EDEL INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Corporate Identity No.: U65923MH2009PLC420691

Annual Report 2025-26

Directors

Dr. Vinod Juneja	-	Independent Director
Mr. Ashish Gupta	-	Non - Executive Director
Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande	-	Executive Director
Mr. Dushyant Patadiya	-	Executive Director

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Kaushal Patel

Company Secretary

Mr. Akash Soni

Statutory Auditors

M/s. Dhiraj & Dheeraj, Chartered Accountants

Registered Office

5th Floor, Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina,
Mumbai - 400 098
Tel: +91 22 4079 5199   Fax: +91 40 4031 6905
Email: gm.governance@edelweissfin.com

Registrar and Transfer Agent

MUFG Intime India Private Limited
C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park,
Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli (West),
Mumbai, Maharashtra – 400083
Phone: +91 022 49186000   Fax: +91 022- 49186060
Email: sanjay.jadhav@linkintime.co.in

NOTICE OF THE 17TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE 17TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF EDEL INVESTMENTS LIMITED WILL BE HELD ON THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 03, 2026 AT 11:30 AM AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY AT 5th FLOOR, EDELWEISS HOUSE, OFF C.S.T. ROAD, KALINA, MUMBAI - 400098

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, together with the Report of the Board and the Auditors thereon and in this regard, to consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions:

   "**RESOLVED THAT** the audited financial statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon, as circulated to the members, be and are hereby considered and adopted."

2. To appoint a director in place of Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande (DIN: 09646670), who retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment, and in this regard to consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

   '**RESOLVED THAT** in accordance with the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande (DIN: 09646670), who retires by rotation at this Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation.'

3. Appointment of Statutory Auditor

   To consider and, if thought Fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

   "**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 and 142 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Rules framed thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) and all other applicable laws and pursuant to the recommendations of the Board of Directors, M/s. Tambi & Jaipurkar, Chartered Accountants, be and are hereby appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company, to hold office from the conclusion of the ensuing Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 22nd Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2031 and that the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to fix the remuneration from time to time in consultation with the Auditors."

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

4. Appointment of Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311) as an Independent Director of the Company:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152, 160 read with Schedule IV, and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time and the Articles of Association of the Company, and pursuant to approval of the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as "Board", which term shall be deemed to include a Committee of the Board, if any, constituted to exercise its powers, including the powers conferred by this Resolution) at their meeting held on September 22, 2025, and pursuant to the approval received from the Stock Exchange(s), Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311), who was appointed as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from November 28, 2024, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company;

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act read with Schedule IV to the Act (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and the Rules framed thereunder, as amended from time to time, Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311), who meets the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act as amended from time to time and who is eligible for appointment as an Independent Director of the Company, be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation, for a term of five consecutive years with effect from September 22, 2025 to September 21, 2030; and;

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board be and is hereby authorised on behalf of the Company to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may, in its absolute discretion, deem necessary or expedient in the interest of the Company and with power on behalf of the Company to settle any questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard without requiring the Board to secure any further consent or approval of the members of the Company; and

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT any of the Director of the Company and the Company Secretary be and are hereby severally authorised to do all acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary to give effect to this resolution including to sign and execute the requisite forms, applications, intimations, undertakings and other necessary papers with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Stock Exchanges, Registrar of Companies, and other regulatory authorities, as applicable."

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Edel Investments Limited

Sd/-
Akash Soni
Company Secretary
Membership No: A66948
Place : Mumbai
Date : August 04, 2026

Registered Office:

5th Floor, Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road,
Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098
CIN No.: U65923MH2009PLC420691
Email: gm.governance@edelweissfin.com

NOTES:

1. **A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER. THE INSTRUMENT APPOINTING PROXY MUST BE DEPOSITED AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE MEETING.**

   A person can act as proxy on behalf of Members not exceeding fifty (50) and holding in aggregate not more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company. In case a proxy is proposed to be appointed by a Member holding more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights, then such proxy shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.

2. Corporate members intending to send their authorised representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorising their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting.

3. The Members desiring to inspect the documents referred and relied upon by the Company in this Notice and statutory registers/documents as prescribed under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder are required to send request through an email at gm.governance@edelweissfin.com or is physically available for inspection from 11.00 am to 1.00 pm at registered office of the Company on any working day upto the date of the General meeting. Access of such documents would be given to such Member.

4. Copies of the Annual Report of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, are being sent to the Members by hand delivery. Members may also note that the Notice of 17th AGM and the Company's Annual Report for 2025-26 will be made available on the Company's website at https://eil.edelweissfin.com.

5. In respect of the Business to be transacted, the Explanatory Statement pursuant to the provisions of Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 is annexed, and the relevant details as per Paragraph 1.2.5 of the Secretarial Standard on General meetings in respect of appointment/re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting are annexed hereto.

6. In case a poll is demanded, the Chairman shall follow the procedure provided in Section 109 of the Companies Act, 2013, and rules made thereunder.

7. A Route Map along with a Prominent Landmark for easy location to reach the venue of the Annual General Meeting is annexed with the notice of the Annual General Meeting.

Edelweiss
Ideas create, values protect

Details of Director seeking appointment/ re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2)

Name of the Director	Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande	Dr. Vinod Juneja
Date of Birth	14-08-1977	20-04-1947
Age	47	80
Date of first Appointment on the Board	July 18, 2025	September 22, 2025
Brief resume, qualification, experience and nature of expertise in specific functional areas	Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande has over 25 years of holistic experience in Customer Experience Management, Business Development, Sales & Marketing, Franchisee Management, Financial Trading Operations, Team Management, Product development, E-broking & HNI Clients. He has been with Edelweiss group close to 5 years now and he is presently managing the Broking & GRCO operations team. He also looks after operational risk management and mitigation, regulatory reporting, Billing, funds and securities processing management. Creating a detailed action plan for broking operation vertical based on the function/LOB strategy, communicating it to the team & periodically reviewing progress, creating and prioritizing a detailed action plan for projects. Prior to this, Mr. Gawande was with IDBI Capital Market & Securities Ltd,	Dr. Vinod Juneja qualifies with the degrees of B. Com. (Hon.), M.Com., L.L.B.& Ph D. Dr. Juneja has thirty years, vast, banking experience to his credit. His special expertise is in International Banking, Foreign Exchange Syndication and Marketing Department. He worked in various Banks on important positions such as Public Sector Bank: Syndicate Bank, Financial Institution: Exim Bank, Private Sector Bank: Bharat Overseas Bank, Bank of Rajasthan. Under his leadership the Bank of Rajasthan increased the number of its branches from 280 to 640, Foreign Banks: Sanwa Bank of Japan, Shinhan Bank of Korea, Sumitomo Bank, right from its set-up to inauguration of its branches and establishment in India, Indian Bank Association: He was also the Member of the Personnel & Legal Committee and Bank's Sports Board of the Indian

	HNI Channel Mumbai, Karvy Stock Broking Limited, IDBI Capital Market Services Ltd., Apollo Sindhoori Capital Investments Ltd. and ICICI Bank. Mr. Gawande has completed his MBA (Finance) from Pioneer Institute of Professional Studies, Indore and holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from Institute of Professional Education and Research, Indore.	Banks' Association since November 2004 to 2007. Dr. Juneja was an active member of the Public Relation Society of India in 1978 / 1979. He also attended the World Public Relation Conference in 1985 as a part of the India delegation.
No. of Board Meetings attended during the financial year ended March 31, 2026	5	2
Directorships held in all other companies	Nil	Tracknow Private Limited Nido Home Finance Limited Shristinagar Guwahati Private Limited ECap Equities Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Applewater Capital Private Limited
Memberships / Chairmanships of Committees of other Boards	Member of the CSR Committee Member of the Technology Committee	Member of the CSR Committee
Number of Equity Shares held in the Company	Nil	Nil
Inter-se relationship with other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel	NA	NA
(a) Details of Remuneration sought to be paid	As approved by shareholders	Dr. Juneja is being appointed as an Independent Director on

		the Board of the Company. Remuneration in form of sitting fees and commission, if any, as applicable as per the Companies Act, 2013.
(b) Remuneration last drawn by the Director	As approved by shareholders	NA

ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE DATED AUGUST 04, 2026

Statement pursuant to the provisions of Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013

Item No. 3

The Board of Directors of the Company at its Meeting held on September 22, 2025, appointed Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311) as an Additional Director (Independent Director) & Non-Designated Director of the Company for a period of 5 years with effect from September 22, 2025, subject to approval of Members of the Company.

A brief profile of Dr. Vinod Juneja is as under:

Dr. Vinod Juneja qualifies with the degrees of B. Com. (Hon.), M.Com., L.L.B.& Ph D. Dr. Juneja has thirty years, vast, banking experience to his credit. His special expertise is in International Banking, Foreign Exchange Syndication and Marketing Department. He worked in various Banks on important positions such as Public Sector Bank: Syndicate Bank, Financial Institution: Exim Bank, Private Sector Bank: Bharat Overseas Bank, Bank of Rajasthan. Under his leadership the Bank of Rajasthan increased the number of its branches from 280 to 640, Foreign Banks: Sanwa Bank of Japan, Shinhan Bank of Korea, Sumitomo Bank, right from its set-up to inauguration of its branches and establishment in India, Indian Bank Association: He was also the Member of the Personnel & Legal Committee and Bank's Sports Board of the Indian Banks' Association since November 2004 to 2007.

Dr. Juneja was an active member of the Public Relation Society of India in 1978 / 1979. He also attended the World Public Relation Conference in 1985 as a part of the India delegation.

Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311) has given his consent for appointment as an Independent Director of the Company and a declaration to the effect that he meets the criteria of independence as prescribed under Section 149 of the Act and that he is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director of the Company as per the provisions of the Act. Dr. Juneja is not debarred from being appointed as a Director by SEBI, MCA and any such Statutory Authority.

Dr. Juneja is a person of integrity and has relevant skills, experience and expertise in financial services, for him to be appointed as an Independent Director on the Board of the Company.

Considering the qualification and, experience, the Board recommends the appointment of Dr. Vinod Juneja as an Independent Director for the term of 5 years w.e.f. September 22, 2025 by a Special Resolution as set out in Item No. 3 of the Notice.

Dr. Vinod Juneja is not related to any Promoter, Director and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

Except Dr. Vinod Juneja, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are concerned or interested in this item of business, in any manner whatsoever.

EDEL INVESTMENTS LIMITED
Corporate Identity No. (CIN) - U65923MH2009PLC420691
Registered office: 5th Floor, Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road,
Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098

ATTENDANCE SLIP

17TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF EDEL INVESTMENTS LIMITED WILL BE HELD ON THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 03, 2026 AT 11:30 AM AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY AT 5th FLOOR, EDELWEISS HOUSE, OFF C.S.T. ROAD, KALINA, MUMBAI – 400098

Name of the Member(s):	
Registered Address:	
Email ID:	
Folio No. /Client ID No./DP Id No.	
No. of shares	

I/we certify that I/we am/are a Registered Member/Authorised Representative of Registered Member under Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013 /Proxy for Registered Member of Edel Investments Limited.

I/we hereby record my/our presence at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Thursday, September 03, 2026 at 11:30. a.m at the Registered Office of the Company at 5th Floor, Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400098 and at any adjournment thereof.

*Member's/ Authorised
Representative's/ Proxy's full name in block letters

Member's/Authorised Representative/
Proxy's Signature

Note: Please fill in this attendance slip and hand it over at the venue of the meeting.

* Please strike off whichever is not applicable

PROXY FORM

[Pursuant to Section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

EDEL INVESTMENTS LIMITED
Corporate Identity No. (CIN) - U65923MH2009PLC420691
Registered office: 5th Floor, Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098
Tel No.: +91 40 4031 6900

Name of the Member(s):	
Registered Address:	
Email ID:	
Folio No. /Client ID No./DP Id No.	
No. of shares	

I/We, being the member (s) of ……………………………………… Shares of the above named company, hereby appoint:

1. Name	2. Name	3. Name
Address	Address	Address
E-mail Id	E-mail Id	E-mail Id
Signature …………………………… ………., or failing him	Signature …………………………… ………., or failing him	Signature …………………………… ……….

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 17th Annual General Meeting will be held on Thursday, September 03, 2026 at 11:30. a.m at the Registered Office of the Company at 5th Floor, Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400098 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated overleaf:

Sr. No.	Resolution	For	Against
Ordinary Business			
1.	To consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, together with the Report of the Board and the Auditors thereon.		
2.	To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande (DIN: 09646670) who retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.		
3.	Appointment of Statutory Auditor		
Special Business			
4.	Appointment of Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311) as an Independent Director of the Company		

Signed this………………….. day of…………………….. 2026.

Affix Revenue Stamp of Re. 0.15

Signature of Shareholder: _________________

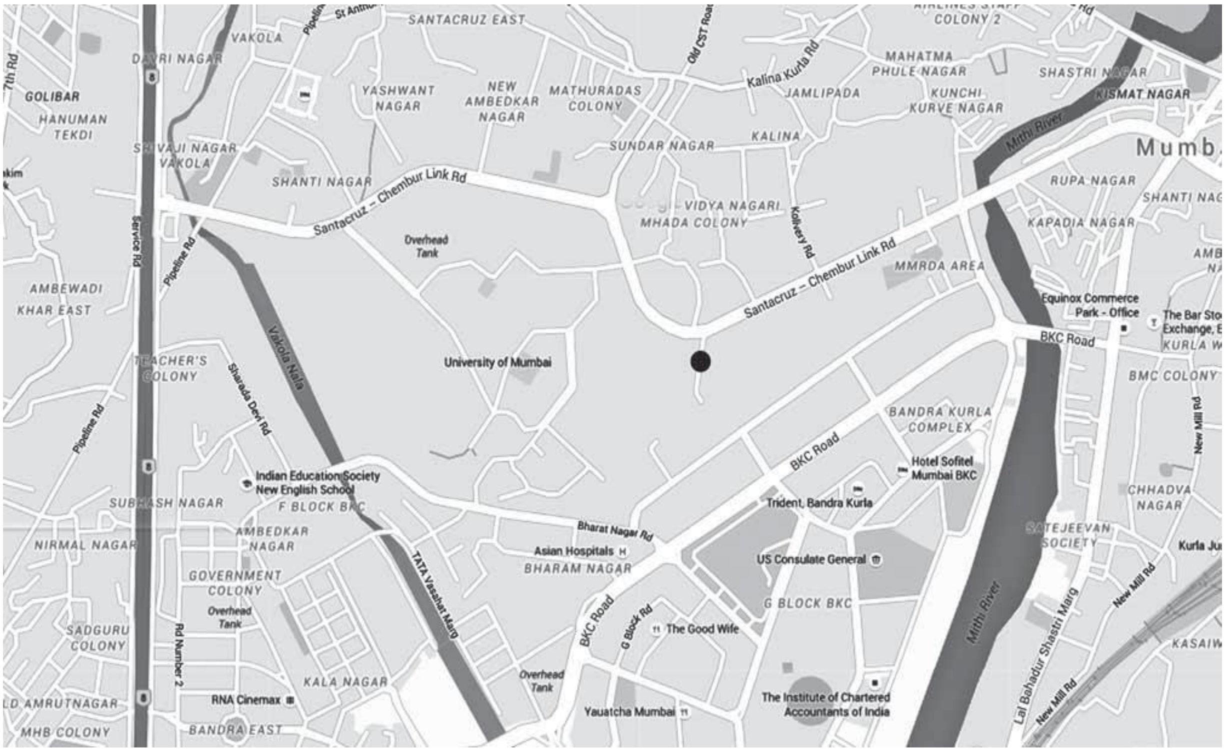
Signature of Proxy holder(s): ____________________

Note: This form of proxy in order to be effective, should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.

***Route Map of the venue of the Annual General Meeting (AGM) of Edel Investments Limited to be held* on Thursday, September 03, 2026 at 11:30. a.m at the Registered Office of the Company.**

***AGM Venue: -** 5th Floor, Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098*

***Prominent Landmark: -** University of Mumbai*



Edel Investments Limited
Corporate Identity Number: U65923MH2009PLC420691
Registered Office: 5th Floor, Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098 Tel No.: +91 22 4079 5199
Email: gm.governance@edelweissfin.com Website: https://eil.edelweissfin.com

BOARD'S REPORT

To the Members of **Edel Investments Limited**

The Directors hereby present their **17th Annual Report** on the business, operations and state of affairs of the Company together with the audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026.

Financial Highlights:

(Rs. in millions)

Particulars	**2025-26**	**2024-25**
Revenue from Operations	611.74	373.91
Other Income	161.21	53.21
Operating expenses	414.29	330.82
Profit before Depreciation, Finance Costs, Exceptional items and Tax Expense	358.66	96.30
Less: Depreciation/ Amortisation/ Impairment	60.61	30.28
Profit before Finance Costs, Exceptional items and Tax Expense	298.05	66.03
Less: Finance Costs	128.06	32.93
Profit before Tax Expense	169.99	33.10
Less: Tax Expense (Current & Deferred)	46.71	12.92
Profit for the year	123.27	20.18

Dividend:

With a view to conserve the resources, the Board of Directors of your Company decided not to recommend any Dividend for the year under review.

Holding and Subsidiary Company:

During the year under review,

- The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of ECap Equities Limited.
- Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited continues to be a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.
- Your Company does not have any Associate Company and has not entered into any Joint Venture Agreement.

The salient features of the financial statement of the subsidiary of the Company as required under the Companies Act, 2013 are provided in the financial statements in Form AOC-1 as **Annexure I**.

Major events occurred during the year:

a) During the year ended March 31, 2026, the Company earned revenue of Rs. 772.95 million as against Rs. 427.58 million during the previous year. The Company has earned a profit of Rs.123.27 million for the year ended March 31, 2026, as against a profit of Rs. 20.65 million during the previous year.

b) New Membership and Segment Activations: The Company has successfully obtained membership in the Multi Commodity Exchange of India (MCX). Additionally, the Company has activated new trading segments, including Debt and Commodity segments on the National Stock Exchange (NSE) and the Debt segment on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). These developments enhance the company's market presence and diversify its trading capabilities.

c) The Company has been appointed as a Distributor for Issuance of NCDs and/or SPs of Edelcap Securities Limited.

d) The Company have made an application to SEBI for prior approval of establishment of a wholly owned subsidiary in the United States of America.

General Information:

During FY 2025-26, the Indian securities market continued to demonstrate strong momentum, supported by rising retail participation, rapid digital adoption, and a stable macro-economic environment. Increased use of online trading platforms, advanced analytics, and algorithmic trading solutions has significantly transformed the stockbroking landscape, enhancing market access and execution efficiency.

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) further strengthened the regulatory framework with a continued focus on investor protection, transparency, cybersecurity, and ease of participation, including enabling wider retail access to algorithmic trading and reinforcing ESG-linked market practices. These regulatory measures have contributed to improved market confidence and long-term sustainability.

India's economic outlook remains resilient, driven by domestic consumption, infrastructure development, and policy reforms, although global uncertainties and geopolitical developments continue to pose external risks. The stockbroking industry has increasingly aligned with technology-led solutions, ESG-oriented products, and higher governance standards.

Company remains focused on sustainable growth through technology enhancement, robust compliance frameworks, strong risk management practices, and adherence to the highest standards of corporate governance. The Company continues to prioritize client-centric services, regulatory compliance, and digital innovation to strengthen its position in India's evolving capital markets ecosystem.

Capital and Debt Structure:

During the year under review, there was no change in the Authorised Share Capital and Paid-up Share Capital of the Company. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company as on March 31, 2026, was Rs. 42,50,00,000/- divided into 4,25,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/-

Edelweiss
Ideas create, values protect

each. The Paid-up Share Capital of the Company as on March 31, 2026, stood at Rs. 39,02,20,000/- divided into 3,90,22,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each.

Management:

Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

- **Independent Directors:**

  During the year under review, Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311) was appointed as an Additional Director in the capacity of an Independent Director of the Company with effect from September 22, 2025, for a term of five consecutive years, subject to the approval of the members. Accordingly, a resolution seeking the approval of the members for his appointment as an Independent Director of the Company is being placed before the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

  In accordance with the provisions of Section 149 of the Act, the Independent Director of the Company has given a declaration that he meets the criteria of independence as provided in the said Section and in terms of the Listing Regulations.

  In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Director is a person of integrity and possesses relevant expertise, experience and proficiency.

- **Executive Directors:**

  The tenure of Mr. Dushyant Patadiya (DIN: 09646883) and Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande (DIN: 09646670) as Executive Directors of the Company expired on July 17, 2025. Based on the recommendation of the Board and the approval of the Members of the Company accorded at the Annual General Meeting held on September 16, 2025, both Mr. Dushyant Patadiya (DIN: 09646883) and Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande (DIN: 09646670) have been re-appointed as Executive Directors of the Company for a further period of three (3) years, with effect from July 18, 2025.

- **Non-Executive Director:**

  Mr. Ashish Gupta (DIN: 07775554) continue to be the Non-Executive Director of the Company.

Key Managerial Personnel:

- **Company Secretary:**

  Mr. Akash Soni continues to be the Company Secretary of the Company.

- **Chief Financial Officer:**

  Mr. Kaushal Patel continues to be the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

Retirement by rotation of the Director:

Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande (DIN: 09646670) retires by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting (AGM) and, being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. The details of Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande (DIN: 09646670) are included in the notice of the AGM of the Company.

Meetings:

Board Meetings:

During the year ended March 31, 2026, the Board met five times.

Name of the Directors	Designation	No. of Meetings Attended
Dr. Vinod Juneja	Independent Director	2
Mr. Ashish Gupta	Non-Executive Director	5
Mr. Dushyant Patadiya	Executive Director	5
Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande	Executive Director	5

CSR Committee Meetings:

During the year ended March 31, 2026, the Committee met once.

Name of the Members	Designation	No. of Meetings Attended
Dr. Vinod Juneja	Independent Director	NA
Mr. Ashish Gupta	Non-Executive Director	1
Mr. Dushyant Patadiya	Executive Director	1
Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande	Executive Director	1

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), the Board of Directors of the Company have constituted the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee (CSR Committee). The composition of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee as of March 31, 2026 is as under:

Dr. Vinod Juneja – Independent Director
Mr. Ashish Gupta – Non-Executive Director
Mr. Dushyant Patadiya - Executive Director
Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande - Executive Director

The Report on Corporate Social Responsibility in accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is provided in **Annexure II** to this Report. The CSR Policy is available on the website of the Company at the link: https://eil.edelweissfin.com.

Remuneration Policy:

The Board of Directors of the Company has framed a Remuneration Policy pursuant to Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Policy is annexed as **Annexure III** to this Report.

Evaluation of the Performance of the Board:

A Board Evaluation Policy (the "Policy") for evaluating the performance of the Board and its Committees has been adopted by the Company. The Policy inter alia provides the criteria for performance evaluation, such as Board effectiveness, quality of discussion, contribution at the meetings, business acumen, strategic thinking, time commitment, relationship with the stakeholders, contribution of the Committees to the Board in discharging its functions, etc.

Disclosure under Section 197 of the Companies Act 2013:

In terms of Section 136 of the Act, the Report and Financial Statements are being sent to the Members and others entitled thereto, excluding the information on employees' particulars as required pursuant to provisions of Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act, read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the annexure pertaining to the names and other particulars of employees will be available for inspection in electronic mode. Shareholders can inspect the same up to the date of AGM, by sending an e-mail to the Company at gm.governance@edelweissfin.com. Any shareholder interested in obtaining a copy of the said Annexure may write to the Company Secretary in this regard.

Directors' Responsibility Statement:

Pursuant to Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Directors confirm that:

(i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures;
(ii) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026 and of the profit of the Company for the financial year ended on that date;
(iii) proper and sufficient care had been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
(iv) the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
(v) internal financial controls have been laid down and the same are adequate and were operating effectively; and
(vi) they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

Internal Financial Controls and Risk Management:

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements. The Company's internal control system is designed to ensure operational efficiency, protection and conservation of resources, accuracy and promptness in financial reporting and compliance with laws and regulations. The internal control system is also supported by an internal audit process.

M/s. ASA & Associates LLP, were appointed as Internal Auditors of your Company for the financial year 2025-26.

Risk is inherent in the Company's activities, it is managed through an integrated risk management framework including ongoing identification, measurement is critical to the Company's continuing profitability.

The Board of Directors of the Company has framed and implemented a Risk Management Policy.

Deposits:

The Company has not accepted any deposits covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013.

Loans, Investments and Guarantees:

Particulars of loans given, investments made, guarantees given and securities provided, if any, are disclosed in the financial statements.

Related Party Transactions:

During the year under review, all related party transactions that were entered into were in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis.

All the related party transactions as required under Ind AS - 24 are reported in the notes to the financial statements. Particulars of contracts or arrangements with the related parties as referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and forming part of this report is provided in Form AOC – 2 as **Annexure IV**.

Annual Return:

As provided under Section 92(3) and 134(3)(a) of the Act, the Annual Return in Form MGT-7 for FY 2025-26 is available on the website of the Company at https://eil.edelweissfin.com

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings / Outgo:

A. Conservation of energy

i) the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy - The operations of your Company are not energy-intensive. However, adequate measures have been initiated for conservation of energy wherever possible.

ii) the steps taken by the Company for utilising alternate sources of energy – Though the operations of the Company are not energy intensive, the Company shall explore alternative source of energy, as and when the necessity arises.

iii) the capital investment on energy conservation equipment's - Nil

B. Technology absorption

(i) the efforts made towards technology absorption; The minimum technology required for the business has been absorbed.

(ii) the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution; Not Applicable

(iii) in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year); Not Applicable

(a) the details of technology imported
(b) the year of import;
(c) whether the technology been fully absorbed;
(d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof; and

(iv) the expenditure incurred on Research and Development: Not Applicable

C. Foreign Exchange Earning and Outgo:

There were no foreign exchange earnings during the year under review (previous year: NIL). There was outgo of Rs. 0.04 million (previous year: Rs. 0.07 million).

Whistle Blower Policy/Vigil Mechanism:

The Company has adopted Whistle Blower Policy (Vigil Mechanism) which encompasses the reporting by Directors and employees about genuine concerns, grievances unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the company's code of conduct. The Policy provides for prohibition of retaliation, victimization, reprisal, discrimination or harassment of any kind against the Whistleblower who has made a Disclosure/Report and appropriate steps shall be undertaken to protect the Whistleblower from exposure to any possible retaliatory action including demotion, termination, threat of any kind, discriminatory or biased behavior or any unfair employment practice as a result of any genuine disclosures or concerns expressed in the Disclosure/Report.

The vigil mechanism is monitored by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Auditors & Auditors' Report:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder (the Act), M/s. Dhiraj & Dheeraj, Chartered Accountants were appointed as the Auditors of the Company at the 12th Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on September 22, 2021. The term of office of M/s. Dhiraj & Dheeraj, Chartered Accountants as Statutory Auditors of the Company will conclude from the close of the ensuing AGM of the Company.

The Auditor's Report annexed to the financial statement for the year under review does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer.

No fraud has been reported by the Auditors to the Board.

Compliance with Secretarial Standards:

The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process Initiated Under The Insolvency And Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (IBC):

There was no application made or proceeding pending against the Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. There was no instance of one-time settlement with any Bank/Financial Institution in respect of a loan taken by the Company.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace:

The Company has framed a Policy on Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of Sexual Harassment at the Workplace. No complaint falling within the ambit of sexual harassment was received during the financial year. The Company has complied with the applicable provisions concerning the constitution and functioning of the Internal Complaints Committee.

The composition of the Internal Complaints Committee as on March 31, 2026, is as under:

Sr. No.	Member Name	Position
1	Ms. Rituparna Barman Roy	Presiding Officer
2.	Mr. Piyush Chamria	Internal Member
3.	Ms. Vaishnavi Potdukhe	Internal Member
4.	Ms. Roveena Talreja	Internal Member
5.	Mr. Umakant Das	Internal Member
6.	Ms. Sana Hakim	External Member.”

The following is the summary of complaints for the financial year 2025–26:

Number of complaints of sexual harassment received during the year:	0
Number of complaints disposed of during the year:	0
Number of complaints pending for more than ninety (90) days:	0

Maternity Benefit Act, 1961

The company confirms that it has complied with the applicable provisions of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.

Secretarial Audit:

The Board of Directors had appointed ACMY & Associates, Company Secretaries LLP, as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer. The Report from the Secretarial Auditor is provided as **Annexure V** to this Report.

Other Disclosures:

- There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.

- There have been no significant material changes and commitments which affect the financial position of the company that have occurred between the end of the financial year to which the financial statements relate and the date of this Report, except as mentioned under the heading Auditors & Auditor's Report.

- There was no revision in the financial statements or the Board's report of the Company.

- There are no significant or material orders that were passed by the Regulators or Courts, or Tribunals that impact the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

- The Company has not issued equity shares with differential voting rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.

- Disclosure pertaining to the maintenance of cost records as specified under the Act is not applicable to the Company.

Acknowledgments:

The Board of Directors wish to acknowledge the continued support and co-operation extended by the Stock Exchanges, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Depositories, Depository Participants, other government authorities, Banks and other stakeholders. Your directors would also like to take this opportunity to express their appreciation for the dedicated efforts of the employees of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Edel Investments Limited

	Sd/-	**Sd/-**
	Dushyant Patadiya	**Vipin Kumar Gawande**
Date : April 27, 2026	**Executive Director**	**Executive Director**
Place: Mumbai	**DIN: 09646883**	**DIN: 09646670**

Annexure I

Form AOC – 1

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries or associate companies or joint ventures.
(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Part "A" Subsidiaries
(Currency: Rs. in millions)

Name of the Subsidiary Company	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte Ltd
Date of incorporation/acquisition	02-May-2008
Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period.	NA
Reporting currency	USD
Exchange rate	94.8325
Paid-up Equity Share Capital	1056.41
Paid-up Preference Share Capital	
Reserves of the Subsidiary	315.92
Total Assets of the Subsidiary	1466.62
Total Liabilities of the Subsidiary	94.29
Investments	
Total Turnover	161.40
Profit before taxation	-253.58
Provision for taxation	-42.56
Profit after taxation	-211.02
Proposed dividend	
% of shareholding	100%

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Edel Investments Limited

Sd/-
Dushyant Patadiya
Executive Director
DIN: 09646883

Sd/-
Vipin Kumar Gawande
Executive Director
DIN: 09646670

Sd/-
Akash Soni
Company Secretary

Sd/-
Kaushal Patel
Chief Financial Officer

Annexure II

Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities for the financial year 2025-26
[Pursuant to clause (o) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Companies Act,2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility) Rules, 2014]

1. **Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:**

To leverage the capacity and capital to equip and enable the social sector to achieve the greatest impact on the lives of the poor in India.

2. **Composition of CSR Committee:**

Sl. No.	**Name of Director Designation / Nature of Directorship**	**Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year**	**Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year**
1	Dr. Vinod Juneja	NA *(Appointment w.e.f from September 22, 2025)*	NA *(Appointment w.e.f from September 22, 2025)*
2	Mr. Ashish Gupta	1	1
3	Mr. Dushyant Patadiya	1	1
4	Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande	1	1

3. Provide the web-link(s) where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the Company. - **https://eil.edelweissfin.com**

4. Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable. – **Not Applicable**

5. (a) Average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135 – **Negative (3,05,33,629)**

   (b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135. – **Not Applicable**

   (c) Surplus arising out of the CSR Projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years. – **Nil**

(d) Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any. - **Nil**

(e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d)]. - **Nil**

6. (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project). – **Nil**

(b) Amount spent in Administrative overheads. – **Nil**

(c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable. **- Not Applicable**

(d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)]. - **Not Applicable**

(e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)				
Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (in Rs.)	**Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per sub-section (6) of section 135.**		**Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135.**		
	Amount.	**Date of transfer.**	**Name of the Fund**	**Amount.**	**Date of transfer.**

(f) Excess amount for set-off, if any:

Sl. No.	**Particular**	**Amount (in Rs.)**
(1)	(2)	(3)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135	Nil
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	Nil
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	Nil
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years, if any	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years [(iii)-(iv)]	Nil

7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three Financial Years: **Not Applicable**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Sl. No.	**Preceding Financial Year(s)**	**Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under sub-**	**Balance Amount in Unspent CSR Account under sub¬sectio**	**Amount Spent in the Financial Year (in Rs)**	**Amount transferred to a Fund as specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to sub-section (5)**	**Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding Financial Years (in**	**Deficie ncy, if any**

		section (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	**n (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)**		**of section 135, if any**		**Rs)**	
					Amount (in Rs)	Date of Transfer		
1	FY-2025-26							
2	FY-2024-25							
3	FY-2023-24							

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year : **No**

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year:

Sl. No.	**Short particulars of the property or asset(s)**	**Pincode of the property or asset(s)**	**Date of creation**	**Amount of CSR amount spent**	**Details of entity/ Authority/ beneficiary of the registered owner**		
	[including complete address and location of the property]						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
					CSR Registration Number, if applicable	**Name**	**Registered address**

(All the fields should be captured as appearing in the revenue record, flat no, house no, Municipal Office/Municipal Corporation/ Gram panchayat are to be specified and also the area of the immovable property as well as boundaries)

9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per sub-section (5) of section 135. - **Not Applicable**

For Edel Investments Limited

Sd/-	**Sd/-**
Vinod Juneja	**Dushyant Patadiya**
Chairman of the CSR Committee	**Executive Director**
DIN: 00044311	**DIN: 09646883**

Place: Mumbai
Date : April 27, 2026

Edelweiss
Ideas create, values protect

Annexure III

Remuneration Policy

Objective

The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') requires a Company to frame a policy for determining the remuneration payable to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs) and other employees.

While appointing the Directors, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, if any/Board, considers qualification, positive attributes, areas of expertise and number of Directorships in other companies and such other factors as it may deem fit. The Board considers the Committee's recommendation and takes appropriate action.

The objective of the Remuneration Policy (the Policy) of the Company is to provide a framework for the remuneration of the Independent Directors, Non-executive Directors, Managing Director, Executive Directors, KMPs and other Senior level employees of the Company.

The objective of this Policy is to ensure that:

i. The level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, and retain the talent required to run the company successfully;

ii. The relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and

iii. remuneration to the Directors, KMPs and senior management comprises a balance of fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

Remuneration of the Independent Directors & Non-executive Directors

- The Independent Directors & Non-executive Directors are eligible for sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof.

- The Independent Directors & Non-executive Directors are also eligible for commission, subject to limits prescribed under the Act and the Rules framed there under.

- The Independent Directors are not eligible for stock options.

- The Non-executive Directors (other than promoter Directors) shall be eligible for stock options.

Remuneration of the Managing Director & Executive Directors

- The remuneration of the Managing Director/Executive Directors is recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ('NRC'), if any, to the Board. Based on the recommendations of the NRC as may be applicable, the Board determines and approves the remuneration of the Managing Director/Executive Directors, subject to necessary approvals, if any.

- The remuneration paid to the Managing Director/Executive Directors is within the limits prescribed under the Act and approved by the shareholders of the Company. The remuneration structure includes fixed salary, perquisites, bonus, other benefits and allowances and contribution to Funds, etc.

- The Executive Directors (other than the promoter Directors) shall be eligible for stock options as approved by the Board from time to time.

Remuneration of the KMP (other than Executive Directors) and Senior-level employees

- The key components of the remuneration package of the KMP (other than Executive Directors) and Senior level employees shall comprise of fixed salary, perquisites, annual bonus, other benefits and allowances and contribution to Funds, etc.

- They shall be eligible for stock options.

Policy Review

- The Policy may be amended as may be necessary.

- The Board shall implement the Policy, and may issue such guidelines, procedures etc. as it may deem fit.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Edel Investments Limited

	Sd/-	**Sd/-**
	Dushyant Patadiya	**Vipin Kumar Gawande**
Date: April 27, 2026	**Executive Director**	**Executive Director**
Place: Mumbai	**DIN: 09646883**	**DIN: 09646670**

Annexure IV

Form AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto:

I. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: Nil

(Currency : Rs. in million)

S. No.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	Date of approval by the Board	Amount paid as advances, if any	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188

II. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

(Currency : Rs. in million)

S. No.	Name(s) of the related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements / transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	Date of approval by the Board	Amount paid as advances, if any
1	Edelcap Securities Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Brokerage received	-	8,04,20,397.38	NA	Nil
2	Edelweiss Investment Advisers Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Sale of MLD Securities	-	51,08,48,200.00	NA	Nil

3	Ecap Equities Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Sale of MLD Securities	-	1,18,26,37,183.00	NA	Nil
4	Edel Finance Company Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Purchase of NCD Securities	-	1,10,00,00,000.00	NA	Nil
5	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Purchase of NCD Securities	-	82,23,00,098.63	NA	Nil
6	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Sale of NCD Securities	-	85,12,47,649.32	NA	Nil

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Edel Investments Limited

Sd/-	**Sd/-**
Dushyant Patadiya	**Vipin Kumar Gawande**
Executive Director	**Executive Director**
DIN: 09646883	**DIN: 09646670**

Date: April 27, 2026
Place: Mumbai

Form No. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To
The Members
EDEL INVESTMENTS LIMITED
5th Floor, Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road,
Kalina, Mumbai - 400098.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to corporate practices by **EDEL INVESTMENTS LIMITED** (hereinafter called 'the Company') for the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2026. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliance and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agent and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representation made by the Management, We hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed, and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2026 according to the provisions of:

(i) The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Rules made thereunder.
(ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (SCRA) and the Rules made thereunder.
(iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed thereunder.
(iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings.
(v) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992 (as applicable);
(vi) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations 2021

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards etc. mentioned above to the extent applicable.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with provisions of the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India related to meetings and minute.

We further report that –

Having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on the examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, on test-check basis, the Company has generally complied with the rules, regulations, directions and guidelines issued by regulatory authorities.

We further report that -

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted. Mr. Vipin Kumar Gawande and Mr. Dushyant Patadiya were re-appointed as an Executive Director (Whole-time director) w.e.f. July 18, 2025 and apart from this there were no other changes in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all the Directors to schedule the Board and Committee Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company were carried through on the basis of majority. There were no dissenting views by any member of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

We further report that -

There are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines **(Please see Annexure B)**.

For ACMY & Associates

SADANAND MOHANLAL YADAV

Digitally signed by SADANAND MOHANLAL YADAV
Date: 2026.04.27 11:26:01 +05'30'

27/04/2026
Mumbai

Sadanand Yadav
Practicing Company Secretaries
Partner
ACS : 37012
COP No : 14153
UDIN: A037012H000204476

Note: This report is to be read with the list of Applicable Laws and our letter of even date which are attached as **Annexure A** and **Annexure B** respectively and form an integral part of this report.

ACMY & ASSOCIATES

Company Secretaries

Unit No. G-33, Dheeraj Heritage, Ground Floor, Near Milan Junction,
S.V. Road, Santacruz (West), Mumbai – 400 054
Office: 86574 30441/ Email: ayc.smy@yahoo.com

ANNEXURE A

To
The Members
EDEL INVESTMENTS LIMITED
5th Floor, Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road,
Kalina, Vidyanagari, Mumbai - 400098.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.

2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.

4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.

5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws rules, regulations is the responsibility of management; our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.

6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

7. No audit has been conducted on the compliance with finance and taxation laws as the same are subject to audit by the Statutory Auditor and Internal Auditor to the Company and their observations, if any, shall hold good for the purpose of this audit report.

8. Audit of the compliance with Other Laws has been undertaken based on scope of audit and the applicability of such Laws as ascertained by the Company and informed to us.

9. We have relied on reports of Internal Audit, Regulatory Inspection/Audit to the extent made available to us and the observations, if any, contained in such reports shall hold good for the purpose of this audit report.

For ACMY & Associates

SADANAND MOHANLAL YADAV
Digitally signed by SADANAND MOHANLAL YADAV
Date: 2026.04.27 11:26:20 +05'30'

27/04/2026
Mumbai

Sadanand Yadav
Practicing Company Secretaries
Partner
ACS : 37012
COP No : 14153
UDIN: A037012H000204476

ANNEXURE B

No.	Governing Act/Rules/Regulation/Circulars/Notifications, etc
1.	The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under
2.	The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under
3.	Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, and the rules regulations made there under
4.	Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999
5.	The Regulation and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act')
6.	Byelaws, Rules, Regulations and Circulars issued by Stock Exchanges
7.	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Stock Brokers and Sub-brokers) Regulations, 1992
8.	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Intermediaries) Regulations, 2008
9.	The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
10.	Payment of Wages Act, 1936
11.	Minimum wages act-regional
12.	The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965
13.	Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
14.	The Maharashtra Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1953
15.	The Maharashtra Workmen's Minimum House Rent Allowance Act, 1983
16.	Employee's Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952
17.	The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972
18.	The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013
19.	Employee Compensation Act, 1923
20.	Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970
21.	Employee Compensation Act, 1923
22.	The Maharashtra Private Security Guards (Regulation of Employment & Welfare) Act, 1981 & Maharashtra Private Security Agencies, 2005
23.	Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948
24.	Apprentices Act, 1961
25.	The Inter-State Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions Of Service) Act, 1979
26.	The Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1948 and The Maharashtra Shops and Establishments Act, 2017.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of **Edel Investments Limited**

Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **Edel Investments Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Ind AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. There are no key audit matters to be reported for the company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors report, but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ
MUMBAI
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ
MUMBAI
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

   (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;

   (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;

   (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;

   (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;

   (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;

   (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;

   (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2026 has been paid/ provided by the Company to its directors iin accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;

   (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

      i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;

      ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;

      iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

      iv. a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ
MUMBAI
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.

vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For **Dhiraj &Dheeraj**
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: **102454W**

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ
MUMBAI
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Shailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership Number: 425098
UDIN: **26425098QIOWRN4689**
Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 27th April, 2026

Annexure "1" to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our Report of even date to the members of Edel Investments Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2026.

i. (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.

(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.

(b) The Property, Plant and Equipment are physically verified by the Management according to a regular programme of verification under which verification is done every 3 years. In our opinion, this programme is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company does not own any immovable properties. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (i)(c) of the said Order are not applicable to the company.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets during the year ended March 31, 2026.

(e) Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, no proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder, and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the company has appropriately disclosed the details in its financial statements does not arise.

ii. (a) Based on our examination of documents and records, the Company did not own any physical inventory at any time during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) During the year, the company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and accordingly, the question of our commenting on whether the quarterly returns or statements are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company does not arise.

iii. The company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (iii)(a), (iii)(b), (iii)(c), (iii)(d), (iii)(e) and (iii)(f) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.

iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.

v. The company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.

vi. Having regard to the nature of the Companies' business activities, reporting under clause CARO 2020 relating to maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act is not applicable to the Company.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, in our opinion, the company is regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, income tax, cess, goods and service tax and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, the dues outstanding on account of dispute are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	Rs. 0.51 Million	A.Y. 2023-24	Assessing Officer

viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, there is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

ix. (a) According to the records of the company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender as at the balance sheet date.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

(c) According to the records of the company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the company has not obtained any term loans.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.

x. (a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (Including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause (x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment of preference shares during the year. Accordingly, the requirements of Section 42 of the Act are not applicable to the company.

xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the company or on the company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

(b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, report under section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4 was not required to be filed. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause (xi)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the company.

(c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, and as represented to us by the management, no whistle- blower complaints have been received during the year by the company. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause (xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the company.

xii. The company is not a Nidhi Company as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore the provisions of Clause (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the company.

xiii. The company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act.

xiv. a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, There is internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business,

b) The reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit were considered by the statutory auditor

xv. The company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the company

xvi. (a) The company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the company.

(b) The company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause (xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(c) The company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause (xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(d) Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the Company, the Group has 1 CICs as part of the Company.

xvii. The company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and nor in the immediately preceding financial year.

xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year, hence this clause is not applicable;

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratio ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

xx. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Act pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses (xx) (a) and (xx) (b) of the Order are not applicable.

xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statement of the Company. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For **Dhiraj &Dheeraj**
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: **102454W**

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Shailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership Number: 425098
UDIN: **26425098QIOWRN4689**
Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 27th April, 2026

Annexure "2" to Independent Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements of **Edel Investments Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to special purpose financial statement included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ
MUMBAI
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to these Ind AS Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Ind AS Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to Ind AS financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For **Dhiraj &Dheeraj**
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: **102454W**

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ
MUMBAI
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Shailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership Number: 425098
UDIN: **26425098QIOWRN4689**
Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 27th April, 2026

Edel Investments Limited

Balance Sheet

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	Note	As at 31 March 2026 (Audited)	As at 31 March 2025 (Audited)
ASSETS			
Financial assets			
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	7	**124.30**	426.37
(b) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	8	**12.27**	12.71
(c) Trade receivables	10	**40.12**	389.37
(d) Investments	11	**3,274.49**	2,960.96
(e) Other financial assets	12	**586.27**	456.22
		4,037.44	4,245.63
Non-financial assets			
(a) Current tax assets (net)	13	**37.19**	13.20
(b) Deferred tax assets (net)	14	**98.65**	147.93
(c) Property, Plant and Equipment	15	**145.50**	81.06
(d) Other Intangible assets	15	**0.91**	1.47
(e) Other non- financial assets	16	**39.18**	48.36
		321.43	292.02
TOTAL ASSETS		**4,358.87**	4,537.65
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Financial liabilities			
(a) Trade payables	17		
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		**-**	0.13
(i) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		**536.48**	271.23
(b) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	18	**0.00**	1.80
(c) Other financial liabilities	19	**45.09**	637.83
		581.57	910.99
Non-financial liabilities			
(a) Current tax liabilities (net)	20	**2.95**	6.17
(b) Provisions	21	**27.89**	18.77
(c) Other non-financial liabilities	22	**46.56**	25.21
		77.40	50.15
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	23	**390.22**	390.22
(b) Instruments entirely equity in nature		**750.00**	750.00
(c) Other equity	24	**2,559.68**	2,436.29
		3,699.90	3,576.51
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		**4,358.87**	4,537.65
Material accounting policies information and notes forming part of the financial statements.	1-52		

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
Firms' Registration No. 102454W

Shailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership No: 425098

Mumbai
27 April 2026

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

For and on behalf of the Board of Director

Vipin Kumar Gawande
Executive Director
DIN: 09646670

Dushyant Patadiya
Executive Director
DIN: 09646883

Akash Soni
Company Secretary

Kaushal Patel
Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai
27 April 2026

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Statement of Profit and Loss

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2026 (Audited)	For the year ended 31 March 2025 (Audited)
Revenue from operations			
Interest income	25	19.66	2.78
Fee and commission income	26	135.06	87.20
Net gain on fair value changes	27	457.03	283.95
Total Revenue from operations		611.74	373.93
Other Income	28	161.21	53.65
Total Revenue		772.95	427.58
Expenses			
Finance costs	29	128.06	32.93
Employee benefit expenses	30	107.66	175.57
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	15	60.61	30.28
Other expenses	31	299.18	155.23
Total expenses		595.51	394.01
Profit / (Loss) before Exceptional items and tax		177.44	33.57
Exceptional items		7.45	-
Profit / (Loss) before tax		169.99	33.57
Tax expense:			
Current tax		(2.56)	-
Deferred tax		49.27	12.92
Profit / (Loss) for the year		123.27	20.65
Other Comprehensive Income			
(a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement gain / loss on defined benefit plans (OCI)		0.11	(0.89)
Tax effect on Remeasurement gain / loss on defined benefit plans (OCI)		-	-
Total other comprehensive income		0.11	(0.89)
Total comprehensive income		123.39	19.76
Earnings per equity share (Face value of Rs 10 each): Basic and diluted (in Rs.)	32	2.49	0.42
Material accounting policies information and notes forming part of the financial statements.	1-52		

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
Firms' Registration No. 102454W

Shailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership No: 425098

Mumbai
27 April 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Director

Vipin Kumar Gawande
Executive Director
DIN: 09646670

Dushyant Patadiya
Executive Director
DIN: 09646883

Akash Soni
Company Secretary

Kaushal Patel
Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai
27 April 2026

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Cash Flow Statement

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
A	**Cash flow from operating activities**		
	Profit / (Loss) before taxation	169.99	33.57
	Adjustments for		
	Interest income	(0.03)	0.00
	Depreciation	60.61	30.28
	Interest expense	97.56	23.63
	Profit on sale of Investments	-	(63.95)
	Expense on employee stock option scheme	2.32	0.04
	Interest income on tax refund	-	(0.96)
	Fair Valuation (gain)/loss on Investments	(44.71)	8.46
	Provision for gratuity and compensated leave absences	1.49	2.81
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes	287.22	33.45
	Adjustments for working capital changes		
	Increase /(Decrease) in financial liabilities (incl trade payables)	(329.94)	622.81
	Increase /(Decrease) in non-financial liabilities	21.35	17.86
	(Increase) /Decrease in fixed deposit accrued interest	0.44	(0.43)
	(Increase) /Decrease in derivative financial instruments (Assets)	-	1.14
	(Increase) /Decrease in investments	(268.82)	(41.43)
	(Increase) /Decrease in trade receivables	349.25	(371.50)
	(Increase) /Decrease in other financial assets	(130.05)	(209.29)
	(Increase) /Decrease in other non-financial assets	9.18	(30.97)
	Increase /(Decrease) in provision	7.74	(3.04)
	Cash generated from / (used in) operations	(53.64)	14.84
	Income tax (refund) / paid	(24.65)	10.52
	Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities - A	(78.29)	25.36
B	**Cash flow from investing activities**		
	Purchase and sale of fixed assets	(124.46)	(47.35)
	Sale of non current investment	0.00	364.51
	Interest received	0.03	0.00
	Decrease in short term/long term loans and advances (net)	-	0.00
	Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities - B	(124.44)	317.16
C	**Cash flow from financing activities**		
	Proceeds from issue of equity		
	Borrowings (other than debt securities) (Refer Note 2)	-	0.00
	Loan given	-	0.00
	Interest paid	(99.35)	(21.84)
	Loan given	-	
	Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C	(99.35)	(21.84)
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(302.08)	320.68
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	426.37	105.69
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year	124.30	426.37

Notes:

1 Cash and cash equivalents include the following:

Balances with bank		
In current account	124.30	426.37
	124.30	426.37

2 Net figures have been reported on account of volume of transactions.

This is the Cash flow statement referred to in our report of even date.

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
Firms' Registration No. 102454W

Shailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership No: 425098

Mumbai
27 April 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Director

Vipin Kumar Gawande
Executive Director
DIN: 09646670

Dushyant Patadiya
Executive Director
DIN: 09646883

Akash Soni
Company Secretary

Kaushal Patel
Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai
27 April 2026

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Statement of changes in Equity

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

(a) Equity share capital

Particulars	Amount
As at April 01, 2024	390.22
Changes in equity share capital during FY 24-25	-
As at March 31, 2025	390.22
Changes in equity share capital during FY 25-26	-
As at March 31, 2026	**390.22**

(b) Other equity

	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium	ESOP reserve	Retained earnings	Total
Balance at 31 March 2025 (Ind AS)	4.50	2,291.24	-	140.55	2,436.30
Profit for the year	-	-	-	123.27	123.27
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	0.11	0.11
Transfers to / (from) retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-
ESOP reversal on lapse of vesting period	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	**123.39**	**123.39**
Balance at 31 March 2026 (Ind AS)	**4.50**	**2,291.24**	-	**263.93**	**2,559.68**

Capital redemption reserve:

As per Companies Act, 2013, capital redemption reserve is created when Company purchases its own shares out of free reserves or securities premium. A sum equal to the nominal value of the shares so purchased is transferred to capital redemption reserve. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 69 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Securities premium:

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares and the reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

This is the Statement of changes in Equity referrred to in our report of even date.

For **Dhiraj & Dheeraj**
Chartered Accountants
Firms' Registration No. 102454W

Shailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership No: 425098

Mumbai
27 April 2026

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vipin Kumar Gawande
Executive Director
DIN: 09646670

Dushyant Patadiya
Executive Director
DIN: 09646883

Akash Soni
Company Secretary

Kaushal Patel
Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai
27 April 2026

Edel Investments Limited

1. Background

Edel Investment Limited ('the Company') was incorporated on 24-Nov-2009 as a public limited company.

The Company is a subsidiary of Ecap Equities Limited and is registered as a trading member in Equity segment, Derivatives segment and Currency derivatives Segment with National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and BSE Limited ('BSE').

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time).

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments such as financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) instruments, derivative financial instruments, fair value through profit and loss account and other financial assets held for trading, which have been measured at fair value. The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded off to the nearest millions, except when otherwise indicated.

3. Presentation of financial statements

The Company presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity in compliance with the Division III of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non–current) is presented in Note 49.
Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business
- The event of default
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the company and or its counterparties

4. Material accounting policies information

4.1 Revenue recognition

4.1.1 Fee income including advisory fees for services rendered is accounted over the period as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits, as the services are rendered.

4.1.2 Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and debt instrument measured at FVTOCI. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the financial asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ * MUMBAI * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited *

the EIR. The Company recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loan. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments, penalty interest and charges).

If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk. The adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income.

When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Company calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Company reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis.

For purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets, the Company calculates interest income by calculating the credit-adjusted EIR and applying that rate to the amortised cost of the asset. The credit-adjusted EIR is the interest rate that, at original recognition, discounts the estimated future cash flows (including credit losses) to the amortised cost of the POCI assets.

4.1.3 Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payment of the dividend is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

4.1.4 Brokerage income on broking business is recognised as per contracted rates at the time of execution of transactions on behalf of the customers on the trade date and is reflected net of related sub-brokerage expenses, goods and service tax ("GST"), transaction charges and stock exchange expenses.

4.1.5 Profit/loss on sale of investments is recognised on trade date basis.

4.2 Financial Instruments

4.2.1 Date of recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities, with the exception of borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades; purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. The Company recognises borrowings when funds are available for utilisation to the Company.

4.2.2 Initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

4.2.3 Day 1 profit or loss

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Company recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in statement of profit and loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

4.3 Classification of financial instruments

4.3.1 Financial assets:

The Company classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- Amortised cost
- Fair value through other comprehensive income [FVTOCI]
- Fair value through profit or loss [FVTPL]

The Company measures debt financial assets that meet the following conditions at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Sale that occur for below reason are considered as consistent with business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows

- if those sales are infrequent (even if significant in value) or insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate (even if frequent).
- If such sales are made close to maturity of financial asset and proceeds from sale approximate the collection of the remaining contractual cashflow.
- Selling a financial asset because of significant increase in credit risk.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Other than above classification of amortised cost and FVOCI, all other financial assets are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at FVTPL.

4.3.1.1 Amortized cost and Effective interest rate method (EIR)

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected credit life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition. For purchased or originated credit impaired financial assets, a credit-adjusted effective interest rate is calculated by discounting the estimated future cash flows, including expected credit losses, to the amortised cost of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

4.3.1.2 Financial assets held for trading

The Company classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit is taking. Held-for-trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value.

4.3.1.3 Financial asset measured at FVOCI

Unrealised gains or losses on debt instruments measured at FVOCI are recognised in other comprehensive income, and on derecognition of such instrument accumulated gains or losses are recycled to statement of profit and loss. Interest income on such instrument is recognised in statement of profit and loss as per EIR method.

4.3.1.4 Investment in equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, unless the management has elected to classify irrevocably some of its strategic equity investments to be measured at FVTOCI, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS and are not held for trading. Such classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates is measured at cost less provision for impairment.

4.3.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost except loan commitments, financial guarantees, and derivative financial liabilities.

4.3.2.1 Debt securities and other borrowed funds

After initial measurement, debt issued and other borrowed funds are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the instrument.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

4.3.2.2 Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and financial liabilities in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109. Management only designates an instrument at FVTPL upon initial recognition when one of the following criteria are met. Such designation is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis:

- The designation eliminates, or significantly reduces, the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; or
- The liabilities are part of a group of financial liabilities, which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy; or
- The liabilities containing one or more embedded derivatives, unless they do not significantly modify the cash flows that would otherwise be required by the contract, or it is clear with little or no analysis when a similar instrument is first considered that separation of the embedded derivative(s) is prohibited.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in statement of profit and loss with the exception of movements in fair value of liabilities designated at FVTPL due to changes in the Company's own credit risk. Such changes in fair value are recorded in the own credit reserve through OCI and do not get recycled to the profit or loss. Interest earned or incurred on instruments designated at FVTPL is accrued in interest income or finance cost, respectively, using the EIR, taking into account any discount/ premium and qualifying transaction costs being an integral part of instrument. Interest earned on assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recorded using contractual interest rate.

4.3.2.3 Financial guarantee:

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the Company to make specified payments to reimburse to holder for loss that it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when it is due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee issued or commitments to provide a loan at below market interest rate are initially measured at fair value and the initial fair value is amortised over the life of the guarantee or the commitment. Subsequently they are measured at higher of this amortised amount and the amount of loss allowance.

4.3.2.4 Loan commitment

Undrawn loan commitments are commitments under which, the Company is required to provide a loan with pre-specified terms to the customer during the duration of commitment.

4.3.3 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received.

4.3.4 Derivatives

The Company enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including foreign exchange forward contracts and interest rate swaps.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently re-measured at fair value through profit or loss. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in statement of profit and loss immediately.

4.4 Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Company does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Company acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. Financial liabilities are never reclassified.

4.5 Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

4.5.1 Derecognition of financial assets due to substantial modification of terms and conditions

The Company derecognises a financial asset, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the difference recognised as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The newly recognised financial assets are classified as Stage 1 for ECL measurement purposes, unless the new financial asset is deemed to be POCI.

When assessing whether or not to derecognise a financial asset, amongst others, the Company considers the following factors:

- Change in currency of the loan
- Introduction of an equity feature
- Change in counterparty

If the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different, the modification does not result in derecognition. Based on the change in cash flows discounted

at the original EIR, the Company records a modification gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

4.5.2 Derecognition of financial assets other than due to substantial modification

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Company also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Company has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either:

- The Company has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset; or

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ
MUMBAI
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

- It retains the rights to the cash flows, but has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass–through' arrangement.

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Company retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following conditions are met:

- The Company has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount lent plus accrued interest at market rates
- The Company cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients

The Company has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Company is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including interest earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

A transfer qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

The Company considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

4.5.3 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability and the consideration paid, including modified contractual cash flow recognised as new financial liability, is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

4.6 Impairment of financial assets

The Company records allowance for expected credit losses for all loans, other debt financial assets not held at FVTPL, together with loan commitment and financial guarantee contracts, in this section all referred to as 'financial instruments'. Equity instruments are not subject to impairment.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables and lease receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables. However, if receivables contain a significant financing

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

component, the Company chooses as its accounting policy to measure the loss allowance by applying general approach to measure ECL.

For all other financial instruments, the Company recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (12m ECL). The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of on evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default (EAD), for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Company's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Company recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

If a financial instrument includes both a loan (i.e. financial asset) and an undrawn commitment (i.e. loan commitment) component and the Company cannot separately identify the ECL on the loan commitment component from those on the financial asset component, the ECL on the loan commitment have been recognised together with the loss allowance for the financial asset. To the extent that the combined ECL exceed the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, the ECL have been recognised as a provision. Also, for other loan commitments and all financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowance has been recognised as a provision.

4.7 Collateral valuation

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Company seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit/guarantees, real estate, receivables, inventories, other non-financial assets and credit enhancements such as netting agreements. Collateral, unless repossessed, is not recorded on the balance sheet. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a periodical basis. However, some collateral, for example, cash or securities relating to margining requirements, is valued daily.

To the extent possible, the Company uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Other financial assets which do not have readily determinable market values are valued using models.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

4.8 Collateral repossessed

The Company's policy is to determine whether a repossessed asset can be best used for its internal operations or should be sold. Assets determined to be useful for the internal operations are transferred to their relevant asset category at the lower of their repossessed value or the carrying value of the original secured asset. Assets for which selling is determined to be a better option are transferred to assets held for sale at their fair value (if financial assets) and fair value less cost to sell for non-financial assets at the repossession date in, line with the Company's policy.

In its normal course of business, the Company does not physically repossess properties or other assets in its retail portfolio, but engages external agents to recover funds, generally at auction, to settle outstanding debt. Any surplus funds are returned to the customers/obligors.

4.9 Write off

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovery.

4.10 Forborne and modified loan

The Company sometimes makes concessions or modifications to the original terms of loans as a response to the borrower's financial difficulties, rather than taking possession or to otherwise enforce collection of collateral. The Company considers a loan forborne when such concessions or modifications are provided as a result of the borrower's present or expected financial difficulties and the Company would not have agreed to them if the borrower had been financially healthy. Indicators of financial difficulties include defaults on covenants, or significant concerns raised by the Credit Risk Department. Forbearance may involve extending the payment arrangements and the agreement of new loan conditions. Once the terms have been renegotiated, any impairment is measured using the original EIR as calculated before the modification of terms. It is the Company's policy to monitor forborne loans to help ensure that future payments continue to be likely to occur. Derecognition decisions and classification between Stage 2 and Stage 3 are determined on a case-by-case basis. If these procedures identify a loss in relation to a loan, it is disclosed and managed as an impaired Stage 3 forborne asset, until it is collected or written off.

4.11 Determination of fair value

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

- Level 1 financial instruments -Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has access at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date.
- Level 2 financial instruments–Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.
- Level 3 financial instruments -Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole. For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Company periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the adopted methodologies and model calibrations.

Therefore, the Company applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Company evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.

4.12 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.

4.13 Foreign currency transactions

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees. Transactions in currencies other than Indian Rupees (i.e. foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ * MUMBAI * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS *

Edel Investments Limited *

items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not translated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

4.14 Retirement and other employee benefit

4.14.1 Provident fund and national pension scheme

The Company contributes to a recognised provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

4.14.2 Gratuity

The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurements are not reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

4.14.3 Compensated Absences

The eligible employees of the Company are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Company recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.

4.14.4 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services that are granted by the ultimate parent Company are measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in statement of profit and loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the 'ESOP reserve'. In cases where the share options granted vest in instalments over the vesting period, the Company treats each instalment as a

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

separate grant, because each instalment has a different vesting period, and hence the fair value of each instalment differs.

4.15 Property, plant and equipment

Property plant and equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day–to–day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent costs incurred on an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount thereof when those costs meet the recognition criteria as mentioned above. Repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided upto the date of disposal.

For transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its tangible assets recognised as of 1 April 2017 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Nature of assets	Useful Life
Computers and data processing units - End user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.	3 years
Computers and data processing units - Servers and networks	6 years
Motor Vehicles	8 years

4.16 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.
Intangibles such as software are amortised over a period of 3 years based on its estimated useful life. For transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets recognised as of 1 April 2017 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

4.17 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

4.18 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

4.19 Provisions and Contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Claims against the Company, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.
Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

4.20 Income tax expenses

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax (net).

4.20.1 Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

4.20.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Deferred tax assets are also recognised with respect to carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

It is probable that taxable profit will be available against which a deductible temporary difference, unused tax loss or unused tax credit can be utilised when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences which are expected to reverse in the period of reversal of deductible temporary difference or in periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back. When this is not the case, deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that:

- the entity will have sufficient taxable profit in the same period as reversal of deductible temporary difference or periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back; or
- tax planning opportunities are available that will create taxable profit in appropriate periods.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

4.20.3 Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) credit

MAT paid in a year is charged to the statement of profit and loss as current tax. The Company recognizes unused MAT credit as a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it is probable that the Company will be able to utilise during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the Company recognises deferred tax asset (MAT credit) as an asset, the said asset is created by way of credit to the statement of profit and loss. The Company reviews the MAT asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent that it is not probable that the Company will be able to utilise it during the specified period.

5. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the management is required to make judgments', estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

5.1 Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

a. Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance is measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the quantum, the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

b. Significant increase in credit risk

ECL is measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Company takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

c. Consolidation of structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. In the context of the Company, structured entities comprise securitisation trusts in asset reconstruction business, mutual fund schemes and alternative investment funds / schemes thereof. The Company consolidates the structured entities that it controls. When making this judgement, the Company also considers voting and similar rights available to itself and other parties, who may limit the Company's ability to control, including rights to appoint, reassign or remove members of the structured entity's key management personnel who have the ability to direct the relevant activities, the exposure to variability of returns and whether the Company has the ability to use its power to affect the

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

amount of the Company's returns i.e. the variability of returns in relation to the total returns of the investee entity.

d. Determining lease term for lease contracts with renewal and termination option:

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain, whether or not, to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

5.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the stand-alone financial statements are prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

a. Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values.

For Investments made into Security receipts (SRs), Company uses discounted cash flow model, given that the SRs are less liquid instruments. Expected cash flow levels including timing of cash flows are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including default rates, nature and value of collaterals, manner of resolution and other economic drivers. For any valuation which are based on models, Judgements and estimates are applied, which include considerations of liquidity, credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

b. Impairment of financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Company's ECL calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- PD calculation includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.
- The Company's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss and the qualitative assessment.
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis.
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs.
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EAD and LGD.
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models.

It is Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

c. Effective interest rate method

The Company's EIR methodology recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of characteristics of the product life cycle

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

d. Accounting for deferred taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

The Company has recognised deferred tax assets on carried forward tax losses where the Company believes that the said deferred tax assets shall be recoverable based on the estimated future taxable income which in turn is based on approved business plans and budgets. The losses are allowed to be carried forward to the years in which the Company expects that there will be sufficient taxable profits to offset these losses.

e. Estimating the incremental borrowing rate:

The Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. Incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

6. **Standards issued but not yet effective**

There are no new standard or amendment issued but not effective.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ
MUMBAI
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
7	**Cash and cash equivalents**		
	- in current accounts	**124.30**	426.37
		124.30	426.37
8	**Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents**		
	Fixed deposits, held as margin money	**11.93**	11.93
	Accrued interest on fixed deposits	**0.34**	0.78
		12.27	12.71

8.1 Encumbrances' on fixed deposit held by company

The company has pledged fixed deposits aggegating to Rs 11.93 millions with stock exchange for meeting margin requirements. (Previous year Rs11.93 millions)

		As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
10	**Trade receivables**		
	(i) Trade receivables		
	Receivables considered good - Unsecured	**40.12**	389.37
		40.12	389.37

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9 Derivative financial instruments

The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or liabilities together with their notional amounts.

	31 March 2026					
	Notional		Fair value of asset (INR)	Notional		Fair value of liability (INR)
Particulars	Unit	Notional amount*		Unit	Notional amount*	
(i) Currency derivatives						
-Currency Futures	Number of currency units	-	-	Number of currency units	-	-
-Options purchased	Number of currency units	-	-	Number of currency units	-	-
-Options sold (written)	Number of currency units	-	-	Number of currency units	-	-
Less: amounts offset (refer Note in offsetting disclosure)			-		-	-
Sub total (i)		-	-		-	-
(ii) Index linked derivatives						
-Index Futures						
-Options purchased	Number of Index Units	-	-			
-Options sold (written)				Number of Index units	-	-
-Others				-		
Less: amounts offset (refer Note in offsetting disclosure)					-	-
Subtotal(ii)		-	-		-	-
Total derivative financial instruments			-			-

	31 March 2025					
	Notional		Fair value of asset	Notional		Fair value of liability
Particulars	Unit	Notional amount*		Unit	Notional amount*	
(ii) Currency derivatives						
-Options purchased	Number of currency units	-	-	Number of currency units		
-Options sold (written)	Number of currency units	-	-	Number of currency units	-	-
-Others	(text)			(text)		
Less: amounts offset (refer Note in offsetting disclosure)			-		-	-
Sub total (ii)		-	-		-	-
(i) Index linked derivatives						
-Options purchased	Number of Index Units	-	-			
-Options sold (written)			-	Number of Index units	-	-
-Others						
Less: amounts offset (refer Note in offsetting disclosure)					-	-
Subtotal (i)		-	-			-
Total derivative financial instruments			-			-

*** Notional amount represents quantity in case of equity linked, index linked and currency derivatives**

All the above derivatives are not designated as hedging instruments.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ
MUMBAI
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9 Derivative financial instruments

(a) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets subject to offsetting 31 March 2026

At 31 March 2026	Offsetting recognised in balance sheet		Total assets
Particulars	Gross asset before offset	Amount offset*	Recognised in the balance sheet
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-

Financial liabilities subject to offsetting 31 March 2026

At 31 March 2026	Offsetting recognised in balance sheet		Total liabilities
Particulars	Gross liability before offset	Amount offset*	Recognised in the balance sheet
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-

* As at the reporting date, the amount of gross derivative assets and liabilities that has been offset against the cash margin is Rs. Nil and Rs Nil millions respectively.

Financial assets subject to offsetting 31 March 2025

At 31 March 2025	Offsetting recognised in balance sheet		Total assets
Particulars	Gross asset before offset	Amount offset*	Recognised in the balance sheet
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-

Financial liabilities subject to offsetting 31 March 2025

At 31 March 2025	Offsetting recognised in balance sheet		Total liabilities
Particulars	Gross liability before offset	Amount offset*	Recognised in the balance sheet
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-

* As at the reporting date, the amount of gross derivative assets and liabilities that has been offset against the cash margin is Rs. Nil and Rs Nil millions respectively.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

10 Trade receivables:

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Receivables considered good - Unsecured	**18.62**	14.18
Receivables considered good - Unsecured - Group	**21.49**	375.19
Receivables - Credit impaired	-	-
Less : Allowance for expected credit losses	-	-
	40.12	389.37

Reconciliation of impairment allowance on trade receivables:

Particulars **Impairment allowance measured as per simplified approach**	**INR**
Impairment allowance as on 31 March 2025	-
Add/ (less): asset originated or acquired (net)	-
Impairment allowance as on 31 March 2026	-

Provision matrix for Trade receivables

ECL rate	**Trade receivables days past due**	**1-90days**	**181-360 days**	**91-180 days**	**Total**
-	Estimated total gross carrying amount	40.12	-	-	**40.12**
	Net carrying amount	**40.12**	**-**	**-**	**40.12**
-	Estimated total gross carrying amount	389.37	-	-	389.37
	Net carrying amount	389.37	-	-	389.37

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

11 Investments

As at 31 March 26

Particulars	**At fair value through P&L**	**At cost (subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures)**	**Total**
Investment			
Equity	-	1,202.24	1,202.24
Others	2,072.25	-	2,072.25
Total - Gross (A)	**2,072.25**	**1,202.24**	**3,274.49**
(i) Investment outside India	-	1,202.24	1,202.24
(ii) Investment in India	2,072.25	-	2,072.25
Total (B)	**2,072.25**	**1,202.24**	**3,274.49**
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)	-	-	-
Total Net (A-C)	**2,072.25**	**1,202.24**	**3,274.49**

As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	At fair value through P&L	At cost (subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures)	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3) = (1+2)
Investment			
Equity	-	1,202.24	1,202.24
Others	1,758.72		1,758.72
Total - Gross (A)	1,758.72	1,202.24	2,960.96
(i) Investment outside India	-	1,202.24	1,202.24
(ii) Investment in India	1,758.72	-	1,758.72
Total (B)	1,758.72	1,202.24	2,960.96
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)	-	-	-
Total Net (A-C)	1,758.72	1,202.24	2,960.96

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

11.1 'Investments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026			As at 31 March 2025		
	Face Value	Quantity	Amount	Face Value	Quantity	Amount
Investments						
Investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries						
Carried at Cost						
Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited (Foreign Subsidiary)	**10**	**2,19,12,529**	**1,202.24**	10	2,19,12,529	1,202.24
Investments in Debt instruments						
Carried at fair value through profit & loss account						
EDEL FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED		-	-	1,00,000	13,400	1,340.00
ECAP EQUITIES LIMITED		-	-	1,00,000	3,000	300.35
1030EFCL13APR2029	**1,00,000**	**3,000**	**317.57**		-	-
1035EFCL10MAR2028	**1,00,000**	**8,000**	**821.67**		-	-
Investments in Mutual Fund						
Carried at fair value through profit & loss account						
EDELWEISS MUTUAL FUND LIQUID FD DIRECT PLAN GROWTH OPEN		**35,321**	**125.78**		35,321	118.37
AXIS MUTUAL FUND OVER NGHT FD DR PL GROWTH OP		**3,15,185**	**449.37**			
ICICI Prudential Overnight Fund		**2,46,563**	**357.86**			
			3,274.49			2,960.96

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
12 Other financial assets		
Deposits placed with/ for exchange/ depositories	18.57	18.58
Security Deposits	2.59	2.60
Client Margin	278.10	394.00
Margin placed with broker	286.04	39.27
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	0.00	1.66
Loans to employees	0.98	0.11
	586.27	456.22
13 Current tax assets (net)		
Advance income taxes (net of provision for tax)	37.19	13.20
	37.19	13.20
14 Deferred tax assets (net)		
Deferred tax assets		
Investments and other financial instruments		
Fair valuation of investments - loss in valuation	-	(2.11)
Employee benefit obligations		
Provision for leave accumulation	1.40	0.69
Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	1.94	5.11
Unused tax credit		
MAT credit entitlement	(0.00)	-
Unused tax losses		
Accumulated Losses	106.11	145.94
	109.45	149.63
Deferred tax liabilities		
Property, plant and equipment and intangibles		
Difference between book and tax depreciation (including intangibles)	3.82	1.70
Investments and other financial instruments		
Fair valuation of investments and stock-in-trade	6.99	-
	10.80	1.70
	98.65	147.93

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

14.1 Income tax disclosure

(a) The components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2026 are:

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Current tax	-	-
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	(2.56)	-
Deferred tax asset recognised on unused tax credit or unused tax losses	49.27	12.92
Deferred tax asset reversed on unused tax credit or unused tax losses	-	-
Total tax charge	**46.71**	12.92
Current tax	(2.56)	-
Deferred tax	49.27	12.92

(b) Reconciliation of total tax charge

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Accounting profit before tax as per financial statements	**177.44**	33.57
Tax rate (in percentage)	**25.17%**	25.17%
Income tax expense calculated based on this tax rate	**44.66**	8.45
Effect of income not subject to tax:		
Effect of recognition of deferred tax asset on prior period losses - earlier not recognised	4.09	18.81
Impact of tax rate changes (between two accounting periods)	0.27	-
Impact of certain items being taxed at different rates (for example, capital gains at different rates, etc.)	-	(16.09)
Others	**(2.30)**	1.75
Tax charge for the year recorded in statement of profit and loss	**46.71**	12.92

(c) The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the Income tax expense:

		Movement for the period (2025-26)			
	Opening deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS	**Recognised in profit or loss**	**Recognised in other comprehensive income**	**Total movement**	**Closing deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS**
Deferred taxes in relation to:					
Property, Plant and Equipment	(1.70)	(2.11)	-	(2.11)	(3.82)
Stock-in-trade	(2.11)	(4.88)	-	(4.88)	(6.99)
Employee benefits obligations	5.82	(2.47)	-	(2.47)	3.35
Fair valuation of Derivatives	(0.00)	-	-	-	(0.00)
Unused tax losses	145.92	(39.81)	-	(39.81)	106.10
Total	**147.92**	**(49.27)**	**-**	**(49.27)**	**98.65**

		Movement for the period (2024-25)			
	Opening deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Total movement	Closing deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS
Deferred taxes in relation to:					
Property, Plant and Equipment	(0.80)	(0.90)	-	(0.90)	(1.70)
Stock-in-trade	(0.04)	(2.07)	-	(2.07)	(2.11)
Employee benefits obligations	6.28	(0.46)	-	(0.46)	5.82
Fair valuation of Derivatives	(0.04)	0.04	-	0.04	(0.00)
Unused tax losses	155.45	(9.52)	-	(9.52)	145.92
Total	160.84	(12.91)	-	(12.91)	147.93

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

15 (a) Property, Plant and Equipment

	Gross Block				Accumulated Depreciation				Net Block
Description of Assets	**As at 1 April 2025**	**Additions during the year**	**Disposals during the year**	**As at 31 Mar 2026**	**As at 1 April 2025**	**Charge for the year**	**Disposals during the year**	**As at 31 Mar 2026**	**As at 31 Mar 2026**
Computers	145.64	124.81	1.89	**268.55**	64.64	59.82	1.37	**123.09**	**145.46**
Furniture and Fixtures	0.16	-	-	**0.16**	0.10	0.02	-	**0.11**	**0.05**
Total	**145.79**	**124.81**	**1.89**	**268.72**	**64.74**	**59.84**	**1.37**	**123.21**	**145.50**

(b) Other Intangible Assets

	Gross Block				Accumulated Amortisation				Net Block
Description of Assets	**As at 1 April 2025**	**Additions during the year**	**Disposals during the year**	**As at 31 Mar 2026**	**As at 1 April 2025**	**Charge for the year**	**Disposals during the year**	**As at 31 Mar 2026**	**As at 31 Mar 2026**
Software	6.70	0.20	-	**6.91**	5.23	0.77	-	**6.00**	**0.91**
Total	**6.70**	0.20	-	**6.91**	**5.23**	**0.77**	-	**6.00**	**0.91**

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements ***(Continued)***

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

15 (a) Property, Plant and Equipment

Description of Assets	Gross Block				Accumulated Depreciation				Net Block
	As at 1 April 2025	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 Mar 2025	As at 1 April 2025	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 Mar 2025	As at 31 Mar 2025
Computers	110.88	60.38	25.63	145.64	46.91	29.65	11.92	64.64	81.00
Furniture and Fixtures	0.26	-	0.10	0.16	0.13	0.03	0.06	0.10	0.06
Total	111.15	60.38	25.73	145.79	47.04	29.67	11.97	64.74	81.06

(b) Other Intangible Assets

Description of Assets	Gross Block				Accumulated Amortisation				Net Block
	As at 1 April 2025	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 Mar 2025	As at 1 April 2025	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31 Mar 2025	As at 31 Mar 2025
Software	5.53	1.17	-	6.70	4.63	0.60	-	5.23	1.47
Total	5.53	1.17	-	6.70	4.63	0.60	-	5.23	1.47

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
16	**Other non-financial assets**		
	(Unsecured Considered good, unless stated otherwise)		
	Input tax credit	**31.74**	24.92
	Control Accounts	**0.00**	0.00
	Advances to others	**-**	12.44
	Other Assets	**(0.00)**	-
	Prepaid expenses	**6.51**	9.85
	Vendor Advances	**0.93**	0.99
	Advances to employees	**-**	0.16
	Others	**(0.00)**	(0.00)
		39.18	48.36

17	**Trade Payables**		
	Trade payables from non-related parties	**104.37**	25.74
	Trade payables from related parties	**432.10**	245.62
		536.48	271.36

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Trade Payable Ageing :-

Particulars	Outstanding for March 31, 2026				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	536.48	-	-	-	536.48
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**536.48**	-	-	-	**536.48**

Trade Payable Ageing :-

Particulars	Outstanding for March 31, 2025				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	0.13	-	-	-	0.13
(ii) Others	271.23	-	-	-	271.23
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	271.36	-	-	-	271.36

Unbilled amount due of March 2026 is Rs 11.20 (March 2025- Rs 3.15).

17.1 Details of dues to micro and small enterprises

Trade Payables includes Rs. Nil (previous year: Rs. NIL) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. No interest has been paid / is payable by the Company during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this act. The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Company to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said act.

		As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
18	**Borrowings (other than debt securities)**		
	At amortised cost		
	Loan from related parties		
	Interest accrued and due on borrowings	0.00	1.80
	Interest accrued but not due on unsecured Loan	-	-
	Total - Gross	**0.00**	1.80
	Borrowings outside India	-	-
	Borrowings in India	0.00	1.80
	Total	**0.00**	1.80

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
19	**Other financial liabilities**		
	Payable to client (net) (in CM books)	**1.80**	520.59
	Other payables	**1.56**	6.10
	Accrued salaries and benefits	**41.72**	111.13
		45.09	637.83
20	**Current tax liabilities (net)**		
	Provision for taxation	**2.95**	6.17
		2.95	6.17
21	**Provisions**		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Gratuity	**18.22**	13.46
	Compensated leave absences	**4.86**	2.04
	Provision for capex	**4.80**	3.27
		27.89	18.77
22	**Other non-financial liabilities**		
	Statutory dues	**46.56**	25.21
		46.56	25.21

* Rs. 0.00 represents amount less than 10,000

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
23 Equity share capital		
Authorised :		
4,25,00,000 (Previous year 4,25,00,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	425.00	425.00
	425.00	425.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:		
3,90,22,000 (Previous year: 3,90,22,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid-up*	390.22	390.22
	390.22	390.22

Note:

* 3,90,22,000 (Previous year - 3,90,22,000) equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up are held by Ecap Equities Limited., the holding company and its nominees.
* 3,90,22,000 (Previous year - 3,90,22,000) equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up are held by Ecap Securities and Investment Limited have been transfered to Ecap Equities Limited.

a. Movement in share capital :	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	No of shares	Amount	No of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	3,90,22,000	390.22	3,90,22,000	390.22
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	3,90,22,000	390.22	3,90,22,000	390.22

b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares :

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates

		31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	% Change during the	No of shares	%	No of shares	%
Ecap Securities and Investment Limited (formely Ecap Equities Limited (Equity shares)	100.00%	3,90,22,000	100.00%	3,90,22,000	100.00%
		3,90,22,000		3,90,22,000	

Instruments entirely equity in nature

	No of CCDs	Amount	No of CCDs	Amount
a. Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:				
0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs)	7,50,00,000	750.00	7,50,00,000	750.00
	7,50,00,000	750.00	7,50,00,000	750.00

7,50,00,000 CCDs are entirely held by ECap Equities Limited (formerly known as Edel Land Limited)

b. Movement in instruments during the year :

	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
0.01% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs)	No of CCDs	Amount	No of CCDs	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	7,50,00,000	750.00	7,50,00,000	750.00
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	7,50,00,000	750.00	7,50,00,000	750.00

c Terms/rights attached to Instruments entirely equity in nature :

The interest rate is 0.01% per annum and CCDs will be convertible into equity shares within period not exceeding 5 years from the date of issue.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements ***(Continued)***

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
24 Other equity		
Capital Redemption Reserve		
Opening balance	4.50	4.50
Add : Additions during the year	-	-
	4.50	4.50
Securities Premium		
Opening balance	2,291.24	2,291.24
Add : Additions during the year	0.00	(0.00)
	2,291.24	2,291.24
Deemed capital contribution - Preference Capital (Issuer)		
Opening	34.39	34.39
Additions	(0.00)	0.00
Deemed capital contribution - Preference Capital (Issuer)	34.39	34.39
Retained earnings		
Opening Balance	140.55	120.79
Deferred tax on ESOP	-	
Add: Profit for the year	123.27	20.65
ESOP reversal on lapse of vesting period	-	0.00
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year	0.11	(0.89)
Closing Balance	263.93	140.55
	2,559.68	2,436.29

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
	Revenue from operations		
25	**Interest Income**		
	On financial assets measured at amortised cost		
	Interest income on Loans	0.03	-
	Interest income on deposits with Banks	0.82	0.64
	Interest Income on Margin with brokers	3.50	2.13
	Interest Income - Others	0.08	0.01
	On financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss		
	Interest income on debt instrument	15.23	-
		19.66	2.78
26	**Fee and Commission income**		
	Income from Securities Broking	135.06	87.20
		135.06	87.20
27	**Net gain on fair value changes**		
	Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		
	On trading portfolio		
	(Loss) / Profit on trading of securities (net)	200.78	219.51
	Fair value gain - P&L - equity/MF	19.84	8.22
	Fair value gain - P&L - debt	24.87	(16.69)
	Profit on equity derivative instruments (net)	211.57	8.56
	Profit on commodity derivative instruments (net)	(0.03)	0.02
	Profit/(Loss) on trading in currency derivative instruments (net)	-	0.37
	Profit/(loss) on sale of long term investment	-	63.95
	Total Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes	457.03	283.95
	Fair value changes:		
	- Realised (loss) / gain	412.32	292.57
	- Unrealised gain / (loss)	44.71	(8.62)
	Total Net gain/loss on fair value changes	457.03	283.95
28	**Other income**		
	Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)	0.02	0.44
	Credit Balance written off	0.02	1.45
	Interest Income - On Tax Refund	-	0.96
	Misc. Income	0.03	
	Transaction Charges Rebate	-	13.16
	Business service charges	161.14	37.64
		161.21	53.65

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
29 Finance costs		
On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Interest on borrowings	**97.56**	23.63
Interest on Margin	**30.34**	9.17
Interest on debenture *	**0.08**	0.08
Financial and Bank Charges	**0.09**	0.05
	128.06	32.93
30 Employee benefit expenses		
Salaries and wages	**94.07**	164.18
Contribution to provident and other funds	**7.94**	7.59
Expense on employee stock option scheme (ESOP)	**-**	0.01
Staff welfare expenses	**3.34**	3.75
Expense on Employee Stock Appreciation Rights	**2.32**	0.04
	107.66	175.57

* Rs. 0.00 represents amount less than 10,000

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
31	**Other expenses**		
	Advertisement and business promotion	-	2.00
	Auditors' remuneration *(refer note below)*	**0.30**	0.60
	Communication	**122.61**	45.52
	Directors' sitting fees	**0.10**	-
	Insurance	**0.35**	0.02
	Legal and professional fees	**13.63**	4.92
	Printing and stationery	**2.78**	3.30
	Rates and taxes	**0.01**	0.04
	Rent	**13.77**	14.10
	Repairs and maintenance	**2.83**	2.69
	Foreign exchange loss (net)*	**0.11**	-
	Computer expenses	**2.99**	3.33
	Computer software	**29.03**	25.24
	Corporate social responsibility -Donation	**0.26**	-
	Clearing & custodian charges	**0.88**	4.68
	Dematerialisation charges	-	0.07
	Membership and subscription	**0.78**	1.48
	Mutual Fund Expenses	**0.03**	-
	Office expenses	**19.85**	22.74
	ROC Expenses	**0.03**	-
	Goods & Service tax expenses	**12.85**	6.02
	Stamp duty	**31.53**	4.98
	Stock exchange expenses	**20.31**	7.82
	Travelling and conveyance	**6.25**	5.47
	Business Service Charges Expense	**17.90**	0.12
	Housekeeping and security charges	**0.01**	0.14
		299.18	155.23

Auditors' remuneration:		
As Auditors	**0.30**	0.58
Towards reimbursement of expenses	**0.01**	0.02
	0.30	0.60

* Rs. 0.00 represents amount less than 10,000

CHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

32 Earnings per share

	Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
(a)	Profit/(loss) after tax	**123.27**	20.66
	Less:- Dividend on preference share capital	**-**	-
	Net profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity shareholders	**123.27**	20.66
(b)	Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares of Rs 10 each		
	Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	**3,90,22,000**	3,90,22,000
	Number of shares issued during the year	**-**	-
	Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	**3,90,22,000**	3,90,22,000
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (based on date of issue of shares)	**4,95,22,000**	4,95,22,000
	Effect of dilution:		
	Contingent convertible bonds		
	Convertible bonds	**1,05,00,000**	1,05,00,000
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	**6,00,22,000**	6,00,22,000
(c)	Basic and diluted earnings per share (in rupees) (a/b)	**2.49**	0.42
	Earnings per share		
	Equity shareholders for the year:		
	Basic earnings per share	**2.49**	0.42
	Diluted earnings per share	**2.05**	0.34

The basic and dilutive earnings per share are the same as there are no dilutive potential equity shares.

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements ***(Continued)***

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

33 Segment reporting

The Company's business is organised and management reviews the performance based on the business segments as mentioned below:

Segment	Activities covered
Capital based business	Interest income on loans and other capital based activities
Treasury	Income from treasury operations, income from investments, interest income on debt instruments and dividend income.
Agency business	Broking, advisory and product distribution services

Income for each segment has been specifically identified. Expenditures, assets and liabilities are either specifically identified with individual segments or have been allocated to segments on a systematic/resonable basis.

Based on such allocations, segment disclosures relating to revenue, results, assets and liabilities have been prepared.

Since the business operations of the Company are primarily concentrated in India, the Company is considered to operate only in the domestic segment and therefore there is no reportable geographic segment.

The following table gives information as required under the Ind AS -108 - Operating Segment Reporting:

	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
I	**Segment revenue**		
	a) Capital based business	0.11	63.96
	b) Agency business	135.06	87.20
	c) Treasury	637.80	276.42
	d) Unallocated	-	-
	Total	772.95	427.58
	Less : Inter segment revenue	-	-
	Total income	772.95	427.58
II	**Segment results**		
	a) Capital based business	(0.06)	1.08
	b) Agency business	21.96	1.57
	c) Treasury	155.54	30.89
	d) Unallocated	-	-
	Total	177.45	33.54
	Profit / (Loss) before Exceptional items and tax	177.44	33.57
	Exceptional items	7.45	-
	Profit / (Loss) before tax	169.99	33.57
	Less : Provision for taxation	(46.71)	(12.92)
	Profit after taxation	123.27	20.65
III	**Segment assets**		
	a) Capital based business	1,202.28	1,284.85
	b) Agency business	38.93	112.63
	c) Treasury	2,950.10	2,954.12
	d) Unallocated	167.58	186.05
	Total	4,358.87	4,537.65
IV	**Segment liabilities**		
	a) Capital based business	1.63	94.78
	b) Agency business	77.62	118.46
	c) Treasury	530.21	716.52
	d) Unallocated	49.51	31.38
	Total	658.97	961.14
V	**Capital expenditure (including capital work-in-progress)**		
	a) Capital based business	0.02	10.53
	b) Agency business	27.60	14.35
	c) Treasury	97.39	36.67
	d) Unallocated	-	-
	Total	125.01	61.55
VI	**Depreciation and amortisation**		
	a) Capital based business	0.01	5.18
	b) Agency business	13.38	7.06
	c) Treasury	47.22	18.04
	d) Unallocated	-	-
	Total	60.61	30.28
VII	**Significant non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortisation**		
	a) Capital based business	0.00	0.33
	b) Agency business	0.35	0.45
	c) Treasury	1.25	1.14
	d) Unallocated	-	-
	Total	1.60	1.92

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

(Currency: Indian rupees in Millions)

34 Related Parties

In accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 24 on Related party transactions notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

i. List of related parties and relationship:

Name of related parties by whom control is exercised	ECap Equities Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (Ultimate Holding company)
Name of related parties over whom control is exercised	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte Limited
Fellow Subsidiaries (with whom transactions have taken place)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Investment Advisers Limited ECap Securities And Investments Limited Nido Home Finance Limited Edel Finance Company Limited ECL Finance Limited Edelcap Securities Limited
Key Managerial Personnel	Mr. Dushyant Patadiya – Executive Director Mr. Vipin Gawande - Executive Director Mr. Kaushal Patel - Chief Financial Officer Mr. Akash Soni – Company Secretary

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

(Currency: Indian rupees in Millions)

ii. Transactions with related parties :

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	For the year ended 31 March 26	For the year ended 31 March 25
	Capital account transactions during the Year			
1	Buy Back of Equity Investment	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	-	364.51
	Current account transactions during the year			
2	Short term loans taken from (Total transaction)	Ecap Equities Limited	4,097.70	4,848.90
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	2,167.70	-
		Edel Finance Company Ltd	2,882.80	-
3	Short term loans repaid to (Total transaction)	Ecap Equities Limited	4,097.70	4,848.90
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	2,167.70	-
		Edel Finance Company Ltd	2,882.80	-
4	Short term loans given to (Total transaction)	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	4.29	-
5	Short term loans repaid from (Total transaction)	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	4.29	-
6	Margin received from (Total transaction)	ECL Finance Limited	42.79	32.07
		ECap Equities Limited	11.21	326.13
		Edelweiss Investment Advisers Limited	43.65	4.60
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	94.02	81.17
		Edelcap Securities Limited	737.58	178.70
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	0.02
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	390.59	-
7	Margin repaid to (Total transaction)	ECL Finance Limited	43.38	33.87
		ECap Equities Limited	10.57	326.79
		Edelweiss Investment Advisers Limited	43.65	4.60
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	94.02	81.17
		Edelcap Securities Limited	751.70	177.09
		Nido Home Finance Limited	-	0.02
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	391.93	-
				-
8	Interest expense on loans taken from	ECap Equities Limited	50.10	23.63
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	23.14	-
		Edel Finance Company Ltd	24.32	-
9	Interest Income on Debenture	Edel Finance Company Ltd	80.73	148.39
		Ecap Equities Limited	15.71	32.71
10	Interest income on group loan	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	0.03	-
11	Interest expense on CCD	ECap Equities Limited	0.08	0.08
12	Shared Premises cost paid to	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	5.50	9.10
		ECap Equities Limited	3.21	1.34
13	Brokerage received	ECL Finance Limited	4.40	14.61
		Edelweiss Investment Advisers Limited	3.35	0.61
		ECap Equities Limited	1.35	36.06
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	8.87	7.73
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	0.01
		Nido Home Finance Limited	0.11	0.07
		Edelcap Securities Limited	80.42	15.37
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	34.14	-
		Edel Finance Company Limited	0.00	-
14	ESOP and SAR Charges paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.34	0.06
15	Cost reimbursements paid to	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	16.49	20.19
		ECap Equities Limited	25.70	0.10
16	Cost reimbursements Received from	ECap Equities Limited	2.24	21.42
		ECL Finance Limited	3.06	4.80
		Edelcap Securities Limited	101.36	8.48
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	21.46	2.95
		Edelweiss Investment Advisers Limited	6.68	-
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	26.38	0.15
17	Fixed asset purchased from	ECap Equities Limited	0.07	1.45
		Edelcap Securities Limited	1.73	0.03
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	0.01	0.05
18	Fixed Assets sold to	Edelcap Securities Limited	0.39	13.66
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	0.03	0.05
		ECL Finance Limited	0.01	-
		ECap Equities Limited	0.11	0.42
19	Amount received from clients for Cash segment	ECL Finance Limited	2,108.63	59,272.86
		ECap Equities Limited	761.59	41,119.52
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	26,350.71	21,178.17
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	167.06	141.96
		Edelcap Securities Limited	2,18,547.08	13,986.17
		Nido Home Finance Limited	1,272.00	579.40
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	33,540.32	-
		Edelweiss Investment Advisers Limited	2,483.42	-

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

(Currency: Indian rupees in Millions)

ii. Transactions with related parties :

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	For the year ended 31 March 26	For the year ended 31 March 25
20	Amount paid to clients for Cash segment	ECL Finance Limited	2,301.39	61,171.96
		ECap Equities Limited	624.84	40,898.29
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	27,340.52	24,069.43
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	195.53	164.79
		Edelcap Securities Limited	2,15,138.01	14,160.65
		Nido Home Finance Limited	1,413.49	723.59
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	33,693.87	-
		Edelweiss Investment Advisers Limited	2,556.37	-
21	Purchase of MLD Securities	Edelcap Securities Limited	-	291.66
		Edelweiss Investment Advisers Limited	-	257.48
		Ecap Equities Limited	-	367.02
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	51.50
22	Sale of MLD Securities	Edelweiss Investment Advisers Limited	510.85	900.41
		Ecap Equities Limited	1,182.64	72.68
		Edelcap Securities Limited	-	333.79
23	Purchase of NCD Securities	Edel Finance Company Limited	1,100.00	-
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	822.30	-
24	Sale of NCD Securities	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	851.25	-
25	Key Managerial Remuneration Paid	Mr Dushyant Patadiya Mr Vipin Gawande Mr Akash Soni Mr Kaushal Patel	9.99	10.32
	Balances with related parties			
26	Compulsorily convertible debentures held by	ECap Equities Limited	750.00	750.00
27	Trade payables to	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	1.47	3.22
		ECL Finance Limited	-	2.00
		ECap Equities Limited	7.57	240.41
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	259.96	-
		Edelcap Securities Limited	163.10	-
28	Trade receivable from	Ecap Equities Limited	0.51	1.09
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	3.55	-
		ECL Finance Limited	1.02	-
		Edelcap Securities Limited	11.80	373.11
		Edelweiss Investment Advisers Limited	0.78	-
		Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	3.84	0.86
29	Interest payable on loans taken from	ECap Equities Limited	0.00	1.80
30	Other receivable from	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	-	0.03
31	Receivable from Group Company-Gratuity	Edelcap Securities Limited	0.00	0.05
		Ecap Equities Limited	-	1.60
32	Payable to group company-Gratuity	Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited	-	0.01
		Ecap Equities Limited	0.00	2.10
		Edelcap Securities Limited	0.96	3.06
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	0.86
33	Other payable to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	0.04
34	Investment in Debt Securities (MLD)	Edel Finance Company Ltd	-	1,340.00
		ECap Equities Limited	-	300.35
35	Investment in Debt Securities (NCD)	Edel Finance Company Ltd	1,139.24	-
36	Investment in Subsidiary company	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	1,202.24	1,202.24
37	Equity Share capital	ECap Equities Limited	390.22	390.22

Note: 1.Loan given/taken to/from related parties and margin money placed / refund received with/ from related parties are disclosed based on the maximum incremental amount given/taken and placed / refund received during the reporting period.

Disclosure under section 186(4)of the Companies Act, 2013 for loans and guarantee : Loans have been given for general business purpose.

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

35 Disclosure pursuant to IND AS 19 - Employee benefits

(a) Defined contribution plan (provident fund)

Amount of Rs. 4.38 millions (Previous year: Rs. 4.67/-millions) is recognised as expenses and included in "Employee benefit expenses".

(b) Defined benefit plan (gratuity):

The following tables summarise the components of the net employee benefit expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan.

Statement of profit and loss of the year:

Net employee benefit expenses (recognised in employee cost):

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Current service cost	1.95	1.43
Interest on defined benefit obligation	0.78	0.80
Past service cost	3.46	-
Actuarial loss/(gain)	-	-
Total included in employee benefit expenses	**6.20**	2.23

Balance sheet:

Details of provision for gratuity:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Liability at the end of the year	18.20	13.45
Amount in balance sheet	18.20	13.45

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Liability at the beginning of the year	13.45	15.75
Transfer in/(out)	(1.06)	(4.38)
Interest cost	0.78	0.80
Current service cost	1.95	1.43
Past service cost	3.46	-
Benefits paid	(0.26)	(1.04)
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations	(0.11)	0.89
Liability at the end of the year	**18.20**	13.45

Non-current liability at the end of the year	15.27	11.21
Current liability at the end of the year	2.93	2.24

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

36 Disclosure pursuant to IND AS 19 - Employee benefits

Amount recognised in the balance sheet:

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Liability at the end of the year	18.20	13.45
Fair value of plan assets at the end of year	-	-
Amount recognized in balance sheet	18.20	13.45

Experience adjustment:

	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
On plan liabilities (gain)/loss	(0.11)	0.39
On plan assets (gain)/loss	-	-
Estimated contribution for next year	(0.11)	0.39

Principle actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Discount rate current	6.30%	6.30%
Salary escalation current	7.00%	7.00%
Interest Rate on DBO /(Assets)	6.30%	7.00%
Withdrawal rate	16.00%	16.00%
Mortality rate	IALM 2012-14 (Ult.)	IALM 2012-14 (Ult.)
Wighted average duration of the obligation	3 Years	3.5 Years

Sensitivity analysis:

DBO increases/ (decreases) by	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
1% Increase in Salary Growth Rate	0.76	0.82
1% Decrease in Salary Growth Rate	(0.80)	(0.76)
1% Increase in Discount Rate	(0.80)	(0.75)
1% Decrease in Discount Rate	0.77	0.84
1% Increase in Withdrawal Rate	(0.03)	(0.03)
1% Decrease in Withdrawal Rate	0.03	0.03
Mortality (increase in expected lifetime by 1 year)	0.00	0.00
Mortality (increase in expected lifetime by 3 years)	0.00	0.00

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

37 Earnings and expenditure in foregin currency:

The company incurred foreign exchange exps of Rs. 4.35 millions as on date of balance sheet (Previous Year Rs. 0.04 millions).

38 Capital commitments, contingent liabilities and litigations:

The company has no capital commitments, contingent liabilities and pending litigations as at balance sheet date. (Previous year : Nil).

39 Cost Sharing:

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, being the ultimate holding company alongwith its fellow subsidiaries incurs expenditure like processing fees, rent , electricity charges etc. which is for the common benefit of itself and its certain subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries including the company. This cost so expended is reimbursed by the company on the basis of number of employees, time spent by the employees of other companies, actual identifications etc. Accordingly, and as identified by the management, the expenditure heads in note 35 includes reimbursements paid based on the management's best estimate.

40 Corporate Social Reponsibility

A provision amounting to 0.26 millions has been recognised as at the reporting date towards the Company's CSR obligation. The same is disclosed under Provisions" in the Balance Sheet

a) Gross amount required to be spent by the company during the year was Rs. 0.0 Millions

b) Amount spent during the year on:

Sr. No.	Particulars	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
(i)	Construction / acquisition of any asset	Nil	Nil	Nil
(ii)	On purpose other than (i) above	0.00	0	0.00

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

41 Approach to capital management

Company objectives, when managing capital, are to (a) maximise shareholder value and provide benefits to other stakeholders and (b) maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purposes of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders.

Company monitors capital using debt-equity ratio, which is total debt divided by total equity.

Particulars	**31 March 2026**	31 March 2025
Total Debt	**0.00**	1.80
Equity	**3,699.90**	3,576.51
Net Debt to Equity	**0.00**	0.00

42 Employee Stock Option Plans

The Ultimate Holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL")) has Employee Stock Option Plans in force. Based on such ESOP schemes, parent entity has granted an ESOP option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost.

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

43 Contractual maturity analysis:

A. Analysis of non-derivative financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the undiscounted cash flows of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities as at 31 March

Repayments which are subject to notice are treated as if notice were to be given immediately. However, the Group expects that the counterparties will not request repayment on the earliest date it could be required to pay.

As at 31 March 2026	**1 month to 6 months**	**6 months to 1 year**	**1 year to 3 years**	**3 years to 5 years**	**Over 5 years**	**Total**
Trade payables	536.48	-	-	-	-	536.48
Borrowings	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.00
Other financial liabilities	45.09	-	-	-	-	45.09
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial liabilities	**581.57**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**581.56**

As at 31 March 2025	1 month to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	3 years to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Trade payables	271.36	-	-	-	-	271.36
Borrowings	1.80	-	-	-	-	1.80
Other financial liabilities	637.83	-	-	-	-	637.83
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial liabilities	910.99	-		-	-	910.99

B. Analysis of non-derivative financial assets by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the undiscounted cash flows of the Group's non-derivative financial assets as at 31 March.

As at 31 March 2026	**1 month to 6 months**	**6 months to 1 year**	**1 year to 3 years**	**3 years to 5 years**	**Over 5 years**	**Total**
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	124.30	-	12.27	-	-	136.57
Trade receivables	40.12	-	-	-	-	40.12
Investments	933.01	-	1,139.24	-	1,202.24	3,274.49
Other financial assets	567.71	-	-	-	18.57	586.27
Total	**1,665.12**	**-**	**1,151.51**	**-**	**1,220.80**	**4,037.44**

As at 31 March 2025	1 month to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	3 years to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	426.37	-	12.71	-	-	439.08
Trade receivables	389.37	-	-	-	-	389.37
Investments	118.37	1,340.00	300.35	-	1,202.24	2,960.95
Other financial assets	437.66	-	-	-	18.57	456.22
Total	1,371.76	1,340.00	313.06	-	1,220.80	4,245.63

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency:Indian rupees in millions)

44 Sensitivity analysis on derivative instruments

(i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arise majorly on account of foreign currency borrowings.

The table below indicates the currencies to which the Group had significant exposure at the end of the reported periods. The analysis calculates the effect of a reasonably possible movement of the currency rate against the INR (all other variables being constant) on the statement of profit and loss (due to the fair value of currency sensitive non–trading monetary assets and liabilities) and equity (due to the change in fair value of currency swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts used as cash flow hedges).

	2025-26					
Currency	Increase in currency rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in currency rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
USD	5	0.00	-	5	-	-

	2024-25					
Currency	Increase in currency rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in currency rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
USD	5	0.00	-	5	-	-

(ii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of individual investment in equity share prices.

	2025-26					
Impact on	Increase in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Mutual fund units	5	46.65	-	5	(46.65)	-
Debt instruments	5	56.96	-	5	(56.96)	-

	2024-25					
Impact on	Increase in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Mutual fund units	5	5.92	-	5	(5.92)	-
Debt instruments	5	82.02	-	5	(82.02)	-

(iii) Index price risk

Index price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of equity indices.

	2025-26					
Impact on	Increase in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Derivatives	5	-	-	5	-	-

	2024-25					
Impact on	Increase in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Derivatives	5	-	-	5	-	-

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45 (a) Fair Values of Financial Instruments

	March 31, 2026			
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (assets):				
Exchange-traded derivatives	-	-		-
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)	-	-	-	-
Investments				
Mutual fund units	933.01	-	-	933.01
Debt instruments	-	1,139.24	-	1,139.24
Total investments measured at fair value	933.01	1,139.24	-	2,072.26
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	933.01	1,139.24	-	2,072.26

	March 31, 2026			
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis -				
Derivative financial instruments (Liabilities):				
Exchange-traded derivatives	-			-
Total derivative financial instruments (liabilities)	-	-	-	-
				-
Financial liabilities designated at FVTPL				
Provision for short sale	-			-
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis	-	-	-	-

	March 31, 2025			
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (assets):				
Exchange-traded derivatives	-			-
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)	-	-	-	-
Investments				
Mutual fund units	118.37			118.37
Debt instruments	-	-	1,640.35	1,640.35
Total investments measured at fair value	118.37	-	1,640.35	1,758.72
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	118.37	-	1,640.35	1,758.72

	March 31, 2025			
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis -				
Derivative financial instruments (Liabilities):				
Exchange-traded derivatives	-			-
Total derivative financial instruments (liabilities)	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss -				
Provision for short sale - SLBM trading	-			-
Total financial liabilities designated at FVTPL	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis	-	-	-	-

Fair valuation techniques:

(i) Equity instruments and units of Alternative Investment Funds

The majority of equity instruments are actively traded on recognized stock exchanges with readily available active prices on a regular basis. Such instruments are classified as Level 1. Units held in funds are measured based on fund net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such NAV Such instruments are generally Level 3. Equity instruments in non-listed entities are initially recognised at transaction price and re-measured at each reporting date at valuation provided by external valuer at instrument level. Unlisted equity securities are classified at Level 3.

(ii) Debt securities

While most of these instruments are standard fixed rate securities, however nifty linked debentures have embedded derivative characteristics. Fair value of these instruments is derived based on the indicative quotes of price and yields prevailing in the market as at the reporting date. Company has used quoted price of national stock exchange wherever bonds are traded actively. In cases where debt securities are not activity traded Company has used CRISIL Corporate Bond Valuer model for measuring fair value.

(iii) Derivatives

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments with various counter-parties, primarily banks with investment grade credit ratings. Derivatives valued using valuation techniques with market observable inputs are exchange traded futures and options contracts. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include quoted price for exchange traded derivatives and Black Scholes models (for option valuation).

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

(b) Movement in level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

i The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening balances and the closing balances for fair value measurements in

Particulars	**Investment - Nifty linked debentures**	**Total**
At 1 April 2025	**1,640.35**	**1,640.35**
Purchase	-	-
Sales	**(1,693.49)**	**(1,693.49)**
Gains / (losses) for the period (2025-26) recognised in profit or loss	**53.14**	**53.14**
At 31 March 2026	-	-
Unrealised gains / (losses) related to balances held at the end of the period	-	-

Particulars	Investment - Nifty linked debentures	Total
At 1 April 2024	1,615.60	1,616
Purchase	1,310.43	1,310.43
Sales	(1,306.88)	(1,306.88)
Gains / (losses) for the period (2024-25) recognised in profit or loss (including	21.20	21.20
At 31 March 2025	1,640.35	1,640.35
Unrealised gains / (losses) related to balances held at the end of the period	16.68	16.68

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ MUMBAI

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

(c) Unobservable inputs used in measuring fair value categorised within Level 3 :

Following tables set out information about significant unobservable inputs used at respective balance sheet dates in measuring financial instruments categorised as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy:

Type of financial instruments	**Fair value of asset as on 31 March 2026**	**Fair value of liability as on 31 March 2026**	**Valuation techniques**	**Significant unobservable input**	**Range of estimates (weighted-average) for unobservable input**	**Increase in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)**	**Change in fair value**	**Decrease in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)**	**Change in fair value**
Investment - Nifty linked debentures	-	-	Fair value of index	Price per debenture	Rs 1,00,000 to 1,00,115 per debenture	5%	-	5%	-
Total	-	-					-		-

Type of financial instruments	Fair value of asset as on 31 March 2025	Fair value of liability as on 31 March 2025	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable input	Range of estimates (weighted-average) for unobservable input	Increase in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value	Decrease in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value
Investment - Nifty linked debentures	1,640.35	-	Fair value of index	Price per debenture	Rs 1,00,000 to 1,00,115 per debenture	5%	82.02	5%	(82.02)
Total	1,640.35	-					83.02		(83.02)

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45 (d) Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The following table sets out the fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value and analysing them by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which each fair value measurement is categorised.

	31 March 2026			
Particulars	**Total carrying amount**	**Total fair value**	**Level 1**	**Level 2**
Financial assets:				
Cash and cash equivalent	124.30	124.30	124.30	-
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent	12.27	12.27	12.27	-
Trade receivables	40.12	40.12	-	40.12
Investments	3,274.49	3,274.49	2,072.25	1,202.24
Other financial assets	586.27	586.27	564.14	22.13
Total	**4,037.44**	**4,037.44**	**2,772.96**	**1,264.48**
Financial liabilities:				
Trade payables	536.48	536.48	-	536.48
Borrowing (other than debt securities) - Group	0.00	0.00	-	0.00
Other financial liabilities	43.29	43.29	-	43.29
Total	**581.57**	**581.57**	-	**581.57**

	31 March 2025			
Particulars	Total carrying amount	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2
Financial assets:				
Cash and cash equivalent	426.37	426.37	426.37	-
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent	12.71	12.71	12.71	-
Trade receivables	389.37	389.37	-	389.37
Investments	2,960.96	2,960.96	1,758.71	1,202.25
Other financial assets	456.22	456.22	433.27	22.96
Total	4,245.63	4,245.63	2,631.06	1,614.58
Financial liabilities:				
Trade payables	271.36	271.36	-	271.36
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	1.80	1.80	-	1.80
Other financial liabilities	117.24	117.24	-	117.24
Total	390.40	390.40	-	390.40

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS MUMBAI

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

46 Total Market risk exposure

	31-Mar-26			31-Mar-25		
Particulars	**Carrying amount**	**Traded risk**	**Non-traded risk**	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	136.57	-	136.57	439.08	-	439.08
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	40.12	40.12	-	389.37	389.37	-
Investments	3,274.50	2,072.25	1,202.24	2,960.96	1,758.71	1,202.24
Other financial assets	586.29	564.16	22.13	456.22	433.29	22.94
Total	**4,037.44**	**2,676.50**	**1,360.94**	4,245.63	2,581.37	1,664.26
Liability						
Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)	0.00	-	0.00	1.80	-	1.80
Trade payables	536.48	432.10	104.37	271.36	245.62	25.74
Other financial liabilities	45.09	1.80	43.29	637.83	117.23	520.60
Total	**581.57**	**433.91**	**147.66**	910.99	362.85	548.14

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ
MUMBAI
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

47 Disclosure related to collateral:

Following table sets out availability of Company's financial assets to support funding:

31 March 2026	Pledge as collateral	others 1*	Available as collateral	others 2**	Total carrying amount
Cash and cash equivalent including bank balance	11.93		-	124.64	**136.57**
Investments	1,179.38	-	-	2,095.10	**3,274.49**
Trade receivables	-	-	-	40.12	**40.12**
Other financial assets	-	-	-	586.27	**586.27**
Property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	145.50	**145.50**
Other Intangible assets	-	-	-	0.91	**0.91**
Current tax assets (net)	-	-	-	37.19	**37.19**
Deferred tax assets (net)	-	-	-	98.65	**98.65**
Other non financial assets	-	-	-	39.18	**39.18**
Total assets	**1,191.32**	-	-	**3,167.55**	**4,358.87**

31 March 2025	Pledge as collateral	others 1*	Available as collateral	others 2**	Total carrying amount
Cash and cash equivalent including bank balance	11.93	-	-	427.15	439.08
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	120.37	-	1,638.35	1,202.25	2,960.96
Trade receivables	-	-	-	389.37	389.37
Other financial assets	-	-	-	456.22	456.22
Property, plant and equipment	-	-	81.06	-	81.06
Other Intangible assets	-	-	-	1.47	1.47
Current tax assets (net)	-	-	-	13.20	13.20
Deferred tax assets (net)	-	-	-	147.93	147.93
Other non financial assets	-	-	-	48.36	48.36
Total assets	132.29	-	1,719.41	2,685.95	4,537.65

* (Represents assets which are not pledged and Company believes it is restricted from using to secure funding for legal or other reason)

** (Represents assets which are not restricted for use as collateral, but that the Company would not consider readily available to secure funding in the normal course of business)

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

48 Analysis of risk concentration

Industry analysis - Risk concentration for 31 March 2026

Particulars	**Financial services**	**Total**
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	136.57	136.57
Trade and other receivables	40.12	40.12
Investments	3,274.49	3,274.49
Other financial assets	586.27	586.27
	4,037.44	**4,037.44**
Other Commitments	-	-
Total	**4,037.44**	**4,037.44**

Industry analysis - Risk concentration for 31 March 2025

Particulars	Financial services	Total
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	439.08	439.08
Trade and other receivables	389.37	389.37
Investments	2,960.96	2,960.96
Other financial assets	456.22	456.22
	4,245.63	4,245.63
Other Commitments	-	-
Total	4,245.63	4,245.63

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

49 Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

	31 March 2026			31 March 2025		
Particulars	**Within 12 months**	**After 12 months**	**Total**	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	124.30	-	124.30	426.37	-	426.37
Other bank balances	-	12.27	12.27	-	12.71	12.71
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables	40.12	-	40.12	389.37	-	389.37
Investments	933.01	2,341.48	3,274.49	1,458.37	1,502.58	2,960.95
Other financial assets	567.71	18.57	586.27	437.65	18.58	456.23
	1,665.12	**2,372.33**	**4,037.44**	2,711.76	1,533.87	4,245.63
Non-financial assets						
Current tax assets (net)	-	37.19	37.19	-	13.20	13.20
Deferred tax assets (net)	-	98.65	98.65	-	147.93	147.93
Property, plant and equipment	-	145.50	145.50	-	81.06	81.06
Other intangible assets	-	0.91	0.91	-	1.47	-
Other non-financial assets	7.44	31.74	39.18	11.00	37.36	48.36
	7.44	**313.98**	**321.42**	11.00	281.02	292.02
Total assets	**1,672.56**	**2,686.31**	**4,358.86**	2,722.76	1,814.89	4,537.65

	31 March 2026			31 March 2025		
Particulars	**Within 12 months**	**After 12 months**	**Total**	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Financial liabilities						
Trade Payables	536.48	-	536.48	271.36	-	271.36
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	0.00	-	0.00	1.80	-	1.80
Other financial liabilities	45.09	-	45.09	637.83	-	637.83
	581.56	**-**	**581.57**	910.99	-	910.99
Non-financial liabilities						
Current tax liabilities	2.95	-	2.95	6.17	-	6.17
Provisions	-	27.89	27.89	-	18.77	18.77
Other non-financial liabilities	46.56	-	46.56	25.21	-	25.21
	49.51	**27.89**	**77.40**	31.38	18.77	50.15
Total liabilities	**631.07**	**27.89**	**658.98**	942.36	18.77	961.14

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ MUMBAI

Edel Investments Limited ★

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

50 Cash flow disclosure

Change in liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	1-Apr-25	Cash flows	Changes in fair values	Others*	31-Mar-26
Borrowings other than debt securities	1.80	(99.35)	-	97.55	(0.00)
Total liabilities from financing activities	1.80	(99.35)	-	97.55	(0.00)

* Includes the effect of interest accrued but not paid on borrowings

Particulars	1-Apr-24	Cash flows	Changes in fair values	Others*	31-Mar-25
Borrowings other than debt securities	0.01	(21.84)	-	23.63	1.80
Total liabilities from financing activities	0.01	(21.84)	-	23.63	1.80

* Includes the effect of interest accrued but not paid on borrowings

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ MUMBAI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Edel Investments Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

51. Other Notes

(a) Relationship with Struck off Companies

Below are the transactions with the companies struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956

Name of the struck off company	Nature of transactions with struck-off Company	Balance outstanding as on March 31, 2026	Relationship with the Struck off company, if any, to be disclosed	Balance outstanding as on March 31, 2025	Relationship with the Struck off company, if any, to be disclosed
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

(b) Other ratios

Particulars	Year Ended	
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
1.Total debt to Total assets (%) (Refer Note 1)	0.00%	0.00%
2.Net profit margin (%) (Refer Note 2)	15.95%	4.83%

Notes

1.Total debt to Total assets = (Debt securities + Borrowings other than debt securities) / Total assets

2.Net profit margin = Net Profit for the period / Total Income

52. Previous year comparatives

Previous year figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to the current year classification.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj
Chartered Accountants
Firms' Registration No. 102454W

Shailendra Dadhich
Partner
Membership No: 425098

Mumbai
27 April 2026

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ ★ MUMBAI ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

For and on behalf of the Board of Director

Vipin Kumar Gawande
Executive Director
DIN: 09646670

Dushyant Patadiya
Executive Director
DIN: 09646883

Akash Soni
Company Secretary

Kaushal Patel
Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai
27 April 2026

Edel Investments Limited ★