31 2073
listeod, subscribed and paid up (CCD of face value Rs. (000 each, fully paid-up)	•	8,000.00	8,000.00			
Total of frustruments entirely equity in nature	1,650.00	8,000.80	9,650.00	1,650.00	-	1,650,00

B. Other Equity

	Capital Reserves	Capital redemption reserve	Securities Premium	Statutory Reserve	Retained Earnings	Deemed Capital Contribution -Equity	lupairment Reserve	Total Attributable to equity holders
Balance as at March 31, 2022	(11,999.11)	84.34	4,485.38	1.282.95	1.476.12	175	21 77	
Profit for the year	,	,			654.02			654.02
Other comprehensive loss				•	0.14	r	•	0.14
	(11'666'F)	45°42	4,485.38	1,282.95	4,130.28	2.25	32.27	6,018.36
Transfor to statutory reserve	•			12.051	100207			
Balance as at March 31, 2023	(11.999.11)	84.34	4.185.18	JUNCT	10'DCT			
Profit for the owar				0/10161	11-16666	577	17.25	0,018.36
Other connections bee		•	1	•	291.4k			791.48
			-		2.31	•	•	2.31
	(11,999,5)	15.18	4,485.38	1,413.76	4,793,26	2.25	32.27	6.812.15
Transfer to statutory reserve	•	• •	•	UE 851				
Balance as at March 31, 2024	(3.999.13)	スス	4 385 18	1577 (15	1 624 86	34.4	, ,	

Material accuanting policies and accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

1 to 56

As per our report of even date attached.

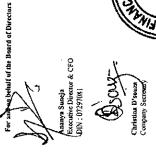
For Dhiraj & Dheeraj Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

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1000 NOX . Menbership No: 425098 Ira Dadhich

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Vidya Shah Executive Director DIN : 00274831

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May 30, 2024

Mumbai May 10, 3024

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

1. Corporate information:

Edel Finance Company Limited ('the Company') a public limited company domiciled and incorporated under the provisions applicable in India under the Companies Act, 1956. The Company was incorporated on October 16, 1989 and is wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

The Company was primarily engaged in the business of lending and investment and is registered with the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') as a Systematically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC-ND-SI). Company got converted to Core Investment Company ('CIC') as NBFC-CIC-ND-SI on 09th October, 2018.

2. Basis of preparation:

The standalone financial statements (also referred to as "financial statements") of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time).

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments such as, derivative financial instruments, and other financial instruments held for trading, which have been measured at fair value. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to the nearest million, except when otherwise indicated.

3. Presentation of financial statements:

The Company presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity in compliance with the Division III of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current).

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business
- The event of default
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and or its counterparties

Derivative assets and liabilities with master netting arrangements [e.g. ISDAs (International Swaps and Derivatives Association)] are only presented net when they satisfy the eligibility of netting for all of the above criteria and not just in the event of default.

4. Material accounting policy

4.1 Recognition of interest income and dividend income

4.1.1 Effective interest rate (EIR):

Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and debt instrument measured at FVOCI. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate a shorter period to the gross carrying amount of financial instrument.

The EIR is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Company recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the financial asset. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle activities prepayments penalty interest and charges.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk, the adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income.

4.1.2 Interest income:

The Company calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets.

When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Company calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the amortised cost (net of expected credit loss) of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Company reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis.

Penal interest income on delayed EMI or pre EMI is recognised on receipt basis.

4.1.3 Dividend income:

The Company recognised dividend income when the Company's right to receive the payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

4.1.4 Fee and Commission Income:

Fee and commission income include fees other than those that are an integral part of EIR. The Company recognises the fee and commission income in accordance with the terms of the relevant contracts / agreement and when it is probable that the Company will collect the consideration.

4.1.5 Other Income

Other Income represents income earned from the activities incidental to the business and is recognised when the right to receive the income is established as per the terms of the contract. Other ancillary charges are recognized upon realisation.

4.2 Financial instruments:

4.2.1 Date of recognition:

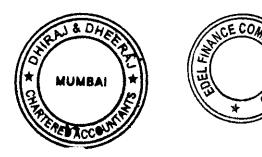
Financial assets and liabilities with exception of loans and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. Loans are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account. The Company recognises borrowings when funds are available for utilisation to the Company.

4.2.2 Initial measurement of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

4.2.3 Day 1 profit and loss:

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Company recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.



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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

4.2.4 Classification & measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities:

The Company classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in carrying value of financial assets is recognised in profit and loss account.

Sale that occur for below reason are considered as consistent with business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows

- If those sales are infrequent (even if significant in value) or insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate (even if frequent).
- If such sales are made close to maturity of financial asset and proceeds from sale approximate the collection of the remaining contractual cash flow
- Selling a financial asset because of significant increase in credit risk.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL. The Company measures all financial assets classified as FVTPL at fair value at each reporting date. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Profit and loss account.

4.3 Financial assets and liabilities:

4.3.1 Amortized cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

4.3.2 Financial assets held for trading:

The Company classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. Held-for-trading assets are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in net gain on fair value changes.

4.3.3 Investment in equity instruments:

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments (other than subsidiaries, associates, and other group companies) at fair value through profit or loss, unless the management has elected to classify irrevocably some of its strategic equity investments to be measured at FVTOCI, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. Such classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Investments in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost as permitted under Ind AS 27 (Separate Financial Statements). The investment in other group companies are carried at cost less provision for impairment. (subsidiaries, associates, and other group companies).

4.3.4 Financial liabilities:

A

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost except loan commitments, financial guarantees, and derivative financial liabilities.

4.3.5 Derivative financial instruments:

The Company enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate, market risks.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

4.3.6 Debt securities and other borrowed funds:

The Company measures debt issued and other borrowed funds at Amortised cost at each reporting date. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The Company issues certain non-convertible debentures, the return of which is linked to performance of specified indices over the period of the debenture. Such debentures have a component of an embedded derivative which is fair valued at a reporting date. The resultant 'net unrealised loss or gain' on the fair valuation of these embedded derivatives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The debt component of such debentures is measured at amortised cost using yield to maturity basis.

4.3.7 Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

Financial assets and financial liabilities in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109. Management only designates an instrument at FVTPL upon initial recognition when one of the following criteria are met. Such designation is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

- The designation eliminates, or significantly reduces, the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; or
- The liabilities are part of a group of financial liabilities, which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy; or





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

• The liabilities containing one or more embedded derivatives, unless they do not significantly modify the cash flows that would otherwise be required by the contract, or it is clear with little or no analysis when a similar instrument is first considered that separation of the embedded derivative(s) is prohibited.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in profit and loss with the exception of movements in fair value of liabilities designated at FVTPL due to changes in the Company's own credit risk. Such changes in fair value are recorded in the own credit reserve through OCI and do not get recycled to the profit or loss. Interest earned or incurred on instruments designated at FVTPL is accrued in interest income or finance cost, respectively, using the EIR, taking into account any discount/ premium and qualifying transaction costs being an integral part of instrument. Interest earned on assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recorded using contractual interest rate.

4.3.8 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

4.4 Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Company does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Company acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. The Company didn't reclassify any of its financial assets or liabilities in current period and previous period.

4.5 Derecognition of financial Instruments:

4.5.1 Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Company also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Company has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either

- · The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- It retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumed a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows in full without material delay to third party under pass through arrangement.

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Company retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following conditions are met:

- The Company has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount lent plus accrued interest at market rates.
- The Company cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

The Company has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Company is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including interest earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- · The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The Company considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

The Company also derecognises a financial asset, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new financial asset, with the difference recognised as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The newly recognised financial assets are classified as Stage 1 for ECL measurement purposes, unless the new financial asset is deemed to be POCI.

If the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different, the modification does not result in derecognition. Based on the change in cash flows discounted at the original EIR, the Company records a modification gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

4.5.2 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid, including modified contractual cash flow recognised as new financial liability, is recognised statement of profit and loss.

4.6 Impairment of financial assets:

The Company records provisions based on expected credit loss model ("ECL") on all loans, other debt financial assets measured at amortised cost together with undrawn loan commitment and financial guarantee contracts, in this section all referred to as "Financial instrument". Equity instruments are not subject to impairment.

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. A credit loss is the difference between the cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive discounted at the original effective interest rate. Because ECL consider the amount and timing of payments, a credit loss arises even if the entity expects to be paid in full but later than when contractually due.

Simplified approach

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables. However, if receivables contain a significant





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

financing component, the Company chooses as its accounting policy to measure the loss allowance by applying general approach to measure ECL.

General approach

For all other financial instruments, the Company recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (12m ECL). The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of an evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default (EAD), for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Company's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

The Company provides for expected credit loss on group loans based on its estimates of credit assessment on such loans subject to minimum 0.40% on all group loans as per Company estimates and RBI IRACP prudential norms.

Company categories its financial assets as follows:

Stage 1 assets:

Stage 1 assets includes financial instruments that have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or that have low credit risk at the reporting date. For these assets, 12-month ECL (resulting from default events possible within 12 months from reporting date) are recognised.

Stage 2 assets:

Stage 2 Assets includes financial instruments that have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition For these assets lifetime ECL (resulting from default events possible within 12 months from reporting date) are recognised.

Stage 3 assets:

Stage 3 for Assets considered credit-impaired the Company recognises the lifetime ECL for these loans. The method is similar to that for Stage 2 assets, with the PD set at 100%.

The ongoing assessment of whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred for working capital facilities is similar to other lending products. The interest rate used to discount the ECLs for working capital facilities is based on the average effective interest rate that is expected to be charged over the expected period of exposure to the facilities.

Company recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

The expected credit losses on the loan commitment have been recognised together with the loss allowance for the financial asset.

The Company's product offering includes a working capital facilities with a right to Company to cancel and/or reduce the facilities with one day's notice. The Company does not limit its exposure to credit losses to the contractual notice period, but, instead calculates ECL over a period that reflects the Company's expectations of the customer behaviour, its likelihood of default and the Company's future risk mitigation procedures, which could include reducing or cancelling the facilities.

4.7 Collateral valuation:

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Company seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit /guarantees, real estate, receivables, inventories, other non-financial assets and credit enhancements such as netting agreements. Collateral, unless repossessed, is not recorded on the Company's balance sheet. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and reassessed on a quarterly basis. However, some collateral, for example, securities relating to margin requirements, is valued daily.

To the extent possible, the Company uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Other financial assets which do not have readily determinable market value are valued using models. Non-financial collateral, such as real estate, is valued based on data provided by third parties such as mortgage brokers, or based on housing price indices.

4.8 Write-offs:

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovery.

4.9 Determination of fair value:

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either;

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

Level 1 financial instruments:

Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has access to at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date.





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Level 2 financial instruments:

Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.

Level 3 financial instruments:

Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole. For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Company periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the adopted methodologies and model calibrations.

Therefore, the Company applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Company evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.

4.10 Operating leases:

Company as a lessee:

The Company has applied Ind AS 116 using the partial retrospective approach.

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right of use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

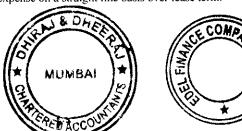
Lease liability

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short term lease:

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The Company has elected not to recognise right of use asset and lease liabilities for short term leases of property that has lease term of 12 months or less. The Company recognises lease payment associated with these leases as an expense on a straight line basis over lease term.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

4.11 Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.

4.12 Foreign currency transaction:

The Standalone Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupces which is also functional currency of the Company. Transactions in currencies other than Indian Rupces (i.e. foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

4.13 Retirement and other employee benefit:

4.13.1 Provident fund:

The Company contributes to a recognised provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

4.13.2 Gratuity:

The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Benefits in respect of gratuity are funded with an Insurance Company approved by Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA).

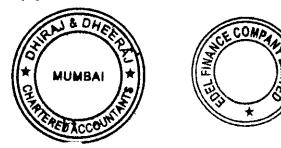
Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurement are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

4.13.3 Compensated absences:

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The eligible employees of the Company are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Company recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

4.13.4 Employee Stock Option Plans (ESOPs) / Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs):

The Holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL")) has Employee Stock Option Plans and Stock Appreciation Rights in force. Based on such schemes, parent entity has granted an ESOP/SAR option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost.

4.14 Property, plant and equipment:

Property plant and equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are recognized in profit or loss during the reporting period, in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided upto the date of disposal.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Nature of assets	Estimated useful lives
Building (other than factory building)	60 years
Vehicles	8 years
Office equipment	5 years
Computers - servers and networks	6 years
Computers - end user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.	3 years

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property. plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

4.15 Intangible assets:

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any. Intangibles such as software are amortised over a period of 3 years based on its estimated useful life.

4.16 Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the impairment is reversed subject to a maximum carrying value of the asset before impairment.

4.17 Provisions and other contingent liabilities:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Claims against the Company, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

4.18 Income tax expenses:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

4.18.1 Current tax:

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

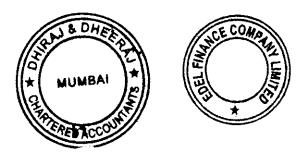
4.18.2 Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

4.18.3 Current and deferred tax for the year:

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

4.19 Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

5 Material accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions :

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 4, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

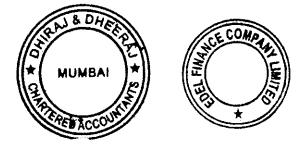
The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

5.1 Business model assessment :

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how Company's of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance is measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the quantum, the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets

5.2 Significant increase in credit risk:

ECL is measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Company takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

6 Key sources of estimation uncertainty:

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

6.1 Fair value of financial instruments:

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

6.2 Effective Interest Rate (EIR) Method:

The Company's EIR methodology, as explained in Note 4.1.1, recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle including prepayments and penalty interest and charges.

This estimation, by nature requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life cycle of the instrument, as well expected changes India's base rate and other fee income, expenses that are integral part of the instrument

6.3 Impairment of Financial assets:

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets except assets valued at fair value through Profit & Loss account (FVTPL) requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Company's ECL calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- PD calculation includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.
- The Company's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss and the qualitative assessment
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis
- · Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EAD and LGD
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

It has been Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

6.4 Impairment of Non-Financial assets:

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exist, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

6.5 Provisions and contingent liabilities:

The Company operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration and regulatory investigations and proceedings in the ordinary course of its business.

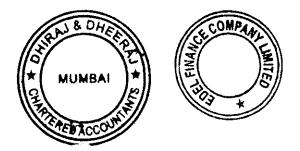
When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed.

Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

6.6 Provisions for Income Taxes:

Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income taxes including judgment on whether tax positions are probable of being sustained in tax assessments. A tax assessment can involve complex issues, which can only be resolved over extended time periods.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.



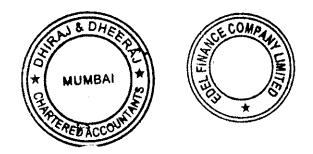
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at <u>March 31, 2024</u>	As at March 31, 2023
7.	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Balances with banks - in current accounts	8.84	20.63
		8.84	20.63
8.	Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents Long term bank deposits with banks	30.00	-
	Accrued interest on fixed deposits	0.30	-
		30.30	-

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Notes: 1. Fixed deposit and other balances with banks earns interest at fixed rate or floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. 2. Fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ 30 million (previous year ₹ Nil) have been pledged against term loan taken by the Company.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

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		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
. Loan	s (at amortised cost)		
Term	e Loans;		
Co	rporate credit	24.70	9,587.88
Total	gross	24.70	9,587.88
Less:	Impairment loss allowance	(0.10)	(38.35)
Total	net	24.60	9,549.53
Colla	teral :		
Unsec	cured	24.70	9,587.88
Total	gross	24.70	9,587.88
Less:	Impairment loss allowance	(0.10)	(38.35)
Total	net	24.60	9,549.53
Loan	s in India		
	blic sector	-	-
Oth	ners	24.70	9,587.88
Total	gross	24.70	9,587.88
Less:	Impairment loss allowance	(0.10)	(38.35)
Total	net	24.60	9,549.53





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9.A Credit quality of assets

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Company's year-end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross without reducing impairment allowances. Details of the Company's internal grading for stage classification are explained in risk management disclosure and policies on ECL allowances are set out in material accounting policy information.

a) Credit quality of assets

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		As at March 31, 2024				As at March 31, 2023			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
Performing High grade	24.70	-	-	24.70	9,587.88	-	-	9,587.88	
	24.70		-	24.70	9,587.88	-	-	9,587.88	

b) Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporate and retail customers:

The following disclosure provides stage wise reconciliation of the Company's gross carrying amount and ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporates customers. The transfers of financial assets represents the impact of stage transfers upon the gross carrying amount and associated allowance for ECL. The net remeasurement of ECL arising from stage transfers represents the increase or decrease due to these transfers.

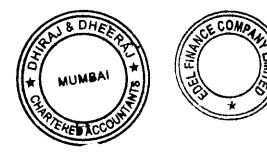
The 'New assets originated /repayments received (net)' represent the gross carrying amount and associated allowance ECL impact from transactions within the Company's lending portfolio.

Reconciliation / movement for the year ended March 31, 2024

		Non Credit Impai			Credit Impaired		Total	
	Sta	ge 1	Stage 2		Stage 3			
	Gross	Allowance	Gross carrying	Allowance	Gross carrying	Allowance	Gross	Allowance
	Carrying	for ECL	Amount	for ECL	Amount	for ECL	carrying	for ECL
Particulars	Amount						Amount	
Opening Balance	9,587.88	38.35	-	-	-	· •	9,587.88	38.35
New assets originated / (repayments) received (net)	(9,563.18)	(38.25)	-	-	-	-	(9,563.18)	(38.25)
Closing Balance	24.70	0.10	-	-		-	24.70	0.10

Reconciliation / movement for the year ended March 31, 2023

		Non Cre	dit Impaired		Credit Impaired		Total	
	Sta	Stage 1		Stage 2		e 3		
	Gross	Allowance	Gross carrying	Allowance	Gross carrying	Allowance	Gross	Allowance
	Carrying	for ECL	Amount	for ECL	Amount	for ECL	carrying	for ECL
Particulars	Amount						Amount	
Opening Balance	1,888.46	7.55	1	-	-	-	1,888.46	7.55
New assets originated / (repayments) received (net)	7,699.42	30.80	-	•	-	-	7,699.42	30.80
Closing Balance	9,587.88	38.35	-	-			9,587.88	38.35



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

10. Investments

10.A Summary of Investments

As at March 31, 2024			At fair valu	e		At cost		
	At Amortised cost (1)	Through OCI (2)	Through P&L (3)	Designated at fair value through Profit or loss (4)	Subtotal 5 = (2+3+4)	(subsidiaries/ fellow subsidiaries/ associates) (6)	Total (7)= (1+3+6)	
Equity instruments	-	-	7,291,19	~	7,291.19	62,858.81	70,150.00	
Debt Securities	-	-	2,775.70	-	2,775,70	-	2,775.70	
Preference Shares	20.00	-	-	-	-	-	20.00	
Total - Gross (A)	20.00	-	10,066.89		10,066.89	62,858,81	72,945.70	
(i) Investments outside India	-		-	-	-	-	-	
(ii) Investments in India	20.00	-	10,066.89	-	10,066.89	62,858.81	72,945.70	
Total (B)	20,00	-	10,066,89	-	10,066.89	62,858.81	72,945.70	
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)	-	-		~	-	-	*	
Total Net (A-C)	20.00	-	10,066.89	-	10,066.89	62,858.81	72,945.70	

As at March 31, 2023			At fair valu	e		At cost		
	At Amortised cost (1)	Through OCI (2)	Through P&L (3)	Designated at fair value through Profit or loss (4)	Subtotal 5 = (2+3+4)	(subsidiaries/ fellow subsidiaries/ associates) (6)	Total (7)= (1+5+6)	
Equity instruments	_	-	4,103,16	-	4,103.16	24,821.08	28,924.24	
Debt Securities	-		2,858.62	-	2,858,62	-	2,858.62	
Preference Shares	20.00	-	-	-	-	-	20.00	
Total - Gross (A)	20.00	-	6,961.78	•	6,961,78	24,821.08	31,802.86	
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(ii) Investments in India	20.00	-	6,961.78	-	6,961.78	24,821.08	31,802.86	
Total (B)	20.00	-	6,961.78	-	6,961.78	24,821.08	31,802.86	
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)	-	-	· .	-		-	-	
Total Net (A-C)	20.00	-	6,961.78	-	6,961.78	24,821.08	31,802.86	

Note:

Refer note 10.B & 10.C for further details

10.B Investments in redeemable preference shares measured at amortised cost:

i) Credit quality of assets:

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Company's year-end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross of impairment allowances. Details of the Company's internal grading for stage classification are explained in Note 46.D.1 and policies on ECL allowances are set out in Note 4.6.

Particulars		Marc	h 31, 2024		March 31, 2023			
	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Total	Stage I Stage II Stage III To			
Performing	20.00	*	-	20.00	20,00	-	-	20.00
High grade	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
	20.00		-	20.00	20.00			•

ii) Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount for investments in redeemable preference shares:

Particulars		Marc	h 31, 2024		March 31, 2023			
	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Total	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Total
Gross carrying amount - opening balance	20.00	-	-	20.00	-		-	-
Assets acquired or recognised	-	-	-	-	20.00	-	-	20.00
Unwinding of discount (recognised in interest income)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes to contractual cash flows due to modifications not								
resulting in derecognition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assets derecognised or matured	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	20.00	-		20.00	20.00	-	-	20.00

Refer note 10.C for further details

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

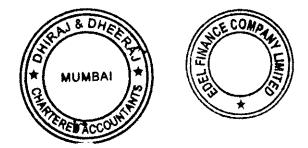
10. Investments (continued)

10.C Scrip wise details of Investments

	A	s at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023			
	Face Value (Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	Face Value (Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	
Equity Instruments (Fully paid up)							
At Cost							
Subsidiary company							
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited							
Equity instruments ##	10	6,65,80,367	5,556.62	10	4,65,35,367	5,356	
Investments in Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares	10	13,59,955	500.00	10	1 3,59,955	500	
0.01% Unsecured Compulsory Convertible Debenture*	1,000	1,25,00,000	12,500.00	1,000	90,00,000	9,000	
Nido Home Finance Limited	100	2,75,80,225	2,934.53	100	2,75,80,225	2,93-	
	10	30,00,000	264.00		2,10,00,225	2,75	
Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1 I			-	-		
0.01% Unsecured Computsory Convertible Debenture- ECap Equities	1,000	20,00,000	2,000.00	-	-		
0.01% Unsecured Compulsory Convertible Debenture- ECap Equities	10	76,00.00.000	7,600.00				
Limited		2 12 02 17 (60	24,471,85		•		
CL Finance Limited		2,13,82,16,650	24,471,03	-	-		
lt Cost							
fellow Subsidiaries					20.00.000	26	
Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	*	-	10	30,00,000		
Edelweiss Asset Management Limited**	10	69,67,613	733.89	10	69,67,613	73	
0.01% Unsecured Compulsory Convertible Debenture- ECap	-	-		1,000	20,00,000	2,00	
Equities Limited							
ECL Finance Limited	-	-	-	1	55,00,00,000	4,03	
Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	10	31,81,872	329.87	*	-		
li Cost							
Associate companies							
Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	10	2,94,473	5,968.05	•	-		
Ithers							
i fair value through profit and loss account							
Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (Formerly Edelweiss	10	18,34,455	7,291,19	10	18,34,455	4,10	
Securities Limited)	10	10,34,4.93	7,291.19	10	E 0(34(4))	4,10	
Total (A)			70,150.00			28,92	
10 C							
ebt Securities It fair value through profit and loss account							
9.75% Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Perpetual Bonds	10,00,000	71	60.26	10,00,000	71	6	
10,25% ECL Finance Limited Perpetual Bonds ?	10,00,000	2,400	2,692,44	10,00,000	2,400	2,69	
ECap Equities Limited Nifty Linked Debenture		_	-,	1,00,000	564	-,	
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited - Nifty Linked		107	23.00	1,00,000	107		
Debenture	1,00,000	107	23,00	1,00,000	107		
T-4-1 (A)			2,775.70			2,85	
Total (B)	··		2,773,70			4,02	
thers - Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares							
At Amortised Cost							
ubsidiary company					20.00.000	-	
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	10	20,00,000	20.00	10	20,00,000	2	
Total (C)			20.00			2	
Total (A+B+C)			72,945.70			31,80	
	I	I	14,740,10				

@@ 65,00,000 equity shares are pledged with Beacon Trusteeship Limited as security against Non-Convertible debentures issued by the Company
 90,00,000 CCDs are pledged with Beacon Trusteeship Limited as security against issue of Non Convertible Debentures issued by Edelweiss Financial Services Limited
 Equity share investments are pledged with Catalyst Trusteeship Limited as security against issue of Nifty Linked Debentures issued by ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)
 @ Debt securities are earntarked in the matter of Nuvanta Clearing Services Limited

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

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	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
11. Other financial assets		
Deposits placed with/ for exchange/ depositories	2.40	1.90
Deposits- others	0.18	0.18
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	1.77	0.13
	4.35	2.21
12. Current tax assets (net)		
Advance income taxes (net of provision for tax)	493.35	411.99
	493.35	411.99
13. Deferred tax assets (net)		
Deferred tax assets / (Liabilities)		
Loans		
Provision for expected credit loss	0.02	9.65
Unused tax losses		
Accumulated losses	1,420.51	662.30
Employee benefit obligations		
Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	(0.30)	(0.04)
Property, plant and equipment and intangibles		
Difference between book and tax depreciation	(0.05)	0.05
Investments and other financial instruments		
Unrealised (gain) / loss on investments (net)	(572.53)	(458.35)
Others	47.24	33.06
	894.89	246.67





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

14. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

		Property	Property, plant and equipment	uipment		Intangible Assets	e Assets	
Particulars	Building (Flat) ^S	Vehicles	Office equipment	Computers	Total	Computer Software	Total	Grand total
Gross Block								
as at March 31, 2022	2.90	0.47	ſ	0.20	3.57	6.94	6.94	10.51
Additions Disposals	ı	(0.47)		•	(0.47)		1	- (0.47)
as at March 31, 2023	2.90			0.20	3.10	6.94	6.94	10.04
Additions Disposals	ı	,		0.11 (0.05)	0.11 (0.05)		1	0.11 (0.05)
as at March 31, 2024	2.90			0.26	3.16	6.94	6.94	10.10
Depreciation / Amortisation:								
as at March 31, 2022	0.54	0.42	3	0.19	1.15	6.94	6.94	8.09
Depreciation/amortisation for the year Disposals	0.12	0.01 (0.43)		-	0.14 (0.43)	•	1	0.14 (0.43)
as at March 31, 2023	0.66		1	0.20	0.86	6.94	6.94	7.80
Depreciation/amortisation for the year Disposals	0.11	ι,		0.02 (0.05)	0.13	I	T	0.13 (0.05)
as at March 31, 2024	0.77		•	0.17	0.94	6.94	6.94	7.88
<u>Net Block</u> As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2024	2.24 2.13	, ,		-	2.24			2.24
S Provided us security against redeemable non-convertible debentures issued by the company	ble non-convertib	le debentures i	ssued by the co	mpany	NM + CHAR	MUMBAI	TOET EINANCE	HI LIMITED

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
15.	Other non-financial assets		
	(Unsecured considered good, unless stated otherwise)		
	Prepaid expenses	0.02	0,50
	Vendor Advances	1.89	1.61
	Advances to employees	0.47	0.45
	Others	3.31	0.24
		5.69	2.80
16.	Trade Payables		
	 (i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 	-	
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	5.87	16.28
		5.87	16,28
	Payable to :		
	Trade payables to non-related parties	4.21	13.96
	Trade payables to related parties	1,66	2.32
		5.87	16.28

16.A Details of dues to micro and small enterprises

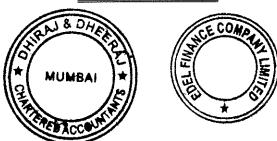
Trade Payables includes Rs.Nil (March 31, 2023 : Nil) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. No interest has been paid / is payable by the Company during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this act. The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Company to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said Act.

16.B Trade Payables ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2024	Ou	tstanding for foll	owing periods from				Total
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	-	-	-		-		-
(i) MSME (ii) Others	3.88	-	1.99	-	-	-	5.87
Total	3.88	-	1,99	-	<u> </u>	-	5.87

As at March 31, 2023	0	utstanding for follo	owing periods from	due date of pa	yment		Total
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	-	-	- 3.00	- 0.05	- 0.00	- 0.00	16.28
(ii) Others	13.23	-	3.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	10.28
Total	13.23	-	3.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	16.28

7.	Debt securities	As at	As at
	At uniortised cost	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Secured		
	Non-convertible redeemable debentures		
	Benchmark linked debentures	6,966.84	2,216.24
	Non-Convertible Debentures	2,155.63	2,155.07
	Unsecured		
	Benchmark linked debentures	5,736.06	5,748.71
	Commercial paper	5,366.54	4,690.09
		20,225.07	14,810.11
	Debt Securities in India	20,225.07	14,810.11
	Debt Securities outside India	-	-
		20,225.07	14,810.11





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

(currently). Intender rupees in ministerio)

17 Debt securities (continued)17.A Details of debt securities :

Benchmark linked debentures

Benchmark linked debentures are secured by way of a pari passu charge over the immovable property, charge against receivable and investment and corporate guarantee from the holding company.

In case of benchmark linked debentures, the interest rate is linked to the performance of the underlying indices and is fluctuating in nature.

Certain benchmark linked debentures have a clause which may trigger redemption event on hitting a pre determined level benchmark index.

Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures

Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures are secured by way of exclusive and/or pari passu charge on the assets of the company including loans and advances, receivables, investments, current & others assets and immovable property/fixed assets held by the Company.

17.B Maturity profile of debt securities are set out below:

Maturity Month	Secured Benchmark I Amount outsta		Unsecured Benchmarl Amount outst	
Maturity Month	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
within 1 year		1,974.40	-	-
1 - 3 years	3,453.17	21.40	3,789.88	3,749.88
> 3 years	3,633.39	170.00	1,896.15	1,936.15
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,086,56	2,165.80	5,686.03	5,686.03
Associated accruais *	(119.73)	50.44	50,04	62.68
Total	6,966.83	2,216.24	5,736.07	5,748.71

* Interest accrued but not due and payable on maturity of debentures.

Maturity	Secured Redeemable Debent	
•	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Rate of interest	10.18% p.a.	10.18% p.a.
within 1 year		-
1 - 3 years	-	-
> 3 years	2,000.00	2,000.00
	2,000.00	2,000.00
Associated accruals	155.63	155.07
Total	2,135.63	2,155.07
	Commercia	al Paper
Maturity	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Rate of interest	8.70 - 9.90% p.a.	8.70 - 9.90% p.a.
within 1 year	5,420.00	4,800.00
	5,420.00	4,800.00
Less: Unamortized discount	53.46	109.91
Total	5,366.54	4,690.09





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
 Borrowings (other than debt securities) At amortised cost 		
Secured		
Term loan from other parties	3,000.00	
Less: unamortized expenses	42.03	-
	2,957.97	-
Unsecured		
Loan and advances from related parties	24,924.21	11,775.09
	27,882.18	11,775.09
Borrowings in India	27,882.18	11,775.09
Borrowings from outside India	-	-
	27,882.18	11,775.09

Terms of Secured Loan:

The loan is secured by owned and group's listed equity shares and corporate guarantee from group company.
 Rate of Interest is 12.00% p.a. payable monthly.

The loan is repayment within 12 months from the date of disbursement.
 Bullet repayment is to be made on the final date of maturity.

18.A Details of Borrowings other than Debt Securities

	Materity		from related parties - standing as at
	-	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Rate of interest	12,00%-14,10% p.a.	13.25%-14.25% p.a.
	within 1 year	3,000.00	-
	1 - 3 years	24,790.00	11,619.53
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	27,790.00	11,619.53
	Associated accruals *	92.18	155.56
	Total	27,882.18	11,775.09
	* Associated accruals include interest accrued and unamortized expenses.		
9.	Subordinated Liabilities	As at	As at
	At amortised cost	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Unsecured		

Subordinated debentures		
Privately placed redeemable non-convertible debentures	161.17	161.12
	161.17	161.12
Subordiated liabilities in India	161.17	161.12
Subordiated liabilities outside India	-	-
	161.17	161.12

19.A Maturity profile and rate of interest of subordinated liabilities are set out below:

Maturity Month	Interest Rat	dinated liabilities - te 11.00% p.a. standing as at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
July-2025	150.00	150.00
	150.00	150.00
Add: interest accrued*	11.17	11.12
Total	161.17	161.12

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* Interest accrued but not due is payable on next interest payment date.



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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

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		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
20.	Other financial liabilities		
	Unclaimed matured debentures	2.41	6.61
	Accrued salaries and benefits	20.50	0.60
	Interest payable on compulsorily convertible debentures	0.01	
		22.92	7.21
21.	Current tax liabilities (net)		
	Provision for taxation (net of advance tax)	18.15	18.15
		18.15	18.15
22.	Provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Gratuity	1.87	0.07
	Compensated leave absences	0.25	0.01
		2.12	0.08
23.	Other non-financial liabilities		
	Statutory liabilities*	63.53	15.70
	Others	0.03	0.08
		63.56	15.78

* Includes withholding taxes, profession tax and other statutory dues payables





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at March .	31, 2024	As at Marcl	h 31, 2023
		No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
24.	Equity share capital				
	Authorised :				
	Equity Shares of Rs.100 each	22,85,00,000	22,850.00	22,85,00,000	22,850.00
	Preference shares of Rs.100 each	5,00,00,000	5,000.00	5,00,00,000	5,000.00
		27,85,00,000	27,850.00	27,85,00,000	27,850.00
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:				
	Equity Shares of Rs.100 each	9,56,67,388	9,566.75	7,56,67,388	7,566.75
		9,56,67,388	9,566.75	7,56,67,388	7,566.75
24.A	Reconciliation of number of shares				
		As at March.	31, 2024	As at Marcl	n 31, 2023
		No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
	Outstanding at the beginning of the year	7,56,67,388	7,566.75	5,56,67,388	5,566 75
	Additional equity shares issued during the year	2,00,00,000	2,000.00	2,00,00,000	2,000.00
	Outstanding at the end of the year	9,56,67,388	9,566.75	7,56,67,388	7,566.75

Notes:

During the financial year 2023-24 the Company has issued 2,00,00,000 fully paid-up equity shares of Rs.100 each aggregating to Rs. 2,000 millions to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

24.B Terms/rights attached to equity shares :

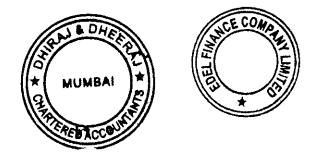
The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 100/-. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any, in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

$\mathbf{24.C} \hspace{0.1in} \textbf{Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates}$

	As at March	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding	
Holding company			******		
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (EFSL)*	9,56,67,388	100.00%	7,56,67,388	100.00%	
	9,56,67,388	100.00%	7,56,67,388	100.00%	
* including 6 shares held by Nominees of EFSL					
24.D Details of shares held by promoters in the Company					

As at March 31, 2024 Promoter name	No. of shares at the beginning of the vear	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	%of total shares	% Change during the year
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited*	7,56,67,388	2,00,00,000	9,56,67,388	100.00%	-
Total	7,56,67,388	2,00,00,000	9,56,67,388	100.00%	
As at March 31, 2023 Promoter name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	%of total shares	% Change during the year
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited*	5,56,67,388	2,00,00,000	7,56,67,388	100.00%	-
Total	5,56,67,388	2,00,00,000	7,56,67,388	100.00%	-

* including 6 shares held by Nominees of EFSL



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

24.E. Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

	As at March	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding	
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited*	9,56,67,388	100.00%	7,56,67,388	100.00%	
	9,56,67,388	100.00%	7,56,67,388	100.00%	
* including 6 shares held by Nominees of EFSL					

24.F There are no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestment.

25.	Instruments entirely equity in nature	As at March .	31, 2024	As at March	31, 2023
		No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
A.	Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) (16,500,000 CCPS - 0.01% Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS") of face value of Rs. 100/-)	1,65,00,000	1,650.00	1,65,00,000	1,650 00
		1,65,00,000	1,650.00	1,65,00,000	1,650.00

The entire CCPS issued by the company of Rs. 1,650 millions is held by Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

Reconciliation of number of shares	As at March .	31, 2024	As at Marcl	n 31, 2023
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,65,00,000	1,650.00	1,65,00,000	1,650.00
Additional shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,65,00,000	1,650.00	1,65,00,000	1,650.00

Terms of Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS")

The Company has issued and alloted 65,00,000 0.01% CCPS on March 9, 2021 convertible into Equity shares on March 8, 2026 at a ratio of 1:1.

The Company has issued and alloted 1,00,00,000 0.01% CCPS on March 20, 2021 convertible into Equity shares on March 19, 2026 at a ratio of 1:1.

		As at March 3	1,2024	As at March	ı 31, 2023
		No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
В.	Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCD) (80,00,000 CCD - 0.01% Compulsory Convertible Debentures ("CCD") of face value of Rs. 1000/-)	80,00,000	8,000.00	-	-
		80,00,000	8,000.00	•	

The entire CCD issued by the company of Rs. 8,000 millions is held by Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

Reconciliation of number of shares	As at March i	31, 2024	As at Marcl	h 31, 2023
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year Additional CCD issued during the year	80,00,000	8,000.00	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	80,00,000	8,000.00	÷	-

Terms of Compulsory Convertible Debentures ("CCD")

The Company has issued and alloted 80,00,000 0.01% CCDs on March 28, 2024 and CCDs will be converted into equity shares within period not exceeding 10 years from the date of allotment.

As at March 31,	As at March 31,
2024	2023
Amount	Amount
9,650.00	1,650.00

Total of Instruments entirely equity in nature (A+B)





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

26. Other Equity

	As at <u>March 31, 2024</u>	As at <u>March 31, 2023</u>
a. Capital redemption reserve	84.34	84.34
b. Capital Reserve	(3,999.11)	(3,999.11)
c. Securities premium reserve	4,485.38	4,485.38
d. Statutory reserve	1,572.06	1,413.76
e. Retained earnings	4,634.96	3,999.47
f. Deemed capital contribution - Equity	2.25	2.25
g. Impairment reserve	32.27	32.27
	6,812.15	6,018.36

26.A Nature and purpose of Reserves

a. Capital redemption reserve

The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

b. Capital Reserve

Capital reserve is created on merger of Edelweiss Finvest Limited in Edel Finance Company Limited.

c. Securities premium reserve

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

d. Statutory reserve

Reserve created under 45-IC(1) The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 by transferring a sum not less than twenty per cent of net profit as disclosed in the profit and loss account and before declaring dividend.

e. Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprises of the Company's undistributed earnings after taxes.

f. Deemed capital contribution - Equity

Deemed capital contribution relates to share options granted to eligible employees of the Company by the parent company under its employee share option plan.

g. Impairment reserve

As per the RBI circular RBI/2019-20/170 dated 13th March, 2020, where impairment allowance under Ind AS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRAC (including standard asset provisioning), NBFCs (CICs) shall appropriate the difference from their net profit or loss after tax to a separate 'Impairment Reserve'. Further, no withdrawals shall be permitted from this reserve without prior permission from the RBI.





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
27. Interest Income		
on financial assets measured at amortised cost		
Interest on loans	535.20	585.88
Interest on fixed deposits with banks	0.33	-
Interest income on debt securities	1.83	1.10
on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Interest income on debt securities	253.61	75.63
	790.97	662.61
28. Fee income		
Processing and other fees	-	0.09
		0.09
Below is the disaggregation of the revenue from contracts with custome statement of profit and loss:	rs and its reconciliation to amo	ounts reported in
Service transferred at a point in time	-	-
Service transferred over time		0.09
Total revenue from contract with customers		0.09

29. Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes

Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit o	r loss	
On investments and securities held for trading	3,255.80	1,916.30
	3,255.80	1,916.30
Fair value changes		
Realised	81.87	700.69
Unrealised	3,173.93	1,215.61
	3,255.80	1,916.30

30. Other income

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	0.08	526.92
Miscellaneous income	0.08	77.37
Interest on Income Tax refund	-	0.70
Profit on sale of investments	-	448.85





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

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		For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
31.	Finance costs		
	On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
	Interest on borrowings other than debt securities	2,007.55	1,607.23
	Interest on debt securities	1,725.80	550.68
	Interest on subordinated liabilities	16.55	16.50
	Other finance cost and bank charges	14.21	10.50
		3,764.11	2,184.91
32.	Impairment on financial instruments		
	On financial instruments measured at amortised cost		
	Expected credit loss		
	Loans and financial instruments	(38.25)	30.80
		(38.25)	30.80
33.	Employee benefits expense		
	Salaries and wages	38.92	2.38
	Contribution to provident and other funds	0.23	0.13
	Staff welfare expenses	-	0.18
		39.15	2.69





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
34.	Other expenses		
	Advertisement and business promotion	0.11	-
	Auditors' remuneration (refer note 34.A)	1.27	1.36
	Directors' sitting fees	1.85	1.41
	Legal and professional fees & Clearing & custodian charges	17.10	1.54
	Rates and taxes	0.03	0.32
	Repairs and maintenance	0.14	0.12
	Corporate guarantee commission	6.36	6.82
	Rating support fees	3.39	2.79
	Membership and subscription	0.17	-
	Office expenses	2.17	2.55
	Goods & Service tax expenses	102.53	5.97
	Stamp duty	1.18	0.46
	Stock exchange expenses	2.90	1.24
	Travelling and conveyance	0.03	-
	-	139.23	24.58
34.A	Auditors' remuneration:		
	As Auditor		
	Audit fees	0.60	0.75
	Limited Review	0.45	0.45
	Certification	-	0.13
	Reimbursement of expenses	0.22	0.03
		1.27	1.36

34.B Cost sharing

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, being the holding company along with fellow subsidiaries incurs expenditure like Group mediclaim, insurance, rent, electricity charges etc. which is for the common benefit of itself and its certain subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries including the Company. This cost so expended is reimbursed by the Company on the basis of number of employees, time spent by employees of other companies, actual identifications etc. On the same lines, employees' costs expended (if any) by the Company for the benefit of fellow subsidiaries is recovered by the Company. Accordingly, and as identified by the management, the expenditure heads in note 33 and 34 include reimbursements paid.



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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

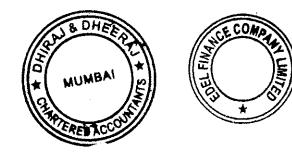
35. Income Tax

Component of income tax expenses

	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Current tax Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(649.00)	208.78
Total tax charge for the year	(649.00)	208.78
Current tax Deferred tax	(649.00)	208.78

35.A The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Profit/ (loss) before taxes	142.48	862.80
Statutory Income Tax rate	25.168%	25.168%
Tax charge at statutory rate	35.86	217.15
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior year	-	-
Tax effect of :		
Difference between tax base due to Indexation Benefit available on Capital Assets		(8.26)
Impact of tax rate differential on capital asset and statutory tax rate	(684.63)	-
Others	(0.23)	(0.11)
Current Tax Expenses Reported in Statement of Profit and Loss	(649.00)	208.78
Effective Income Tax Rate	25.17%	25.17%





			Movement for the period (2023-24)	period (2023-24)		
	As on March 31, 2023 Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in other equity	Total movement	As on March 31, 2024
Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilties)						
Employee benefits obligations	(0.04)	0.52	(0.78)	ł	(0.26)	
Expected credit loss provision on Loans	9.65	(6.63)		•	(6.63)	
Unused tax losses	662.30	758.21	·		758.21	1,420.51
Property, plant and equipment & intangible assets	0.05	(0.10)		•	(0.10)	
Fair valuation of financial assets	(458.35)	(114.18)	t		(114.18)	(572.53
Others	33.06	14,18	ı		14.18	47.24
Deferred Tax Asset (net)	246.67	649.00	(0.78)		648.22	894.89
			Movement for the period (2022-23)	period (2022-23)		
	As on March 31, 2022	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in other equity	Total movement	As on March 31, 2023
Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilties)						
Employee benefits obligations	(0.02)		•	,	(0.02)	(0.04)
Expected credit loss provision on Loans	1.90		•	•	7.75	9.65
Unused tax losses	421.03		•	•	241.27	662.30
Property, plant and equipment $\&$ intangible assets	0.21	(0.16)	•		(0.16)	0.05
Fair valuation of financial assets	1	(458.35)	•	·	(458.35)	(458.35)
Others	32.33	0.73	I	ı	0.73	33.06
Dafarrad Tax Accat (nat)	455.45	(208.78)			(208.78)	246.67
Deterred Tax Asset (net)	64,664	(0/.012)	1		907	ē



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Edel Finance Company Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

35.B Movement of Deferred Tax assets

Financial Year 2023-24

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

36. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company with the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period adjusted for assumed conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

		For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Net profit / (loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company	(A)	793.79	654.02
Weighted average number of shares - Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year - Number of equity shares issued during the year		7,56,67,388 2,00,00,000	5,56,67,388 2,00,00,000
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year		9,56,67,388	7,56.67,388
Total number of CCPS outstanding at the end of the year		1,65,00,000	1,65,00,000
Total number of CCD outstanding at the end of the year		80,00,000	-
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (based on the date of issue of shares)	(B)	10,24,27,060	7,23,86,566
Weighted average number of diluted equity shares outstanding during the year	(C)	10,24,27,060	7,23,86,566
Adjusted net profit / (loss) for diluted EPS	(D)	793.79	654.02
Basic earnings per share (in rupees)	(A / B)	7.75	9.04
Diluted earnings per share (in rupees)	(D / C)	7.75	9.04

37. Contingent Liability:

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a. In the ordinary course of business, the Company faces claims and assertions by various parties. The Company assesses such claims and assertions and monitors the legal environment on an ongoing basis, with the assistance of external legal counsel, wherever necessary. The Company records a liability for any claims where a potential loss is probable and capable of being estimated and discloses such matters in its financial statements, if material. For potential losses that are considered possible, but not probable, the Company provides disclosure in the financial statements but does not record a liability in its accounts unless the loss becomes probable.

The Company believes that the outcome of these proceedings will not have a materially adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Taxation matters of assessment year AY 2014-15 & AY 2015-16 in respect of which appeal is pending with tax authorities	114.88	114.88

The Company has received demand notices from tax authorities on account of disallowance of expenditure for earning exempt income under Section 14A of Income Tax Act 1961 read with Rule 8D of the Income Tax Rules, 1962. The company has filed appeal/s and is defending its position. Based on the favourable outcome in Appellate proceedings in the past and as advised by the tax advisors, company is reasonably certain about sustaining its position in the pending cases, hence the possibility of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits on this ground is remote"

b. Pursuant to the Income Tax Authorities ("the ITA") search during March 2023. The Company is filing necessary responses to the notices received from the ITA. Post March 31, 2024, the Company by the sessessment order from ITA for AY 2022-23 with Nil tax demand. Thus, no adjustment has been made or is required in the sand to the tax attements of the Company.



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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

38. Segment reporting

Primary Segment (Business segment)

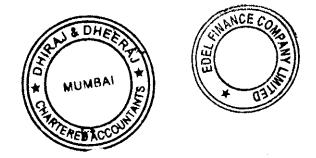
The Company being CIC, has only capital business segment in the current year i.e March 31, 2024. The Company has operated only in one business segment during the year viz. Capital based business comprising of income from investments. Therefore, the Company has only one reportable business segment, the results of which are disclosed in the financial statements. Hence, no disclosures are required under Segment Reporting.

Segment	Activities covered
organetic	
Capital based business	Income from investments and dividend income

Secondary Segment

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Since the business operations of the Company are primarily concentrated in India, the Company is considered to operate only in the domestic segment and therefore there is no reportable geographic segment.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

39. Defined benefit plan

a) Defined contribution plan - Provident funds

The Company recognised Rs.0.10 million (Previous year : Rs. 0.11 million) for provident fund and other contributions in the Statement of profit and loss.

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity

In accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the Company provides for gratuity, a non-contributory defined benefit arrangement providing lump-sum gratuity benefits expressed in terms of final monthly salary and year of service, covering all employees. The plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement or termination of employment in accordance with the rules laid down in the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the present value of the defined benefit obligation for gratuity were carried out as at March 31, 2024. The present value of the defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, the following table sets out the status of the gratuity plan and the amounts recognised in the Company's financial statements as at balance sheet date:

i) Movement in defined benefit liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for defined benefit liability and its components:

Particulars	Defined benefi March 31, 2024	t obligation March 31, 2023
Opening Balance	0.07	(0.01)
Current service cost Interest cost	0.03 0.13	0.02
	0.23	0.01
Other comprehensive Income		
Remeasurement loss (gain):		
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from:		
Experience	(0.04)	0.02
Financial assumptions	-	0.01
Demographic assumptions	•	-
	(0.04)	0.03
Others		
Transfer In/ (Out)	1.68	0.03
Benefits paid	-	-
Closing Balance	1.87	0.07
Components of defined benefit plan cost:	For the yea	r ended
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Recognised in Statement of profit or loss		
Current service cost	0.03	0.02
Interest cost	-	-
Net Interest on net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	0.12	-
Total	0.15	0.02
Recognised in other comprehensive income		
Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability/(asset)	3.09	0.14
Total	3.09	0.14

iii) Reconciliation of Fair Value of Plan Assets

	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Fair Value of Plan Assets at start of the year	2.90	2.80
Contributions by Employer	-	-
Benefits Paid	•	-
Interest Income on Plan Assets	0.21	0.17
Re-measurements		
Return on plan assets excluding amount included in net interest on	0.20	(0.07)
the net defined benefit liability/(asset)		
Fair Value of Plan Assets at end of the year	3.31	2.90
Actual Return on Plan Assets	0.40	0.10





As at

As at

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

39. Defined benefit plan (continued)

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity (continued)

iv) Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet

Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Present Value of DBO	1.87	0.07
Fair Value of Plan Assets	3.31	2.90
Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(1.44)	(2.83
Funded Status [Surplus/(Deficit)]	1.44	2.83
Amount not recognized as asset [Effect of limiting net assets to asset ceiling]	-	2.65
Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(1.44)	(0.18)
Of which, Short term Liability	-	-
Experience Adjustment on Plan Liabilities: (Gain)/Loss	(0.04)	0.02

v) Percentage Break-down of Total Plan Assets

Percentage Break-down of Total Plan Assets	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Equity instruments	0%	0%
Debt instruments	0%	0%
Real estate	0%	0%
Derivatives	0%	0%
Investment Funds with Insurance Company	99.6%	99.5%
Of which, Unit Linked	85.9%	85.0%
Of which, Traditional Non-Unit Linked	13.7%	14.5%
Asset-backed securities	0%	0%
Structured debt	0%	0%
Cash and cash equivalents	0.4%	0.5%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

vi) Movement in Other Comprehensive Income

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balance at start of year (Loss)/ Gain	(0.82)	(0.96)
Re-measurements on DBO		
a. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in demographic assumptions	-	-
b. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in financial assumptions	-	(0.01)
c. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from experience over the past year	0.04	(0.02)
Re-measurements on Plan Assets		
Return on Plan assets, excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability / (asset)	0.20	(0.07)
Changes in the effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling excluding amount included in	2.85	0.24
net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)		
Balance at end of year (Loss)/ Gain	2.27	(0.82)

vii) Movement in Surplus/ (Deficit)

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	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Surplus/ (Deficit) at start of year	0.18	0.08
Net Transfer (In)/ Out	(1.68)	(0.03)
Movement during the year		
Current Service Cost	(0.03)	(0.02)
Net Interest on net DBO	(0.12)	-
Re-measurements – (Losses)/ Gains	3.09	0.14
Contributions/ Benefits	•	-
Surplus/ (Deficit) at end of year	1.44	0.18





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

39. Defined benefit plan (continued)

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity (continued)

Actuarial assumptions:

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date: Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at M arch 31, 2023
Discount Rate	7.00%	7.10%
Salary Growth Rate	7.00%	7.00%
Withdrawal/Attition Rate (based on categories)	16.00%	16.00%
Interest Rate on Net DBO (% p.a.)	7.10%	5.90%
Mortality Rate	IALM 2012-14 (Ultimate)	IALM 2012-14 (Ultimate)
Expected weighted average remaining working lives of employees	3.5	3.5

Notes:

a) The discount rate are based on the benchmark yields available on Government Bonds at the valuation date with terms matching that of the liabilities.

b) The estimates of future salary increases takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

c) Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set in accordance with the statistics published by the Life Insurance Corporation of India.

Sensitivity analysis:

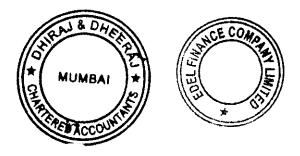
Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

	As at Marcl	1 31, 2024	As at March	1 31, 2023
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Salary Growth Rate (+/- 1%)	0.01	0,01	0.01	0.01
Discount Rate (+/- 1%)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Withdrawl Rate (+/- 1%)	-	-	•	-

The above sensitivity analysis have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions at the reporting date. In practice, generally it does not occur. When we change one variable, it affects to others. In calculating the sensitivity, project unit credit method at the end of the reporting period has been applied.

c) Compensated absences :

The Company provides for accumulated compensated absences as at the balance sheet date using projected unit credit method based on actuarial valuation. The leave encashment on separation is paid on basic salary.



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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

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40. Change in liabilities arising from financing acitivies

Particulars	As at April 1, 2023	Cash Flows	Changes in Fair value	Others (net)*	As at March 31, 2024
Debt securities	14,810,11	5,241.78	-	173.18	20,225.07
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	11,775.09	16,128.44	-	(21.35)	27,882.18
Subordinated liabilities	161.12	(0.00)	-	0.05	161.17
	26,746.32	21,370.22	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	151.88	48,268.42
Particulars	As at April 1, 2022	Cash Flows	Changes in Fair value	Others (net)*	As at March 31, 2023
Debt securities	6.691.33	9,445.79	-	(1,327.01)	14,810.11
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	10,771.37	931.63	-	72.09	11,775.09
Subordinated liabilities	161.12	-	-	-	161.12
	17,623.82	10,377.42	-	(1,254.92)	26,746.32

* Includes the effect of interest accrued but not paid on borrowing, securities premium on issue of debt securities







Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

41. Maturity Analysis of assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled. With regard to loans and advances to customers, the company uses the same basis of expected repayment behaviour as used for estimating the EIR.

	¥	As at March 31, 2024	24	As a	As at March 31, 2023	3
Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	8.84	ı	8.84	20.63	ı	20.63
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	30.30	\$	30.30	ł		
Loans	24.60	ł	24.60	7.312.43	2,237.10	9,549.53
Investments	13,030.72	59,914.98	72,945.70	86.15	31,716.71	31,802.86
Other financial assets	2.72	1.63	4.35	1.07	1.14	2.21
Non-financial assets						
Current tax assets (net)	ł	493.35	493.35	·	411.99	411.99
Deferred tax assets (net)		894.89	894.89	,	246.67	246.67
Property, Plant and Equipment	•	2.22	2.22	•	2.24	2.24
Other non-financial assets	2.38	3.31	5.69	2.80	•	2.80
Total Assets	13,099.56	61,310.38	74,409.94	7,423.08	34,615.85	42,038.93
Financial Liabilities						
Trade payables	5.87	·	5.87	16.28	1	16.28
Debt securities	5,522.17	14,702.90	20,225.07	6,858.89	7,951.22	14,810.11
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	3,092.18	24,790.00	27,882.18	155.56	11,619.53	11,775.09
Subordinated Liabilities	11.17	150.00	161.17	11.12	150.00	161.12
Other financial liabilities	22.92	·	22.92	7.21	ı	7.21
Non-financial liabilities						
Current tax liabilities (net)	•	18.15	18.15	•	18.15	18.15
Provisions	ł	2.12	2.12	0.08		0.08
Other non-financial liabilities	63.51	0.05	63.56	15.78	•	15.78
Total Liabilities	8,717.82	39,663.22	48,381.04	7,064.92	19,738.90	26,803.82
Net total assets/ (liabilities)	4.381.74	21.647.16	26.028.90	358.16	14.876.95	15.235.11
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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

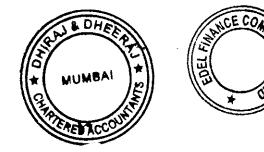
(Currency: Indian rupees in million)

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42. Disclosure of Related Party Transactions pursuant to IND AS 24 "Related Party Transactions"

List of related parties and relationship:	
Holding Company	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited
Subsidiary Company with whom the transactions have taken place in current or previous year	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Allium Finance Private Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited Nido Home Finance Limited
Fellow subsidiaries and associates with whom transactions have taken place in current or previous year	ECap Securities And Investments Limited Edel Investments Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited
Name of related parties over whom significant influence is exercised	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP India Credit Investment Fund III India Credit Investment Fund - 5 Edelweiss Private Equity Tech fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund
Associate Companies (till 30.03.23) (Refer Note 2)	Nuvama Asset Management Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited
Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Tarun Khurana Ananya Suneja Vidya Shah Christina D'souza Atul Ambavat Sunil Pharterpekar

Company Secretary (upto February 9, 2024) Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer Executive Director Company Secretary (w.e. f. February 9, 2024). Independent Director Independent Director Non- executive director



Vinod Juneja

Priyadeep Chopra

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in million)

42. Disclosure of Related Party Transactions pursuant to IND AS 24 "Related Party Transactions" (continued)

Sr.No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	2023-24	2022-23
	Transactions with related parties:			
(I)	Capital account transactions			
1	Issue of equity shares to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,000.00	2,000.00
2	Issue of CCD to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	8,000.00	-
3	Purchase of equity shares from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	26,408.40	4,031.50
4	Purchase of equity shares from	Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	329.87	-
5	Sale of equity shares to	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	-	578.18
6	Issue of Non- Convertible Debentures to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	-	1,640 00 220.00
		ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	140.00
7	Investments in preference shares of	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	20 00
8	Investments in Compulsory Convertible Debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelwerss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	7,600.00 3,500.00	-
9	Investment in equity shares	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	200.45	-
(11)	Current account transactions			
1	Loans taken from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Allium Finance Private Limited	5,862.70 21,937.88 1,125.00	8,373.80 1,400.00 9,698.30 230.00
2	Loans repaid to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Allium Finance Private Limited	4,962.70 9,437.41 1,355.00	1 1,006.40 1,400.00 6,364.08
3	Loans given to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Edelcap Securities Limited ECap Securities And Investments Limited Edel Investments Limited	610.00 762.90 27.16 5.68 2,547.30 274.46 200.30	2,620.70 4,961 10 5,706.08 685.71 18.85 2,193.55 3,371 27
4	Loans given repaid by	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited ECap Securities And Investments Limited Edel Investments Limited	2,281.50 643.80 2,308.98 4,102.08 712.87 24.53 3,645.72 200.30	949.20 5,793 95 4,560.00 638.78 - -
5	Buyback / redemption- benchmark linked debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited Edelcap Securities Limited	1,191.49 - 107.83 1.08	3,554.02 18.84 -
6	Issue of benchmark linked debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edel Investments Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	- - -	1,700 00 700.00 970.00 380.00
7	Redemption/Sale of investment in benchmark linked debenture		95.38	3,810.32
8	Purchase of perpetual bond from	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	492.28 2,130.43



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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in million)

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42. Disclosure of Related Party Transactions pursuant to IND AS 24 "Related Party Transactions" (continued)

9 Indexed expense on learn taken from Eddwars fund a Corporate Service Limited - 15 10 Other fauncial cost poid to Name Secure Calinated Limited - 353 10 Other fauncial cost poid to Name Secure Calinated - 353 11 Interest expense on suburdinate debt ECap Equite Limited - 353 11 Interest expense on suburdinate debt ECap Equite Limited (formerly Edd Land Limited) 772 777 12 Interest expense on suburdinate debt ECap Equite Limited (formerly Edd Land Limited) 781 8 6.6 13 Interest expense on none convertible debentares ECap Equite Limited (formerly Edd Land Limited) 769 6.6 14 Interest income on securities Edd versa Rutel Finance Limited 6.94 6.88 14 Interest income on securities Edd versa Rutel Finance Limited 13.3 22.00 15 Interest income on adventures (CCD) Edd versa Rute Private Limited 3.94 6.94 16 Laster income on adventures (CCD) Edd versa Rute Rute Private Limited 1.95 1.95	Sr.No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	2023-24	2022-23
EC. programs EC. programs Fundamental Service Limited 1,445 50 10 Other financial cost paid to Norsan X-Meesina Meesing 1,445 50 11 Interest expense on subordinate delt EC. programs 7,72 7,72 11 Interest expense on subordinate delt EC. programs 6,81 6,81 12 Interest expense on subordinate delt EC. programs 6,81 7,72 7,72 13 Interest expense on subordinate delt EC. programs Ec. programs 6,81 7,93 14 Interest expense on subordinate delt EC. programs Ec. programs 1,81 7,83 7,85 15 Interest income on isocurities Ec. programs Endevises Netal Framese Limited 6,94 6,83 14 Interest income on loan gives to EC. programs Ec. programs 1,81 1,81 7,83 15 Interest income on deleters: (CCD) Ed. write Names Ec. programs 2,93 3,93 16 Leg. programs Ec. programs Ec. programs 2,93 3,93 <				-	151.55
Alium Finace Provae Limited 125 57 8 52 10 Other financial cos paul to Novana Welsh and Investment Limited - 353 11 Interest expense on subordinate dets ECap Equities Lamided (formerly Edol Land Limited) 772 777 12 Interest expense on subordinate dets ECap Equities Lamided (formerly Edol Land Limited) 601 13 127 30 12 Interest expense on spon- convertible debontaxes ECp Equities Limited (formerly Edol Land Limited) 601 13 127 30 13 Interest income on securities Editivers Real Finance Limited 6 94 6 88 14 Interest income on securities Editivers Real Finance Limited 13 3 22 00 14 Interest income on securities Editivers Real Finance Limited 13 3 22 00 15 Interest income on debentures (CCD) Editivers Securities Auf Mexamente Trianed 13 3 13 3 16 Interest income on debentures (CCD) Editivers Services Limited 10 90 0 00 17 Cost eemboursement spind to (mt) Editivers Services Limited 0 90 0 00 18 Interest income on debentures (CCD) Editivers Services Limited 0 90 0 00 19 Cost eemboursements paid to (mt) Editivers Services Limited 0 00			ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	42.18	1.67
Other francial cost paid to Nutran Wealh and Investment Limited - 3.8.3 Interset expense on subordinate dett ECG, Equite Limited (Correrly Edd Land Limited) 7.72 7.72 12 Interset expense on non-convertible delentation ECG, France Limited 6.06 17.05 13 Interest expense on non-convertible delentation ECG, France Limited 2.93 10.83 14 Interest income on securities ECG, France Limited 2.91 10.83 13 Interest income on securities Eddivens Real France Limited 2.91 10.83 14 Interest income on loan given to Eddivens Real France Limited 2.93 2.21 14 Interest income on loan given to Eddivens Real France Limited 2.91 1.93 3.93 15 Interest income on deleontures (CCD) Eddivens Real Add Investment Limited 2.93 2.92 16 Legal and professional fres paid to (net) Eddivens Rural & Corporate Services Limited 0.04 0.03 17 Cost trainburstements paid to (net) Eddivens Rural & Corporate Services Limited 0.04 0.03 18 Interest income on deleontures (CCD) Eddivens Rural & Corpora			Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1,768.01	1,445.50
Noveme Asses Management Limited - 5.70 11 Interest expense on subordinate debt ECC plaquies Lunited (formerly Ede) Land Limited) 7.22 7.72 12 Interest expense on non-convertible debentares ECQ plaquies Lunited (formerly Ede) Land Limited) 100.53 127.53 13 Interest expense on non-convertible debentares ECQ plaquies Limited (formerly Ede) Land Limited) 100.14 127.53 14 Interest income on securities Edebress Real France Limited 6.94 6.88 15 Interest income on team given to ECQ plaquies Limited (formerly Ede) Land Limited) 111 722.88 15 Interest income on team given to ECQ plaquies Limited (formerly Ede) Land Limited) 111 722.88 16 Interest income on debentures (CCD) Edebress Stard & Comparts Services Limited 133.8 703 16 Interest income on debentures (CCD) Edebress Rural & Comparts Services Limited 0.04 0.03 17 Cost teinburgement Limited 131.88 703 70 161 Interest income on debentures (CCD) Edebress Rural & Comparts Services Limited 0.04 0.03 162 Legal and professional freap paid to Edebress Rural & Comparts Services Limited 0.04 0.05 17 Cost teinburgement Personnel (R			Allium Finance Private Limited	125.57	8.52
Nurman Asset Managarent Limited 5.77 11 Interest expense on subordinate debt ECQ. Figuite: Limited (formerly Edd Land Limited) 7.12 7.72	10	Other financial cost paid to	Nuyama Wealth and Investment Limited		3.83
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Intervention of a boot material decimation of the second secon	.,	Interact among an autor finate date	RCap Equities Limited (formerly Edg) Land Limited)	7 72	7 70
Eddwess Rural & Corporate Services Limited2 652 6412Interest expense on non-convertible debenturesECap Equines Limited ((morefy Edd Land Limited) ECL Finance Limited100 11 2031127.38 Eddwess Retal Finance Limited860 6170 6013Interest income on securitiesEddwess Retal Finance Limited6.94 2.936.88 714Interest income on loan goven toECap Equines Limited (Corporate Services Limited2.03 0 2.03 0 2.03 02.03 0 2.03 0 2.03 014Interest income on loan goven toECap Equines Limited (Corporate Services Limited1.13 0 2.25 0 2.03 0 2.03 0 2.03 02.03 0 2.03 0 2.03 015Interest income on debentures (CCD)Eddwess Services Limited1.18 0 2.00 0 2.00 0 0.00 0 2.00 0 0.00	11	Interest expense on subordinate debt			
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12 Interface optime on Non-Control on Control on Contrel on Contrel on Contrel on Control on Control on Contrel on Cont	10	Francisco de la construcción de la	ECon Equition Limited (formarly Edgl Land Limited)	105.13	127 38
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Interest income on obsending relation Eddreensis Numl & Corporate Services Limited 13 35 2500 Eddreensis Numl & Corporate Services Limited 13 35 15 37 Eddreensis Cichal Wealth Management Limited 13 35 13 36 Eddreensis Cichal Wealth Management Limited 13 38 2702 Eddreensis Numl & Commodities Services Limited 17 9 0.64 Eddreensis Numl & Comparts Services Limited 13 188 763 Eddreensis Numl & Comparts Services Limited 0.90 0.90 16 Legal and professional fees paid to Eddreensis Numl & Corporate Services Limited 0.04 17 Cost reimbursements paid to (net) Eddreensis Rural & Corporate Services Limited 0.09 18 Corporate guarantee support fee received from Eddreensis Financial Services Limited 0.01 19 Corporate guarantee support fee received from Eddreensis Financial Services Limited 1.07 0.71 20 Remaineration to Key Management Personnel (Refer note 1) Vidy Shah 16 70 - 21 Director's sitting fees Anul Ambavat 1.00 0.3 0.3 310 Sale of Property, Plant & Equiproment Nuroal Management Lim					
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Contrade Commodities Services Limited 179 0.64 ECap Securities And Investments Limited 131.88 7.63 15 Interest income on debentures (CCD) Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 0.90 16 Legal and professional fees paid to Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 0.04 17 Cost ceimbursements paid to (net) Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 0.04 18 Corporate guarantee support fee received from Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.05 19 Corporate guarantee support fee received from Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 1.07 0.71 20 Remuneration to Key Management Personnel (Refer note 1) Visly Shah 16.70 - 21 Directors' sitting fees And Ambavat 0.03 0.33 210 Secondary market transactions 24400 24600 2450 211 Secondary market transactions 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500 24500			÷		
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15 Interest income on debentures (CCD) Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 0.90 0.92 0.90 0.20 16 Legal and professional fees paid to Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 0.04 5.00 0.05 16 Legal and professional fees paid to Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 0.04 5.00 0.05 17 Cost reimbursements paid to (net) Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 2.11 2.54 18 Corporate guarantee support fee received from Edelweiss Financial Services Limited - 0.09 19 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 1.07 0.71 10 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 6.36 6.82 20 Remuneration to Key Management Personnel (Refer note 1) Vidya Shah 1.670 - 21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat Vinad Janeja Sunil Phatarphekar 0.45 0.33 11 Sale of Property. Plant & Equipment Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited 2.471 85 4.031 4.033 11 Sale of Property. Plant & Equipment Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited 2.471 85 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>ECap Securities And Investments Limited</td><td>131.88</td><td>7.63</td></t<>			ECap Securities And Investments Limited	131.88	7.63
115 Interformed to boold of Cody (Cody) ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.92 0.20 16 Legal and professional fees paid to Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 0.04 0.03 17 Cost reimbursements paid to (net) Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 2.11 2.54 18 Corporate guarantee support fee received from Edelweiss Financial Services Limited - 0.09 19 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 1.07 0.71 10 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 1.07 0.71 10 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 1.07 0.71 11 Directors' sitting fees Attal Ambavat 1.00 0.33 20 Remuneration to Key Management Personnel (Refer note 1) Vidya Shah 1.670 - 21 Directors' sitting fees Attal Ambavat 1.00 0.33 210 Bilances with related partics Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited - 0.00 21 Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment Nuvama W			Edel Investments Limited	8 46	-
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10 Edd weiss Financial Services Limited 5.00 17 Cost reimbursements paid to (net) Edd weiss Financial Services Limited 2.11 2.54 18 Corporate guarantee support fee received from Edd weiss Financial Services Limited 0.00 19 Corporate guarantee support fee received from Edd weiss Financial Services Limited 1.07 0.71 20 Remuteration to Key Management Personnel (Refer note 1) Vidya Shah 16.70 - 21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat Vinod Juneja 0.80 0.3 21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat Vinod Juneja 0.80 0.3 211 Secondary market transactions 1 0.00 21 Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment Nuvarana Wealth and Investment Limited - 0.00 (IV) Balances with related parties Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 2,556 62 5.356 12 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 2,941.03 2,941.53 2,941.53 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 329.87 -	15			0 92	0.20
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1.1 Control definition of the part of energy of the received from Edelweiss Financial Services Limited - 0.09 19 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 1.07 0.71 19 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 1.07 0.71 20 Remuneration to Key Management Personnel (Refer note 1) Vidya Shah 16.70 - 21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 1.00 0.3 21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.45 0.3 21 Directors' sitting fees Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited - 0.00 21 Investments at equity shares Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited - 0.00 21 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 2,33.83 2,934.53 2,934.53 2,934.53	10	Legal and professional fees paid to	-		-
10 Corporate guarantee support for receiver total. Exclusive Financial Services Limited 1.07 0.71 19 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 6.36 6.82 20 Remuneration to Key Management Personnel (Refer note 1) Vidya Shah 16.70 - 21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat Vunod Juneja 0.80 0.3 21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat Vunod Juneja 0.45 0.3 21 Secondary market transactions - 0.000 1 Sale of Property. Plant & Equipment Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited - 0.000 (IV) Balances with related partice Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 264.00 264.00 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 5,556.62 5,356.17 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 32.934.53 - 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 500.00 500.00 3 Investments in compulsory convertible debenture	17	Cost reimbursements paid to (net)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	2.11	2.54
Colparate guarance support to part to Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 6.36 6.82 20 Remuneration to Key Management Personnel (Refer note 1) Vidya Shah 16.70 - 21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat Vinod Juneja 0.80 0.33 21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat Vinod Juneja 0.80 0.33 21 Secondary market transactions 0.45 0.30 11 Secondary market transactions - 0.000 (IV) Balances with related parties - 0.000 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 264.00 264.00 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Aster Management Limited 2,334.53 2,934.53 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 30.000 300.000 3 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 300.00 4 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 30.000	18	Corporate guarantee support fee received from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	0.09
Corporate Synthetic Jupper for part for Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 6.36 6.82 20 Remuneration to Key Management Personnel (Refer note 1) Vidya Shah 16.70 - 21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat Vinod Juneja 0.80 0.33 21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat Vinod Juneja 0.80 0.33 21 Secondary market transactions 0.45 0.30 1 Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited - 0.000 (IV) Balances with related parties Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 264.00 264.00 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 2,334.53 2,934.53 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 32.87 - 2 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 300.00 3 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 300.00 3 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Ed	10	Comorate guarantee support fee haid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.07	0.71
21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat Vinod Juneja Sunil Phatarphekar 1.00 0.3 0.80 21 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat Vinod Juneja Sunil Phatarphekar 0.45 0.3 (III) Secondary market transactions 1 Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited - 0.00 (IV) Balances with related parties Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 264.00 264.00 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 5,556.62 5,356.17 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 733.89 733.89 3 Investments in Preference shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 5,968.05 - 2 Investments in Preference shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 20.00 3 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 4 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 5 Debenture and bonds (Investments) of	.,			6.36	6.82
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December 5 mingrees December 5 mingrees 0 80 0.3 Sunil Phatarphekar 0.45 0.3 (III) Secondary market transactions 0.45 0.3 1 Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited - 0.00 (IV) Balances with related parties - - 0.00 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 264.00 264.00 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 24.471.85 4.031.50 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 2,934.53 2,934.53 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 30.00 300.00 3 Investments in Preference shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 20.00 4 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 3 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 4 <t< td=""><td>21</td><td>Directore' sitting fees</td><td>Atul Ambayat</td><td>1.00</td><td>0.39</td></t<>	21	Directore' sitting fees	Atul Ambayat	1.00	0.39
(III) Secondary market transactions 1 Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited - 0.00 (IV) Balances with related parties Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 264.00 264.00 264.00 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 24.471.85 4.031.50 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 2,934.53 2.934.53 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 500.00 3 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 4 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 5 Debenture and bonds ((nvestments) of ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15	21	Ductors sking ices			0.37
1 Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited - 0.00 (IV) Balances with related parties Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 264.00 264.00 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 2,556.62 5,356.17 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 2,934.53 2,934.53 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 329.87 - 2 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 20.00 3 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 4 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 5 Debenture and bonds (Investments) of ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15			Sunil Phatarphekar	0.45	0.35
(IV) Balances with related parties 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 264.00 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 3 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 4 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 5 Debenture and bonds (Investments) of ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15	(III)	Secondary market transactions			
1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 264.00 264.00 1 Investments in equity shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 5,556.62 5,356.17 1 ECL Finance Limited 24,471.85 4,031.55 2,934.53 2,934.53 2 Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 500.00 500.00 3 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 20.00 4 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 5 Debenture and bonds (Investments) of ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15	L	Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	•	0.00
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ECL Finance Limited 24,471.85 4,031.50 Nido Home Finance Limited 2,934.53 2,934.53 2,934.53 Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 733.89 733.89 733.89 Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited 5,968.05 - Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited 329.87 - Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 500.00 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 20.00 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 2,000.00 Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 9,600.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 Ecap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15	•	nivestitents at equity simes		5,556.62	5,356.17
Nido Home Finance Limited 2,934.53 2,934.53 Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 733.89 733.89 Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited 5,968.05 - Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited 329.87 - Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 500.00 Investments in Preference shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 20.00 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 20.00 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 Ecap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 9,600.00 2,000.00 Debenture and bonds (Investments) of ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15			•		4,031.50
Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 733.89 733.89 Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 733.89 733.89 Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 5,968.05 - Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited 329.87 - Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 500.00 Investments in Preference shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 20.00 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 2,000.00 Ecap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 9,600.00 2,000.00 Debenture and bonds (Investments) of ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15					
Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited 5,968.05 - Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited 329.87 - Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 500.00 Investments in Preference shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 20.00 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 9,600.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 Debenture and bonds (Investments) of ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15					733.89
Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited 329.87 - Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 500.00 Investments in Preference shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 20.00 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 2,000.00 Debenture and bonds (Investments) of ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15			B	5,968.05	-
2 Investments in Preference shares Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 20.00 20.00 3 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 4 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 5 Debenture and bonds (Investments) of ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15					-
4 Investments in compulsory convertible debentures Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 12,500.00 9,000.00 5 Debenture and bonds (Investments) of ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15	2	Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	500.00	500.00
5 Debenture and bonds (Investments) of ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15	3	Investments in Preference shares	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	20.00	20.00
5 Debenture and bonds (Investments) of ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) - 86.15	4	Investments in compulsory convertible debentures			9,000.00
			ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	9,600.00	2,000.00
	5	Debenture and bonds (Investments) of	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	-	86.15
			Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	58.40	58.40





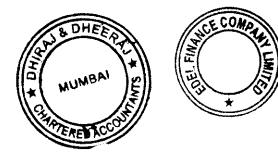
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in million)

42. Disclosure of Related Party Transactions pursuant to IND AS 24 "Related Party Transactions" (continued)

Sr.No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	2023-24	2022-23
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	23.01	20.78
		ECL Finance Limited	2,474.04	2,474 04
6	Subordinate debt issued to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	70.00	70.00
0	Subsidiate dest issued to	ECL Finance Limited	56.00	56.00
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	24.00	24.00
7	Interest acrued on subordinate debt	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	5.21	5.19
,	Interest activen on subscrimine debt	ECL Finance Limited	4.17	4.15
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Servíces Limited	1.79	1.78
8	Non- convertible debentures held by	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	870.00	1,640.00
0		ECL Finance Limited	1,001.00	220.00
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	140.00
		Nido Home Finance Limited	129.00	-
9	Interest accrued on non- convertible debentures held by	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	67.70	127.16
·		ECL Finance Limited	77 89	17.06
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	10.85
		Nido Home Finance Limited	10.04	
10	Long term loans taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	23,890.00	11,389.53
IV.	Long term toans taken nom	Allium Finance Private Limited	-	230.00
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	900.00	-
11	Short term loans given to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	1,671,50
1.3	Short term loans given to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	-	643.80
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	-	1,546.08
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	685,71
		Edelcap Securities Limited	-	1,554.78
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	-	18.85
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	-	3,371.27
12	Trade Payables to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.05	0.13
	······	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.00	0.00
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	0.57	2.19
13	Other Receivable	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	-	0.09
		Edel Investments Limited	-	0.03
14	Interest receivable-Accrued -Group Company	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	2.42	7.72
• *	Indicat receivable rectails of sup company	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	(0.01)	13,76
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	16.43	50.06
		Edelcap Securities Limited	6.31	9.73
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	(0.06)	7.56
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	-	0.21
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	(0.36)	6.86
		Edel Investments Limited	(0.02)	-
15	Interest payable -Accrued -Group company	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	1.56	0.50
	•••	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	132.64	152.73
		Allium Finance Private Limited	-	2.33
16	Interest receivable - accrued on debentures and bonds of	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1.85	1.84
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	0.00	0.81
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	- 218.40	0.18 217.41
		ECL Finance Limited	210.40	217.41
17	Corporate Guarantee taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	3,170.00	470.00
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	621.93 3,000.00	701.76
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		-

* 0.00 indicates the number is smaller than 0.01 million



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in million)

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Disclosure of Related Party Transactions pursuant to IND AS 24 "Related Party Transactions" (continued) 42.

Sr.No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	2023-24	2022-23
Notes				
		baid to key managerial person mentioned above excludes provision made for gratui		
	made for bonus which are provided for	r group of employees on an overall basis. These are included on cash basis. Remune	eration to KMP's shall b	e within the

limit as prescribed by the Companies act. Pursuant to the Amendment Agreement dated March 9, 2023 to the Amended and Restated Shareholders' Agreement dated March 18, 2021 between Edelweiss 2 Financial Service Ltd (Holding Company), Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited, PAGAC Ecstasy Pte Ltd and Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly Edelweiss Securities Limited), the amendment to the articles of association of Nuvama Wealth Management Limited and the appointment of independent trustee, Nuvama Wealth Management Limited and its subsidiary Companies ceased to be associate of the Company w.e.f. March 30, 2023.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

43. Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

43.A During the year, the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

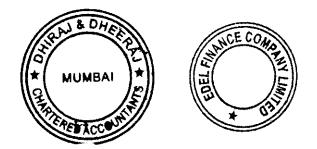
43.B During the year, the Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security, or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

Note:

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1. Based on the legal opinion obtained by the Holding Company, the transactions undertaken by the Company (CIC-NBFC) of borrowing/lending/investment to and from its holding/subsidiary/affiliate/group entity(ies) (together referred to as the 'Group') or borrowing from outside the Group for onward lending/investments for carrying on their respective business in ordinary course will not attract reporting under Rule 11(e) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (the "Rules"). Accordingly, transactions undertaken by the Company is not disclosed under the Rules.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

44. Capital Management

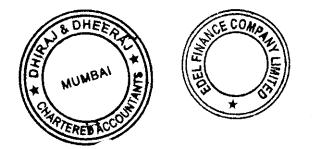
The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) sets and monitors capital adequacy requirements for the Company from time to time. The Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, stipulate that the Adjusted Net Worth of a CIC-ND-SI shall at no point in time be less than 30% its risk weighted assets on balance sheet and risk adjusted value of off-balance sheet items as on date of the last audited balance as at the end of the financial year.

The Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, further stipulate that the outside liabilities of a CIC-ND-SI shall at no point of time exceed 2.5 times its Adjusted Net Worth as on date of the last audited balance as at the end of the financial year.

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base to maintain investor, creditor and shareholder confidence and to sustain the future development of the business. The impact of the level of capital on shareholders' returns is also recognised and the Company recognises the need to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with greater gearing and the advantages and security afforded by a stronger capital position.

Although maximisation of the return on risk-adjusted capital is the principal basis used in determining how capital is allocated within the Company to particular operations or activities, it is not the sole basis used for decision making. Account is also taken of synergies with other operations and activities, the availability of management and other resources, and the fit of the activity with the Company's longer-term strategic objectives. The Company's policies in respect of capital management and allocation are reviewed regularly by the Board of Directors.

The Company has complied with minimum stipulated capital requirement which has been disclosed in the regulatory disclosures note in the financial statements.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45. Fair Value measurement:

45.A Valuation Principles

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques:

Level 1 - valuation technique using quoted market price: financial instruments with quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets that company can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 - valuation technique using observable inputs. Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.

Level 3 – valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs: Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

45.B Valuation goverance framework

The Company's fair value methodology and the governance over its models includes a number of controls and other procedures to ensure appropriate safeguards are in place to ensure its quality and adequacy. All new product initiatives (including their valuation methodologies) are subject to approvals by various functions of the Company including the risk and finance functions.

Where fair values are determined by reference to externally quoted prices or observable pricing inputs to models, independent price determination or validation is used. For inactive markets, Company sources alternative market information, with greater weight given to information that is considered to be more relevant and reliable.

The responsibility of ongoing measurement resides with the business and product line divisions. However Finance department is also responsible for establishing procedures governing valuation and ensuring fair values are in compliance with accounting standards.

45.C The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarch y

As at March 31, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Investments				
Equity instruments*	-	7,291.19	-	7,291.19
Other debt securities	-	2,775.70	-	2,775.70
Total investments measured at fair value		10,066.89		10,066.89
As at March 31, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Investments				
Equity instruments	-	-	4,103.16	4,103.16
Other debt securities	-	2,858.62	-	2,858.62
Total investments measured at fair value		2,858.62	4,103.16	6,961.78

*Note:

Equity instruments includes investment in Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (NWML), a former associate of the holding Company which is subject to lock-in till September 2024 in accordance with Securities and Exchange Board of India regulations. This investment is reported under level 2 in fair value disclosure in accordance with Ind AS 113 - Fair Value measurement as at March 31, 2024.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45. Fair Value measurement: (Continued)

D. Valuation techniques:

Debt securities:

Fair value of debt securities is derived based on the indicative quotes of price and yields prevailing in the market as at the reporting date. The Company has used quoted price of national stock exchange wherever bonds are traded actively. In cases where debt securities are not activity traded, the Company has used CRISIL Corporate Bond Valuer model for measuring fair value.

Security receipts

The market for these securities is not active. Therefore, the Company uses valuation techniques to measure their fair values. Since the security receipts are less liquid instruments therefore they are valued by discounted cash flow models. Expected cash flow levels are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including prepayment rates, default rates and other economic drivers. Securities receipts with significant unobservable valuation inputs are classified as Level 3.

Equity instruments, preference shares, warrants and units of mutual fund:

The majority of equity instruments are actively traded on stock exchanges with readily available active prices on a regular basis. Such instruments are classified as Level 1. Units held in funds are measured based on their published net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such instruments are also classified as Level 1. Unquoted equity instruments, preference shares and warrants are initially recognised at transaction price and re-measured at each reporting date at valuation provided by external valuer at instrument level. All unquoted instruments are classified at Level 3.

E. The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening balances and the closing balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Financial year ended March 2024	Security receipts	Equity instruments	Preference Shares	Warrants	Total
- Investments - at April 1, 2023		4,103.16	-	-	4,103.16
Purchase	-	-	-	-	-
Sale / redemption	-	-		-	-
Transfer into level 3	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from level 3 to level 2	-	(4,103.16)	-	-	(4,103.16)
Profit / Fair value change for the year recognised in profit or los:	-	-	•	-	-
Investments - at March 31, 2024	-	-		-	
Financial year ended March 2023	Security receipts	Equity instruments	Preference Shares	Warrants	Total
Investments - at April 1, 2022					
Purchase		-	-	-	-
Sale / redemption	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer into level 3	-	4,103.16	-		4,103.16
Transfer from level 3	•	-	-	-	-
Profit / Fair value change for the year recognised in profit or los:	-	-	-	-	-
Investments - at March 31, 2023	-	4,103.16	-	-	4,103.16

F. Impact on fair value of level 3 financial instrument of changes to key unobservable inputs

Type of Financial Instruments	Fair value of asset as on March 31, 2024	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservab le input		Increase in the unobservab le input	fair value	Decrease in the unobservab le input	fair value
Investments in unquoted equity shares categorised at Level 3	-	Comparable transaction and P/E and discounted cash flow	Fair value per share	-	5%	-	5%	
Type of Financial Instruments	Fair value of asset as on March 31, 2023	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservab le input		Increase in the unobservab le input	fair value	Decrease in the unobservab le input	fair value
Investments in unquoted equity shares categorised at Level 3	4,103.16	Comparable transaction and P/E and discounted cash flow	Fair value per share	Rs. 2238 per share	5%	205.16	5%	(205.16)
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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45. Fair Value measurement: (Continued)

G. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value:

The table below is a comparison, by class, of the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments that are not carried at fair value in the financial statements. This table does not include the fair values of non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities.

As at March 31, 2024	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets					
Loans	24.60	-	-	24.60	24.60
Investments	62,878.81	-	62,878.81	-	62,878.81
Total Financial Assets	62,903,41		62,878.81	24.60	62,903.41
Financial Liabilities					
Debt securities	20,225.07	-	20,225.07	-	20,225.07
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	27,882.18	-	-	27,882.18	27,882.18
Subordinated Liabilities	161.17	-	161.17	-	161.17
Total Financial Liabilities	48,268.42	-	20,386.24	-	48,268.42

As at March 31, 2023	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets					
Loans	9,549,53	-	-	9,549.53	9,549.53
Investments	24,841.08	-	24,841.08		24,841.08
Total Financial Assets	34,390.61		24,841.08	9,549.53	34,390.61
Financial Liabilities					
Debt securities	14,810.11	-	14,810.11	-	14,810.11
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	11,775.09	-	-	11,775.09	11,775.09
Subordinated Liabilities	161.12	-	161.12	-	161.12
Total Financial Liabilities	26,746.32		14,971.23	-	26,746.32

H. Valuation Methodologies of Financial Instruments not measured at fair value

Below are the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for the above financial instruments which are not recorded and measured at fair value in the Company's financial statements. These fair values were calculated for disclosure purposes only. The below methodologies and assumptions relate only to the instruments in the above tables and, as such, may differ from the techniques and assumptions explained in notes.

Short Term Financial Assets and Liabilities

Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade payables approximate the fair value because of their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of other financials assets and other financial liabilities is not significant in each of the years presented.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The fair values financial assets measured at amortised cost are estimated using a discounted cash flow model based on contractual cash flows using actual or estimated yields and discounting by yields incorporating the counterparties' credit risk.

Issued Debt

The fair value of issued debt is estimated by a discounted cash flow model.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

46. Rísk Management

A. Introduction and risk profile

Risk is an inherent part of Company's business activities. When the Company extends a corporate or retail loan, buys or sells securities in market, or offers other products or services, the Company takes on some degree of risk. The Company's overall objective is to manage its businesses, and the associated risks, in a manner that balances serving the interests of its customers and investors and protects the safety and soundness of the Company.

The Company believes that effective risk management requires:

1) Acceptance of responsibility, including identification and escalation of risk issues, by all individuals within the Company;

2) Ownership of risk identification, assessment, data and management within each of the lines of business and Corporate; and

3) Firmwide structures for risk governance

The Company strives for continual improvement through efforts to enhance controls, ongoing employee training and development and other measures.

B. Risk Management Structure

We have a well-defined risk management policy framework for risk identification, assessment and control to effectively manage risks associated with the various business activities. The risk function is monitored primarily by the business risk group. The Edelweiss Group has also established a Global Risk Committee that is responsible for managing the risk arising out of various business activities at a central level.

Our risk management policy ensures that the margin requirements are conservative to be able to withstand market volatility and scenarios of sharply declining prices. As a result, we follow conservative lending norms. The Edelweiss Group centralises the risk monitoring systems to monitor our client's credit exposure which is in addition to the monitoring undertaken by the respective businesses.

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The board has established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The Committee holds regular meetings and report to board on its activities.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

C. Risk mitigation and risk culture

The Company's business processes ensure complete independence of functions and a segregation of responsibilities. Credit appraisal & credit control processes, centralised operations unit, independent audit unit for checking compliance with the prescribed policies and approving loans at transaction level as well as our risk management processes and policies allow layers of multiple checks and verifications. Our key business processes are regularly monitored by the head of our business or operations. Our loan approval and administration procedures, collection and enforcement procedures are designed to minimise delinquencies and maximise recoveries.

At all levels of the Company's operations, specifically tailored risk reports are prepared and distributed in order to ensure that all business divisions have access to extensive, necessary and up-to-date information.

It is the Company's policy that a monthly briefing is given to the Board of Directors and all other relevant members of the Company in the utilisation of market limits, proprietary investments and liquidity, plus any other risk developments.

It is the Company's policy to ensure that a robust risk awareness is embedded in its organisational risk culture. Employees are expected to take ownership and be accountable for the risks the Company is exposed to. The Company's continuous training and development emphasises that employees are made aware of the Company's risk appetite and they are supported in their roles and responsibilities to monitor and keep their exposure to risk within the Company's risk appetite limits. Compliance breaches and internal audit findings are important elements of employees' annual ratings and remuneration reviews.

D. Types of Risks

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The Company's risks are generally categorized in the following risk types:

Notes	Risks	Arising from	Measurement, monitoring and management of risk
1	Credit risk Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a customer or counterparty fails to meet an obligation under a coutract.	Arises principally from financing, dealing in Corporate Bonds, Investments in Mutual Fund, Equity, but also from certain other products such as guarantees and derivatives	Measured as the amount that could be lost if a customer or counterparty fails to make repayments; Monitored using various internal risk management measures and within limits approved by individuals within a framework of delegated authoritics; and Managed through a robust risk control framework, which outlines clear and consistent policies, principles and guidance for risk managers.
2	Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that we do not have sufficient financial resources to meet our obligations as they fall due or that we can only do so at an excessive cost.	Liquidity risk arises from mismatches in the timing of cash flows. Arises when illiquid asset positions cannot be funded at the expected terms and when required.	Measured using a range of metrics, including Asset Liability nismatch, Debt Equity Ratio Regular monitoring of funding levels to ensure to meet the requirement for Business and maturity of our liabilities. Maintain diverse sources of funding and liquid assets to facilitate flexibility in meeting our liquidity requirements of the Company.
3	Market risk Market risk is the risk that novements in market factors such as Interest rates, equity prices and Index prices, will reduce our income or the value of our portfolios	Exposure to market risk is separated into two portfolios: trading and non-trading.	Measured using sensitivities, detailed picture of potential gains and losses for a range of market movements and scenarios. Monitored using measures, including the sensitivity of net interest income. Managed using risk limits approved by the risk management committee.





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

46. Risk Management

iv. Monthly and

46.D.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's Trade receivables and Loans. The Company has adopted a policy of dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtains sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. In case the loans are to be restructured, similar credit assessment process is followed by the Company.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate.

The Company manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties/Groups (Single Borrowing Limit/Group Borrowing Limit) and for industry concentrations, and by monitoring exposures in relation to such limits.

Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on its credit worthiness and historical dealings with the Company and market intelligence. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The credit quality review process aims to allow the Company to assess the potential loss as a result of the risks to which it is exposed and take corrective actions.

Derivative financial Instruments:

Credit risk arising from derivative financial instruments is, at any time, limited to those with positive fair values, as recorded on the balance sheet. With gross-settled derivatives, the Company is also exposed to a settlement risk, being the risk that the Company honours its obligation, but the counterparty fails to deliver the counter value.

Impairment Assesment:

The Company applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss. The expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

The expected credit loss is a product of exposure at default, probability of default and loss given default. The Company has devised an internal model to evaluate the probability of default and loss given default based on the parameters set out in Ind AS. Accordingly, the loans are classified into various stages as follows:

Internal rating grade	Internal grading description	Stages
Performing		
High grade	0 dpd and 1 to 30 dpd	Stage 1
Standard grade	31 to 90 dpd	Stage 2
Non-performing		
Individually impaired	90+ dpd	Stage 3

Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. Expected Credit Loss (ECL) computation is not driven by any single methodology, however methodology and approach used must reflect the following:

1) An unbiased and probability weighted amount that evaluates a range of possible outcomes

2) Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost and effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions;

3) Time value of money

While the time value of money element is currently being factored into ECL measurement while discounting cash flows by the Effective Interest Rate (EIR), the objective of developing a macroeconomic model using exogenous macroeconomic variables (MEVs) is to address the first two requirements. This has been achieved by using the model output to adjust the PD risk component in order to make it forward looking and probability-weighted.

Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

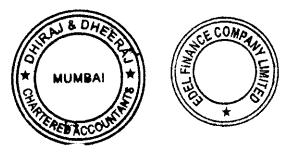
Company considers a financial instrument defaulted, classified as Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for ECL calculations, in all cases when the borrower becomes 90 days past due. Classification of assets form stage 1 to stage 2 has been carried out based on SICR criterion. Accounts which are more than 30 days past due have been identified as accounts where significant increase in credit risk has been observed. These accounts have been classified as Stage 2 assets. When such events occur, the Company carefully considers whether the event should result in treating the customer as defaulted and therefore assessed as Stage 3 for ECL calculations or whether Stage 2 is appropriate.

Probability of Default

Probability of default (PD) is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. PD estimation process is done based on historical internal data available with the Company. While arriving at the PD, the Company also ensures that the factors that affects the macro economic trends are considered to a reasonable extent, wherever necessary. Company calculates the 12 month PD by taking into account the past historical trends of the Loans/portfolio and its credit performance. In case of assets where there is a significant increase in credit risk / credit impaired assets, lifetime PD has been applied.

Loss Given Default (LGD)

The LGD represents expected losses on the EAD given the event of default, taking into account, among other attributes, the mitigating effect of collateral value at the time it is expected to be realised and the time value of money. The Loss Given Default (LGD) has been computed with workout methodology. Workout LGD is widely considered to be the most flexible, transparent and logical approach to build an LGD model. Along with actual recoveries, value of the underlying collateral has been factored in to estimate future recoveries in LGD computation. Workout LGD computation involves the actual recoveries as well as future recoveries (as a part of the workout process) on a particular facility, as a percentage of balance outstanding at the time of Default/Restructuring. The assessment of workout LGD was then performed. Principal outstanding for each loan was assessed, which went into the denominator of the LGD calculation. LGD computation has been done for each segment and sub-segment separately.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

46. Risk Management (continued)

46.D.1 Credit Risk (continued)

Exposure at Default (EAD)

The amount which the borrower will owe to the portfolio at the time of default is defined as Exposure at Default (EAD). While the drawn credit line reflects the explicit exposure for the Company, there might be variable exposure that may increase the EAD. These exposures are of the nature where the Company provides future commitments, in addition to the current credit. Therefore, the exposure will contain both on and off balance sheet values. The value of exposure is given by the following formula:

EAD = Drawn Credit Line + Credit Conversion Factor * Undrawn Credit Line

Where,

Drawn Credit Line = Current outstanding amount

Credit Conversion Factor (CCF) = Expected future drawdown as a proportion of undrawn amount

Undrawn Credit Line = Difference between the total amount which the Company has committed and the drawn credit line While the drawn exposure and limits for the customer are available, the modelling of CCF is required for computing the EAD

Forward looking adjustments

"A measure of ECL is an unbiased probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes and using reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions."

To fulfil the above requirement Company has incorporated forward looking information into its measurement of ECL. The objective of developing a macroeconomic model using exogenous macroeconomic variables (MEVs) is to address the requirements of unbiased, probability weighted outcomes while taking into account current conditions as well as future economic conditions. This will be achieved by using the model output to adjust the PD risk component in order to make it forward looking and probability-weighted.

Exogenous macroeconomic parameters were used as independent (X) variables to predict the dependent (Y) variable. Keeping in mind Ind AS requirements around obtaining reliable and supportable information, without incurring undue cost or effort- based on advice of risk committee members and economic experts and consideration of a variety of external actual and forecast information, the Company formulates base case view of the future direction of relevant economic variable as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenario. This process involves developing two or more additional economic scenarios and considering the relative probabilities of each outcome.

Data sourcing

The Company is expected to obtain reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. Keeping in mind the above requirement macroeconomic information was aggregated from Economic Intelligence Unit (EIU), Bloomberg, World Bank, RBI database. The EIU data has a database of around 150 macroeconomic variables as well as their forecasted values. Beyond 2022 macro-economic variables are forecasted by mean revering the values to their long term average. External information includes economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies and monetary authorities in the country, supranational organisations such as the OECD and the IMF, and selected private sector and academic forecasters.

Probability weighted scenario creations:

To incorporate macroeconomic impact into probability-weighted, each scenario has an associated probability. In order to ensure consistency across macroeconomic models, these probabilities were calculated at an overall level for both Retail and Non-Retail portfolios, keeping in mind that though the impact of a scenario across different portfolios may differ based on endogenous factors, the probability of a scenario unfolding is purely exogenous, and hence should not vary.

The Company has identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses for each portfolio of financial instruments and using an analysis of historical data, has estimated relationship between marco-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses.

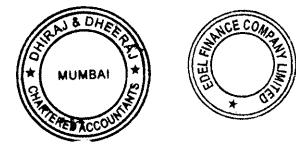
Predicted relationship between the key indicators and default and loss rates on various portfolios of financial assess have been developed based on analysing historical data over the past 5 years.

46.D.2 Risk Concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Company's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on maintaining a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly.

The following table shows the risk concentration by industry for the components of the balance sheet





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

46. Risk Management (continued)

Credit Risk (continued)

46.D.2 Industry analysis - Risk concentration as at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Financial Services	Others	Total
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8.84	-	8.84
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	30.30	-	30.30
Loans	24.60	-	24.60
Investments	72,945.70	-	72,945,70
Other financial assets	4.35	-	4.35
Total Assets	73,013,79		73,013.79

Industry analysis - Risk concentration as at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Financial Services	Others	Total
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	20.63	-	20,63
Loans	9,549.53	-	9,549,53
Investments	31,802.86	-	31,802.86
Other financial assets	2.21	-	2.21
Total Assets	41,375,23	•	41,375,23

46.D.3 Collateral and other credit enhancements

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No collateral is held against the exposure as at March 31, 2024

The tables below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk by class of financial asset along with details on collaterals held against exposure.

	Maximum	exposure to cred	lit risk
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	Principal type of collateral
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8.84	20.63	
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	30.30		
Loans:			
Corporate Credit	24.60	9,549.53	Unsecured
Investments	72,945.70	31,802.86	
Other financial assets	4.35	2.21	
Total Financial Assets	73,013.79	41,375.23	





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

46. Risk Management (Continued)

46.E Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company might be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due as a result of mismatches in the timing of the cash flows under both normal and stress circumstances.

Company has a Liquidity Contingency Policy in place to ensure various liquidity parameters are defined and tracked regularly. Liquidity Management Team is provided with update on expected liquidity shortfalls in Normal as well as Stress scenario.

To manage the stressed circumstances the Company has ensured maintenance of a Liquidity Cushion in the form of Investments in Government Securities. Mutual Funds and Quoted Equity Shares. These assets carry minimal credit risk and can be liquidated in a very short period of time. A liquidity cushion amounting to 5-9% of the borrowings is sought to be maintained through such assets. These would be to take care of immediate obligations while continuing to honour our commitments as a going concern. There are available lines of credit from banks which are drawable on notice which further augment the available sources of funds. Funding is raised through diversified sources including Banks, Private issue of Debt, Sub Debt etc to maintain a healthy mix.

	On Demand	assets and liabi Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Financial Assets							
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	8.84	-	-	-	-	-	8.84
(b) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	30.30	-	-	30.30
(c) Loans	-	24.60	-	-	-	-	24.60
(d) Investments	-	6,954.73	2,430.40	3,645.59	7,266.52	52,648,46	72,945.70
(e) Other financial assets	-	2.72	-	-	1.63	-	4.35
Total undiscounted financial assets	8.84	6,982.05	2,430,40	3,675.89	7,268.15	52,648.46	73,013.79
Financial Liabilities							
Financial Liabilities	-	5.87	-			-	5.87
(a) Trade payables	-		-	-	14,702.90	-	5.87 20,225.07
(a) Trade payables(b) Debt securities	•	5.87 5,522.17 134.21	-	2,957.97	14,702.90 900.00	23,890.00	
(a) Trade payables(b) Debt securities(c) Borrowings (other than debt securities)		5,522.17	-	2,957.97		23,890.00	20,225.07
(a) Trade payables(b) Debt securities	- - -	5,522.17	- - 11.17 -	2,957.97	900.00	23,890.00	20,225.07 27,882.18 161.17
 (a) Trade payables (b) Debt securities (c) Borrowings (other than debt securities) (d) Subordinated Liabilities (e) Other financial liabilities 	- - - -	5,522.17 134.21 - 22.91	-	0.01	900.00 150.00	-	20,225.07 27,882.18 161.17 22.92
 (a) Trade payables (b) Debt securities (c) Borrowings (other than debt securities) (d) Subordinated Liabilities 	- - - -	5,522.17 134.21		-	900.00	23,890.00 23,890.00	20,225.07 27,882.18 161.17

As at March 31, 2023 - Analysis of contractual maturities of financial assets and liabilities

	On Demand	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	I year to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Financial Assets							20,63
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	20,63	-			-	-	
(b) Loans	-	4,549.42	114.74	2,648.27	2,237.10	-	9,549.53
(c) Investments	-	-	-	86.15	12,808.05	18,908.66	31,802.86
(d) Other financial assets	-	1.06	-	-	1.14	-	2.21
Total undiscounted financial assets	20.63	4,550.48	114.74	2,734.42	15,046.29	18,908.66	41,375.23
Financial Liabilities							
		16.28		_	-	-	16.28
(a) Trade payables	-	4,212,89	_	2,646.00	7,951,22	-	14,810.11
(b) Debt securities	•	155.56		2,01010-	10,619.53	1,000.00	11,775.09
(c) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	155.50	11.12	_	150.00	-	161.12
(d) Subordinated Liabilities	-	- 7,21				-	7.21
(e) Other financial liabilities	-	7,21	-	-			
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	• •	4,391.94	11.12	2,646.00	18,720.75	1,000.00	26,769.81
Total net financial assets / (liabilities)	20.63	158.54	103.62	88.42	(3,674.46)	17,908.66	14,605.42





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

46. Risk Management

46.F Market Risk (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The principal risk to which non-trading portfolios are exposed is the risk of loss from fluctuations in the future cash flows or fair values of financial instruments because of a change in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is managed principally through monitoring interest rate gaps and by having preapproved limits for repricing bands.

Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) is the monitoring body for compliance with these limits. ALCO reviews the interest rate gap statement and the mix of floating and fixed rate assets and liabilities. Balance Sheet Management Unit is in-charge for day to day management of interest rate risk.

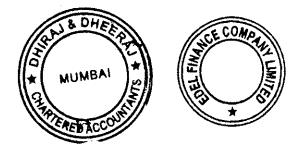
Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The Board has established limits on the non-trading interest rate gaps for stipulated periods. The Company's policy is to monitor positions on a daily basis and hedging strategies are used to ensure positions are maintained within the established limits.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) of the Company's statement of profit and loss and equity. The sensitivity of the statement of profit and loss is the effect of the assumed changes in interest rates on the profit or loss for a year, based on the floating rate non-trading financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2024 and at March 31, 2023

Interest rate sensitivity

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	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Loans	25	0.06	-	25	(0.06)	-
Borrowings	25	(69.71)	-	25	69.71	-
As at March 31, 2023						
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Loans	25	23.97	-	25	(23.97)	-
Borrowings	25	(29.44)	-	25	29.44	-





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in miliions)

- Risk Management (Continued) 46
 - **Market Risk** 46.F

Market risk is the risk which can affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments due to adverse movements in market prices of instrument due to interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads. The objective of the Company's market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters. The Company separates its exposure to market risks between trading and non-trading portfolios.

Total market risk exposure Below table shows total market risk exposure of financial assets liabilities and financial liabilities with primary risk associated with class of respective financial assets

	Primary market risk sensitivity	1,802.86 Price risk, interest rate risk
3	Non traded risk	31,802.86
As at March 31, 2023	Carrying Traded Risk Non traded Amount risk	
As a		
4	Non traded risk	72,945.70
Vs at March 31, 2024	Traded Risk Non traded risk	a
As	Carrying Amount	72,945.70
	Particulars	Financial Assets Investments



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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

Particulars	As at	As a
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 202
) Investments & loans to group companies as a proportion of Net Assets (%) *	99.98%	99,989
) Investments in equity shares and compulsorily convertible instruments of group companies as a proportion of	96.15%	69.98
iet Assets (%) *		
) Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) [Adjusted Net worth / Risk Weighted Assets]	32.09%	33.25
) Leverage Ratio (Times) [Outside liabilities / Adjusted Networth]	2.14	2.0

*Note:

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Investment in Equity shares of Nuvama Wealth Management Limited ("NWML"), a former associate of the Holding Company is considered as group investment for the purpose of reporting these ratios. These shares are subject to lock-in till September, 2024 as per SEBI Regulation.

48. Exposure to real estate sector

Pasticulars	As at	As a
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 202
a) Direct Exposures (i) Residential Mortgages - Lending fully secured by Mortgages on residential property that is or will be accupied by the borrower or that is rented property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented -		
of which housing loans eligible for inclusion in priority sector advances are rendered		
(ii) Commercial Real Estate- Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estate (office buildings, retail space, multi purpose commercial premises, multi family residential buildings, multi tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include non fund based (NFB) limit		
 (iii) Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitised exposures – a. Residential 		
b. Commercial Real Estate		
b) Indirect Exposures		
Fund based and non-fund based exposures on National Housing Bank (NHB) and Housing Finance Companies (HFCs).	2,934.53	2,934.5
Total exposure to Real Estate Sector	2,934,53	2,934.5

Disclosure of details as required by RBI/DNBR/2016-17/39 i.e. Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated 49. 22, 2019)

Particulars	Amount Outsta	nding as at	Amount Overdue as at	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
1) Loans and advances availed by the CIC inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid				
 a) Debentures: (other than those falling within the meaning of Public deposits) 				
(i) Secured	9,122.46	4,371.31	-	-
(ii) Unsecured	5,736.07	5,748.71	-	-
b) Deferred Credits		-	-	-
c) Term Loans	2,957.97	-	-	•
d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	24,924.21	11,775.09	-	-
e) Commercial Paper	5,366.54	4,690.09	-	-
f) Other loans (Bank overdraft)	-	-	-	-
g) Other loans (Subordinated liabilities)	161.17	161.12	-	-





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

Disclosure of details as required by RBI/DNBR/2016-17/39 i.e. Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated August 25, 2016 (Updated as on November 22, 2019) (continued) 49.

2) Break up of Loans and Advances	March 31, 2024	
2) Break na of Loans and Advances	atarca 51, 2024	March 31, 202
el mixer de or mound and Antanixo	-	-
a) Secured	-	-
b) Unsecured	24.60	9,549.53
3) Break up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assetscounting towards AFC activities		
i) Lease assets including lease rentals	-	-
(a) Financial Lease	•	•
(b) Operating Lease	-	-
ii) Stock on hire including hire charges	-	-
(a) Assets on hire	-	-
(b) Repossessed assets	-	-
iii) Other loans counting towards Asset		-
(a) Loans where assets have been	-	-
(b) Loans other than (a) above	-	-
4) Break up of Investments		
Current Investments:		
1. Quoted:		
(i) Shares:	-	-
(a) Equity	-	-
(b) Preference	-	-
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	-	-
(iv) Government Securities	-	-
(v) Others	-	-
2. Unquoted:		
(i) Shares:	-	-
(a) Equity	-	-
(b) Preference	-	•
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	-	-
(iv) Government Securities	•	*
(v) Others	-	-
Long term Investments:		
1. Quoted:		
(i) Shares:	-	-
(a) Equity	7,291.19	-
(b) Preference	-	-
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	2,775.70	2,858.6
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	-	-
(iv) Government Securities	-	-
(v) Others	-	-
2. Unquoted:		
(i) Shares:		
(a) Equity (refer note 1)	62,858.81	28,924 2
(b) Preference	20.00	20.0
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	-	
(iv) Government Securities (v) Others	-	

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Notes:
1. Unquoted equity include investment in equity, redeemable preference shares, compulsory convertible debentures and compulsory convertible preference shares



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

49. Disclosure of details as required by RBI/DNBR/2016-17/39 i.e. Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated August 25, 2016 (Updated as on November 22, 2019) (continued)

5) Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (2) and (3) above :

Category	Amount net of provisions			
	Secured	Unsecured	Tota	
1. Related party			8.68	
a) Subsidiaries	-	8.68		
b) Companies in the same group	-	15.92	15 92	
2. Other than related parties	-		+	
Total	-	24.60	24.60	

Amount net of provisions			
Secured	Unsecured	Total	
_	1,672.50	1,672.50	
-	7,877.03	7,877.03	
		9,549,53	
	Secured	Secured Unsecured - 1,672.50 - 7,877.03 - 0.510.52	

6) Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long-term)

	As March 3		As at March 31, 2023	
Сатедогу	Market Value / Breakup Value or Fair Value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provisions)	Market Value / Breakup Value or Fair Value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provisions)
1. Related party				
a) Subsidiaries	58,599.70	58,599.70	14,856.98	14,856.98
b) Companies in the same group	7,031.81	7,031.81	12,842.72	12,842.72
2. Other than related parties	7,314.19	7,314.19	4,103.16	4,103.16
Total	72,945.70	72,945,70	31,802.86	31,802.86

6.1) Investment in other CICs- Total amount representing any direct or indirect capital contribution made by one CIC in another CIC is Nil

6.2) Investments and movement in provision

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Value of Investments 1) Gross Value of Investments	70.045.70	31,802.86
a) In India b) Outside India	72,945.70	51,802.80
ii) Provisions for Depreciation		_
a) In India b) Outside India		-
iii) Net Value of Investments	72,945,70	31,802.86
a) In India b) Outside India	12,943,10	
2. Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
i) Opening balance ii) Add : Provisions made during the year	-	-
ii) Less : Write-off / write-back of excess provisions during the year iv) Closing balance	-	-





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

Disclosure of details as required by RBI/DNBR/2016-17/39 i.e. Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated 49. August 25, 2016 (Updated as on November 22, 2019) (continued)

7) Other information

Particulars	Amount C	utstanding as at
	March 31, 20	24 March 31, 202
(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets		
(a) Related Parties		
(b) Other than Related Parties		
(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets		
(a) Related Parties		
(b) Other than Related Parties		
(iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of		

Disclosure on liquidity risk 50.

As required in terms of paragraph 3 of RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR NBFC (PD) CC. No. 102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management Framework for Non-Banking Financial Companies and Core Investment Companies.

1. Funding concentration based on significant counterparty (borrowings)

Number of significant counterparties*	Amount	% of Total Deposits	% of Total Liabilities
10	39,613.10	NA	81.88%
Total	39,613.10	-	81.88%

Number of significant counterparties*	Amount	% of Total Deposits	% of Total Liabilities
9	18,731.73	NA	69.88%
Total	18,731,73	-	69.88%

"Significant counterparty" is defined as a single counterparty or group of connected or affiliated counterparties accounting in aggregate for more than 1% of the NBFC-NDSI's total liabilities.

2. Top 20 large deposits

2. Top at arge deposits The Company being a Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company registered with Reserve Bank of India got converted into Core Investment Company (CIC) as NBFC-CIC-ND-SI, does not accept public deposits.

3. Top 10 borrowings (amount in ₹ millions and % of total borrowings)

Particulars	Amount*	% of Tota
		Borrowings**
Top 10 Investors	39,613.10	82.07%
A		
As at March 31, 2023		% of Total
As at March 31, 2023 Particulars	Amount*	% of Tota Borrowings**

* Represents principal amount

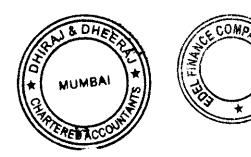
** Total borrowings represents debt securities - borrowings (other than debt securities) - subordinated liabilities

4. Funding concentration based on significant instrument / product

As at March 31, 2024

	Amount	% of Total Liabilities
Name of the instrument / product		
Debt securities	20,386,24	42.14%
Intra Group borrowings	27,882.18	57.63%

As at March 31, 2023		
	Amount	% of Total Liabilities
Name of the instrument / product		
Debt securities	14,971,23	55.85%
Intra Group borrowings	11,775.09	43,93%





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

Disclosure on liquidity risk (continued)

5. Stock Ratios

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	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Commercial papers as a % of total public funds	11.12%	17.54%
Commercial papers as a % of total liabilities	11.09%	17.50%
Commercial papers as a % of total assets	7.21%	11.16%
Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total public funds	0.00%	0.00%
Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total liabilities	0.00%	0.00%
Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total assets	0.00%	0.00%
Other short term liabilities *	-	-
Other short-term liabilities, if any as a % of total public funds**	0.00%	0,00%
Other short-term liabilities, if any as a % of total liabilities***	0.00%	0.00%
Other short-term liabilities, if any as a % of total assets	0.00%	0.00%

"Other short-term liabilities" refers to the borrowing in short term in nature.
 "Total public funds" refers to the aggregate of Debt securities, Borrowing (other than debt securities) and Subordinated liabilities.

*** "Total liabilities " refers to total external liabilities (i.e. excluding total equity).

6. Institutional set-up for liquidity risk management

The Asset-Liability gap is being monitored from time to time to overcome the asset-liability mismatches, interest risk exposure, etc. if any. The Liquidity risk emanates from the possible mismatches due to differences in maturity and repayment profile of assets and liabilities. The Company ensures that the credit and investment exposure are only with the group companies and are within the statutory limits as prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time. The Company will continue to get support from the Holding Company in the form of equity infusion and the necessary support to repay its dues on a timely basis.





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

Disclosure pursuant to Reserve Bank of India notification DOR (NBFC).CC.PD.No. 109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020 pertaining to Asset 51. **Classification as per RBI Norms**

As per the RBI circular RBI/2019-20/170 dated 13th March, 2020, where impairment allowance under Ind AS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRACP (including standard asset provisioning), NBFCs (CICs) shall appropriate the difference from their net profit or loss after tax to a separate 'Impairment Reserve'. Further, no withdrawals shall be permitted from this reserve without prior permission from the RBI.

As at March 31, 2024

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	classification as per Ind AS 109	Amount as per Ind AS	(Provisions) as required under			Ind As 109 Provisions and IRACP norms
		Α	B	C = A - B	D	E = B - D
Performing Assets Standard	Stage I	24.70	0,10	24.60	0.10	-

As at March 31, 2023

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS A	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109 B		per IRACP	Difference between Ind As 109 Provisions and IRACP norms E = B - D
Performing Assets Standard	Stage 1	9,587.88	38.35	9,549.53	38.35	-

Asset Liability Management -Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities 52.

Particulars	Liabilities		Assets	
	Market	Inter group		
	borrowings	borrowings	Advance	Investments
1 day to 30/31 days (One month)	-	134.21	24.60	264.00
Over One months to 2 months	1,927.68	-	-	2,934.53
Over 2 months up to 3 months	3,594.49	-	-	3,756.20
Over 3 months to 6 months	11.17	-	-	2,430.40
Over 6 months to 1 year	2,957.97	-	-	3,645.59
Over 1 year to 3 years	7,447.67	-	-	7,206.26
Over 3 years to 5 years	7,405.23	900.00	-	60.26
Over 5 years	-	23,890.00	-	52,648.46
Total	23,344.21	24,924.21	24.60	72,945.70

Particulars	Liabiliti	Assets		
	Market	Inter group		
	borrowings	borrowings	Advance	Investments
I day to 30/31 days (One month)		155.56	162.24	-
Over One months to 2 months	2,043.16	-	2,091.60	-
Over 2 months up to 3 months	2,169.73	-	2,295.58	
Over 3 months to 6 months	11.12	-	114.74	-
Over 6 months to 1 year	2,646.00	-	2,648.27	86.15
Over 1 year to 3 years	3,939.34	7,619.53	2,237.10	10,727.03
Over 3 years to 5 years	4,161.88	3,000.00	-	2,081.02
Over 5 years	-	1,000.00		18,908.66
Total	14,971.23	11,775,09	9,549.53	31,802.86





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

Provisions and Contingencies: 53,

Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head Expenditure in Profit and Loss Account:

	As at	As a	
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Provisions for depreciation on investment	-	-	
Provision towards non-performing assets	-	-	
Provision made towards Income tax (shown below profit			
before tax)			
Current tax	-	-	
Deferred tax	(649.00)	208.78	
Current tax relating to earlier years	-	-	
Impact of change in the rate on opening deferred tax	-	-	
Other provision and contingencies:			
Provision for standard assets	(38.25)	30.80	

 54. Miscellaneous
 1) Registration obtained from other financial sector regulators: No registration has been obtained from other financial sector regulators. II) Penalties imposed by RBI and other regulators: No penalties have been imposed by RBI or other regulators during the year. (Previous Year: NIL)

III) Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year:

Instrument category	CRISIL	ICRA	CARE	Brickworks	Acuite
i) Long Term Instruments					
Rating	A+/Stable	A+/Placed on rating watch with negative implications	A/Stable	AA-/Negative	A+/Stable
Amount	15,170.00	5,620.00	2,000.00	2,720.00	2,000.00
ii) Short Term Instruments					
Rating	A1+	-	A1	Al+	A1-
Amount	15,000.00	-	10,000.00	10,000.00	6,500.00
iii) Market link debentures - Long term					
	PPMLD A+/Stable	PP-MLD	PP-MLD		-
		A+/Placed on rating watch with negative	A/Stable		
		implications			
Rating		f •	1 459 20	-	-
Amount	15,424.20	1,527.60	1,458.20	-	-
iv) Market link debentures - Short term					
Rating	PPMLD A1+	-	-		
Amount	5,000.00	-	-	-	

As at March 31, 2023

Instrument category	CRISIL	ICRA	CARE	Brickworks	Acuite
i) Long Term Instruments					
Rating	AA-/Negative	A+/Stable	A+/Negative	AA-/Negative	AA-/Negative
Amount	13,670.00	6,120.00	2,000.00	2,720.00	2,000 00
ii) Short Term Instruments					
Rating	AI+	•	Al+	A1+	-
Amount	15,000.00	-	10,000.00	10,000.00	-
iii) Market link debentures - Long term					
,	PP-MLD AA-	PP-MLD [ICRA]	PP-MLD		
Rating	/Negative	A+/Stable	A+/Negative	~	-
Amount	15,424.20	1,537.60	1,458.20	-	-
iv) Market link debentures - Short term					
Rating	PP-MLD A1+	-	-	-	-
Amount	5,000.00	-	-	-	-





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

- 55. Other Additional Regulatory Information
- 55.1 Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company The Company do not have any immovable properties where title deeds are not held in the name of the company.

55, 2 Loans and Advances

There are no loans or advances in the nature of loans which are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person that are: (a) repayable on demand or

(b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment

- 55. 3 Details of Benami Property held The Company do not have any benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property
- 55. 4 Security of current assets against borrowings The Company has no borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
- 55.5 Wilful Defaulter The Company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.
- 55. 6 Relationship with Struck off Companies The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- 55. 7 Registration of charges or satisfaction of charges with Registrar of Companies (ROC) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- 55.8 Undisclosed income

The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

55, 9 Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

- The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current financial year and any of the previous financial years.
- 55. 10 Compliance with number of layers of companies The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

56. Figures for the previous year have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to current year presentation.

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

Shailendra Dadhich Partner Membership No: 425098



Mumbai May 10, 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN 907297081

Victya Shah Executive Director DIN: 00274831

Christina D'souza Company Secretary



May 10, 2024

Form AOC-I

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> Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts/) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiaries/ associate companies/ joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

Name of the Subsidiary Company	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Comtrade Limited)	Allium Finance Private Limited
Reporting currency	INR	INR	INR	INR
Exchange rate				
Paid-up Equity Share Capital	693.50	6,755.50	300.00	68.26
Reserves of the Subsidiary	7454.38	(13,361.94)	(291.77)	1365.55
Total Assets of the Subsidiary	37,649.46	5,003.45	33.62	1436.10
Total Liabilities of the Subsidiary	29,501.58	11,609.89	25.39	2.29
Investments	2,058.23	1,808.22	-	
Total Turnover	4657.12	1,349.45	0.66	157.22
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	260.55	(2,407.87)	(8.83)	158.39
Provision for taxation	67.50	-	0.02	32.92
Profit/(Loss) after taxation	193.05	(2,407.87)	(8.85)	125.47
Proposed dividend	-	-		-
% of shareholding	95%	100%	100%	88.28

Name of the Subsidiary Company	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	Ecap Equities Limited	ECL Finance Limited	Edelcap Securities Limited
Reporting currency	INR	INR	INR	INR
Exchange rate		14		
Paid-up Equity Share Capital	13,179.40	12,784.49	2,138.27	3639.25
Reserves of the Subsidiary	-6,180.55	-3,389.66	25,552.81	456.69
Total Assets of the Subsidiary	27,285.34	51,460.25	1,08,282.08	6901.62
Total Liabilities of the Subsidiary	20,286.49	42,065.42	80,591.00	2805.68
Investments	10,282.62	34,723.39	73,978.96	6094.22
Total Turnover	3,109.37	14,388.97	12,737.53	1524.52
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	-1,008.71	865.67	1,844.22	239.85
Provision for taxation	17.66	-534.22	492.35	-39.57
Profit/(Loss) after taxation	-1,026.37	1,399.89	1,351.87	279.43
Proposed dividend	-	-		
% of shareholding	100%	80.23%	100%	80.23%

Name of the Subsidiary Company	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	India Credit Investment Fund III	India Credit Investment Fund - 5
Reporting currency	INR	INR	INR	INR		
Exchange rate						
Paid-up Equity Share Capital	429.50	266.84	593.70	6.13	-	-
Reserves of the Subsidiary	5,081.40	249.42	84.67	1.78	-	-
Total Assets of the Subsidiary	10,144.92	516.39	678.56	7.95	-	_
Total Liabilities of the Subsidiary	4,634.02	0.13	0.19	0.04	-	-
Investments	2,219.34	513.93	641.53		-	
Total Turnover	1,085.45	-17.04	-111.17	-	67.98	-765.11
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	181.84	-19.13	-114.78	-0.08	-361.50	-791.94
Provision for taxation	37.66	-	-		-	
Profit/(Loss) after taxation	144.18	-19.13	-114.78	-0.08	-361.50	-791.94
Proposed dividend	-					-
% of shareholding	81.62%	95.60%	96.05%	100%	100%	100%

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Edel Finance Company Limited

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ï Ananya Suneja Executive Drector & CFO DIN No.:07/97081

May 10, 2024



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Vidya Shah Executive Director DIN No.: 00274831

Christina D'souza Company Secretary



Form AOC-I

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Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounst/) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiaries/ associate companies/ joint ventures

Part "B": Associates

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

Sr No	Name of the Associate	Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited
1	Latest Audited Balance sheet date	31-Mar-24
2	Share of Associate held by the Company on the year end	
	Number of shares	2,94,473
	Amount of Investment in Associates (` in millions)	5,968.05
	Extend of Holding %	48.00%
3	Reason why the associate is not Consolidated	No Control
4	Networth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet (`in millions)	2,896.57
5	Profit / (Loss) for the year	
	i. Considered in Consolidation	(16.13)
	ii. Not Considered in Consolidation (including exceptional items)	(356.93)

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Edel Finance Company Limited

Anarya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN No.:07297081

May 10, 2024



Vidya Shah Executive Director DIN No.: 00274831



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for



NOTICE OF THE 35TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE 35TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF EDEL FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED WILL BE HELD ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AT 3:00 P.M. AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY AT EDELWEISS HOUSE, OFF. C.S.T. ROAD, KALINA, MUMBAI – 400 098 TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- **1.** To consider and adopt:
 - a. the audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024, together with the Report of the Board and the Auditors thereon; and
 - b. the audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.
- **2.** To appoint a Director in place of Ms. Priyadeep Chopra (DIN:00079353), who retires by rotation and, being eligible, offered herself for re-appointment.

3. Appointment of the Statutory Auditors

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:-

"**RESOLVED** that pursuant to the provisions of Sections 139 and 142 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and all other applicable laws and pursuant to the recommendations of the Audit Committee and that of the Board of Directors, M/s. Tambi & Jaipurkar, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 115954W) be and are hereby appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company, for a term of 3 years, to hold office from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting (AGM) till the conclusion of the 38th AGM of the Company to be held in the calendar year 2027 and that the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to fix the remuneration from time to time as may be recommended by the Audit Committee in consultation with the Auditors."



4. Continuation of Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311) as an Independent Director

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, the following Resolution as a Special Resolution:-

"RESOLVED that pursuant to the applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and other applicable laws, approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN:00044311), who has attained the age of 75 years, to continue to hold office as an Independent Director of the Company, until the conclusion of his 2nd term of appointment.

FURTHER RESOLVED that the Board (which term shall be deemed to include any Committee which the Board may have constituted or hereinafter constitute to exercise its powers including the powers conferred by this Resolution) be and is hereby authorised on behalf of the Company to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may, in its absolute discretion, deem necessary or expedient in the interest of the Company and with power on behalf of the Company to settle any questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard without requiring the Board to secure any further consent or approval of the Members of the Company."

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors EDEL FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED

> Christina D'souza Company Secretary (Membership No. A18781)

Mumbai, September 25, 2024

Registered Office: Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098. CIN: U65920MH1989PLC053909



NOTES:

1. A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF AND SUCH PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. PROXIES, IN ORDER TO BE EFFECTIVE MUST BE RECEIVED BY THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE THE MEETING.

A person can act as proxy on behalf of Members not exceeding fifty (50) and holding in aggregate not more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company. In case a proxy is proposed to be appointed by a Member holding more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights, then such proxy shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.

- 2. An Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), in respect of the Special Business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting (AGM/Meeting) is annexed hereto.
- 3. Pursuant to the Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, information in respect of the Director seeking reappointment at the AGM is given in the Annexure to the Notice.
- 4. The Meeting is convened at a shorter notice after obtaining the necessary consent of the Members as required under the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Corporate members intending to send their authorised representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting.
- 6. The Statutory Registers of the Company will be available for inspection by the members at the AGM and at the Registered Office of the Company during the business hours on all working days up to the date of the AGM.
- 7. Copies of the Annual Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 are being sent to the members by hand delivery. Members may also note that the Notice of 35th AGM and the Company's Annual Report for 2023-24 will be made available on the Company's website at <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com</u>. The physical copies of the documents required to be kept for inspection under Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 will also be available at the Company's Registered Office for inspection during business hours on every working day up to the date of AGM.
- 8. A Route Map along with Prominent Landmark for easy location to reach the venue of Annual General Meeting is annexed with the notice of Annual General Meeting.



ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE DATED SEPTEMBER 25, 2024

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ('the Act')

ITEM NO. 3:-

M/s. Dhiraj & Dheeraj, Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No.102454W), were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company by the Members at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on December 27, 2021 to hold office until the conclusion of the 35th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company to be held in the calendar year 2024. Accordingly, the term of M/s. Dhiraj & Dheeraj, Chartered Accountants would expire at the conclusion of the 35th AGM in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India for the appointment of Statutory Auditors for Non-Banking Finance Companies dated April 27, 2021.

The Audit Committee having considered various parameters have recommended the appointment of M/s. Tambi & Jaipurkar, Chartered Accountants (FRN:115954W), as the Statutory Auditors of the Company.

The Board of Directors of the Company based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee, have recommended the appointment of M/s. M/s. Tambi & Jaipurkar, Chartered Accountants as the Statutory Auditors of the Company, to hold office for a term of 3 years from the conclusion of the 35th AGM till the conclusion of the 38th AGM to be held in the calendar year 2027.

Pursuant to Section 139 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder, the Company has received the written consent from M/s. Tambi & Jaipurkar, Chartered Accountants and a certificate confirming that they satisfy the criteria as provided under the Act and the Guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India and their appointment, if made, will be in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder. As required under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, M/s. Tambi & Jaipurkar, Chartered Accountants has confirmed that they hold a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

The Board recommends the Ordinary Resolution as set out in Item No. 3 of the Notice for the approval of the Members.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are, in any way, directly or indirectly, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the Resolution set out in Item No. 3 of the Notice.



ITEM NO. 4:-

In terms of the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, ('Listing Regulations'), approval of the members is required for continuation of Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311), who has attained the age of 75 years, to continue to hold office as an Independent Director of the Company, until the conclusion of his 2nd term of appointment.

Brief profile of Dr. Vinod Juneja:

Dr. Vinod Juneja, holds the degree of Bachelor of Law and PhD. He has a rich and varied experience of more than 3 decades in the Banking Sector. In recognition of his services, Dr. Juneja was conferred with various awards which *inter alia* include Udyog Ratna Award, Bharat Gaurav Award, Gold Star Award, International Gold Star Award, Achievers Excellence Award.

Dr. Juneja has given his consent as an Independent Director of the Company and has submitted the disclosures as required under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations and a declaration that he meets the criteria for appointment as an Independent Director as prescribed under Section 149 of the Act and the Listing Regulations, as applicable, and that he is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director of the Company as per the provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations. Mr. Juneja has attained the age of 75 years in the second term Dr. Juneja is not debarred from being appointed as a Director by the Securities and Exchange Board of India and any other authority.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution as set out in Item No. 4 of the Notice for the approval by the Members.

Except, Dr. Vinod Juneja and his relatives, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their respective relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, in the Resolution set out at Item No. 4 of the Notice.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors EDEL FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED

Christina D'souza Company Secretary (Membership No. A18781)

Mumbai, September 25, 2024

Registered Office: Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098. CIN: U65920MH1989PLC053909



Details of Directors seeking re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to
Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2):

Particulars	Ms. Priyadeep Chopra		
Date of Birth	November 11, 1976		
Age	47 years		
Date of first Appointment	May 24, 2023		
Experience in functional Area	More than two and a half decades of rich and diverse experience centred around leadership development, culture building and communication		
Qualifications	Master's degree in Microbiology from Delhi University and Bachelor's Degree in Science - Microbiology from Gargi College, Delhi		
Terms and Conditions of Appointment/Re-appointment	Appointed as a Non-executive Director, liable to retire by rotation.		
Remuneration to be paid	None		
Remuneration last drawn	None		
No. of Board Meetings Attended during the year	4 out of 5		
Directorship in other Companies (Public Limited Companies)	 Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Zuno General Insurance Limited Edelweiss Life Insurance Company Limited 		
Name of listed entities from which the person has resigned in the past three years	None		
Membership/ Chairmanship of Committees of other public limited companies (Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship/ Investors Grievance Committee only)	Audit Committee Member of Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited		
Relationship with other Directors inter-se and with Key Managerial Personnel of the Company	None		
No. of shares held in the Company	None		



PROXY FORM

[Pursuant to Section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

Edel Finance Company Limited

Corporate Identity No. (CIN): U65920MH1989PLC053909 Registered office: Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098.

Folio No./ Depository A/c No._____

I/We, being the member (s) of Shares of the above named company, hereby appoint:

1. Name	2. Name	3. Name
Address	Address	Address
E-mail Id	E-mail Id	E-mail Id
Signature	Signature	Signature
or failing him	or failing him	

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 35th Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held on Monday, September 30, 2024 at 3:00 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Sr.	Resolution	For	Against	
No.				
	ORDINARY BUSINESS:			
1.	To consider and adopt:-			
	a. the audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024, together with the Report of the Board and the Auditors thereon;			
	b. the audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.			
2.	To appoint a Director in place of Ms. Priyadeep Chopra (DIN: 00079353) who retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.			
3.	To appoint the Statutory Auditors			
	SPECIAL BUSINESS:			
4.	To consider and approve continuation of Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311) as an Independent Director			
Signe	ed this 2024.	Affix Reve	nue Stamp	
Signatı	are of shareholder:			

Signature of Proxy holder(s):____

Note: This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.



Corporate Identity No. (CIN): U65920MH1989PLC053909 Registered office: Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098

ATTENDANCE SLIP

35th Annual General Meeting – Monday, September 30, 2024 at 3:00 p.m.

Folio No. / Client ID No./DP Id No.	
No. of shares	

I/we certify that I/we am/are a Registered Member/Authorised Representative of Registered Member under Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013 /Proxy for Registered Member of Edel Finance Company Limited.

I/we hereby record my/our presence at the 35th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Monday, September 30, 2024 at 3:00 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098 and at any adjournment thereof.

*Member's/ Authorised Representative's/ Proxy's full name in block letters

Member's/Authorised Representative/ Proxy's Signature

Note: Please fill in this attendance slip and hand it over at the venue of the meeting.

* Please strike off whichever is not applicable



Route Map of the 35th Annual General Meeting of Edel Finance Company Limited AGM Venue: Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098 Landmark – University of Mumbai, Kalina

